1 Week 1: Demonstration of fork() System Call

```
//SINGLE FORK

//HEADER FILES
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>

int main() {
    //CALLING FORK TO CREATE A CHILD PROCESS fork();
    printf("LINUX\n");
    return 0;
}
```

LINUX LINUX

```
//MULTI TIME FORK
//HEADER FILES
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main() {
   //CALLING FORK TO CREATE A CHILD PROCESS
   fork();
   printf("LINUX\n");
   //CALLING FORK TO CREATE A CHILD PROCESS
   fork();
   printf("UNIX\n");
   //CALLING FORK TO CREATE A CHILD PROCESS
   fork();
   printf("RED HAT\n");
   return 0;
}
```

LINUX

LINUX

UNIX

UNIX

RED HAT

UNIX

RED HAT

RED HAT

UNIX

RED HAT

RED HAT

RED HAT

RED HAT

Week 2: Parent Process Computes the Sum Of Even and Child Process Computes the sum of Odd Numbers using fork

```
// parent -> sum of even
// child -> sum of odd
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define max 20
int main() {
   pid_t pid;
   int a[max], n, sum = 0, i, status;
   printf("Enter the no of terms in the array: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
   printf("Enter values in the array: ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    }
   pid = fork();
    // wait(&status);
    if (pid == 0) {
        // child process
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            if (a[i] % 2 != 0) {
                sum = sum + a[i];
        printf("Sum of odd no. = dn, sum);
        exit(0);
    } else {
        // parent process
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
            if (a[i] % 2 == 0) {
                sum = sum + a[i];
            }
        printf("Sum of even nos = %d\n", sum);
   return 0;
```

```
Enter the no of terms in the array: 5
Enter values in the array: 1 2 3 4 5
Sum of even nos = 6
Sum of odd no. = 9
```

3 Week 3: Demonstration of wait() System Call

```
// wait() syscall
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main() {
   int status;
   pid_t pid;
   pid = fork();
   if (pid == 0) {
       // child process
        printf("I m Child\n");
        exit(0);
    } else {
        // parent process
       wait(&status);
       printf("I'm Parent\n");
       printf("The Child PID = %d\n", pid);
    return 0;
```

I m Child
I'm Parent
The Child PID = 527075

4 Week 4: Implementation of Orphan Process & Zombie Process

```
// orphan process
// process inherited by the init
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main() {
   pid_t pid;
   pid = fork();
   if (pid == 0) {
        // child
        sleep(6); // wait and let the parent die
       printf("I'm Child. My PID = %d And PPID = %d\n", getpid(), getppid());
       // parent
        printf("I'm Parent. My Child PID = %d And my PID = %d\n", pid, getpid
   ());
   printf("Terminating PID = %d\n", getpid());
   return 0;
```

```
I'm Parent. My Child PID = 527315 And my PID = 527314 Terminating PID = 527314
```

...after certain delay

```
I'm Child. My PID = 527315 And PPID = 1 Terminating PID = 527315
```

```
// zombie process
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main() {
   pid_t pid;
   pid = fork();
   if (pid != 0) {
       // parent
        while (1)
           sleep(5);
    } else {
       //child
       exit(0);
   }
}
```

```
totoro on catbus ./os_lab/labs
> ./a.out&
[1] 529634
totoro on catbus ./os_lab/labs
> ps
                  TIME CMD
   PID TTY
528784 pts/3 00:00:01 zsh

529634 pts/3 00:00:00 a.out

529636 pts/3 00:00:00 a.out <defunct>

529664 pts/3 00:00:00 ps
totoro on catbus ./os_lab/labs
> kill 529634
[1] + terminated ./a.out
totoro on catbus ./os_lab/labs
> ps
   PID TTY
                       TIME CMD
 528784 pts/3 00:00:01 zsh
 529743 pts/3 00:00:00 ps
```

