# **BLOOD BANK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

## A PROJECT REPORT

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MASTERS OF COMPUTER APPLICATION



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# **INDEX**

TOPIC	PAGE NO.			
INTRODUCTION	3			
LITERATURE WORK	4			
DIAGRAM	5			
INFORMATION OF ENTITIES	6			
RELATIONAL SCHEMAS	6 - 8			
DIAGRAM WITH TABLES	8 9 - 11			
NORMALIZATION				
TABLES AFTER NORMALIZATION	12 - 15			
DIAGRAM	16			
SQL IMPLEMENTATION	17 - 22			
SAMPLE SQL QUERIES	23 - 24			

CONCLUSION	25
REFERENCES	25

## INTRODUCTION

Blood banks collect, store and provide collected blood to the patients who are in need of blood. The people who donate blood are called 'donors'. The banks then group the blood which they receive according to the blood groups. They also make sure that the blood is not contaminated.

The main mission of the blood bank is to provide the blood to the hospitals and health care systems which saves the patient's life. No hospital can maintain the health care system without pure and adequate blood.

The major concern each blood bank has is to monitor the quality of the blood and monitor the people who donates the blood, that is 'donors'. But this a tough job. The existing system will not satisfy the need of maintaining quality blood and keep track of donors. To overcome all these limitations we introduced a new system called 'Blood Donation Management System'.

The 'Blood Bank Management System' allows us to keep track of quality of blood and also keeps track of available blood when requested by the acceptor. The existing systems are Manual systems which are time consuming and not so effective. 'Blood Bank Management system' automates the distribution of blood. This database consists of thousands of records of each blood bank.

By using this system searching the available blood becomes easy and saves lot of time than the manual system. It will hoard, operate, recover and analyze information concerned with the administrative and inventory management within a blood bank. This system is developed in a manner that it is manageable, time effective, cost effective, flexible and much man power is not required.[4]



## LITERATURE WORK

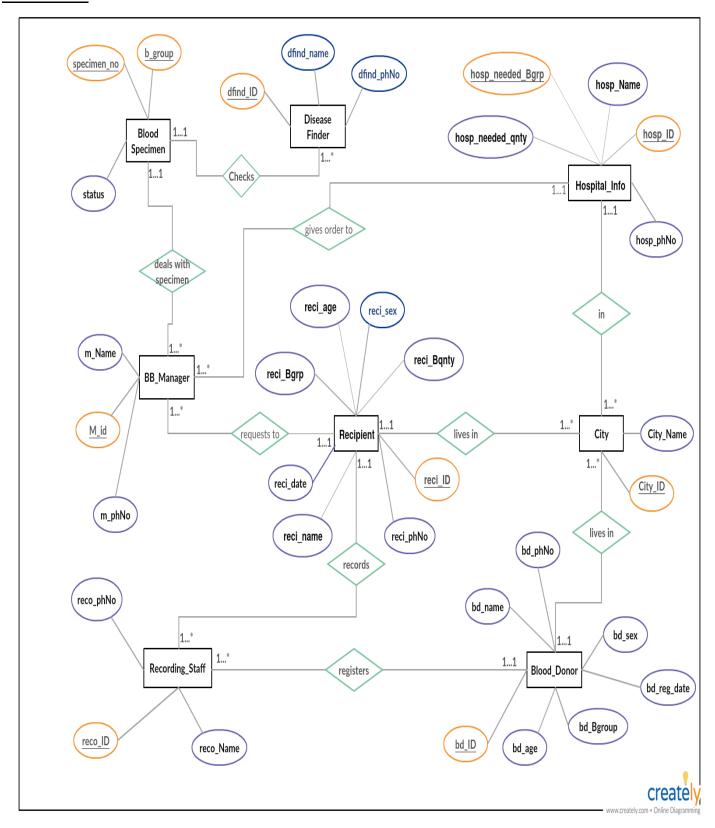
'Blood Donation Management system' is similar to 'Organ Donation Management System' and 'Charity Management System' databases.

