1. Reverse a String

```
public class ReverseString {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "Automation";
    StringBuilder reversed = new StringBuilder(str).reverse();
    System.out.println(reversed);
  }
}
```

2. Check for Palindrome

```
public class Palindrome {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "madam";
    String reversed = new StringBuilder(str).reverse().toString();
    System.out.println(str.equals(reversed));
  }
}
```

3. Fibonacci Series

```
public class Fibonacci {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int n = 10, num1 = 0, num2 = 1;
    System.out.print("Fibonacci Series: " + num1 + ", " + num2);
  for (int i = 2; i < n; i++) {
    int num3 = num1 + num2;
    System.out.print(", " + num3);
    num1 = num2;
    num2 = num3;
  }
}</pre>
```

4. Factorial of a Number

```
public class Factorial {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 5, factorial = 1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= num; i++) {
       factorial *= i;
    }
    System.out.println(factorial);
  }
}</pre>
```

5. Prime Number Check

```
public class PrimeCheck {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 11;
    boolean isPrime = true;
  for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(num); i++) {
    if (num % i == 0) {
        isPrime = false;
        break;
    }
  }
  System.out.println(isPrime);
}</pre>
```

6. Count Vowels and Consonants

```
public class VowelConsonantCount {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "Automation";
```

```
int vowels = 0, consonants = 0;
for (char c : str.toCharArray()) {
    if ("aeiouAEIOU".indexOf(c) != -1) {
        vowels++;
    } else if (Character.isLetter(c)) {
        consonants++;
    }
}
System.out.println("Vowels: " + vowels + ", Consonants: " + consonants);
}
```

7. Sort an Array

```
import java.util.Arrays;
public class SortArray {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {5, 2, 8, 1, 3};
    Arrays.sort(arr);
    System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
  }
}
```

8. Merge Two Arrays

```
import java.util.Arrays;
public class MergeArrays {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] arr1 = {1, 3, 5};
     int[] arr2 = {2, 4, 6};
     int[] merged = new int[arr1.length + arr2.length];
     System.arraycopy(arr1, 0, merged, 0, arr1.length);
     System.arraycopy(arr2, 0, merged, arr1.length, arr2.length);
```

```
System.out.println(Arrays.toString(merged));
}
```

9. Find the Largest Element in an Array

```
public class LargestInArray {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {1, 3, 5, 7, 9};
    int largest = arr[0];
    for (int num : arr) {
        if (num > largest) {
            largest = num;
        }
    }
    System.out.println(largest);
}
```

10. Remove Duplicates from an Array

```
import java.util.HashSet;
public class RemoveDuplicates {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] arr = {1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4};
     HashSet<Integer> set = new HashSet<>();
     for (int num : arr) {
        set.add(num);
     }
     System.out.println(set);
   }
}
```

11. Check if a Number is Armstrong

```
public class ArmstrongNumber {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 153, sum = 0, temp = num;
    while (temp != 0) {
      int digit = temp % 10;
      sum += Math.pow(digit, 3);
      temp /= 10;
    }
    System.out.println(num == sum);
  }
}
```

12. Reverse a Number

```
public class ReverseNumber {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 12345, reversed = 0;
    while (num != 0) {
      reversed = reversed * 10 + num % 10;
      num /= 10;
    }
    System.out.println(reversed);
}
```

13. Calculate GCD of Two Numbers

```
public class GCD {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int a = 60, b = 48;
    while (b!= 0) {
    int temp = b;
}
```

```
b = a % b;
a = temp;
}
System.out.println(a);
}
```

14. Check for Anagram

```
import java.util.Arrays;
public class AnagramCheck {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        String str1 = "listen", str2 = "silent";
        char[] arr1 = str1.toCharArray();
        char[] arr2 = str2.toCharArray();
        Arrays.sort(arr1);
        Arrays.sort(arr2);
        System.out.println(Arrays.equals(arr1, arr2));
    }
}
```

15. Count the Number of Digits in a Number

```
public class CountDigits {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 12345;
    int count = String.valueOf(num).length();
    System.out.println(count);
  }
}
```

16. Print the Prime Numbers in a Range

```
public class PrimeInRange {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
int start = 10, end = 50;
for (int num = start; num <= end; num++) {
    boolean isPrime = true;
    for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(num); i++) {
        if (num % i == 0) {
            isPrime = false;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (isPrime && num > 1) {
            System.out.print(num + " ");
        }
    }
}
```

17. Find the Second Largest Element in an Array

```
public class SecondLargest {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {12, 35, 1, 10, 34, 1};
    int first = Integer.MIN_VALUE, second = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
    for (int num : arr) {
        if (num > first) {
            second = first;
            first = num;
        } else if (num > second && num != first) {
            second = num;
        }
    }
    System.out.println(second);
}
```

18. Swap Two Numbers

```
public class SwapNumbers {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int a = 5, b = 10;
    a = a + b;
    b = a - b;
    a = a - b;
    System.out.println("a: " + a + ", b: " + b);
  }
}
```

19. Print the Pascal's Triangle

```
public class PascalsTriangle {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int rows = 5;
        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
            int num = 1;
            System.out.format("%" + (rows - i) * 2 + "s", "");
            for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++) {
                 System.out.format("%4d", num);
                 num = num * (i - j) / (j + 1);
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

20. Find the Missing Number in an Array

```
public class MissingNumber {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
int[] arr = {1, 2, 4, 5, 6};
int n = arr.length + 1;
int total = n * (n + 1) / 2;
for (int num : arr) {
    total -= num;
}
System.out.println(total);
}
```

21. Convert Decimal to Binary

```
public class DecimalToBinary {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 10;
    String binary = Integer.toBinaryString(num);
    System.out.println(binary);
  }
}
```

22. Check for Perfect Number