5 Week 5: Implementation of PIPE

```
// pipe
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() {
   pid_t pid;
   char arr[SIZE], str[SIZE];
    int fd[2]; // store file descriptors
   int nbr, nbw; // no of bytes read and write
    //CREATING A PIPE
   pipe(fd);
   pid = fork();
    if (pid == 0) {
        // child
        printf("Enter a string: ");
        fgets(str, SIZE, stdin);
        nbw = write(fd[1], str, strlen(str));
        printf("Child wrote %d bytes\n", nbw);
        exit(0);
    } else {
        // parent
        nbr = read(fd[0], arr, sizeof(arr));
        arr[nbr] = ' \setminus 0';
        printf("Parent read %d bytes : %s\n", nbr, arr);
    return 0;
}
```

Enter a string: shiv Child wrote 5 bytes Parent read 5 bytes : shiv

6 Week 6: Implementation of FIFO

Program (Writer)

```
// fifo
// writer
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() {
   int fd;
   int nbw; // no of bytes written
   char str[SIZE];
   // make fifo -> myfifo
   mknod("myfifo", S_IFIFO | 0666, 0);
   printf("Writing for reader Process:\n");
   // open the fifo for write operation
    // O_WRONLY -> write only operation
    fd = open("myfifo", O_WRONLY);
   while (fgets(str, SIZE, stdin)) {
       nbw = write(fd, str, strlen(str));
       printf("Writer process write %d bytes: %s\n", nbw, str);
   return 0;
}
```

Program (Reader)

```
// fifo
// reader
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() {
   int fd;
   int nbr; // no of bytes read
   char arr[SIZE];
   // make fifo -> myfifo
   mknod("myfifo", S_IFIFO | 0666, 0);
    // open a fifo for read
    // O_RDONLY -> read only permission
    fd = open("myfifo", O_RDONLY);
   printf("If you got a writer process then type some data\n");
    do {
        nbr = read(fd, arr, sizeof(arr));
        arr[nbr] = ' \setminus 0';
        printf("Reader process read %d bytes: %s\n", nbr, arr);
    } while (nbr > 0);
    return 0;
```

Output on Terminal 1 (writer)

```
Writing for reader Process:
shiv
Writer process write 5 bytes: shiv
shiv
Writer process write 5 bytes: shiv
^C
```

Output on Terminal 2 (reader)

```
If you got a writer process then type some data
Reader process read 5 bytes: shiv
Reader process read 5 bytes: shiv
Reader process read 0 bytes:
```

7 Week 7: Implementation of Message Queue

Program (Writer)

```
// message queue
// writer
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define SIZE 100
struct msgbuf {
   long mtype;
    char mtext[SIZE];
}svarname;
int main() {
   key_t key;
   int msgid, c;
    // create a key
    key = ftok("progfile", 'A');
    // get a message queue
    msgid = msgget(key, 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
    svarname.mtype = 1;
    printf("Enter a string : ");
    fgets(svarname.mtext, SIZE, stdin);
    // sending msg to message queue
    // msgid, msgp, msg_size, flags
    c = msgsnd(msgid, &svarname, strlen(svarname.mtext), 0);
   printf("Sender wrote the text :\t %s \n", svarname.mtext);
   return 0;
}
```

Program (Reader)

```
// message queue
// reader
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define SIZE 100
struct msgbuf {
   long mtype;
   char mtext[SIZE];
} svarname;
int main() {
   key_t key;
   int msgid, c;
   // create a key
    key = ftok("progfile", 'A');
    // get a message queue
   msgid = msgget(key, 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
    // receive a message from message queue
    // msgid, msgp, msg_size, msg_type, flags
   msgrcv(msgid, &svarname, sizeof(svarname), 1, 0);
   printf("Data Received is %s\n", svarname.mtext);
    // message queue control operation
   msgctl(msgid, IPC_RMID, NULL);
   return 0;
}
```

Output on Terminal 1 (writer)

Enter a string : sshhiivv

Sender wrote the text : sshhiivv

Output on Terminal 2 (reader)

