

Document Name	HOL – Localisation of Reports using Text Analytics & Translator
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Reviewer	
Executive Summary	This workshop is an end-to-end simulation of processing text data, applying text analytics and translating the results to a local language to build powerful PowerBI reports that can cater to the local audience. To accomplish this workshop, we will be using Azure services like Cognitive Services (Translation and Text Analytics services) and PowerBI.
Purpose	The end-to-end scenario covered in this workshop will help you gain level 400 exposure on various Azure services, based on the knowledge you have gained by working on the previous workshops on individual cognitive services. Currently, PowerBI does not provide out-of-the-box modules to perform Entity Extraction and Text translation capabilities. Once you complete this lab, you will be the Jedi Master on the Azure services and should be able to <i>Demo, Develop and Deploy</i> a POC or work in a production environment involving these Azure services. The important thing to note here is that you don't need to refer any other documents to complete this workshop.
Intent of Guide	This workshop is designed to help you integrate and automate your solutions using Azure services that lie in the Data & AI landscape. Also, we understand that Data folks come from a SQL or Python background and have limited exposure to application languages like .NET, Java etc. Hence, we have designed and developed this use case using no-code low-code and GUI driven services. It also covers the Concepts, How-to and best practices about the service.

[Use case brief: Localised Translated Text Analytics & Reporting](#)

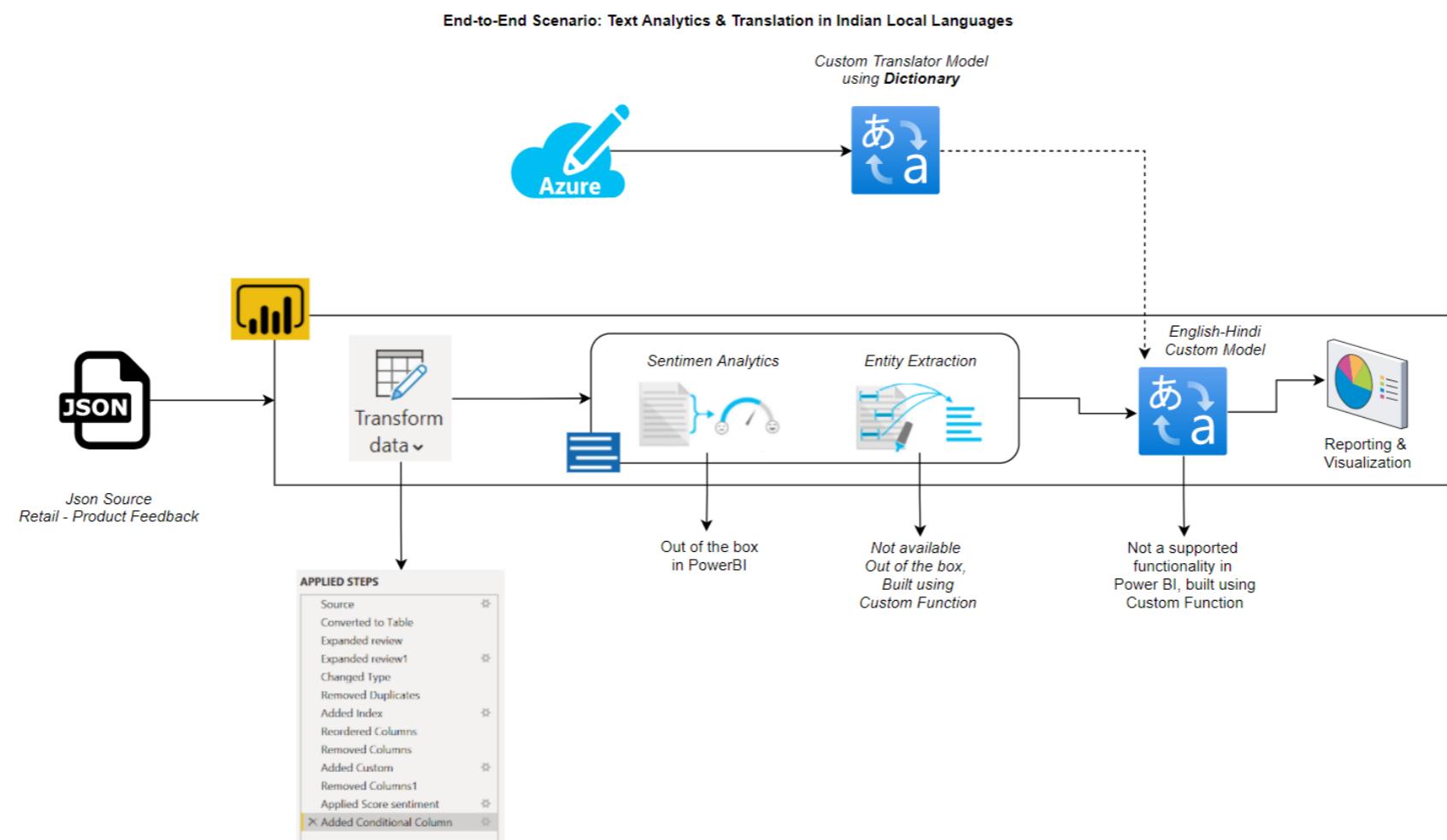
In today's world we interact with people from different native backgrounds. The corporate world does consider English as the primary language, however, there are a lot of folks out there who are more comfortable working in their native languages and can better understand the data and results when they are presented to them in their local language.

For example, India has a very diverse culture with over 30 major languages and a lot many local languages. Each state government prefers to deal with data and reports in their local language that they are most comfortable with. This is a common ask across the globe when you work with people from different backgrounds.

Thus, we have built a use case that takes unstructured data as input [free text], transforms it to a structured format [using Text Analytics & Natural Language Processing], translates into a local language of your choice [in our case Hindi] and uses it to create reports to cater to the users as required.

Alternatively, you can also create reports in any of the local languages that are supported by Azure Translator service, which includes over 12 Indian languages and over 90 languages globally.

[Diagram: Functional Architecture](#)



In this scenario, we will be leveraging customer reviews' data for a retail scenario. These reviews are present in a JSON file. Majority of our tasks will be performed in PowerBI. A summary of the tasks being performed is as follows :

1. Ingest & process the JSON file by applying certain transformations
2. Extract 'sentiment score' for the customer reviews by using out-of-the-box Sentiment Analytics capability in PowerBI
3. Extract 'entities' from the customer reviews by writing custom queries and API calls since this capability is not available out-of-the-box in PowerBI yet
4. Translate the customer reviews and entities in a local language (Hindi) by writing custom queries and API calls since Translator service is not integrated with PowerBI yet. To get better results, we will be using the custom model we created in Translator Services' workshop.
5. Create reports that can cater to audience that wants to view the content in a local language that they are more familiar with

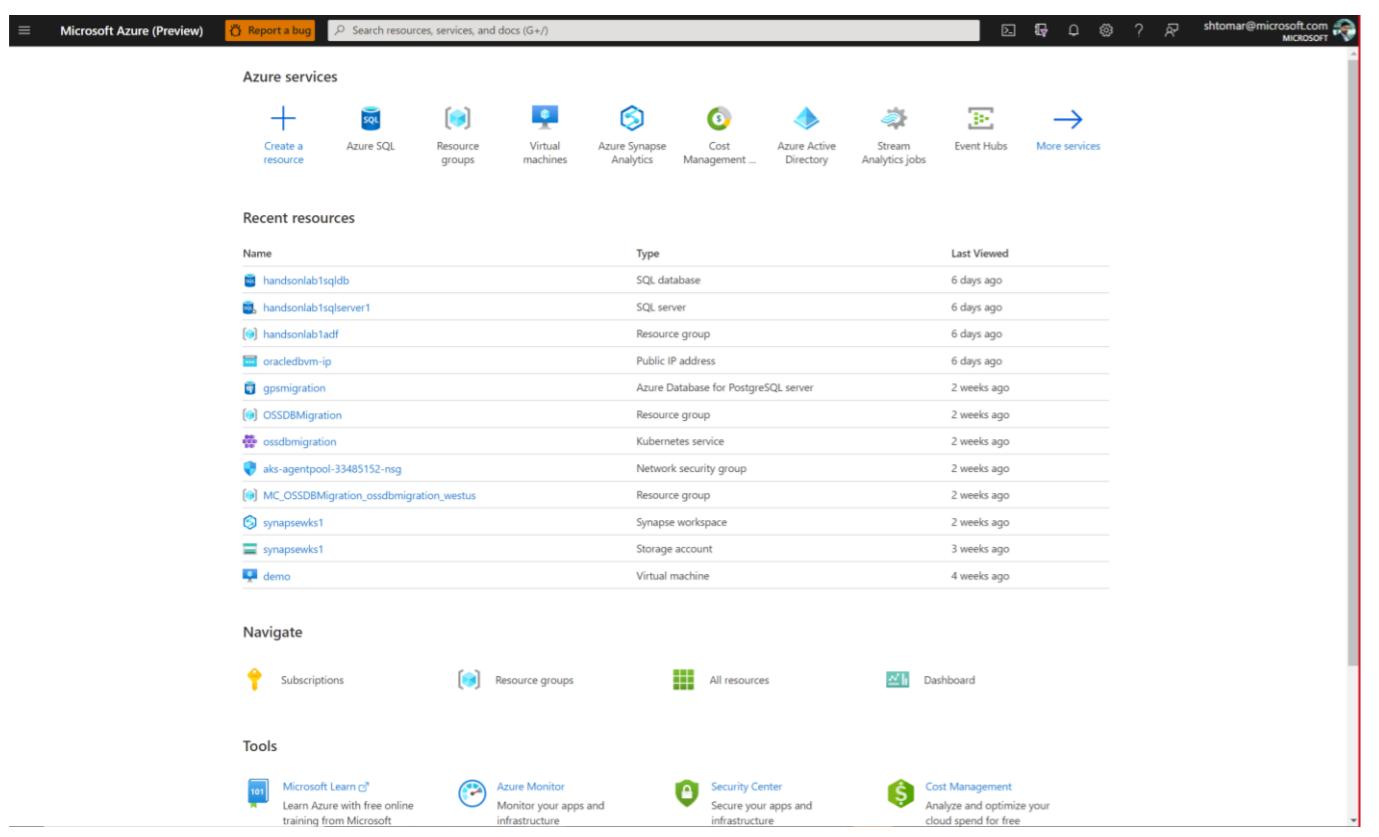
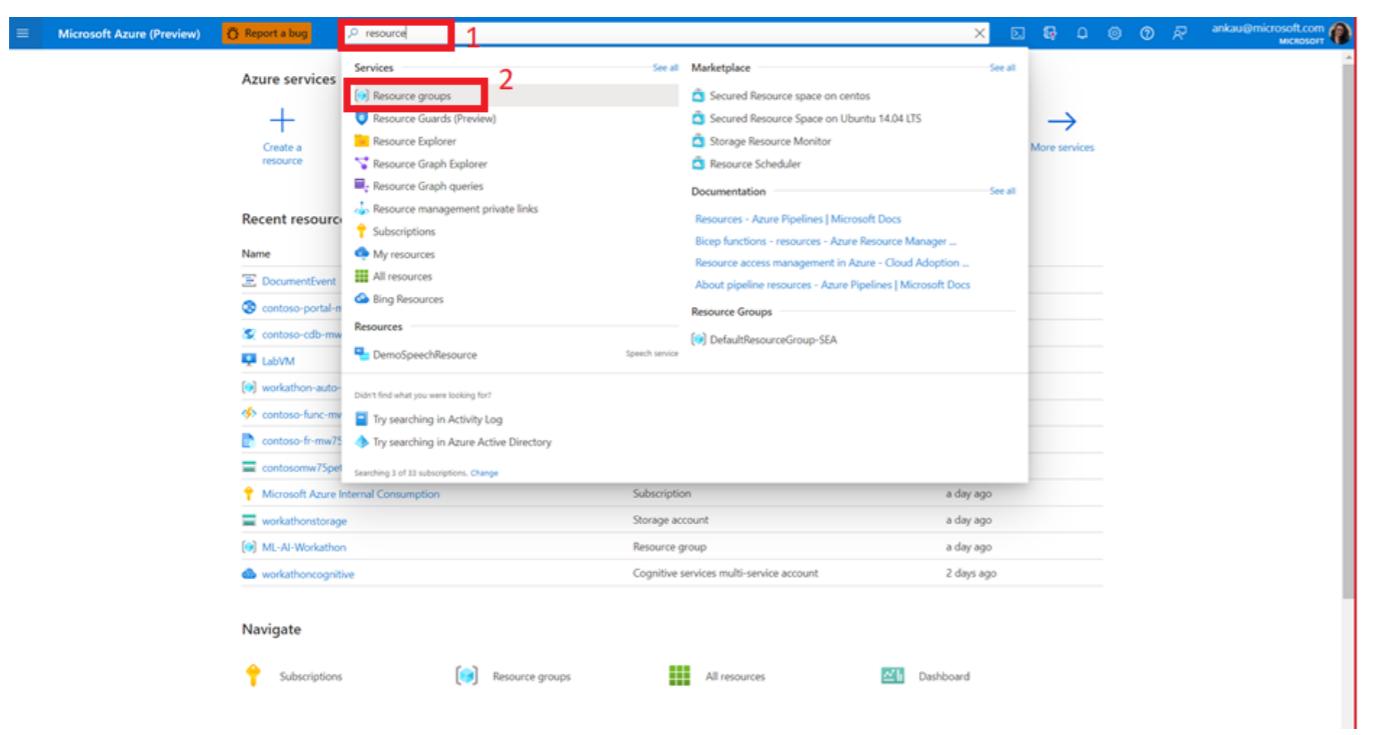
For this workshop, we are performing the Cognitive Services task from PowerBI. This is to help you learn how you can create custom queries and make API calls from PowerBI. In a production scenario, as a best practice, you will apply the cognitive services tasks on the data prior to ingesting it in PowerBI.