'Organ donation management system' is a database that automates the organ donation to the patients who are in need of it. Each hospital maintains the 'Organ Donation Management System'. This system keeps track of organs available in the hospital to donate them to the patients. This system also contains donors and acceptors. So this system is similar to 'Blood Bank Management System'. [1]



'Charity Management System' keeps track of the donation of money to different organizations which are in need of it. Here in this system, Donor is a person who donates money and acceptor is an organization who requests for money or to whom the money is donated. This database contains thousands of records to whom the money is donated by a person. This system is similar to 'Blood Bank Management System' because the functioning is very similar when compared. [2]

## **DIAGRAM**



## **INFORMATION OF ENTITIES**

In total we have eight entities and information of each entity is mentioned below:-

- 1. Blood\_Donor: (Attributes bd\_ID, bd\_name, bd\_sex, bd\_age, bd\_Bgroup, bd\_reg\_date, bd\_phNo)
  The donor is the person who donates blood, on donation a donor id (bd\_ID) is generated and used as primary key to identify the donor information. Other than that name, age, sex, blood group, phone number and registration dates will be stored in database under Blood\_Donor entity.
- 2. Recipient: (Attributes reci\_ID, reci\_name, reci\_age, reci\_Bgrp, reci\_Bqnty, reci\_sex, reci\_reg\_date, reci\_phNo)

The Recipient is the person who recivies blood from blood bank, when blood is given to a recipient a rericipient ID (reci\_ID) is generated and used as primary key for the recipient entity to indentify blood recipients information. Along with it name ,age, sex, blood group (needed), blood quantity(needed), phone number, and registration dates are also stored in the data base under recipient entity.

- 3. Recording\_Staff: (Attributes reco\_ID, reco\_Name, reco\_phNo)
  - The recording staff is a person who registers the blood donor and recipients and the Recording\_Staff enitity has reco\_ID which is primary key along with recoder's name and recodrer's phone number will also be stored in the data base under Recording\_Staff entity.
- **4.** Hospital\_Info: (Attributes hosp\_ID, hosp\_name, hosp\_needed\_Bgrp, hosp\_needed\_Bqnty) In the data base, under Hospital\_Info entity we will store the information of hospitals. In this hosp\_ID and hosp\_needed\_Bgrp toether makes the primary key. We will store hospital name and the blood quantity regiured at the hospital.

## **RELATIONAL SCHEMAS**

### **Donor Table:**

Attribute Name	Description	Туре
bd_id	Blood Donor's Id	int
bd_Name	Blood Donor's Name	varchar
bd_age	Blood Donor's Age	int
bd_sex	Blood Donor's Sex	char
bd_bgrp	Blood Donor's blood group	varchar

bd_regdate	Registration Date of Donor	date
------------	----------------------------	------

## **Recipient Table:**

Attributes Name	Description	Туре
reci_id	Recipient's Id	int
reci_Name	Recipient's Name	varchar
reci_age	Recipient's age	int
reci_sex	Recipient's sex	char
reci_bgrp	ci_bgrp Recipient's blood group	
reci_bqnty	Recipient's blood quantity	int
reci_reg_date	Recipient's registration date	date

## **Blood Specimen Table:**

Attributes Name	Description	Туре	
Specimen_No	Blood Sample's unique id	int	
b_grp	Blood Group	varchar	
status	Whether blood is pure or not?	int	
M_id	Blood Bank Manager's id	int	
Dfind_id	Disease Finder's unique id	int	

- The relationship with Disease finder and Blood Specimen is 1 to many. That's why primary key of Disease finder is used as a foreign key in Blood Specimen.
- The relationship with Blood Bank manager and Blood Specimen is 1 to many. That's why primary key of Blood Bank manager is used as a foreign key in Blood Specimen.

### **Disease Finder Table:**

Attribute Name	Description	Туре
dfind_id	Disease Finder's unique id	int
dfind_name	Disease Finder's name	varchar
dfind_phNo	Disease Finder's phone number	bigint

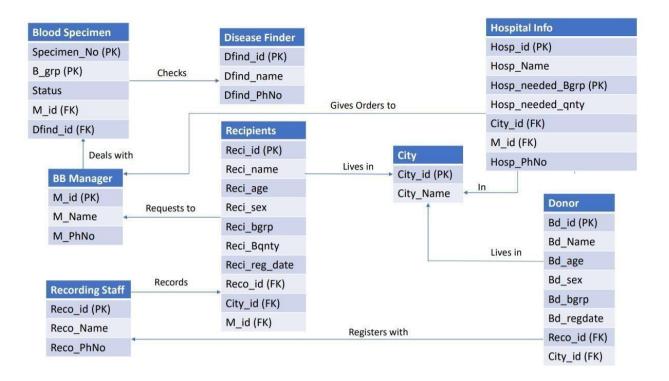
• The relationship with Disease finder and Blood Specimen is of 1 to many. Therefore, the primary key of Disease finder is used as a foreign key in Blood Specimen.