Data Received is sshhiivv

8 Week 8: Implementation of Shared Memory

Program (Writer)

```
// shared memory
// writer
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() {
   key_t key;
   int shmid; // shared memory id
   char *ptr; // pointer to the shared memory location
   // generate a unique key
   key = ftok("shmfile", 'A');
    // get shared memory segment
    // pass key, size, flag
    shmid = shmget(key, 1024, 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
    // attach shared memory segment
   ptr = shmat(shmid, (void *)0, 0);
   printf("Input Data : ");
    fgets(ptr, SIZE, stdin);
    // detach shared memory segment
    shmdt(ptr);
   return 0;
```

Program (Reader)

```
// shared memory
// reader
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
int main() {
   key_t key;
   int shmid; // shared memory id
   char *ptr; // pointer to shared memory location
   // generate a unique key
   key = ftok("shmfile", 'A');
    // get shared memory segment
    // pass key, size, flag
    shmid = shmget(key, 1024, 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
    // attach shared memory segment
   ptr = shmat(shmid, (void *)0, 0);
   printf("The Data stored : %s\n", ptr);
    // detach shared memory segment
    shmdt(ptr);
    // shared memory control operation
    // remove id
    shmctl(shmid, IPC_RMID, NULL);
   return (0);
}
```

Output on Terminal 1 (writer)

Input Data : ShhS

Output on Terminal 2 (reader)

The Data stored : ShhS

Program (Combined)

```
// shared memory
// both reader and writer
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/shm.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() {
   key_t key;
   int shmid; // shared memory id
   void *ptr; // pointer to the shared memory location
   // generate a unique key
    key = ftok("srfile", 'A');
    // get shared memory segment
    shmid = shmget(key, 1024, 0666 | IPC_CREAT);
    // attach shared memory segment
   ptr = shmat(shmid, (void *)0, 0);
   printf("\nInput Data:");
    fgets(ptr, SIZE, stdin);
   printf("The Data stored : %s\n", (char *)ptr);
    // detach the shared memory segment
    shmdt(ptr);
    // remove id of the shared memory
    shmctl(shmid, IPC_RMID, NULL);
   return (0);
}
```

Input Data:SSHHII
The Data stored : SSHHII

9 Week 9: First Come First Served Scheduling Algorithm

Program (Pointers)

```
// fcfs
#include <malloc.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
typedef struct node {
   char pname[3];
   int burst;
   int arrival;
    struct node *next;
} node;
typedef struct queue {
   node *front;
   node *rear;
} queue;
void insert(queue *q) {
   node *p;
                // burst time
   int bt;
   int at;
                // arrival time
   char str[3]; // process name
   p = (node *) malloc(sizeof(node));
   printf("Enter the process name : ");
    scanf("%s", p->pname);
   printf("Enter Burst time : ");
    scanf("%d", &(p->burst));
    printf("Enter arrival time : ");
    scanf("%d", &(p->arrival));
   p->next = NULL;
    if (q->front == NULL) {
       q->front = p;
        q->rear = p;
    } else {
       q->rear->next = p;
        q->rear = p;
    }
void display(queue *q, int n) {
   node *temp = q->front;
```

```
int wttime = 0; // wait time
   int ct = 0;  // completion time
   float turn = 0.0;
   // if queue is not empty
   if (q->front != NULL) {
       // Make Gantt chart
       printf("\n\n");
       while (temp != NULL) {
           printf("\t%s\t", temp->pname);
           temp = temp->next;
       }
       temp = q->front;
       printf("\n");
       while (temp != NULL) {
           printf("\t(%d)\t", temp->burst);
           temp = temp->next;
       }
       temp = q->front;
       printf("\n(0)\t-");
       while (temp != NULL) {
            wttime += ct;
                                      // calculating total wait time
           turn += ct + temp->burst; // calculating turnaround time
           ct = ct + temp->burst;
           printf("-\t(%d)\t-", ct);
           temp = temp->next;
       }
       printf("\n\n");
       printf("Average wait time = dn", wttime / n);
       printf("Turn around time = %f\n", turn / n);
  }
}
int main() {
   int i, n;
   printf("Enter number of processes: ");
   scanf("%d", &n);
   queue *q = (queue *)malloc(sizeof(queue));
   for (i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
       insert(q);
   printf("Executing processes: \n");
   display(q, n);
```

```
return 0;
}
```