Step by step hands on guide to go from Zero to Hero

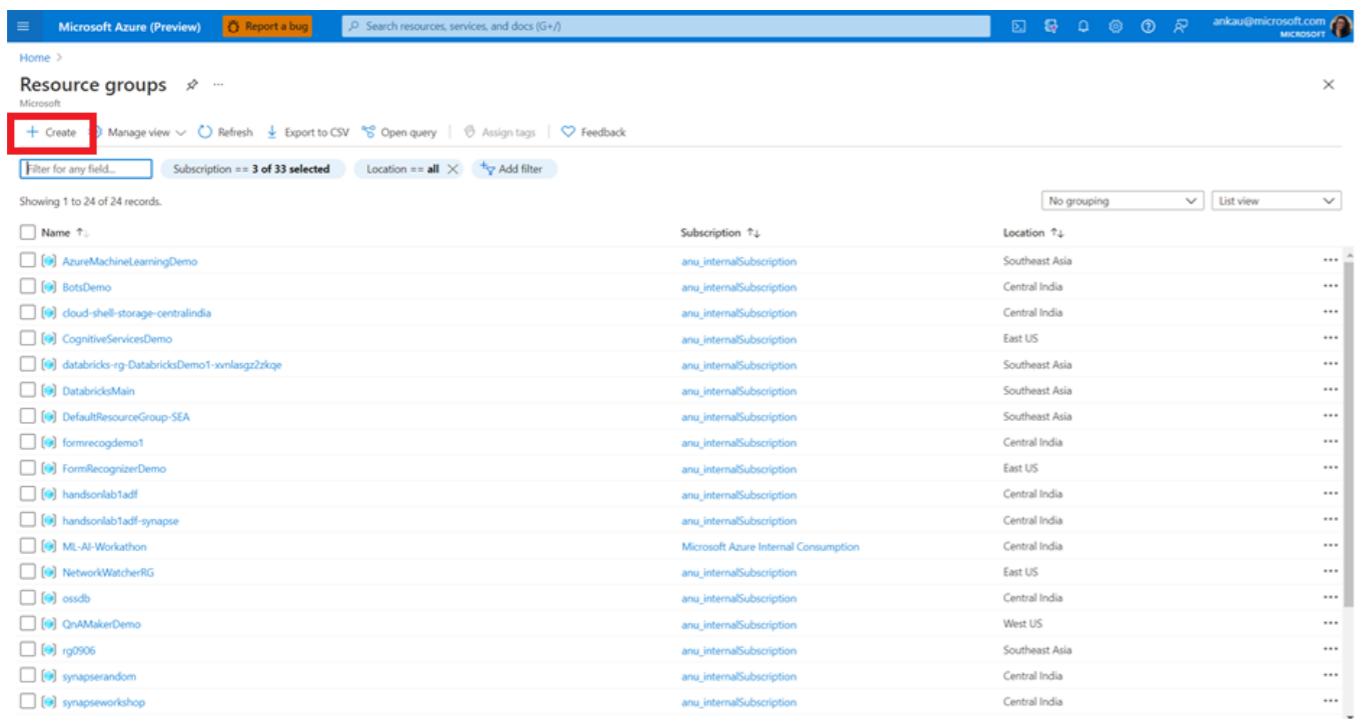
Pre-requisites

- An active Azure Account
 - You can use your current Azure Subscription or get started by creating a free trial account (<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-in/free>)
- Completed the workshops on Translation & Text Analytics and understand the workflow for Text Translation API and Text Analytics API.
- Download the data for customer reviews from Data Folder.

Let's get started!

Screenshots	Steps & Significance
	<p>Sign into your Azure Portal.</p>
	<p>Create a Resource Group</p> <p>Follow steps 1 & 2 to create a resource group.</p> <p>You can skip this step if you already have a Resource Group in place.</p>

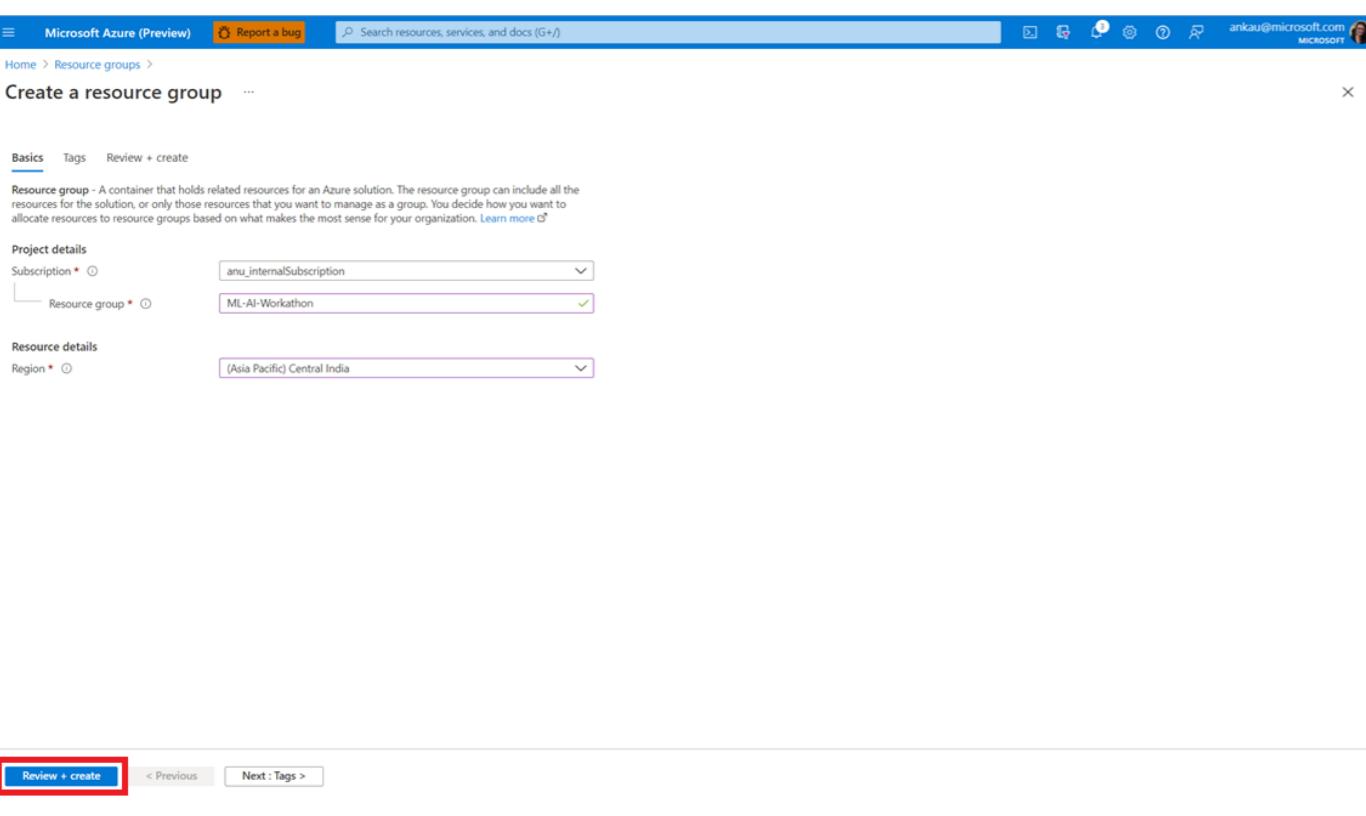
Click create to create a new resource group.



Enter the details –

1. Subscription : Azure subscription in which you want to deploy the resource group
2. Resource Group : Name of your choice for the resource group
3. Region : Region where you want to deploy the resource group

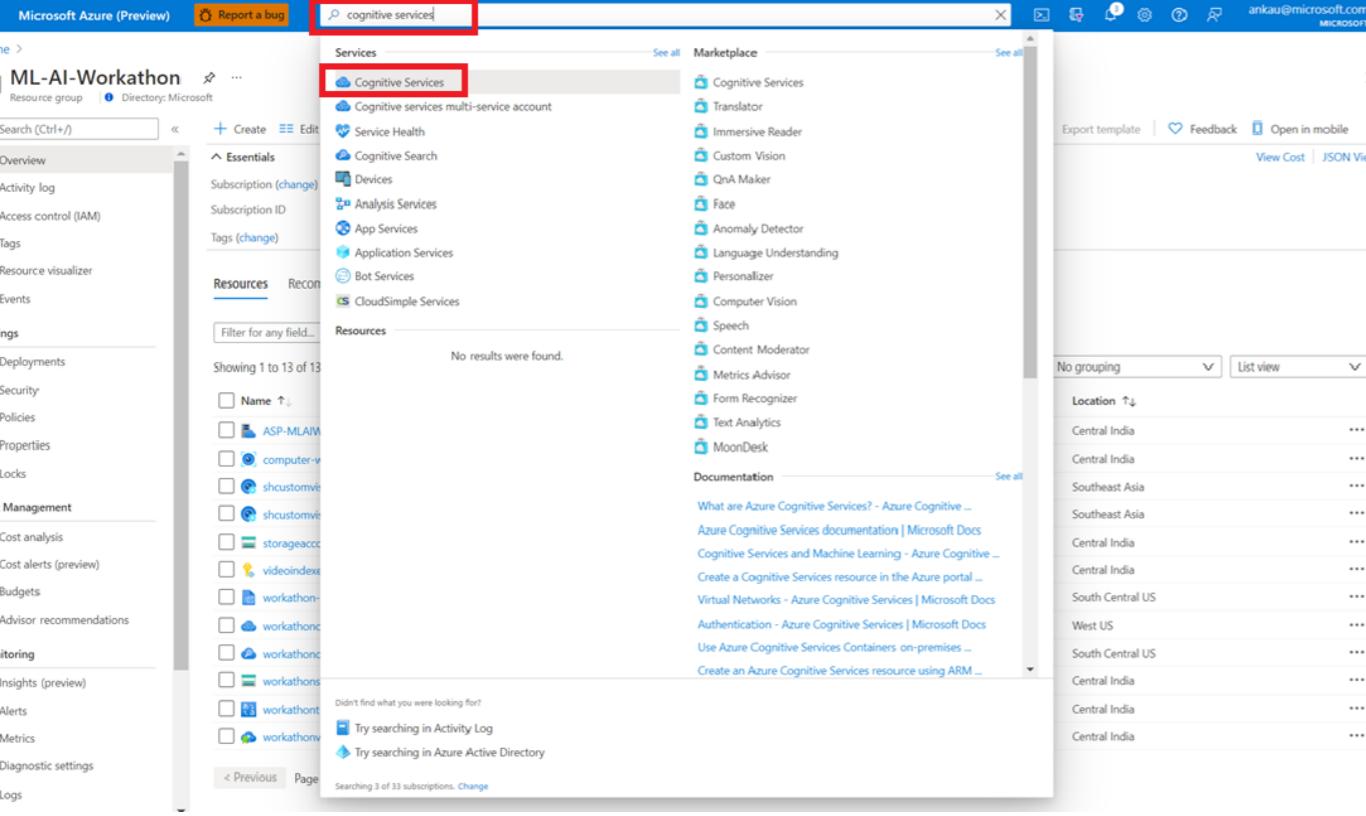
Click Review + Create.



