ANALYSIS

Submitted By:

Group No.-3

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Pros and cons of Scoring Scheme:

1. Jaccard Coefficient:

Pros:

- If a word comes more than one time in a document, it will not affect the Jaccard coefficient. So it works better for the analysis where duplicate data does not matter.
- It can also be used to identify mirror sites

Cons:

• Rare terms in a collection are more informative than frequent terms. Jaccard doesn't consider this information.

2. Tfidf:

Pros:

- It is very easy to compute
- It has some basic metric to extract the most descriptive terms in a document
- It can easily compute the similarity between 2 documents or 1 query over each document

Cons:

- Tfidf is just based on the Bag of words model, therefore it can not measure the semantic information of the words in the sentence.
- It measures the presence and absence of words in the document without knowing any meaning.

3. Cosine Similarity:

Pros:

- Cosine similarity is one of the most widely used and powerful similarity measures in Data Science.
- It is used in multiple applications such as finding similar documents in NLP, information retrieval, finding similar sequences to DNA in bioinformatics, detecting plagiarism and many more.
- There are also computational benefits associated with this, as sum(x*y) is cheaper to compute for sparse data.
- Can be used for plagiarism checks.

Cons:

- The difference in rating scale between different users is not taken into account.
- Cosine similarity is less optimal under spaces of lower dimension.

Outputs:

Question 01:

Enter query good day ['good', 'day'] total number of documents are 21 The documents are 13chil.txt aesopa10.txt aesop11.txt brain.damage bruce-p.txt breaks2.asc enchdup.hum fantasy.hum fic5 fantasy.txt forgotte hound-b.txt history5.txt horswolf.txt melissa.txt mazarin.txt outcast.dos sick-kid.txt startrek.txt superg1 srex.txt

Question 02:

a. Jaccard Coefficient

Input the query100 west by 50 north

peace.fun (210, 0.02) snowmaid.txt (205, 0.0078125) prince.art (373, 0.00606060606060606061) campfire.txt (391, 0.00546448087431694) glimpse1.txt (421, 0.004975124378109453)

b. Tfidf

Input query: good day

a. Binary

sre04.txt
(467, 1.2118993284791508)
srex.txt
(466, 1.2118993284791508)
sre_finl.txt
(464, 1.2118993284791508)
sre_sei.txt
(458, 1.2118993284791508)
sre_feqh.txt
(457, 1.2118993284791508)

b. Raw Count

gulliver.txt
(90, 122.97113137888769)
vgilante.txt
(449, 91.20558784272181)
hound-b.txt
(334, 80.82635511721014)
outcast.dos
(128, 71.77894036182423)
aesop11.txt
(309, 65.24416442627367)

c. Term Frequency

contrad1.hum
(14, 0.02291086382136478)
blossom.pom
(151, 0.022813865696745084)
blasters.fic
(386, 0.017257620352738225)
horswolf.txt
(333, 0.016453252812124054)
clevdonk.txt
(379, 0.01643940322265455)

d. Log Normalization

gulliver.txt
(90, 8.08114582285416)
hound-b.txt
(334, 7.368314819268528)
vgilante.txt
(449, 7.238925621790946)
outcast.dos
(128, 7.162279898208043)
aesop11.txt
(309, 6.935602984126474)

e. Double Normalization

pepsi.degenerat
(414, 0.9786994645831164)
pepdegener.txt
(399, 0.9786994645831164)
brain.damage
(221, 0.9734518090085775)
7voysinb.txt
(185, 0.9219851728757058)
history5.txt
(370, 0.9045049964921101)

c. Cosine Similarity

Input Query: King Kong

BINARY MODEL

mario.txt 19.lws lionwar.txt lionmosq.txt monkking.txt

RAW_COUNT MODEL

fable.txt hop-frog.poe monkking.txt 6ablemen.txt pussboot.txt

TERM FREQUENCY MODEL

fable.txt hop-frog.poe monkking.txt 6ablemen.txt pussboot.txt

LOG-NORMALISATION MODEL

monkking.txt pussboot.txt mario.txt 6ablemen.txt lpeargrl.txt

DOUBLE-NORMALISATION MODEL

monkking.txt
mario.txt
pussboot.txt
lionwar.txt
19.lws

Question 03:

Max DCG is: 20.989750804831452

nDCG at 50: 0.35210427403248856

nDCG for document: 0.5979226516897828

