ASSIGNMENT 2

EE673 DIGITAL COMMUNICATION NETWORKS ()

Deadline: 9th April 2025

Instructions:

- 1. Submissions are to be made through the HelloIITK portal
- 2. You must submit a single zip file containing well-commented and easy-to-understand codes and a single PDF (containing answers to theory questions if required). There should also be a readme file with clear instructions on how to run the codes.
- 3. Kindly name your submission file as <RollNo>_<Name>, eg: 18204269_LavishArora
- 4. 10% Marks will be deducted for all submissions that do not follow the above guidelines.

Question 1: Wireshark Labs

Attempt the TCP and UDP sections of the Wireshark Labs from the reference material Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach by Kurose and Ross (Links are given below). You are required to submit the answers for the questions that are part of the above Labs.

TCP: t.ly/vcH6 [7.5 marks] UDP: t.ly/K2RS [2.5 marks]

Question 2: Studying TCP Congestion Control in NetSim

NetSim is a simulation and emulation tool for network design and planning. It also provides tools for protocol and network modeling. Let us follow the preliminary setup before diving into the problem.

- 1. Install NetSim¹ on your system using the instructions given here², make sure all the sub-modules like Wireshark and winPcap are selected during the installation procedure.
- 2. Go through the introduction to NetSim (pdf and videos)
- 3. Go through introduction to TCP using NetSim (pdf and videos)

Once you are done with the preliminaries let us simulate a basic network to study various TCP Congestion Control algorithms. Take the following steps to setup the network

- 1. Client and Server are connected by a lossy link with the topology shown in the figure 1.
- 2. An FTP application seeks to transfer large file using TCP
- 3. Use the configuration in Tab.1 to set the network parameters

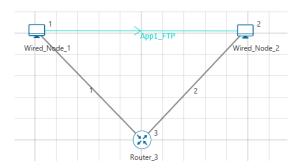


Figure 1: Network topology

¹NetSim is only available for windows, if you are using macOS or Linux you can install and run netsim in a virtual machine.

²Installation instructions: https://www.iitk.ac.in/nt/faq/netsim.htm

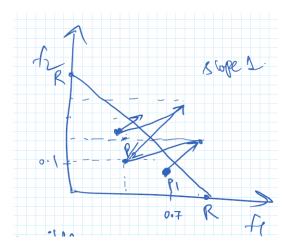
Table 1: Simulation Parameters

Link Parameters	
Wired link speed	10 Mbps
Wired link BER	1e-7
Wired link propogation delay	25 msecs
Transport Layer Parameters	
Transport Protocol	TCP
Congestion Control	Old_Tahoe, Reno, Cubic
MSS	1460
Application Parameters	
Application	FTP
File Size	1e8 Bytes
Miscelleaneous	
Simulation Time	20 secs
Wireshark	Enabled On
Transport Protocol Congestion Control MSS Application F Application File Size Miscellea Simulation Time	TCP Old_Tahoe, Reno, Cubic 1460 Parameters FTP 1e8 Bytes neous 20 secs

After setting up the network run the simulation for different congestion control algorithms mentioned in the table. For each algorithm plot the window size vs time through Wireshark capture. In your answer for this question, display, compare and comment on the three plots. Which Congestion control algorithm is able to utilize the link capacity to its maximum? [30 marks]

Question 3: TCP Fairness

Simulate the calculations and generate the plot discussed in the class about TCP fairness (shown below for your reference), which indicates that TCP is fair. You can either use Python/Matlab to do this. Assume that the flow rates start at (0.7R, 0.01R). Assume there will be packet loss whenever the sum of flow rates crosses the link capacity R. Plot how the flows evolve over time for a large time horizon.



Run your simulations generating the above figures for two cases: (i) Both the flows have the same RTT; (ii) When one of the flows (say f2) has ten times larger RTT than the other.

What difference do you notice in the two cases? Does the system converge to the optimal/fair state? Measure the number of time steps (RTTs) required to converge to their respective fixed points (if they converge). The following values can be used: R = 10000, SSTH = 0.04R. You are also encouraged to try out different values for initial flow rates, R and SSTH and report if you find any interesting observations. [20 marks]

Question 4: Network Resource Allocation as Utility Maximization

(**Optional**) Read sections 2.1-2.2 of the book 'Communication Networks: An Optimization, Control, and Stochastic Networks Perspective by R. Srikant and Lei Ying'. Formulate and solve the resource allocation problem in Example 2.2.1, posing as a utility maximization problem for various fairness measures listed below. Use the concept of Lagrange multipliers and KKT conditions used in Example 2.2.1, which can be studied from Section 2.1 of the book.

- 1. Proportional fairness
- 2. Minimum potential delay fairness
- 3. Sum-rate maximization fairness

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END OF ASSIGNMENT