Create Cognitive Service Resource

Once the resource group is created, search for Cognitive Services in the search bar above and select Cognitive Services.

You can skip this step if you already have a Cognitive Service in place for Text Analytics. This can be a multipurpose Azure Cognitive Resource or a Text Analytics Resource.



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Cognitive Services overview page. It lists several service categories: Overview, All Cognitive Services, Decision, Language (Language understanding, Anomaly detector, Content moderator, Personalizer), Speech (Speech service, Speech to text, text to speech, translation and speaker recognition), Vision (Computer vision, Custom vision, Face API), and Multipurpose (Cognitive services multi-service account). A red box highlights the 'Create' button for the 'Cognitive services multi-service account' section.

Create a multipurpose cognitive service

Significance : A multipurpose Cognitive Service account allows you to leverage the same resource for many cognitive services, which include :

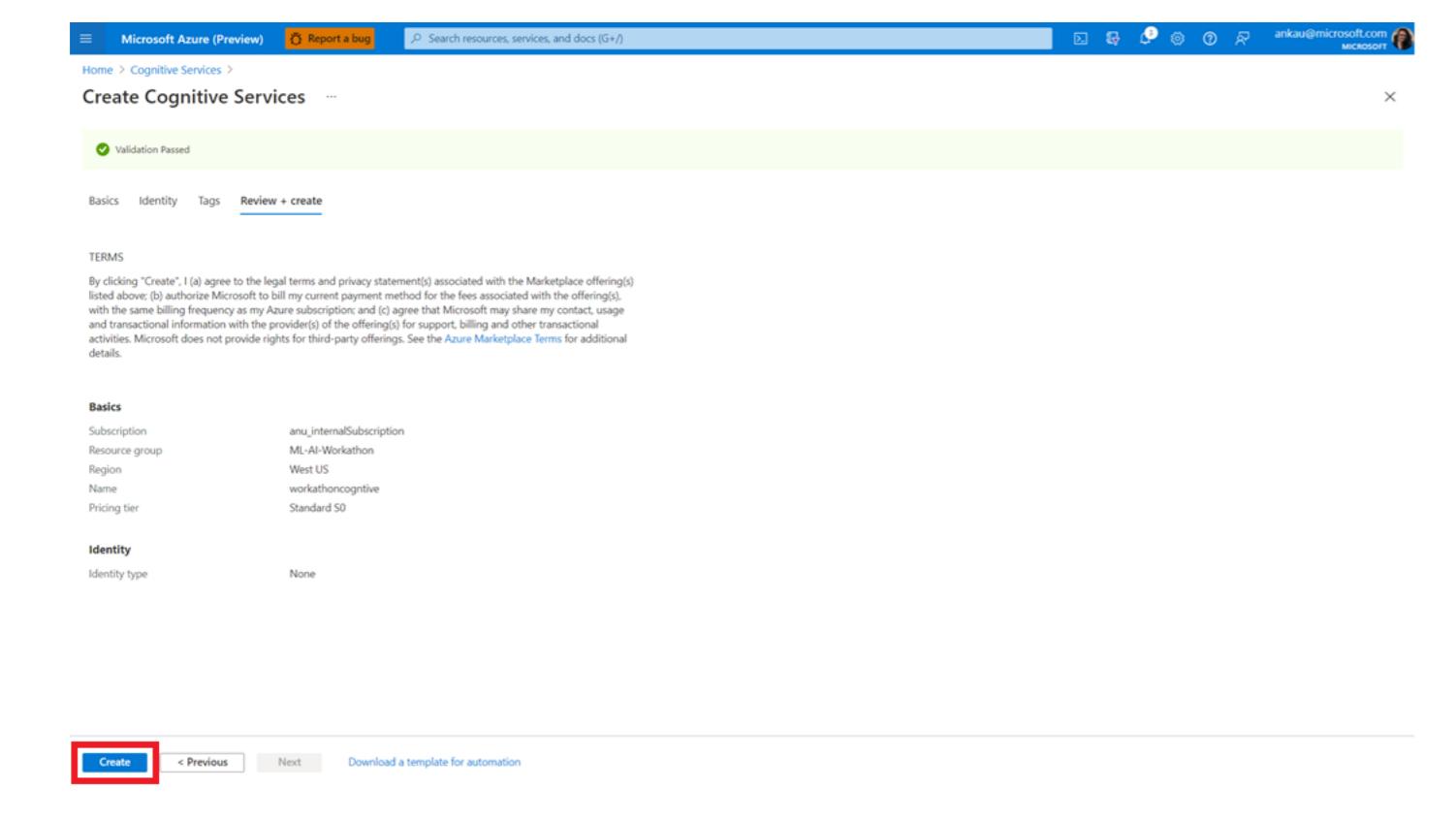
- [Computer Vision](#) - Analyze images
- [Content Moderator](#) - Check text, image or videos for offensive or undesirable content
- [Face](#) - Recognize people and their attributes in an image
- [Form Recognizer](#) - Identify and extract text, key/value pairs and table data from form documents
- [Language Understanding](#) - Extract meaning from natural language
- [Speech](#) - Transform speech-to-text, text-to-speech and recognize speakers
- [Text Analytics](#) - Detect sentiment, key phrases, entities and human language type in text

In this lab, we used a multipurpose Cognitive Service account since we would be learning about all the above-mentioned services. However, you can also spin up individual services to execute these labs or for your development / production scenarios. The only difference is spinning up individual services allows logical separation from workspace standpoint and easy monitoring of billability.

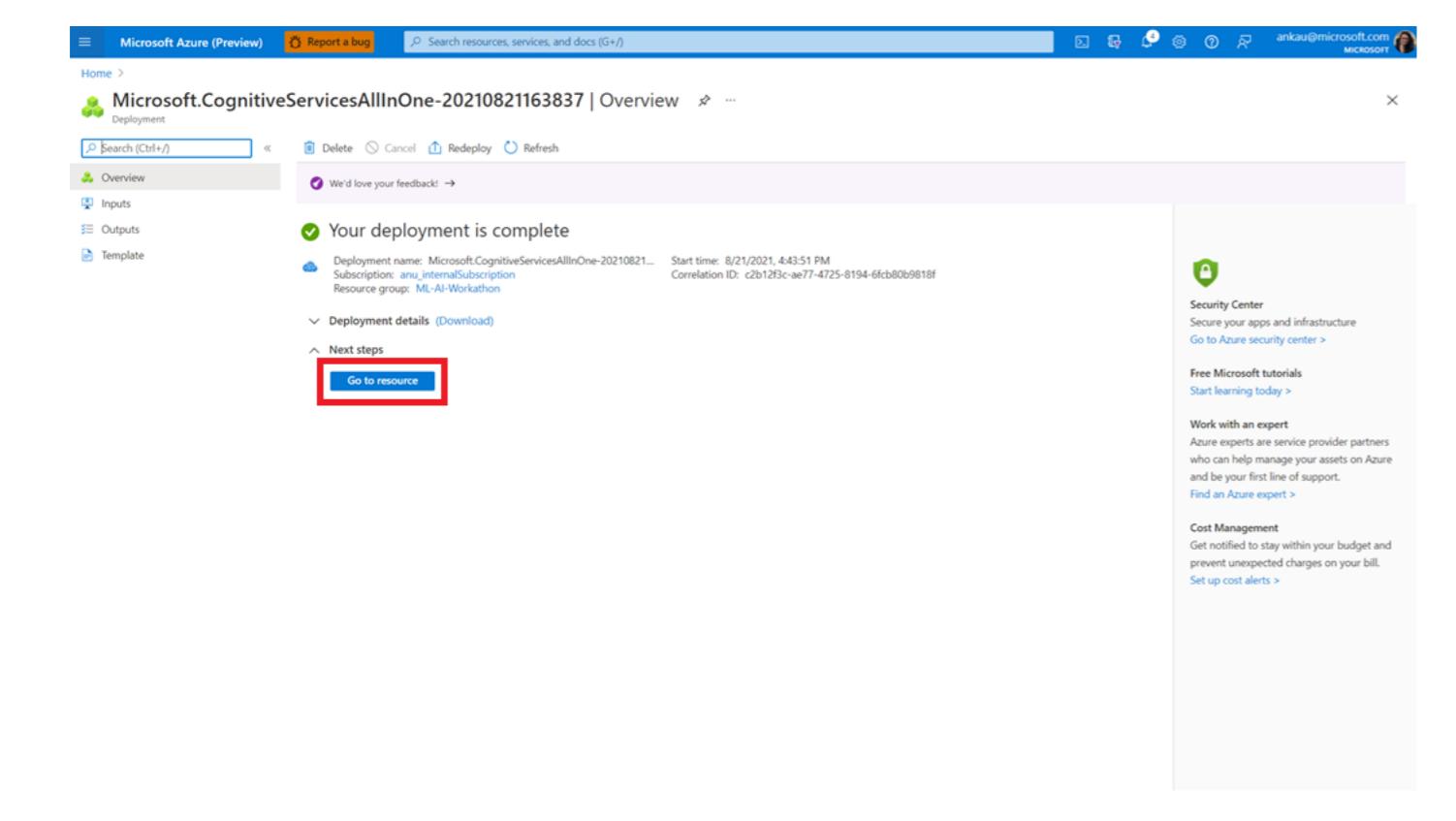
The screenshot shows the 'Create Cognitive Services' wizard in the 'Basics' step. It requires filling out fields for Project details (Subscription: anu_internalSubscription, Resource group: [New] ML-AI-Workathon), Instance details (Region: West US), and other settings (Name: workathoncognitive, Pricing tier: Standard S0). A red box highlights the 'Review + create' button at the bottom left.

Project details	Description
Subscription	Select one of your available Azure subscriptions.
Resource group	The Azure resource group that will contain your Cognitive Services resource. You can create a new group or add it to a pre-existing group.
Region	The location of your cognitive service instance. Different locations may introduce latency but have no impact on the runtime availability of your resource.
Name	A descriptive name for your cognitive services resource.
Pricing tier	The cost of your Cognitive Services account depends on the options you choose and your usage.