Enter number of processes: 3
Enter the process name : p1
Enter Burst time : 24
Enter arrival time : 0
Enter the process name : p2
Enter Burst time : 3
Enter arrival time : 0
Enter the process name : p3
Enter arrival time : 3
Enter Burst time : 3
Enter Burst time : 3
Enter arrival time : 0
Executing processes:

Average wait time = 17
Turn around time = 27.000000

Program (Array)

```
// fcfs
#include <malloc.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() {
    char p[SIZE][5]; // process name
                   // process time
    int pt[SIZE];
    int c = 0, i, j, n;
    float at = 0.0, turn = 0.0;
   printf("Enter no of processes:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        printf("Enter process %d name: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%s", &p[i][0]);
        printf("Enter process time: ");
        scanf("%d", &pt[i]);
    }
    // Make Gantt chart
   printf("\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        // print process name
        printf("\t%s\t", p[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        // print process time
        printf("\t(%d)\t", pt[i]);
    }
    printf("\n0\t-");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        at += c;
        turn += c + pt[i];
        c = c + pt[i];
        printf("-\t(%d)\t-", c);
    printf("\n");
   printf("Average time: %f\n", at / n);
```

```
printf("Turn around time: %f\n", turn / n);
   return 0;
```

Enter number of processes: 3
Enter the process name : p1
Enter Burst time : 24
Enter arrival time : 0
Enter the process name : p2
Enter Burst time : 3
Enter arrival time : 0
Enter the process name : p3
Enter arrival time : 3
Enter Burst time : 3
Enter Burst time : 3
Enter arrival time : 0
Executing processes:

Average wait time = 17
Turn around time = 27.000000

10 Week 10: Shortest Job First Scheduling Algorithm

Program (Pointers)

```
// sjf using pointers
#include <malloc.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
typedef struct node {
   char name[3];
    int burst;
    struct node *next;
} node;
typedef struct queue {
   node *front;
   node *rear;
} queue;
void insert(queue *q) {
   node *p, *temp;
   p = (node *) malloc(sizeof(node));
   printf("Enter the process name: ");
    scanf("%s", p->name);
    printf("Enter Burst time: ");
    scanf("%d", &(p->burst));
   p->next = NULL;
    if (q->front == NULL) {
        // first element
        q \rightarrow front = p;
        q->rear = p;
    } else if (p->burst < q->front->burst) {
        // insert in front
        p->next = q->front;
        q->front = p;
    } else if (p->burst > q->rear->burst) {
        // insert at last
        q->rear->next = p;
        q->rear = p;
    } else {
        // insert in between
        temp = q->front;
        while (p->burst > (temp->next)->burst)
            temp = temp->next;
        p->next = temp->next;
        temp->next = p;
```

```
}
void display(queue *q, int n) {
    node *temp = q->front;
    int c = 0;
    float turn = 0.0, wttime = 0.0;
    if (q->front != NULL) {
        // Make Gantt chart
        printf("\n\n");
        while (temp != NULL) {
            printf("\t%s\t", temp->name);
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp = q->front;
        printf("\n");
        while (temp != NULL) {
            printf("\t(%d)\t ", temp->burst);
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp = q->front;
        printf("\n(0)\t-");
        while (temp != NULL) {
            wttime += c;
            turn += c + temp->burst;
            c = c + temp->burst;
            printf("-\t(%d)\t-", c);
            temp = temp->next;
        printf("\n");
        printf("Average waiting time: %f\n", wttime / n);
        printf("Turn around time: %f\n", turn / n);
    }
}
int main() {
    int i, n;
    queue *q = (queue *)malloc(sizeof(queue));
    printf("Enter number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        insert(q);
    printf("Executing processes: \n");
    display(q, n);
```

```
return 0;
}
```