## **Hospital info Table:**

Attributes Name	Description	Туре
hosp_id	Hospital's unique id	int
hosp_name	Hospital's name	varchar
hosp_needed_Bgrp	Blood group needed by hospital	varchar
hosp_needed_qnty	Quantity of blood group needed	int
city_id	City's unique id	int

• The relationship with City and Hospital info is 1 to many. That's why primary key of City is used as a foreign key in Hospital info.

## **DIAGRAM WITH TABLES**



## **NORMALIZATION**

#### **Normalization Rule**

Normalization rules are divided into the following normal forms:

- 1. First Normal Form
- 2. Second Normal Form
- 3. Third Normal Form

### First Normal Form (1NF)

For a table to be in the First Normal Form, it should follow the following 4 rules:

- 1. It should only have single (atomic) valued attributes/columns.
- 2. Values stored in a column should be of the same domain
- 3. All the columns in a table should have unique names.
- 4. And the order in which data is stored, does not matter.

### Second Normal Form (2NF)

For a table to be in the Second Normal Form,

- 1. It should be in the First Normal form.
- 2. And, it should not have Partial Dependency.

### Third Normal Form (3NF)

A table is said to be in the Third Normal Form when,

- 1. It is in the Second Normal form.
- 2. And, it doesn't have Transitive Dependency. [3][6]

### Normalization of Blood Bank database:

1. Blood\_Donor (bd\_Id, bd\_name, bd\_phNo bd\_sex, bd\_age, bd\_reg\_date, bd\_Bgroup, reco\_ID, City\_ID)

{bd\_Id} = > {bd\_name} (functional dependency exists, because two different bd\_name do not correspond to the same bd\_Id).

{bd\_ID} = > {bd\_sex} (functional dependency exists).

{bd\_ID} = > {bd\_age} (functional dependency exists).

{bd\_ID} = > {bd\_reg\_date} date (functional dependency exists).

{bd\_ID} = > {reco\_id} (functional dependency exists).

{bd\_ID} = > {city\_id} (functional dependency exists).

```
{bd ID} = > {bd Bgroup} (functional dependency exists).
```

As the attributes of this table does not have sub attributes, it is in first normal form. Because every non-primary key attribute is fully functionally dependent on the primary key of the table and it is already in first normal form, this table is now in second normal form. Since the table is in second normal form and no non-primary key attribute is transitively dependent on the primary key, the table is now in 3NF.

### 2. City (city\_id, city\_name)

```
{city_id}= > {city_name}
```

The table is in first normal form. The table is in second normal form. The table is in third normal form.

Recording\_staff (reco\_name, reco\_ID, reco\_phNo)

```
{reco_id} = > {reco_name} (functional dependency exists).
{reco_id} = > {reco_phNo} (functional dependency exists).
```

The table is in first normal form. The table is in second normal form. The table is in third normal form.

4. Blood\_recipient (reci\_ld, reci\_sex, reci\_phNo, reci\_age, reci\_date, reci\_name, reci\_Bqnty, reci\_Bgrp, reco\_id, city\_id, m\_id)

```
{reci_Id} = > {reci_sex} (functional dependency exists).
{reci_Id} = > {reci_age} (functional dependency exists).
{reci_Id} = > {reci_date} (functional dependency exists).
{reci_Id} = > {reci_name} (functional dependency exists).
{reci_Id} = > {reci_bqnty} (functional dependency exists).
{reci_Id} = > {reci_Bgrp} (functional dependency exists).
{reci_Id} = > {reco_id} (functional dependency exists).
{reci_Id} = > {city_id} (functional dependency exists).
{reci_Id} = > {m_id} (functional dependency exists).
```

The table is in first normal form. The table is in second normal form. The table is in third normal form.

5. Blood Specimen (b group, specimen no, status, dfind id, m id)

```
{b_group, specimen _no} = > {status} (functional dependency exists).

{b_group, specimen _no} = > {dfind _id} (functional dependency exists).

{b_group, specimen _no} = > {m_id} (functional dependency exists).
```

The table is in first normal form. The table is in second normal form. The table is in third normal form.

### 6. Disease\_finder ( dfind\_id, dfind\_name, dfind\_PhNo)

```
{ dfind_id } = > { dfind_name }
{ dfind_id } = > { dfind_PhNo } (functional dependency exists).
```

The table is in first normal form. The table is in second normal form. The table is in third normal form.