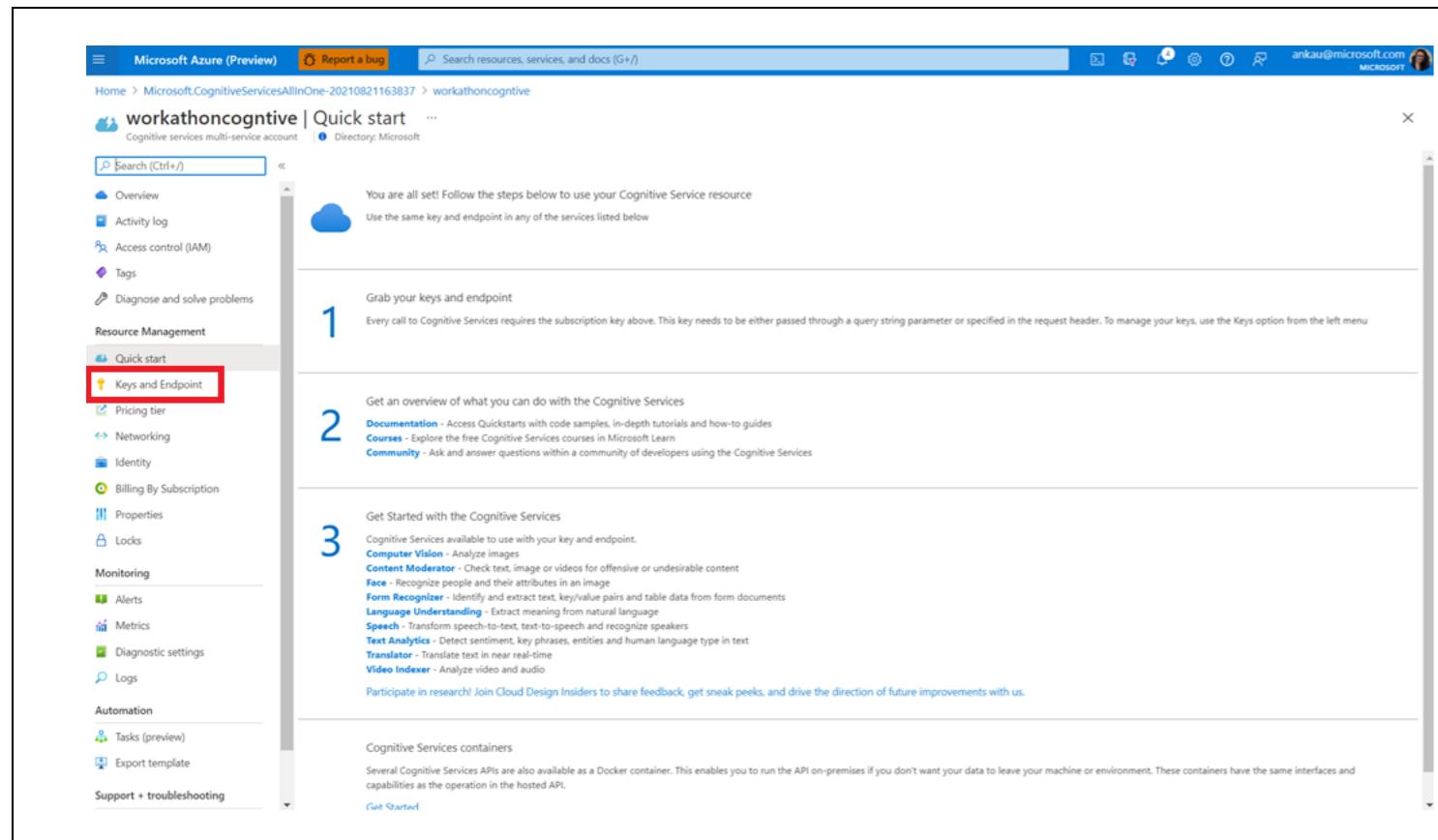
Click Review + Create.



Verify the details and click Create.



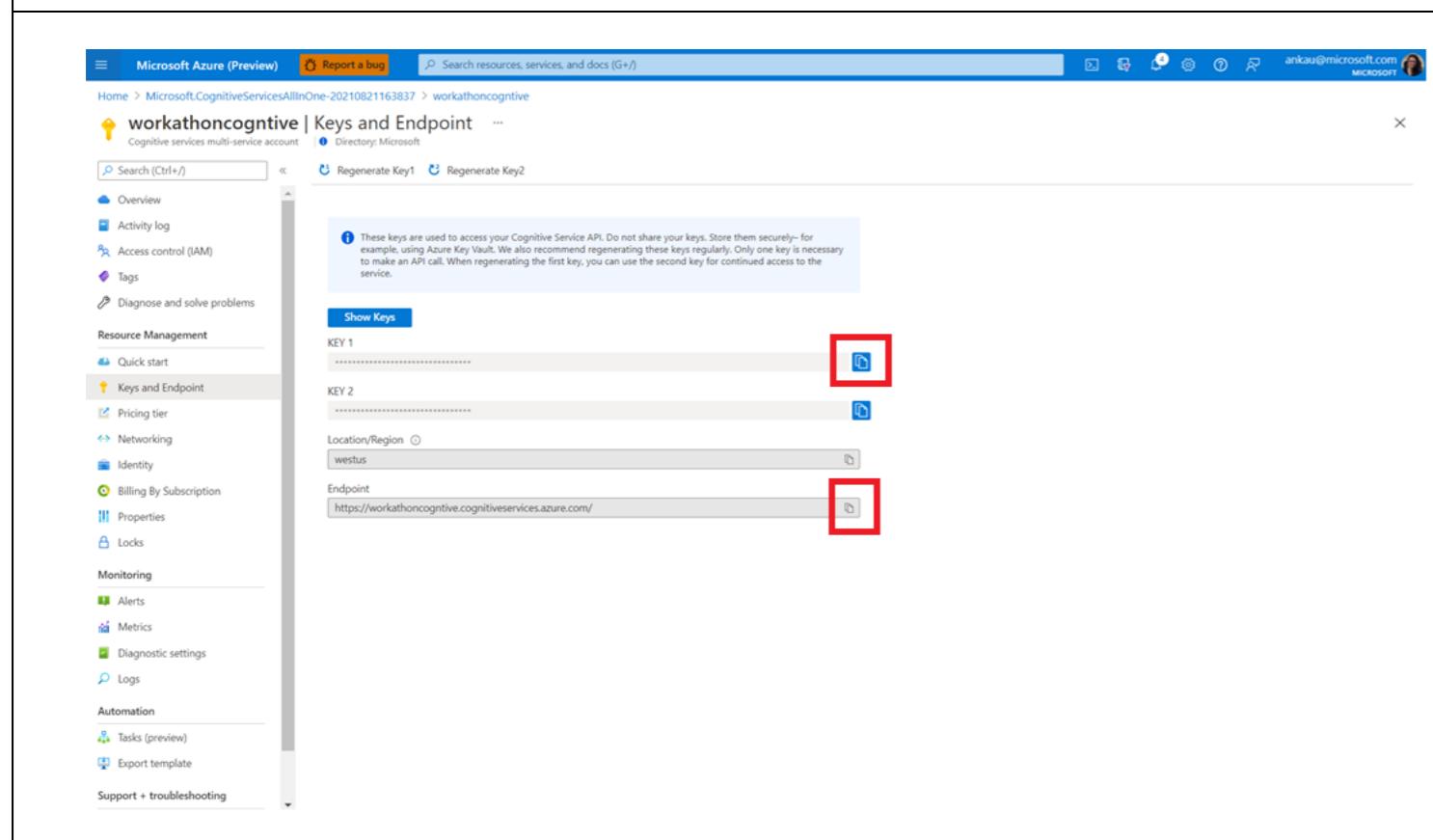
After the resource has been deployed, click Go to Resource.



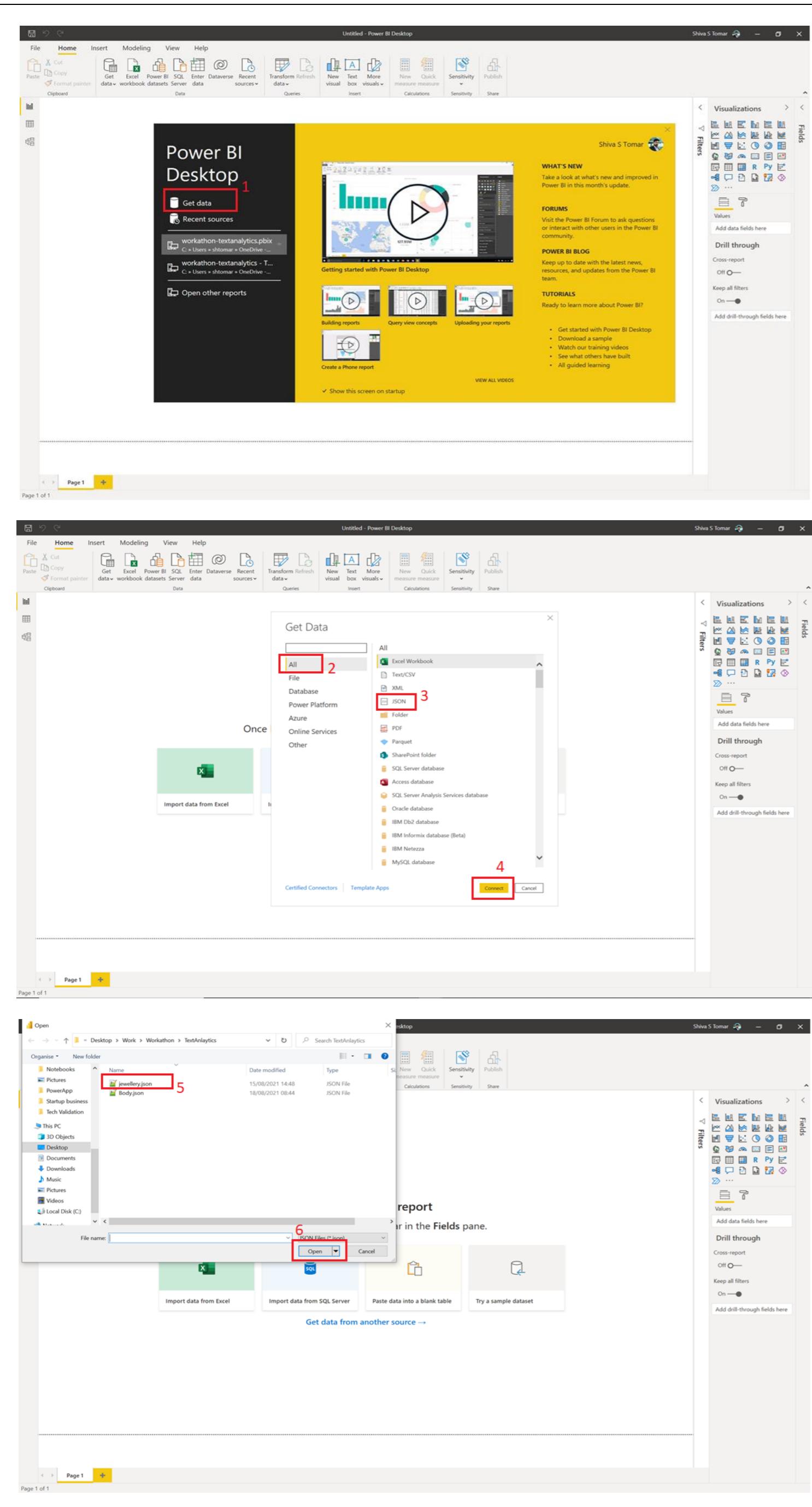
Copy keys & endpoints

On the Quick start page, you can find details about different cognitive services and can click the hyperlinks to learn more.

Click Key and Endpoints.



Copy the Key and Endpoint. Paste these in a notepad. You will leverage these in the next steps.



Build Power BI Report

We will now switch to PowerBI Desktop to create the report. We will start with creating a dataset named Jewellery.

1. Select Get data on the home screen

2. Select All tab
3. Select JSON
4. Click Connect

5. In your computer, browse to the file you downloaded
6. Click Open

Editing the File in Query Editor

Once you upload the JSON file, it will be opened in the query editor. We will now prepare and clean the data before performing text analytics and translation operations on top of it.

Change Column Type

1. Select the Column Type icon for review.product_name
2. Select Text

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the 'jewellery' query selected. In the 'Applied Steps' pane, the last step is 'Expanded review1'. A red box highlights the 'review.product_name' column in the main table area, and another red box highlights the 'Text' icon in the 'Data Type' dropdown menu. Step 2 is labeled '2'.

Remove duplicates

We will now remove duplicates basis the review.id column.

1. Select the review.id column
2. Click remove rows > Remove duplicates

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the 'jewellery' query selected. In the 'Applied Steps' pane, the last step is 'Changed Type'. A red box highlights the 'review.id' column in the main table area, and another red box highlights the 'Remove Duplicates' button in the ribbon toolbar. Step 2 is labeled '2'.

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Add Index

We will now add a unique index that will be used to create relationships with other datasets going forward.

1. Select the icon at the top left corner of the table
2. Select Add Index Column
3. Select 'From 1' [This will start the indexing from 1]

4

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4. Notice the position of Index column in the Dataset. It gets added at the end of the Dataset. Let's bring it to the front. Right click on Index column > Move > To Beginning OR you can drag it all the way to the beginning.