Enter number of processes: 3
Enter the process name: p1

Enter Burst time: 24

Enter the process name: p2

Enter Burst time: 2

Enter the process name: p3

Enter Burst time: 3
Executing processes:

p2 p3 p1 (24) (0) -- (2) -- (5) -- (29) --

Average waiting time: 2.333333 Turn around time: 12.000000

Program (Array)

```
// sjf using arrays
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() {
   char p[SIZE][5]; // process names
                   // process interval
    int pt[SIZE];
    int c = 0, i, j, n, temp1;
    float bst = 0.0, turn = 0.0;
   printf("Enter no of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        printf("Enter process %d name: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%s", &p[i][0]);
        printf("Enter process time: ");
        scanf("%d", &pt[i]);
    }
    // sorting according to the process time
    // using bubble sort
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {</pre>
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
            if (pt[i] > pt[j]) {
                // swap
                char temp[5];
                temp1 = pt[i];
                pt[i] = pt[j];
                pt[j] = temp1;
                strcpy(temp, p[i]);
                strcpy(p[i], p[j]);
                strcpy(p[j], temp);
            }
        }
    }
    // Make Gantt chart
   printf("\n\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        printf("\t%s\t", p[i]);
    printf("\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
```

```
printf("\t(%d)\t", pt[i]);
}

printf("\n(0)\t-");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    bst += c;
    turn += c + pt[i];
    c = c + pt[i];
    printf("-\t%d\t-", c);
}

printf("\n\n");
printf("Average time: %f\n", bst / n);
printf("Turn around time: %f\n", turn / n);
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Enter no of processes: 3
Enter process 1 name: p1
Enter process time: 24
Enter process 2 name: p2
Enter process time: 2
Enter process 3 name: p3
Enter process time: 3

Average time: 2.333333

Turn around time: 12.000000

11 Week 11: Priority Scheduling Algorithm

Program (Pointers)

```
// priority scheduling
#include <malloc.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
typedef struct node {
    char process[3];
    int burst;
    int priority;
    struct node *next;
} node;
typedef struct queue {
   node *front;
   node *rear;
} queue;
void insert(queue *q) {
   node *p, *temp;
    int b, pri;
    p = (node *) malloc(sizeof(node));
    printf("Enter the process name: ");
    scanf("%s", p->process);
    printf("Enter Burst time: ");
    scanf("%d", &(p->burst));
    printf("Enter Priority: ");
    scanf("%d", &(p->priority));
    p->next = NULL;
    /*
        inserting the new node so
        it is sorted according to
        priority
    if (q->front == NULL) {
        // first element
        q \rightarrow front = p;
        q->rear = p;
    } else if (p->priority < q->front->priority) {
        // at start
        p->next = q->front;
        q \rightarrow front = p;
```

```
} else if (p->priority > q->rear->priority) {
        // at end
        q \rightarrow rear \rightarrow next = p;
        q->rear = p;
    } else {
        // in between
        temp = q->front;
        while (p->priority > (temp->next)->priority)
            temp = temp->next;
        p->next = temp->next;
        temp->next = p;
    }
}
void display(queue *q, int n) {
   node *temp;
   int c = 0;
   float turn = 0.0, wttime = 0.0;
    if (q->front != NULL) {
        // Make Gantt chart
        temp = q->front;
        printf("\n\n");
        while (temp != NULL) {
            printf("\t%s\t", temp->process);
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp = q->front;
        printf("\n");
        while (temp != NULL) {
            printf("\t(%d)\t ", temp->burst);
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        temp = q->front;
        printf("\n(0)\t-");
        while (temp != NULL) {
            wttime += c;
            turn += c + temp->burst;
            c = c + temp->burst;
            printf("-\t(%d)\t-", c);
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        printf("\n\n");
        printf("Average wait time = f\n", wttime / n);
        printf("Turn around time = f\n", turn / n);
    }
```

```
int main() {
   int i, n;
   queue *q = (queue *)malloc(sizeof(queue));
   printf("Enter number of processes: ");
   scanf("%d", &n);

for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
      insert(q);

   printf("Executing processes: \n");
   display(q, n);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Enter number of processes: 3
Enter the process name: p1
Enter Burst time: 24
Enter Priority: 3
Enter the process name: p2
Enter Burst time: 3
Enter Priority: 1
Enter the process name: p3
Enter Burst time: 2
Enter Priority: 2
Executing processes:

Average wait time = 2.666667Turn around time = 12.333333

Program (Array)

```
// priority scheduling
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define SIZE 100
int main() {
   char p[10][5]; // process name
    int pt[SIZE]; // process time
    int pr[SIZE]; // process priority
   int c = 0, i, j, n;
    char temp[5];
    float bst = 0.0, turn = 0.0;
   printf("Enter no of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        printf("Enter process %d name: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%s", &p[i][0]);
       printf("Enter process time: ");
        scanf("%d", &pt[i]);
        printf("Enter the priority of process: ");
        scanf("%d", &pr[i]);
    // sort by priority
    // bubble sort
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
            if (pr[i] > pr[j]) {
                // swap
                int temp1 = pt[i];
                pt[i] = pt[j];
                pt[j] = temp1;
                int t = pr[i];
                pr[i] = pr[j];
                pr[j] = t;
                strcpy(temp, p[i]);
                strcpy(p[i], p[j]);
                strcpy(p[j], temp);
            }
       }
    }
    // Make Gantt chart
    printf("\n\n");
```

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        printf("\t%s\t", p[i]);
    printf("\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        printf("\t(%d)\t", pt[i]);
    printf("\n(0)-\t");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
        bst += c;
        turn += c + pt[i];
        c = c + pt[i];
        printf("-\t^{d}t-", c);
    }
    printf("\n\n");
    printf("Average time: %f\n", bst / n);
    printf("Turn around time: %f\n", turn / n);
   return 0;
}
```

Enter no of processes: 3 Enter process 1 name: p1 Enter process time: 24 Enter the priority of process: 3 Enter process 2 name: p2 Enter process time: 3 Enter the priority of process: 1Enter process 3 name: p3 Enter process time: 2 Enter the priority of process: 2 р2 р1 р3 (3) (24) (2) (0)-5 - 3 29 -

Average time: 2.666667
Turn around time: 12.333333

12 Week 12: First In First Out Page Replacement Policy

Program (Pointers)

```
// fifo page replacement
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct list {
   int size; // current size of list
   int cs; // counter at which to insert new page
   int nf; // no of free pages
    int *f; // array to store page
} list;
list *newlist(int nf) {
   list *l = (list *) malloc(sizeof(list));
   1->cs = 0;
   l->f = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * nf);
   1->nf = nf;
   return 1;
int find(list *1, int x) {
   for (int i = 0; i < l->size; i++)
        if (1->f[i] == x)
           return 1;
   return 0;
/*
   insert the page x
   if full replace it with oldest page
void insert(list *1, int x) {
    if (l->size < l->nf) l->size++;
    if (1->cs == 1->nf)
       // list full
       1->cs = 0;
    1->f[1->cs] = x;
   1->cs++;
}
void display(list *1) {
   int i;
   for (i = 0; i < l->size; i++)
       printf("%d ", l->f[i]);
    for (i = l->size; i < l->nf; i++)
        printf("_ ");
   // printf("\n");
}
```

```
int main() {
    int pf = 0; // no of page faults
    int rfs; // reference string length
   int *rf;
                // reference string
   int i, nf;
   printf("FIFO page replacement\n");
   printf("Enter the size of reference string: ");
    scanf("%d", &rfs);
    rf = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * rfs);
   printf("Enter the reference string: ");
    for (i = 0; i < rfs; i++) {</pre>
        scanf("%d", &rf[i]);
    printf("Enter the number of free frames: ");
    scanf("%d", &nf);
    // make a list with number of pages equal to nf
    list *l = newlist(nf);
    insert(1, rf[0]);
    display(1);
    printf("\tMiss! %d\n", rf[0]);
   pf = 1; // first page fault will always occur
    for (i = 1; i < rfs; i++) {</pre>
        if (!find(l, rf[i])) {
            // element not found
            pf++; // pagefault
            insert(l, rf[i]);
            display(1);
            printf("\tMiss! %d\n", rf[i]);
        } else {
            display(1);
            printf("\tHit!! %d\n", rf[i]);
        }
    }
    printf("No of page faults: %d\n", pf);
   return 0;
}
```