### 7. BB\_manager ( M\_id, m\_name, m\_phNo)

```
{M_id} = >{m_name}
{M id} = > {m phNo} (functional dependency exists)
```

The table is in first normal form. The table is in second normal form. The table is in third normal form.

# 8. Hospital\_Info ( hosp\_Id, hosp\_Name, hosp\_phNo, hosp\_needed\_Bgrp, hosp\_needed\_qty, city\_id, m\_id)

```
{hosp_Id}= > {hosp_Name, hosp_phNo city_id, m_id}
{hosp_Id, hosp_needed_Bgrp } = > hosp_needed_qty (functional dependency exists)
```

The table is in first normal form.

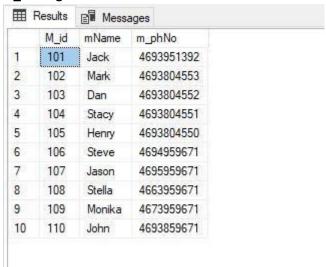
Since every non-primary key attribute is not fully functionally dependent on the primary key of the table, this table is not in second normal form. Hence we have to split the table.

```
Hospital_1 (hosp_Id, hosp_phNo, hosp_Name, city_id, m_id). Hospital_2 (hosp_Id, hosp_needed_Bgrp, hosp_needed_qty)
```

Now it is in second normal form. The table is in third normal form.

# **TABLES AFTER NORMALIZATION**

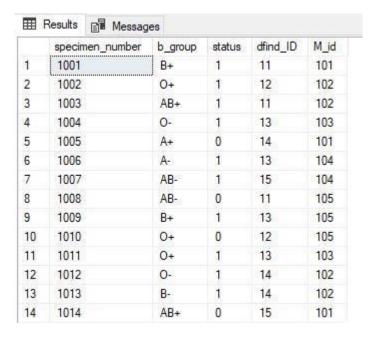
## BB\_Manager:



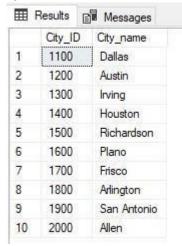
## **Blood\_Donor:**

bd_ID		bd_name	bd_age	bd_sex	bd_Bgroup	bd_reg_date	reco_ID	City_ID	bd_phNo
1	150011	Pat	29	M	0+	2015-07-19	101412	1300	4693951232
2	150021	Shyam	42	F	A-	2015-12-24	101412	1300	4600001232
3	150121	Dan	44	M	AB+	2015-08-28	101212	1200	4611111232
4	150221	Mark	25	M	B+	2015-12-17	101212	1100	4622221232
5	160011	Abdul	35	F	A+	2016-11-22	101212	1100	4633331232
6	160031	Mike	33	F	AB-	2016-02-06	101212	1400	4644441232
7	160091	Carrol	24	М	B-	2016-10-15	101312	1500	4655551232
8	160101	Smith	22	M	0+	2016-01-04	101312	1200	4666661232
9	160301	Elisa	31	F	AB+	2016-09-10	101312	1200	4677771232
10	160401	Mark	29	M	0-	2016-12-17	101212	1200	4688881232

## **BloodSpecimen:**



### City:



### DiseaseFinder:



### Hospital\_Info\_1:

	hosp_ID	hosp_name	City_ID	M_id	hosp_phNo
1	1	MayoClinic	1100	101	4611001232
2	2	CleavelandClinic	1200	103	4622001232
3	3	NYU	1300	103	4633001232
4	4	Baylor	1400	104	4644001232
5	5	Charlton	1800	103	4655001232
6	6	Greenoaks	1300	106	4666001232
7	7	Forestpark	1300	102	4677001232
8	8	Parkland	1200	106	4688001232
9	9	Pinecreek	1500	109	4699001232
10	10	WalnutHill	1700	105	4691001232

## Hospital\_Info\_2:

	hosp_ID	hosp_name	hosp_needed_Bgrp	hosp_needed_qnty	
1	1	MayoClinic	A+	20	
2	1	MayoClinic	A-	40	
3	1	MayoClinic	AB+	0	
4	1	MayoClinic	AB-	20	
5	1	MayoClinic	B-	10	
6	2	CleavelandClinic	A+	40	
7	2	CleavelandClinic	A-	10	
8	2	CleavelandClinic	AB+	20	
9	2	CleavelandClinic	AB-	10	
10	2	CleavelandClinic	B+	0	
11	2	CleavelandClinic	B-	30	
12	3	NYU	A+	0	
13	3	NYU	A-	0	
14	3	NYU	AB+	0	
15	3	NYU	AB-	0	
16	3	NYU	B+	10	
17	3	NYU	B-	20	
18	4	Baylor	A+	10	
19	4	Baylor	A-	40	
20	7	Forestpark	B-	40	
21	8	Parkland	B+	10	
22	9	Pinecreek	AB-	20	