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5. The Index column is now in the beginning of the dataset

Remove columns

1. Right click on the review.unique_id column
2. Select Remove

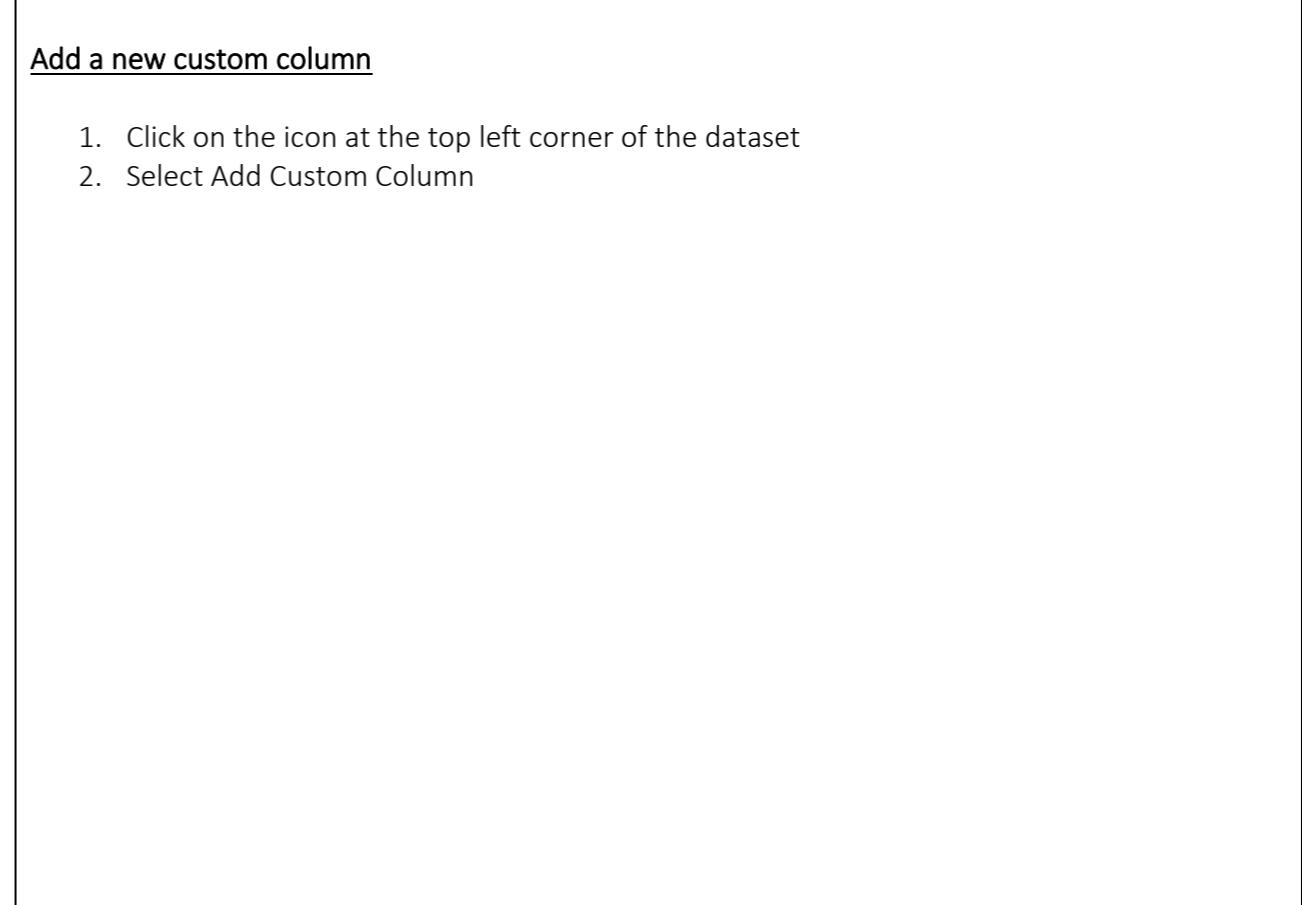
The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the 'jewellery' query selected. In the main pane, the 'review.unique_id' column is highlighted with a red box and a red number '1'. A context menu is open over this column, with the 'Remove' option highlighted by a red box and a red number '2'. To the right of the main pane, the 'Properties' and 'Applied Steps' panes are visible.

Add a new custom column

- Click on the icon at the top left corner of the dataset
- Select Add Custom Column

**3. New column name : Product Type
Custom column formula : "Jewellery & Watches"**

- New column name : Product Type
- Custom column formula : "Jewellery & Watches"
- Make sure there are no syntax errors
- Click OK



- 3. New column name : Product Type
Custom column formula : "Jewellery & Watches"
4. Make sure there are no syntax errors
5. Click OK**

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface. In the ribbon, the 'Text Analytics' button is highlighted with a red box (Step 1). Below it, the 'Text Analytics' dialog is open, showing three options: 'Detect language', 'Extract key phrases', and 'Score sentiment'. The 'Score sentiment' option is highlighted with a red box (Step 2). The main query editor area shows a table with columns like 'Index', 'review.id', 'product_type', etc. The 'Applied Steps' pane on the right lists actions such as 'Converted to Table', 'Expanded review', etc.

Derive Sentiment Score

We will now use the built-in Text Analytics capabilities to extract the Sentiment score of the customer reviews.

The current integration of Text Analytics in PowerBI, provide only 2 functionalities :

1. Extract Key Phrases
2. Score sentiment

We are leveraging the 'Score sentiment' capability from here. To perform other operation (Entity Extraction, PII extraction, summarization etc) you will have to write custom function and make API calls using it. We will be writing the advanced custom queries for entity extraction and Translation going forward in the workshop.

1. Select Text Analytics in the query editor
2. Select Sentiment score

This screenshot shows the 'Text Analytics' dialog with 'Score sentiment' selected. The 'Text' input field contains 'review.review_text' (Step 3). The 'OK' button is highlighted with a red box (Step 4). The main query editor area and 'Applied Steps' pane are visible.

3. Text : review.review_text
4. Click Ok

This screenshot shows the Power Query Editor after executing the sentiment scoring. A new column named 'Score sentiment' has been added to the dataset. The column contains numerical values representing the sentiment score for each review. The main query editor area and 'Applied Steps' pane are visible.

5. This will take a while to execute and you will see the Score Sentiment column added to the dataset

Note : If asked to authenticate, enter your cognitive service endpoint and key as copied earlier.

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface. In the top-left, the ribbon has 'Add Columns' selected. A red box highlights the 'Conditional Column' option under the 'Add Columns' tab. In the center, a modal window titled 'Add Conditional Column' is open, also with a red box around it. It contains fields for 'Column Name' (set to 'Sentiment'), 'Operator' (set to 'If'), and 'Value' (set to 'Score sentiment <= 0.3'). The 'Output' field shows 'Negative'. Below this, another 'Else If' condition is set for 'Score sentiment <= 0.6' with 'Neutral' as the output. An 'Else' clause is also present with 'Positive' as the output. A red box highlights the 'OK' button at the bottom right of the dialog. To the right of the dialog, the main query table is visible, showing rows of reviews with a new 'Sentiment' column added. The table has 11 columns and 999+ rows. The preview pane at the bottom right shows the data as of 09:31.

Add conditional Column

We will now create a column for the sentiment basis the sentiment score we derived.

1. Select Conditional Column in Add Column tab
2. Fill in the fields basis the following inputs and also refer the screenshot :
if 'Score sentiment' column ≤ 0.3 then output = Negative
Else if 'Score sentiment' column ≤ 0.6 then output = Neutral
Else Positive
3. Once added, you will see the Sentiment column as highlighted.

Add conditional Column

We will now create a column for the sentiment basis the sentiment score we derived.

1. Select Conditional Column in Add Column tab

2. Fill in the fields basis the following inputs and also refer the screenshot :
if 'Score sentiment' column ≤ 0.3 then output = Negative
Else if 'Score sentiment' column ≤ 0.6 then output = Neutral
Else Positive

3. Once added, you will see the Sentiment column as highlighted.

Screenshot 1: Power Query Editor showing the 'New Source' button highlighted.

Screenshot 2: Power Query Editor showing the 'Blank Query' selected.

Screenshot 3: Power Query Editor showing the 'Advanced Editor' dialog with the 'Query1' tab selected.

Screenshot 4: Power Query Editor showing the 'Advanced Editor' dialog with the 'Source' step applied.

Screenshot 5: Power Query Editor showing the custom query code in the editor:

```
(text) => let
    apikey = "<<paste your API Key here>>",
    endpoint = "https://workathoncognitive.cognitiveservices.azure.com/text/analytics/v3.2-preview.1/entities/recognition/general?model-version=latest&showStats=false&loggingOptOut=false&stringIndexType=TextElement_v8",
    jsontext = Text.FromBinary(Json.FromValue(Text.Start(Text.Trim(text), 5000))),
    jsonbody = "{ documents: [ { language: ""en"" , id: ""0"" , text: " & jsontext & " } ] }",
    bytesbody = Text.ToBinary(jsonbody),
    headers = [{"Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Key": apikey}],
    bytesresp = Web.Contents(endpoint, [Headers=headers, Content=bytesbody]),
    jsonresp = Json.Document(bytesresp),
    entities = (jsonresp[documents][0][entities])
in entities
```

Screenshot 6: Power Query Editor showing the 'No syntax errors have been detected' message.

Screenshot 7: Power Query Editor showing the 'Done' button in the dialog.

Screenshot 8: Power Query Editor showing the 'Properties' pane with 'Query1' renamed to 'entities'.

Create custom query to extract entities

As mentioned above in the Sentiment section, since entity extraction is not available as an out of the box functionality in Power BI, we will be writing a custom query to invoke the Text Analytics Entity Extraction API.

1. In query editor, select New Source
2. Select blank query

3. Select Query 1
4. Select Advanced Editor
5. Paste the following query in the editor. Make sure to add your API key within quotes for apikey value and replace underlined portion in endpoint with your cognitive service endpoint.

```
(text) => let
    apikey = "<<paste your API Key here>>",
    endpoint = "https://workathoncognitive.cognitiveservices.azure.com/text/analytics/v3.2-preview.1/entities/recognition/general?model-version=latest&showStats=false&loggingOptOut=false&stringIndexType=TextElement_v8",
    jsontext = Text.FromBinary(Json.FromValue(Text.Start(Text.Trim(text), 5000))),
    jsonbody = "{ documents: [ { language: ""en"" , id: ""0"" , text: " & jsontext & " } ] }",
    bytesbody = Text.ToBinary(jsonbody),
    headers = [{"Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Key": apikey}],
    bytesresp = Web.Contents(endpoint, [Headers=headers, Content=bytesbody]),
    jsonresp = Json.Document(bytesresp),
    entities = (jsonresp[documents][0][entities])
in entities
```

6. Make sure there are no syntax errors
7. Click Done
8. Rename Query1 to entities

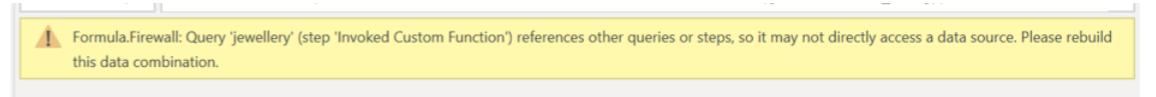
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The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface. A red box highlights the 'New Source' button in the top-left toolbar. The main area displays a table with 12 columns and 999+ rows, with a preview of the first 1000 rows at the bottom. The 'Score sentiment' step is selected in the Applied Steps pane.

Add a new source for the Entities

Notice in this section, we are reading from the same JSON source again. The reason to do so is that - In PowerBI, when you try to run the built-in function and custom function on the same dataset, you might get the following error :



We will be leveraging this dataset to make build the custom functions for the following :

- 'Entities' – to extract entities using Text Analytics from the review text [custom query created in the above step]
- 'Translated Output' – to translate the incoming Reviews & Entities from English to Hindi [we will create this function in the next steps]

Follow the steps as highlighted to create a new dataset :

- In the query editor, select New Source
- Click More

- Select All tab
- Select JSON
- Click Connect

- In your computer, browse to the file you want to upload
- Click Open
- Rename this dataset to 'Entities'

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The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor with the 'Get Data' dialog open. A red box highlights the 'All' button under the 'File' section. The 'JSON' option is selected. A red box highlights the 'Connect' button. The main area shows the same 'Score sentiment' step as the previous screenshot.

- In your computer, browse to the file you want to upload
- Click Open
- Rename this dataset to 'Entities'

6

7

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor with the 'Open' file dialog open. A red box highlights the 'jewellery.json' file. A red box highlights the 'Open' button. The main area shows the same 'Score sentiment' step as the previous screenshots.