```
public class PerfectNumber {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 28, sum = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= num / 2; i++) {
        if (num % i == 0) {
            sum += i;
        }
    }
    System.out.println(num == sum);
}</pre>
```

23. Implementing a Simple Calculator

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SimpleCalculator {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter first number: ");
    double num1 = scanner.nextDouble();
    System.out.print("Enter second number: ");
    double num2 = scanner.nextDouble();
    System.out.print("Enter operation (+, -, *, /): ");
    char operation = scanner.next().charAt(0);
    double result;
    switch (operation) {
     case '+': result = num1 + num2; break;
     case '-': result = num1 - num2; break;
     case '*': result = num1 * num2; break;
     case '/': result = num1 / num2; break;
     default: throw new IllegalArgumentException("Invalid operation");
   }
    System.out.println("Result: " + result);
 }
}
```

24. Find the Sum of Digits of a Number

```
public class SumOfDigits {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 12345, sum = 0;
    while (num != 0) {
        sum += num % 10;
        num /= 10;
    }
```

```
System.out.println(sum);
}
```

25. Find the Length of a String

```
public class StringLength {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "Automation";
    System.out.println(str.length());
  }
}
```

26. Check if a String is Empty

```
public class CheckEmptyString {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      String str = "";
      System.out.println(str.isEmpty());
   }
}
```

27. Count the Occurrences of a Character in a String

```
public class CountCharacter {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "Automation";
    char ch = 'a';
    int count = 0;
    for (char c : str.toCharArray()) {
        if (c == ch) count++;
    }
    System.out.println(count);
  }
}
```

28. Find the First Non-Repeated Character in a String

```
import java.util.LinkedHashMap;
import java.util.Map;
public class FirstNonRepeatedCharacter {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = "swiss";
    Map<Character, Integer> charCount = new LinkedHashMap<>();
   for (char c : str.toCharArray()) {
     charCount.put(c, charCount.getOrDefault(c, 0) + 1);
   }
   for (Map.Entry<Character, Integer> entry : charCount.entrySet()) {
     if (entry.getValue() == 1) {
       System.out.println(entry.getKey());
       break;
     }
   }
 }
}
```

29. Remove All Whitespaces from a String

```
public class RemoveWhitespaces {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str = " A u t o m a t i o n ";
    String result = str.replaceAll("\\s+", "");
    System.out.println(result);
  }
}
```

30. Find the Common Elements in Two Arrays

```
import java.util.HashSet;
public class CommonElements {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr1 = {1, 2, 3, 4};
    int[] arr2 = {3, 4, 5, 6};
    HashSet<Integer> set = new HashSet<>();
    for (int num : arr1) {
        set.add(num);
    }
    for (int num : arr2) {
        if (set.contains(num)) {
            System.out.print(num + " ");
        }
    }
}
```

31. Find the Factorial of a Number using Recursion

```
public class FactorialRecursion {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int num = 5;
    System.out.println(factorial(num));
  }

static int factorial(int n) {
  if (n == 0) return 1;
  return n * factorial(n - 1);
  }
}
```

32. Generate Random Numbers

```
import java.util.Random;
public class RandomNumbers {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Random random = new Random();
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
        System.out.println(random.nextInt(100)); // Random number between 0-99
    }
    }
}</pre>
```

33. Check if a Year is Leap Year

```
public class LeapYear {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int year = 2024;
    boolean isLeap = (year % 4 == 0 && year % 100 != 0) || (year % 400 == 0);
    System.out.println(isLeap);
  }
}
```

34. Find the Sum of First N Natural Numbers

```
public class SumOfNaturalNumbers {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int n = 10, sum = n * (n + 1) / 2;
    System.out.println(sum);
  }
}
```

35. Implement a Simple Login System

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SimpleLogin {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      String username = "admin";
      String password = "password";
      Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
System.out.print("Enter username: ");

String inputUsername = scanner.nextLine();

System.out.print("Enter password: ");

String inputPassword = scanner.nextLine();

if (username.equals(inputUsername) && password.equals(inputPassword)) {

System.out.println("Login successful!");

} else {

System.out.println("Login failed!");

}

}
```

36. Check if a String Contains Another String

```
public class StringContains {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String str1 = "Automation Testing";
    String str2 = "Testing";
    System.out.println(str1.contains(str2));
  }
}
```

37. Find the Maximum Occurring Character in a String

```
import java.util.HashMap;
public class MaxOccurringCharacter {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      String str = "programming";
      HashMap<Character, Integer> charCount = new HashMap<>>();
      for (char c : str.toCharArray()) {
            charCount.put(c, charCount.getOrDefault(c, 0) + 1);
      }
      char maxChar = str.charAt(0);
```

```
int maxCount = 0;
for (char c : charCount.keySet()) {
    if (charCount.get(c) > maxCount) {
        maxCount = charCount.get(c);
        maxChar = c;
    }
}
System.out.println(maxChar);
}
```

38. Implementing Bubble Sort

```
public class BubbleSort {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {64, 34, 25, 12, 22, 11, 90};
    int n = arr.length;
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
      for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
        if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
           int temp = arr[j];
           arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
           arr[j + 1] = temp;
        }
      }
    for (int num : arr) {
      System.out.print(num + " ");
    }
 }
```

}

39. Implementing Selection Sort

```
public class SelectionSort {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {64, 25, 12, 22, 11};
    int n = arr.length;
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
      int minIndex = i;
      for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
        if (arr[j] < arr[minIndex]) {</pre>
          minIndex = j;
        }
      }
      int temp = arr[minIndex];
      arr[minIndex] = arr[i];
      arr[i] = temp;
    }
    for (int num : arr) {
      System.out.print(num + " ");
    }
 }
}
```