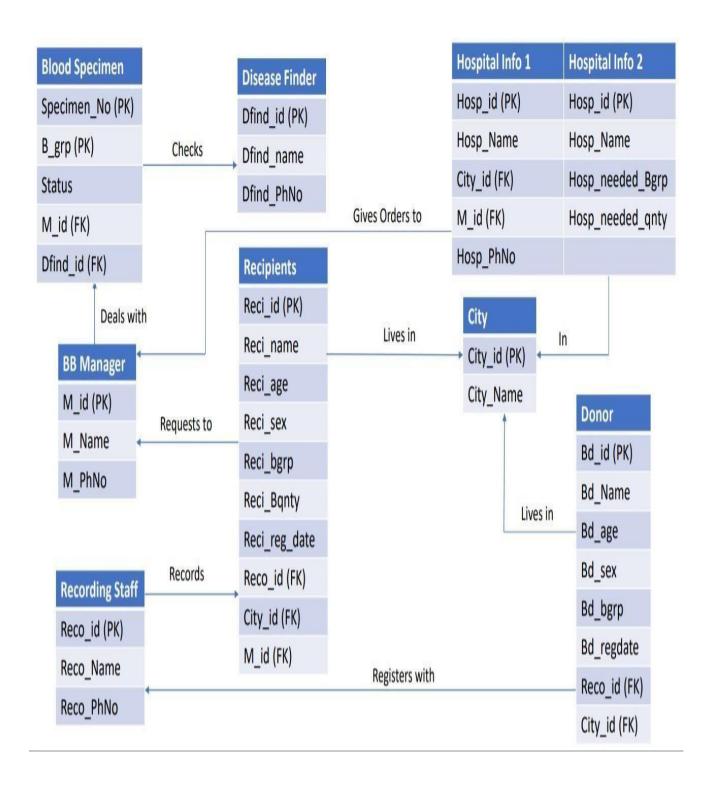
## Recipient:

	reci_ID	reci_name	reci_age	reci_Brgp	reci_Bqnty	reco_ID	City_ID	M_id	reci_sex	reci_reg_date
1	10001	Peter	25	B+	1.5	101212	1100	101	M	2015-12-17
2	10002	Dan	60	A+	1	101312	1100	102	M	2015-12-16
3	10003	Steve	35	AB+	0.5	101312	1200	102	М	2015-10-17
4	10004	Parker	66	B+	1	101212	1300	104	M	2016-11-17
5	10005	Jason	53	B-	1	101412	1400	105	M	2015-04-17
6	10006	Preetham	45	0+	1.5	101512	1500	105	M	2015-12-17
7	10007	Swetha	22	AB-	1	101212	1500	101	F	2015-05-17
8	10008	Swathi	25	B+	2	101412	1300	103	F	2015-12-14
9	10009	Lance	30	A+	1.5	101312	1100	104	M	2015-02-16
10	10010	Marsh	25	AB+	3.5	101212	1200	107	M	2016-10-17

## Recording\_Staff:

0_					
	Results		Messages		
	reco_	ID	reco_Name	reco_phNo	Г
1	101012		Lekha	4044846553	
2	1011	12	Mark	4045856553	
3	1012	12	Walcot	4045806553	
4	1013	12	Henry	4045806553	
5	1014	12	Silva	4045806553	
6	1015	12	Adrian	4045806553	
7	1016	12	Mark	4045806553	
8	1017	12	Abdul	4045816553	
9	1018	12	Jerry	4045826553	
10	1019	12	Tim	4045836553	

# **DIAGRAM AFTER NORMALIZATION**



## **SQL IMPLEMENTATION**

The implementation on SQL Server is given below [3] [5] [6] [8]:

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Databases

See System Databases
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BloodDonationMgmt
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VALUES(102, 'Jack', 4693959671),
(103, 'Peter', 4693959601),
(104, 'Mark', 4693959677),
(105, 'Jason', 4693957671);
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VALUES(186, 'Steve', 4694959671),
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(188, 'Stella', 4663959671),
(189, 'Monika', 4673959671),
(110, 'John', 4693859671);
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        M_id
        mName
        m_phNo