1. Select the review.id column
2. Click remove rows > Remove duplicates

Remove duplicates

We will now remove duplicates basis the review.id column.

1. Select the review.id column
2. Click remove rows > Remove duplicates

1. Select the icon at the top left corner of the table
2. Select Add Index Column
3. Select From 1

Add Index

We will now add a unique index like we created for the previous dataset, that will be used to create relationships with jewellery dataset going forward.

1. Select the icon at the top left corner of the table
2. Select Add Index Column
3. Select From 1
4. Bring the index column to the front

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface. In the top-left corner, there is a dropdown menu with the path 'Column From Custom Function Examples > EntitiesTable'. Below this, the main area displays a table with 12 columns and 455 rows. The table includes columns for review.unique_id, review.id, review.product_name, and review.product_type. The 'APPLIED STEPS' pane on the right shows the step 'Reordered Columns'.

Invoke Custom function to extract entities

Earlier, we just created the custom function to extract entities, we will now be invoking the function to extract the entities from 'review.review_text' column in a new column named 'entities'.

1. Select the Entities table
2. Select Invoke Custom Function

This screenshot shows the 'Invoke Custom Function' dialog box. It has six numbered steps: 3 (New column name: entities), 4 (Function query: entities), 5 (Text: review.review_text), and 6 (OK button). The 'OK' button is highlighted with a red box. The background shows the Power Query Editor with the 'EntitiesTable' function selected in the 'Queries' pane.

3. New column name : entities
4. Function query : entities [From the dropdown select the name of the function you created above]
5. Text : review.review_text [This is the column that contains the customer reviews text]
6. Click OK
7. Wait while the function is being executed.

Note : If asked to authenticate, set the options to anonymous / public, since we have already provided the API key in the query we wrote.

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the 'entities' column expanded. A red box highlights the expand button (step 1). The 'APPLIED STEPS' pane shows the 'Expanded entities' step.

Process entities column

Executing the 'Entities' function will render the results in 'entities' column as 'List' data type. We will need to do some post processing to bring the entities column in a usable format

1. Click the expand button next to entities column.

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the 'entities' column expanded as records. A red box highlights the expand button (step 3). A red box highlights the 'Select All Columns' checkbox (step 4). Another red box highlights the 'Use original column name as prefix' checkbox (step 5). Step 6 highlights the 'OK' button.

2. Observe that this changes the column data type from List to Record
3. Again, click the expand button next to entities column
4. Select the checkbox for 'Select all column'
5. Select the checkbox for 'Use original column name as prefix'
6. Click Ok

The screenshot shows the Power Query Editor interface with the 'entities' column expanded as records with additional columns: 'entities.text', 'entities.category', and 'entities.confidencescore'. A red box highlights the expanded column headers (step 7).

7. Observe the new columns that are added towards the end of the dataset

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6 COLUMNS, 999+ ROWS Column profiling based on top 1000 rows

PREVIEW DOWNLOADED ON 18 SEPTEMBER 2021

6 COLUMNS, 999+ ROWS Column profiling based on top 1000 rows

Renaming original index and creating new index

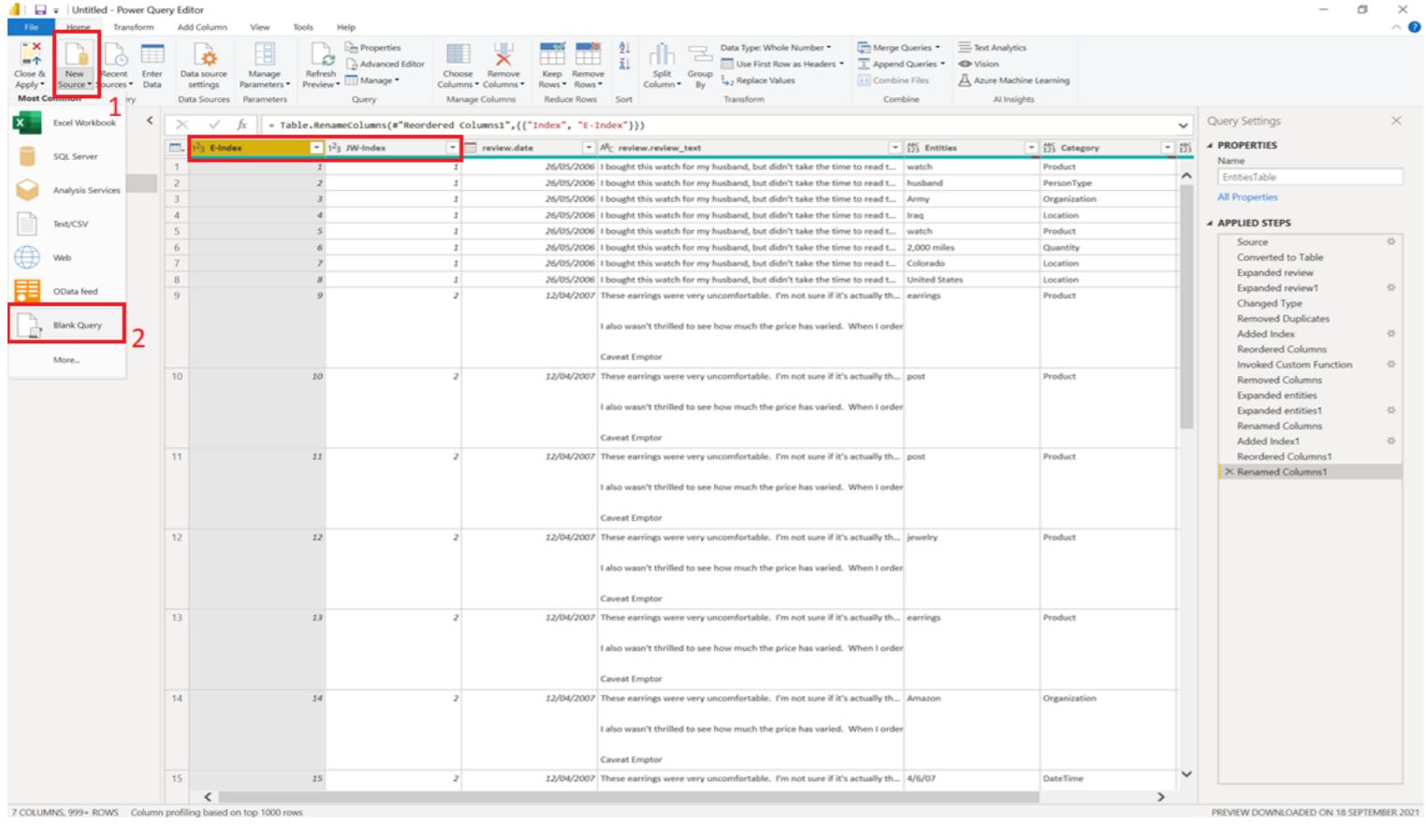
Observe that since multiple entities were extracted from each review text, this lead to duplication of rows, with all the columns being the same except for the columns derived from using custom entity function. Due to this, we do not currently have a primary key for the Entities dataset.

Thus, we will rename the previously created index to JW-Index [since this now acts as a foreign key in Entities Dataset referencing to the primary key (Index) of Jewellery dataset. We can join the 2 tables basis the following condition – Jewellery.index = Entities.JW-Index (1:many)].

We will then add a new index that will be the primary key Entities dataset.

1. Right click on the index column
2. Select Rename

3. Rename to JW-Index
4. Select Index column in Add Index menu and select from 1.
5. Also rename the following columns
entities.text -> Entities
entities.category -> Category
entities.confidencescore -> ConfidenceScore



Create custom query to translate text to Hindi

We will be translating the Customer Reviews and Entities extracted to Hindi, to cater to the audience who want to view the reports in Regional Languages.

You can choose amongst any of the languages supported by Azure Text Translation API. We will be translating the text to Hindi.

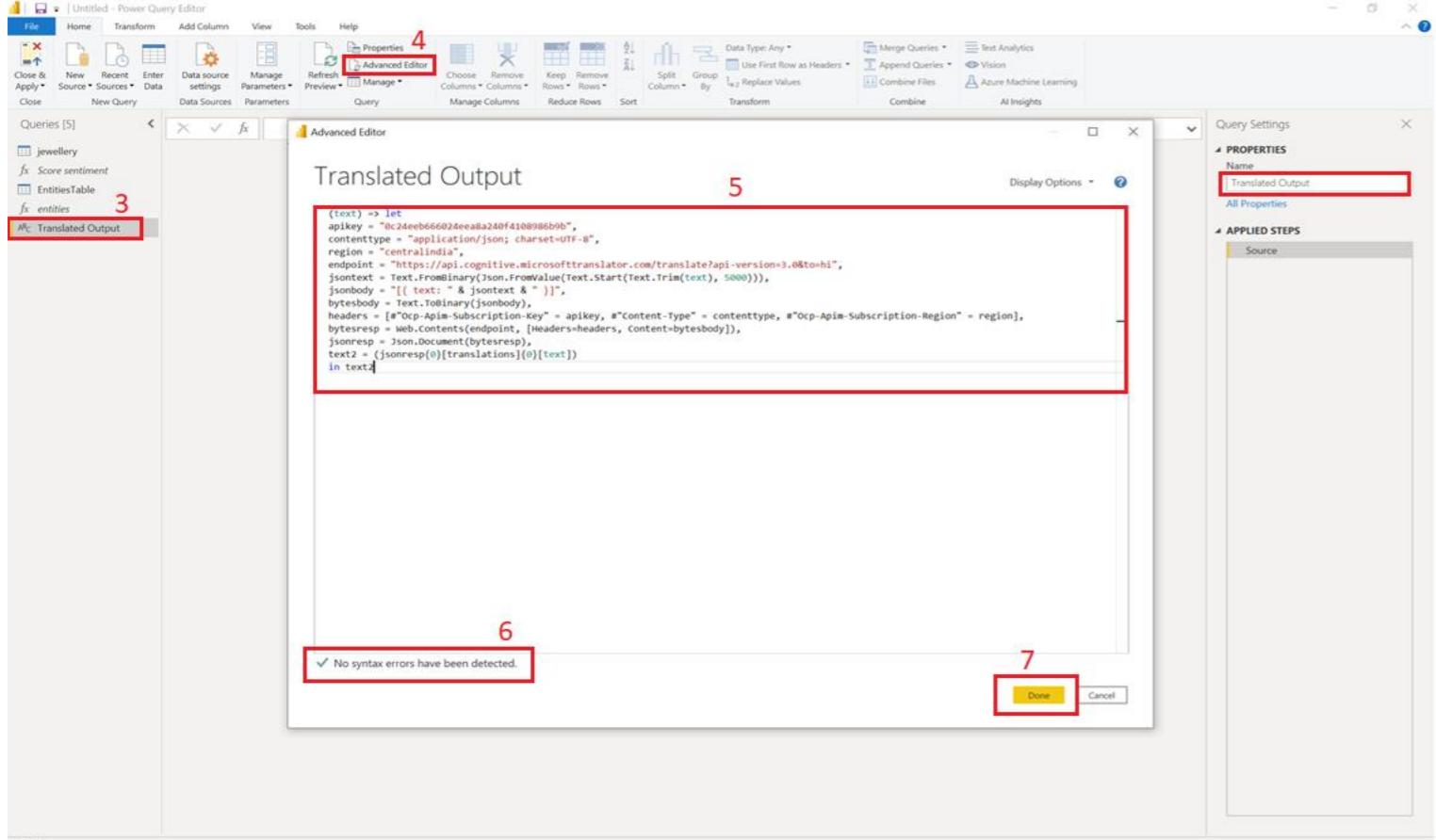
Since Text Translation is not available as an out of the box functionality in Power BI, we will be writing a custom function to invoke the Text Translation Azure API.