```
FIFO page replacement
Enter the size of reference string: 12
Enter the reference string: 0 2 1 6 4 0 1 0 3 1 2 1 \,
Enter the number of free frames: 4
0 _ _ _ _ _
0 2 _ _ _
0 2 1 _
           Miss! 0
              Miss! 2
              Miss! 1
0 2 1 6
              Miss! 6
4 2 1 6
              Miss! 4
              Miss! 0
4 0 1 6
4 0 1 6
              Hit!! 1
4 0 1 6
              Hit!! 0
4 0 3 6
              Miss! 3
4 0 3 1
              Miss! 1
2 0 3 1
              Miss! 2
2 0 3 1 Hit!! 1
No of page faults: 9
```

13 Week 13: LRU Page Replacement Policy

Program (Pointers)

```
// least recently use
// (lru) page replacement
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int fsize;
                // frame size
                 // reference string size
int ssize;
int rstring[30]; // reference string
                 // list to store the pages
int frame[10];
int arrive[30]; // arrive time for the pages
/* return 1 if page is found in the list */
int pagefound(int x) {
    for (int i = 0; i < fsize; i++) {</pre>
        if (x == frame[i]) {
            return 1;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
/* display the list */
void display() {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < fsize; i++) {</pre>
        if (frame[i] >= 0) {
            printf("%d ", frame[i]);
        } else
            printf("_ ");
    }
/* returns the index of page with least arrival time */
int leastused() {
    int i, min = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < fsize; i++) {</pre>
        if (arrive[i] < arrive[min]) {</pre>
            min = i;
    return min;
/* return the index at which pageno is located */
int pagelocation(int pageno) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < fsize; i++) {</pre>
```

```
if (frame[i] == pageno) {
            return i;
        }
   return i;
}
int main() {
    int pf = 0; // no of page faults
    int cs = 0; // current size
             // last recently used page index
   int lfi;
   int i, idx;
    int f, ls = 0;
    int j = 0, y, k, z = 0, time = 0;
   printf("LRU Page Replacement\n");
   printf("Enter the frame size: ");
    scanf("%d", &fsize);
   printf("Enter the reference string size: ");
    scanf("%d", &ssize);
   printf("Enter the reference string: ");
    for (i = 0; i < ssize; i++)</pre>
        scanf("%d", &rstring[i]);
    // initilise time and frame for page
    for (k = 0; k < fsize; k++) {</pre>
        frame[k] = -3;
        arrive[k] = 0;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < ssize; i++) {</pre>
        y = pagefound(rstring[i]);
        if (y == 0) {
            // page fault
            pf++;
            if (cs >= fsize) {
                // replace with lru page
                lfi = leastused();
                frame[lfi] = rstring[i];
                arrive[lfi] = ++time;
            } else if (cs < fsize) {</pre>
                // if list still have some space
                frame[cs] = rstring[i];
                arrive[cs] = ++time;
            display();
            printf("\tMiss! %d\n", rstring[i]);
        } else {
```

```
// page found
   idx = pagelocation(rstring[i]);
   arrive[idx] = ++time;
   display();
   printf("\tHit!! %d\n", rstring[i]);
}
   cs++;
}
printf("Page fault=%d\n", pf);
return 0;
}
```

```
LRU Page Replacement
Enter the frame size: 4
Enter the reference string size: 13
Enter the reference string: 7 0 1 2 0 3 0 4 2 3 0 3 2 3 \,
7 _ _ _ _ _
7 0 _ _ _
7 0 1 _
               Miss! 7
              Miss! 0
              Miss! 1
7 0 1 2
              Miss! 2
7 0 1 2
               Hit!! 0
3 0 1 2
              Miss! 3
3 0 1 2
              Hit!! 0
3 0 4 2
              Miss! 4
3 0 4 2
              Hit!! 2
3 0 4 2
              Hit!! 3
3 0 4 2
              Hit!! 0
3 0 4 2
              Hit!! 3
3 0 4 2
              Hit!! 2
Page fault=6
```