        101
        Jack
        4693959671

        102
        Jack
        4693959671

        103
        Peter
        4693959601

                       Security
Server Objects
Replication
PolyBase
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 104 Mark 4693959677
105 Jason 4693957671
                       Management

XEvent Profiler
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    Query executed successfully.
```

```
CREATE TABLE BB_Manager ( M_id
int NOT NULL,
               mName
varchar(max) NOT NULL,  m phNo
bigint
-- CONSTRAINT Mid_pk PRIMARY KEY (M_id) );
INSERT into BB_Manager
VALUES(102, 'Jack', 4693959671),
(103, 'Peter', 4693959601), (104, 'Mark',
4693959677),
(105, 'Jason', 4693957671);
INSERT into BB Manager
VALUES(106, 'Steve', 4694959671),
(107, 'Jason', 4695959671),
(108, 'Stella', 4663959671),
(109, 'Monika', 4673959671), (110, 'John',
4693859671);
  select * from BB_Manager
Blood_Donor bd_ID int NOT NULL, bd_name varchar(max) NOT NULL, bd_age varchar(max),
                                                                                             bd_sex
varchar(max), bd_Bgroup varchar(10), bd_reg_date date,
                                                              reco_ID int NOT NULL,
 City_ID int NOT NULL
-- CONSTRAINT bdID pk PRIMARY KEY (bd ID) );
INSERT into Blood_Donor
VALUES (150221, 'Mark', 25, 'M', 'B+', '2015-12-17', 101212, 1100),
```

```
(160011, 'Abdul', 35, 'F', 'A+', '2016-11-22', 101212, 1100),
(160101, 'Smith', 22, 'M', 'O+', '2016-01-04', 101312, 1200),
(150011, 'Pat', 29, 'M', 'O+', '2015-07-19', 101412, 1300),
(150021, 'Shyam', 42, 'F', 'A-', '2015-12-24', 101412, 1300),
(150121, 'Dan', 44, 'M', 'AB+', '20150828', 101212, 1200),
(160031, 'Mike', 33, 'F', 'AB-', '2016-02-06', 101212, 1400),
(160301, 'Elisa', 31, 'F', 'AB+', '2016-09-10', 101312, 1200),
(160091, 'Carrol', 24, 'M', 'B-', '2016-10-15', 101312, 1500),
(160401, 'Mark', 29, 'M', 'O-', '2016-12-17', 101212, 1200);
select * from Blood_Donor
status int,    dfind_ID int NOT NULL,
 M id int NOT NULL
  CONSTRAINT specimenumber_pk PRIMARY KEY (specimen_number) );
INSERT into BloodSpecimen
VALUES(1001, 'B+', 1,11,101),
(1002, '0+', 1,12,102),
(1003, 'AB+', 1,11,102),
(1004, '0-', 1,13,103),
(1005, 'A+', 0,14,101),
(1006, 'A-', 1,13,104),
(1007, 'AB-', 1,15,104),
(1008, 'AB-', 0,11,105),
(1009, 'B+', 1,13,105),
(1010, '0+', 0,12,105),
(1011, '0+', 1,13,103),
(1012, '0-', 1,14,102),
(1013, 'B-', 1,14,102),
(1014, 'AB+', 0,15,101);
Select * from BloodSpecimen
CREATE TABLE City
( City_ID int NOT NULL,
 City_name varchar(max) NOT NULL,
-- CONSTRAINT CityID_pk PRIMARY KEY (City_ID) );
INSERT into City
VALUES(1200, 'Austin'),
(1300, 'Irving'),
(1400, 'Houston'),
(1500, 'Richardson');
INSERT into City
VALUES(1600, 'Plano'),
(1700, 'Frisco'),
(1800, 'Arlington'),
(1900, 'San Antonio'),
(2000, 'Tyler');
```

(7, 'Forestpark', 1300, 102),

CREATE TABLE DiseaseFinder ( dfind ID int NOT NULL, dfind\_name varchar(max) NOT NULL, dfind\_PhNo bigint -- CONSTRAINT dfindID\_pk PRIMARY KEY (dfind\_ID) ); INSERT into DiseaseFinder VALUES(11, 'Peter', 4693804223), (12, 'Park', 4693804223), (13, 'Jerry', 4693804223), (14, 'Mark', 4693804223), (15, 'Monika', 4693804223); INSERT into DiseaseFinder VALUES (16, 'Ram', 4693804123), (17, 'Swathi', 4693804223), (18, 'Gautham', 4693804323), (19, 'Ashwin', 4693804423), (20, 'Yash', 4693804523); select \* from DiseaseFinder drop table DiseaseFinder Hospital\_Info\_1 hosp\_ID int NOT NULL, hosp\_name varchar(max) NOT NULL, City\_ID int NOT NULL, M\_id int NOT NULL primary key(hosp\_ID) -- CONSTRAINT hospID\_pk PRIMARY KEY (hosp\_ID) ); INSERT into Hospital\_Info\_1 VALUES(1, 'MayoClinic', 1100, 101), (2, 'CleavelandClinic', 1200, 103), (3,'NYU',1300,103); INSERT into Hospital\_Info\_1 VALUES(4, 'Baylor', 1400, 104), (5, 'Charlton', 1800, 103), (6, 'Greenoaks', 1300, 106),