- In query editor, select New Source
- Select blank query
- Select the query and rename to Translated Output
- Select Advanced Editor
- Paste the following code in the editor.

```
(text) => let
    apikey = "<>Paste Text Translation API key>>",
    contenttype = "application/json; charset=UTF-8",
    region = "centralindia",
    endpoint = "https://api.cognitive.microsofttranslator.com/translate?api-version=3.0&to=hi&includeSentenceLength=true&Category=da489884-ac06-4fd1-8362-61a836d0791a-SHOPPING"
    jsontext = Text.FromBinary(Json.FromValue(Text.Start(Text.Trim(text), 5000))),
    jsonbody = "[{ text: " & jsontext & " }]",
    bytesbody = Text.ToBinary(jsonbody),
    headers = [{"Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Key": apikey, "Content-Type": contenttype, "Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Region": region}],
    bytesresp = Web.Contents(endpoint, [Headers=headers, Content=bytesbody]),
    jsonresp = Json.Document(bytesresp),
    text2 = (jsonresp[0][translations][0][text])
    in text2
```

Important :

- Make sure to add your Text Translation API key within quotes for apikey value. For this, use the Translator resource you created during Azure Translator workshop. Create a new Translator resource if you deleted that one.
- In Translator workshop, we also created a custom model using Dictionary Data. Make sure to replace the Category id as highlighted with your custom ID. In case you did not create a custom model, we encourage you to go back to the Translator workshop to create one.
- Else, remove the underlined Category parameter & value from the endpoint, to use pre-built translation. However, do note that this might not give you the best results.
- Make sure there are no syntax errors
- Click Done



1 EntitiesTable

2 Invoke Custom Function

Invoke Custom function to translate entities to Hindi

We will now invoke the custom function we wrote to translate the entities to Hindi.

- 1 Select the Entities table
- 2 Select Invoke Custom Function

3 TranslatedOutput-HindiEntity
Translated Output
Entities

4 OK

- 3 New column name : TranslatedOutput - HindiEntity
- Function query : Translated Output [From the dropdown select the name of the query you created above]
- Text : Entities [This is the column that contains the entities we extracted earlier]
- 4 Click Ok. Wait while the query is being executed.

5 TranslatedOutput-HindiEntity

- 5 Observe the new column that is created with the entities name in Hindi.

1. EntitiesTable

2. review.review_text

3. Invoke Custom Function dialog: New column name: Review in Hindi; Function query: Translated Output; Text (optional): review.review_text; OK button highlighted.

4. OK button highlighted in the main Power Query Editor window.

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Invoke Custom function to translate customer reviews to Hindi

We will again invoke the translator function to translate the customer reviews to Hindi.

1. Select the Entities table
2. Select Invoke Custom Function
3. New column name : Review in Hindi
Function query : Translated Output [From the dropdown select the name of the query you created above]
Text : review.review_text [This is the column that contains the customer reviews]
4. Click Ok. Wait while the query is being executed.

5. Review in Hindi

PREVIEW DOWNLOADED ON 18 SEPTEMBER 2021

5. Observe the new column that is created with the customer review text in Hindi.
6. Go to Home tab in the query editor and select Save & Close.

The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface. The top menu bar includes File, Home, Insert, Modeling, View, and Help. The Home tab is selected. The ribbon below has sections for Data, Queries, Transform, Refresh, Insert, Calculations, Sensitivity, and Share. A yellow status bar at the top left says "There are pending changes in your queries that haven't been applied." Below the ribbon, there's a message box titled "Add data to your report" with the sub-instruction "Once loaded, you can..." followed by three options: "Import data from Excel", "Import data from SQL Server", and "Get data". A red box highlights the "Import data from SQL Server" button. To the right of the message box is a "Load" dialog box with two entries: "jewellery" and "EntitiesTable", both with the note "Creating connection in model...". At the bottom of the message box, there are "Apply changes" and "Discard changes" buttons. On the right side of the screen, there's a "Fields" pane with a search bar and a list of fields. The bottom of the screen shows a navigation bar with "Page 1" and a plus sign icon.

Wait while Power BI applies the changes to both the datasets. This will take a while.

Create relational model

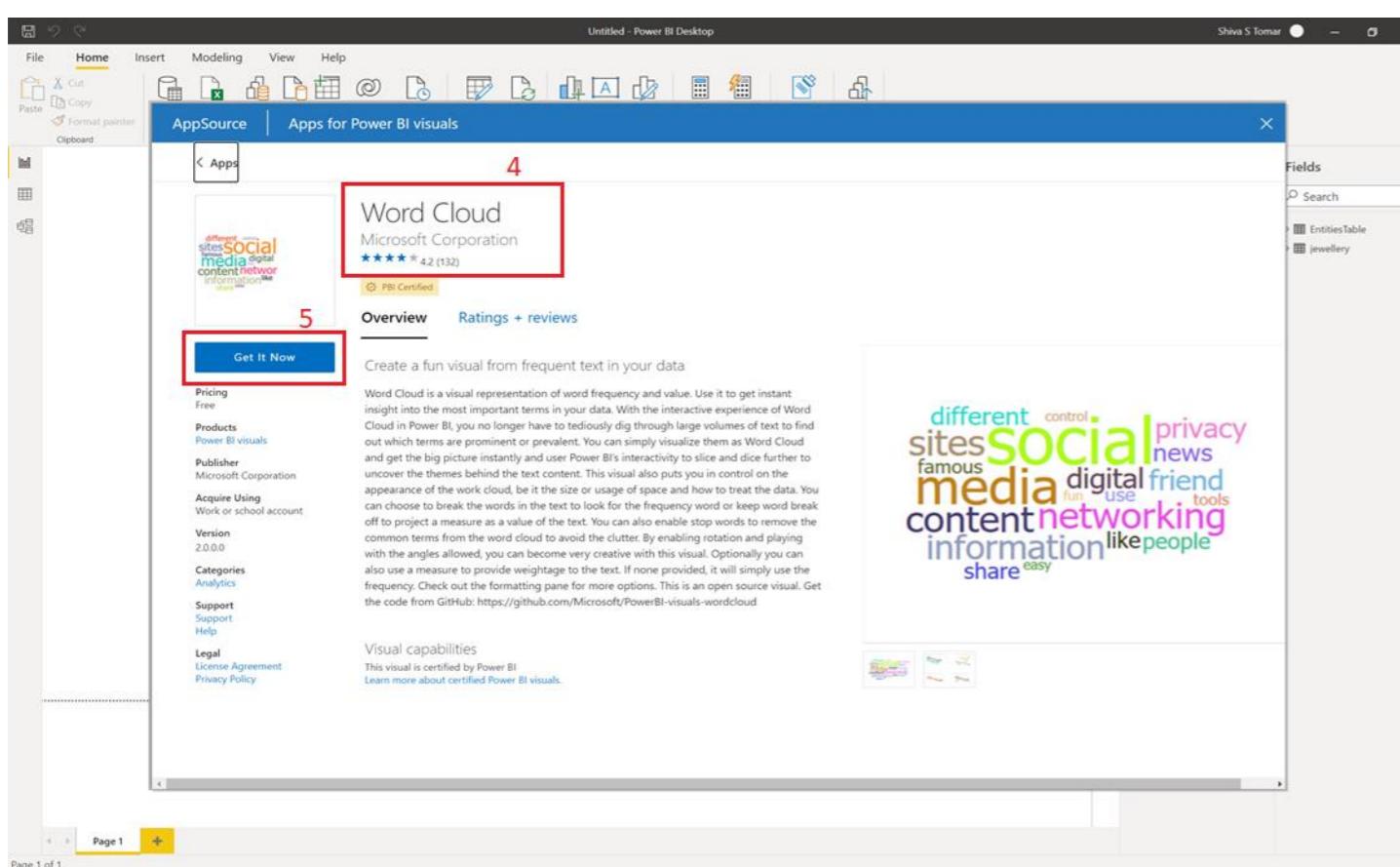
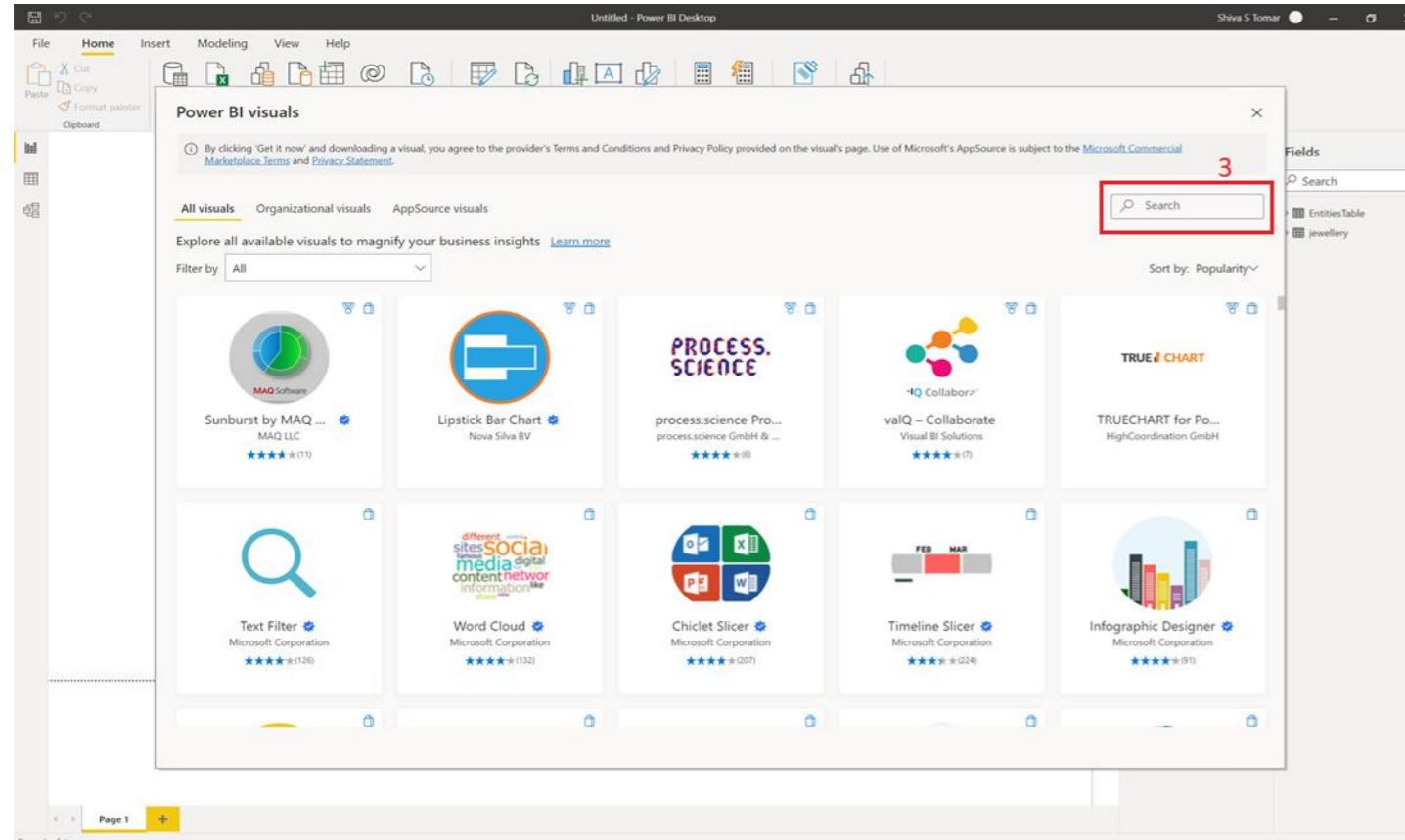
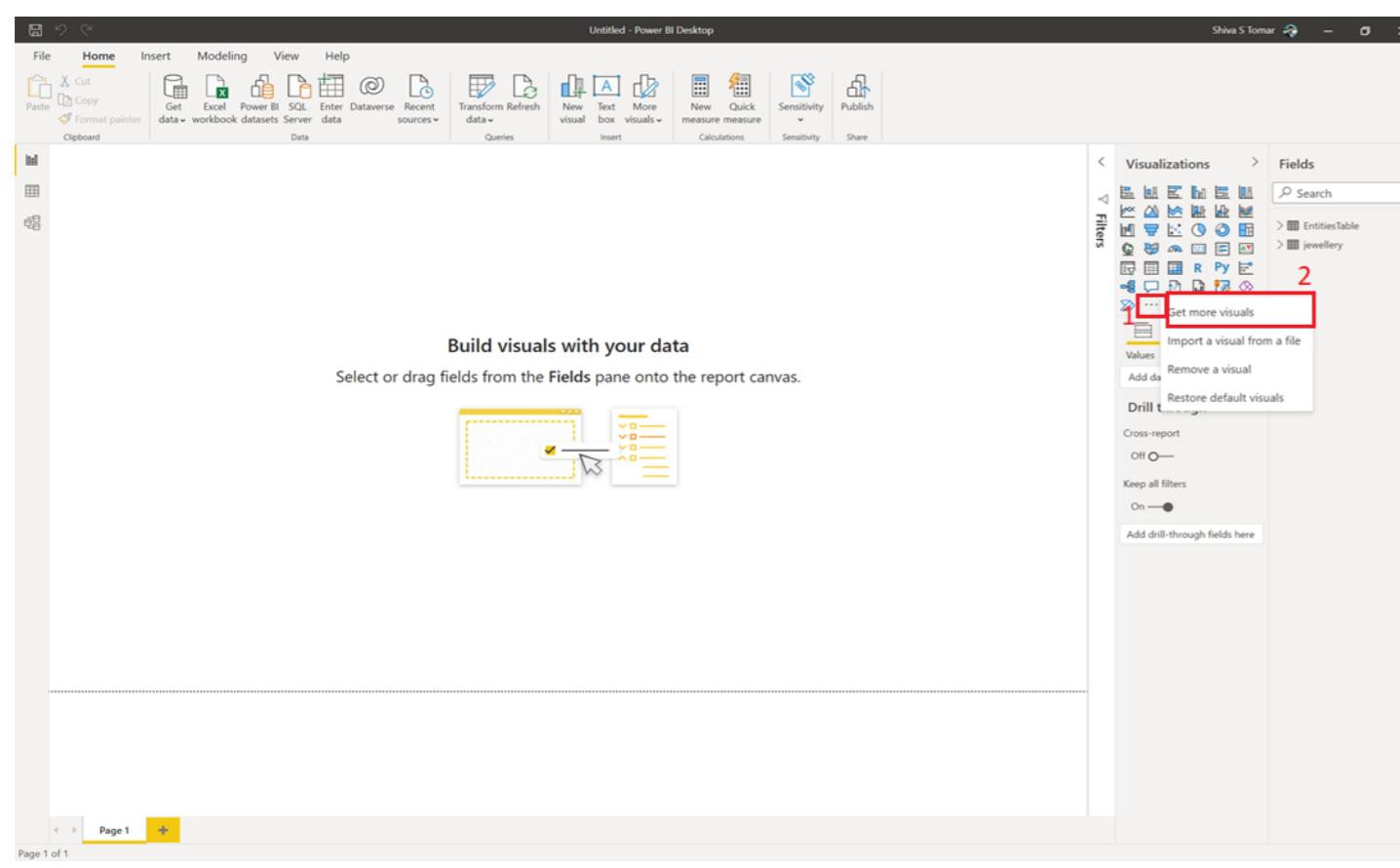
We will now be building the relationship between the 2 datasets, since we'll be creating visuals using both the datasets and we want to be able to filter the reports basis both the datasets collectively.

We will be building a bidirectional Many to One relationship from Entities table to Jewellery table.

1. Go to the Models tab
2. Drag 'JW-Index' column in Entities table on top on 'Index' column in Jewellery table
3. Click on the relationship line that comes up

4. In the Edit relationship dialog box, make sure the columns from the respective tables are selected as highlighted. Make the following changes :
Cardinality : Many to one (*:1) [Here, Entities is the first table, this is a many to one relationship from Entities table to Jewellery table]
Cross filter direction : Both
Make the relationship active should be checked

5. Click OK



Create Report

We will now start adding visuals to create a report for the customer review data.

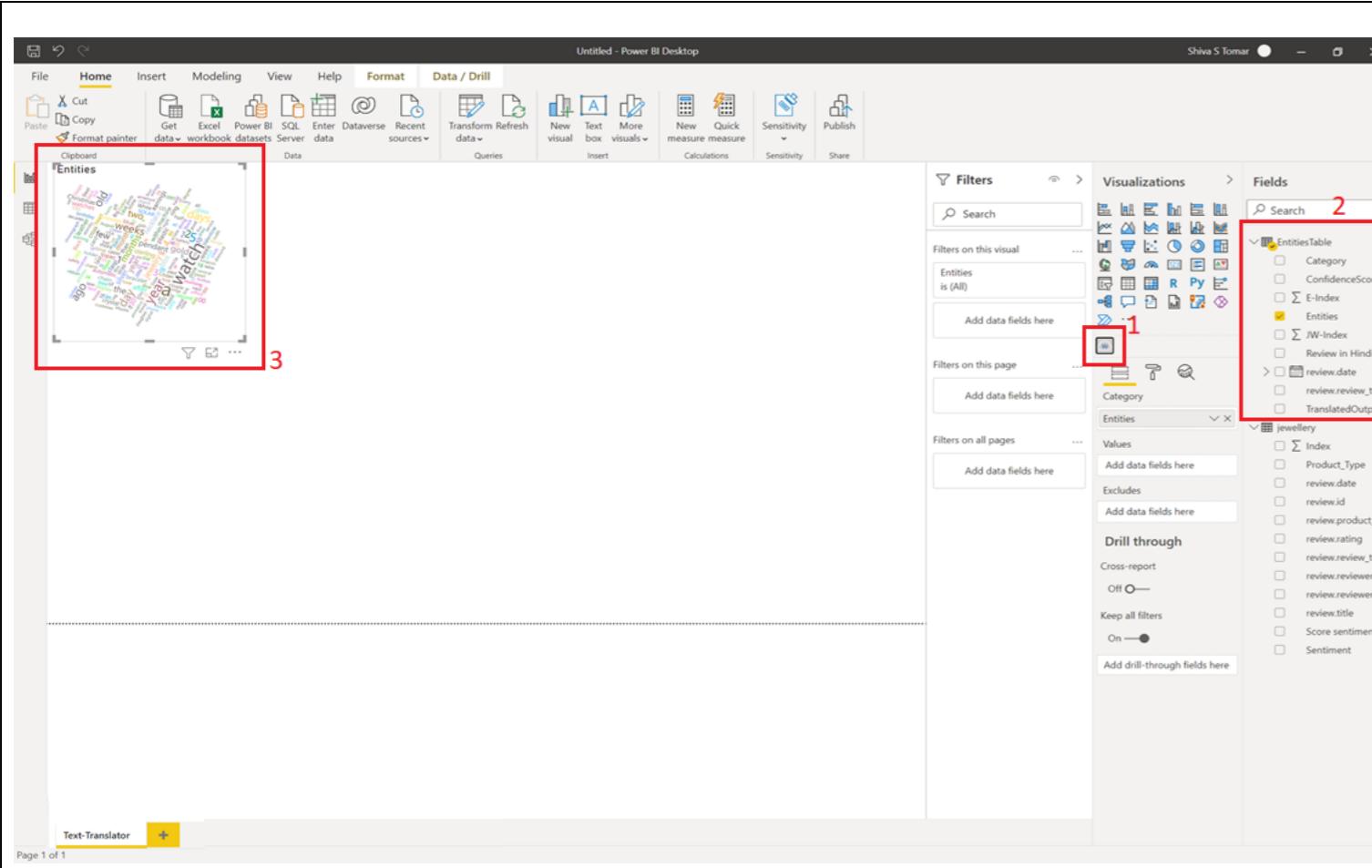
Import Word Cloud Visual

Since word cloud is not available as an out of the box visual in Power BI, we will be importing it.

1. Click the 3 dots icon at the end of the visual options
2. Select Get more visuals

3. Search for 'word cloud'

4. Open the Word Cloud visual
5. Click Get it Now



Create Word Cloud for extracted entities

1. Select the imported Word Cloud visual or drag it to the report canvas
2. Select Entities from Entities Table
3. The visual will appear as highlighted

Similarly, create another Word Cloud for Entities in Hindi.

Create Review and Sentiment table

We will now create a visual that displays the Entities, sentiment and corresponding reviews in English and Hindi.

1. Select the Table visual or drag it to the report canvas
2. Select the columns from the respective tables as highlighted (Entities, reviews from entities table, sentiment from Jewellery table)
3. The visual will appear as highlighted

Customer Feedback Analysis using Azure Text Analytics

Count of Entities by Entities

Count of CustomTranslatedEntities-Hindi by CustomTranslatedEntities-Hindi

Entities Sentiment Review

Entity	Sentiment	Review
bits	Positive	... which makes the wrench completely useless. I'll have to buy another wrench elsewhere from a vendor that supplies the bits. Also, the wooden handles have splinters and are extremely cheaply made. Do not buy this product
vendor	Positive	... which makes the wrench completely useless. I'll have to buy another wrench elsewhere from a vendor that supplies the bits. Also, the wooden handles have splinters and are extremely cheaply made. Do not buy this product
wooden handles	Positive	... which makes the wrench completely useless. I'll have to buy another wrench elsewhere from a vendor that supplies the bits. Also, the wooden handles have splinters and are extremely cheaply made. Do not buy this product
wrench	Positive	... which makes the wrench completely useless. I'll have to buy another wrench elsewhere from a vendor that supplies the bits. Also, the wooden handles have splinters and are extremely cheaply made. Do not buy this product
watch box storage	Positive	A great item. I received the watch box storage chest very quickly and was very happy overall with the purchase. It was as described, in perfect condition, and a great buy, too

Prod Review Hindi

review.reviewr Count of review.r...

reviewer Susan Sara Town "sailor" Mischa Valenc "mvalenc" Melvin Fields "Tech Expert" Melissa Fitch "missy_ann" imagenta Total

Filters

Visualizations > Fields

Count of review.rev... is greater than or equal to review.reviewer

review.reviewer Count of review.reviewr

Drill through

Cross-report Off

Keep all filters On

Add drill-through fields here

1. Select the Table visual or drag it to the report canvas
2. Set the columns as highlighted
3. The visual will appear as highlighted

Create Customers' table

We will now create a visual that displays the Count of the customers.

1. Select the Table visual or drag it to the report canvas
2. Set the columns as highlighted
3. The visual will appear as highlighted
4. You can additionally add more filters to the visual, using the 'Filters on this visual' option

Customer Feedback Analysis using Azure Text Analytics

Count of Entities by Entities

Count of CustomTranslatedEntities-Hindi by CustomTranslatedEntities-Hindi

Entities Sentiment Review

Entity	Sentiment	Review
bits	Positive	... which makes the wrench completely useless. I'll have to buy another wrench elsewhere from a vendor that supplies the bits. Also, the wooden handles have splinters and are extremely cheaply made. Do not buy this product
vendor	Positive	... which makes the wrench completely useless. I'll have to buy another wrench elsewhere from a vendor that supplies the bits. Also, the wooden handles have splinters and are extremely cheaply made. Do not buy this product
wooden handles	Positive	... which makes the wrench completely useless. I'll have to buy another wrench elsewhere from a vendor that supplies the bits. Also, the wooden handles have splinters and are extremely cheaply made. Do not buy this product
wrench	Positive	... which makes the wrench completely useless. I'll have to buy another wrench elsewhere from a vendor that supplies the bits. Also, the wooden handles have splinters and are extremely cheaply made. Do not buy this product
watch box storage	Positive	A great item. I received the watch box storage chest very quickly and was very happy overall with the purchase. It was as described, in perfect condition, and a great buy, too

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Filters

Visualizations > Fields

Count of review.rev... is greater than or equal to review.reviewer

review.reviewer Count of review.reviewr

Drill through

Cross-report Off

Keep all filters On

Add drill-through fields here

1. Select the Table visual or drag it to the report canvas
2. Set the columns as highlighted
3. The filter will appear as highlighted

Create Sentiment Filter

We will now create a filter that will allow us to filter the report by Customer Sentiment.

1. Select the Slicer visual or drag it to the report canvas
2. Set the Sentiment column from Jewellery table
3. The filter will appear as highlighted

Create Product Category Filter

We will now create a filter that will allow us to filter the report by Product Category, that we extracted as part of entity extraction process.

1. Select the Slicer visual or drag it to the report canvas
2. Set the Product Category column from Entities table
3. The filter will appear as highlighted

Once the report is ready, it will look something like this!

Homework

1. Create more visuals that suit the dataset
2. Create similar reports on other datasets you might have
3. Create new custom functions the way we created Entity extraction and Text Analytics queries

Additional recommended resources

[Power BI documentation](#)

[Power BI Security best practices](#)

[Power BI video tutorials](#)

For the additional resources on Text Analytics & Translator services, refer the respective workshops.