```
(8, 'Parkland', 1200, 106),
(9, 'Pinecreek', 1500, 109),
(10, 'WalnutHill', 1700, 105);
select * from Hospital Info 1
CREATE TABLE Hospital_Info_2 ( hosp_ID int
NOT NULL, hosp_name varchar(max) NOT NULL,
hosp_needed_Bgrp varchar(10),
hosp_needed_qnty int primary
key(hosp_ID,hosp_needed_Bgrp) --
CONSTRAINT hospID_pk PRIMARY KEY (hosp_ID)
);
INSERT into Hospital_Info_2
VALUES(1, 'MayoClinic', 'A+', 20),
(1,'MayoClinic','AB+',0),
(1,'MayoClinic','A-',40),
(1,'MayoClinic','B-',10),
(1,'MayoClinic','AB-',20);
INSERT into Hospital_Info_2
VALUES(2, 'CleavelandClinic', 'A+',40),
(2, 'CleavelandClinic', 'AB+', 20),
(2, 'CleavelandClinic', 'A-',10),
(2,'CleavelandClinic','B-',30),
(2, 'CleavelandClinic', 'B+',0),
(2,'CleavelandClinic','AB-',10);
INSERT into Hospital_Info_2
VALUES(3,'NYU','A+',0),
(3,'NYU','AB+',0), (3,'NYU','A-',0),
(3,'NYU','B-',20),
(3,'NYU','B+',10),
(3,'NYU','AB-',0);
INSERT into Hospital_Info_2
VALUES(4, 'Baylor', 'A+', 10),
(5, 'Charlton', 'B+', 30),
(4, 'Baylor', 'A-', 40),
(7, 'Forestpark', 'B-', 40), (8, 'Parkland', 'B+', 10),
(9, 'Pinecreek', 'AB-', 20);
select * from Hospital_Info_2
CREATE TABLE Recipient ( reci ID int
NOT NULL, reci name varchar(max)
NOT NULL, reci_age varchar(max),
```

```
reci Brgp varchar(max), reci Bqnty
float, reco ID int NOT NULL,
City_ID int NOT NULL, M_id int NOT
NULL, reci_sex varchar(max),
reci reg date date
 -- CONSTRAINT reciid_pk PRIMARY KEY (reci_id) );
Alter table Recipient
ADD reci_sex varchar(max);
Alter table Recipient
ADD reci_reg_date date;
INSERT into Recipient
VALUES(10001, 'Mark', 25, 'B+', 1.5, 101212, 1100, 101, 'M', '2015-12-17'),
(10002, 'Dan', 60, 'A+', 1, 101312, 1100, 102, 'M', '2015-12-16'),
(10003, 'Steve', 35, 'AB+', 0.5, 101312, 1200, 102, 'M', '2015-10-17'),
(10004, 'Parker', 66, 'B+', 1, 101212, 1300, 104, 'M', '2016-11-17'),
(10005, 'Jason', 53, 'B-', 1, 101412, 1400, 105, 'M', '2015-04-17'),
(10006, 'Preetham', 45, '0+', 1.5, 101512, 1500, 105, 'M', '2015-12-17'),
(10007, 'Swetha', 22, 'AB-', 1, 101212, 1500, 101, 'F', '2015-05-17'); INSERT
into Recipient
VALUES(10008, 'Swathi', 25, 'B+', 2, 101412, 1300, 103, 'F', '2015-12-14'),
(10009, 'Lance', 30, 'A+', 1.5, 101312, 1100, 104, 'M', '2015-02-16'),
(10010, 'Marsh', 25, 'AB+', 3.5, 101212, 1200, 107, 'M', '2016-10-17');
select * from
Recipient
Drop table Recipient
Recording Staff reco ID int NOT
  NULL, reco_Name varchar(max)
 NOT NULL,
  reco phNo bigint
 -- CONSTRAINT recoID pk PRIMARY KEY (reco ID) );
INSERT into Recording Staff
VALUES (101212, 'Walcot', 4045806553),
(101312, 'Henry', 4045806553),
(101412, 'Silva', 4045806553),
(101512, 'Adrian', 4045806553),
(101612, 'Mark', 4045806553);
INSERT into Recording Staff
VALUES(101712, 'Abdul', 4045816553),
(101812, 'Jerry', 4045826553), (101912, 'Tim', 4045836553),
(101012, 'Lekha', 4044846553),
(101112, 'Mark', 4045856553);
select * from Recording_Staff
where hosp_name =
```

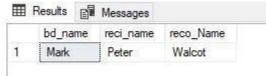
## SAMPLE SQL QUERIES

1. Create a View of recipients and donors names having the same blood group registered on the same date.

```
CREATE VIEW Blood_Recipient_SameBGrp; AS select
Blood_Donor.bd_name,Recipient.reci_name,reco_Name from Recording_Staff
inner join Blood_Donor on Recording_Staff.reco_ID = Blood_Donor.reco_ID
inner join Recipient on Recording_Staff.reco_ID = Recipient.reco_ID
where Blood_Donor.bd_Bgroup = Recipient.reci_Brgp and
Blood_Donor.bd_reg date = Recipient.reci_reg date
```

### Output:

select\* from Blood\_Recipient\_SameBGrp;



2. Show the blood specimen verified by disease finder Mark which are pure (status=1).

Select specimen\_number,b\_group from BloodSpecimen,DiseaseFinder WHERE
BloodSpecimen.dfind\_ID= DiseaseFinder.dfind\_ID AND dfind\_name='Mark'
AND status=1

### **Output:**



3. Show the pure blood specimen handled by BB\_Manager who also handles a recipient needing the same blood group along with the details of the BB\_Manager and Recipient.

select BB\_Manager.M\_id,mName,Recipient.reci\_name, Recipient.reci\_Brgp,b\_group

```
from BB_Manager,Recipient,BloodSpecimen where Recipient.M_id =
BloodSpecimen.M_id and Recipient.reci_Brgp =
BloodSpecimen.b_group and status = 1
```

### **Output:**



4. Show the donors having the same blood groups required by the recipient staying in the same city along with recipient details.

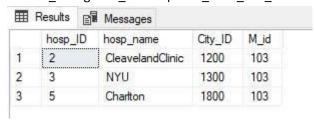
```
Select bd_ID,bd_name,reci_ID,reci_name FROM Blood_Donor,Recipient
WHERE bd_Bgroup=reci_Brgp AND Blood_Donor.City_ID= Recipient.City_ID
```

## Output:



5. Display the information of Hospital\_Info\_1 handled by BB\_Manager whose ID is 103:

Select hosp\_ID,hosp\_name , City\_ID, HOspital\_Info\_1.M\_id from Hospital\_Info\_1,BB\_Manager where BB\_Manager.M\_id=Hospital\_Info\_1.M\_id and BB\_Manager.M\_id=103



## **CONCLUSION**

Our project well addressed the limitations of the existing system. We designed well organized database management system which is a challenging job in this era. We have built a database for a Blood Bank using Microsoft SQL Server. Before implementing the database, in the design phase, we have explored various features, operations of a blood bank to figure out required entities, attributes and the relationship

among entities to make an efficient Entity Relationship Diagram(ERD). After analyzing all the requirements, we have created our ERD and then converted the ERD to relational model and normalized the tables. Using Microsoft SQL Server we have created the tables for our database and inserted some sample values in the tables. Finally, we have executed sample queries on our database to check its performance to retrieve useful information accurately and speedily.

## **REFERENCES**

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- [3] Blood Donation Management: Recent trends Sunil K Joseph, Johnson Michael, Prem Jose Vazhacharickal
- [4] SQL server tutorial: <a href="https://www.tutorialspoint.com/ms\_sql\_server/">https://www.tutorialspoint.com/ms\_sql\_server/</a>
  Notes from Prof. Hakki C Cankaya, University of Texas at Dallas, Dallas, Texas