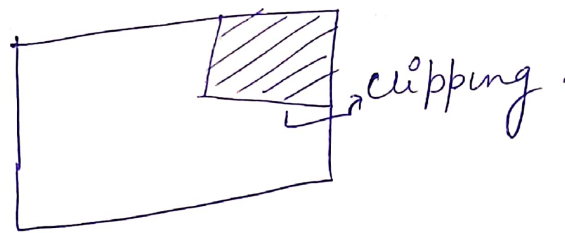
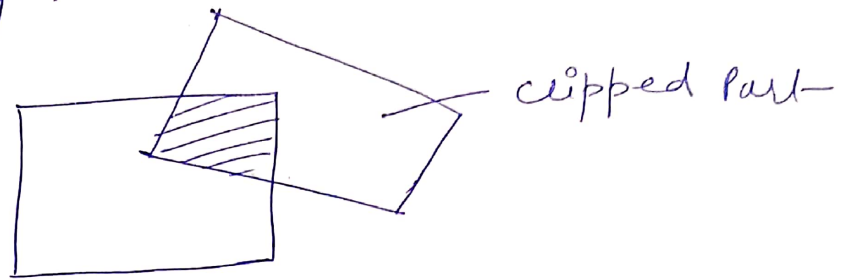


①

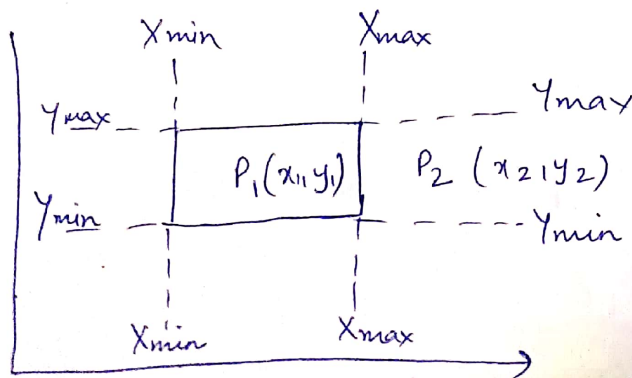
Dr. Tanu SinghCLIPPING :-

The portion left outside the region of the window in CG is called clipped part and the process of displaying inside image of the window is called clipping.

eg:-

Types of Clipping :-

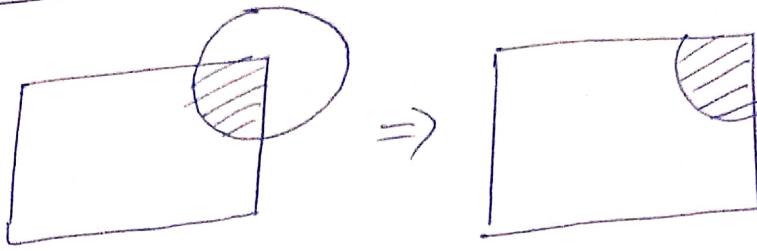
- ① Point clipping :- If the point is lying inside window then accept that point and if it lies outside the window then discard that point.

The condition for acceptance:

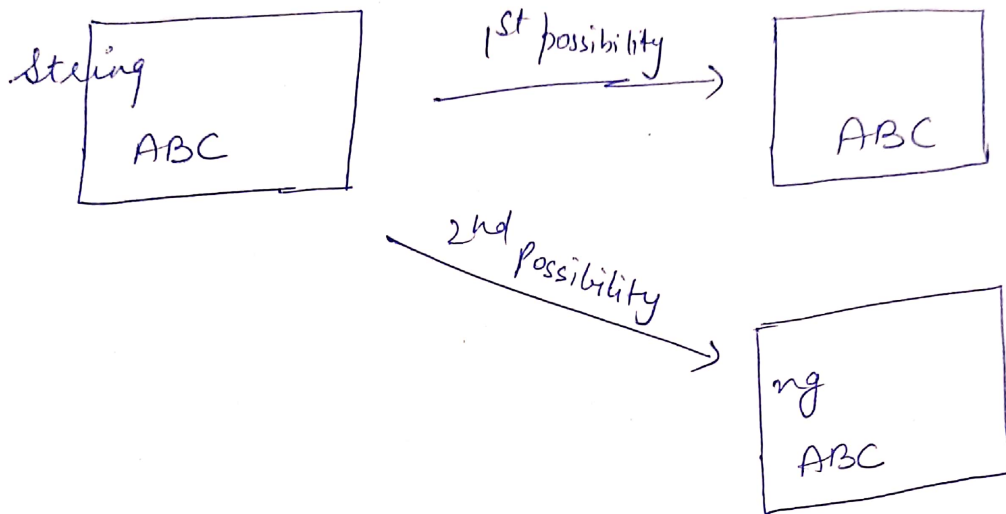
$$X_{min} \leq X \leq X_{max}$$

$$Y_{min} \leq Y \leq Y_{max}$$

② Curve Clipping: - Removing curve outside the window



③ Text Clipping: - Removing Text outside the window

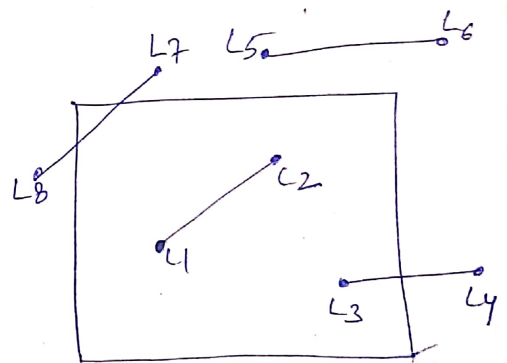


④ line Clipping: Removing lines outside the window

① Visible: - both end points inside the window, \therefore accept the line

② Not visible: both points outside the window, \therefore discard the line

③ Partially visible: 1 point inside & other outside the window

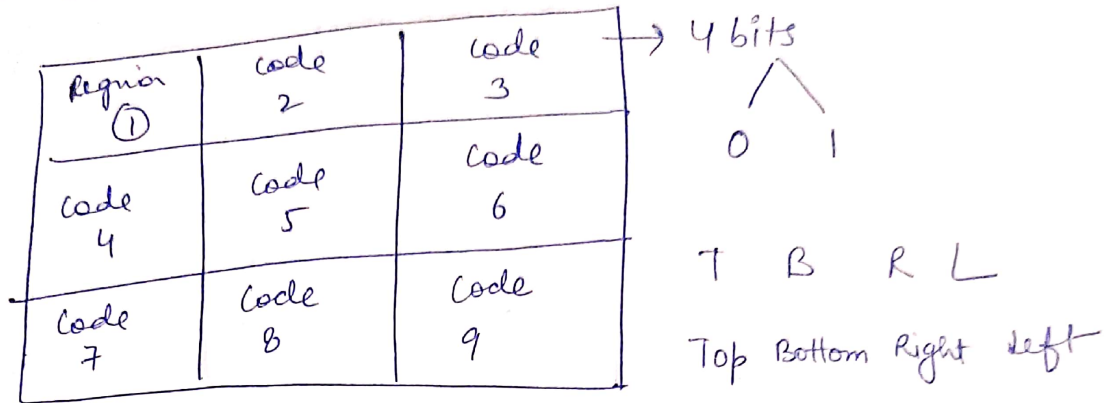


\therefore L_1 and L_2 is visible ~~discarded~~ \rightarrow accept without clipping
 L_3 and L_4 is not visible \rightarrow discard
 L_5 and L_6 is not visible \rightarrow discard
 L_7 and L_8 is partially visible \rightarrow accept but clipping required

Line Clipping Algo :-

① Cohen Sutherland Clipping Algo :-

Let's take the screen



① Divide the screen into 9 region

② Assign the code (TBRL)
 ↳ 4 bits

1001	1000	1010	
---	+	---	y_{max}
0001	0000	0010	
---	+	---	y_{min}
0001	0100	0110	
	x_{min}	x_{max}	

T: $y > y_{max}$ (assign 1)

B: $y < y_{min}$ (assign 1)

R: $x > x_{max}$ (")

L: $x < x_{min}$ (")

Q1

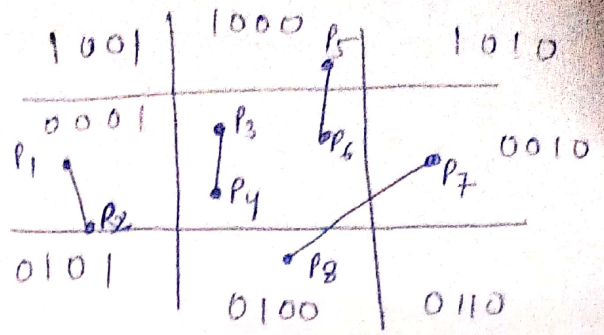
① write each region code

Case 1:- Region Code P_1 and P_2

$$\begin{array}{r} P_1 = 0001 \\ P_2 = 0001 \\ \hline 0001 \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{r} P_1 \\ P_2 \end{array}} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{Apply AND} \\ \text{operation} \end{array}$$

if the value is non-zero then it indicates that it is completely outside the window.

(Reject the line P_1 & P_2)



$$\begin{array}{r} \text{AND} \\ \hline 00=0 \\ 01=0 \\ 10=0 \\ 11=1 \end{array}$$

Case 2:- P_3 and P_4

$$\begin{array}{r} P_3 = 0000 \\ P_4 = 0000 \\ \hline 0000 \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{r} P_3 \\ P_4 \end{array}} \right\} \text{AND}$$

if all the values is zero, then it indicates all the value is inside the window.

Accept the line P_3 and P_4 (No clipping is required)

(3)

Dr. Tanu SinghCase 3:- P_5 and P_6

$$\begin{array}{r|l} P_5 = 1000 & \\ P_6 = 0000 & \text{AND} \\ \hline 0000 & \end{array}$$

It indicated some portion lies inside and some portion lies outside the window.

Now, check for the intersection point.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} P_5' = 0000 & \\ P_6 = 0000 & \text{AND} \\ \hline 0000 & \end{array}$$

Now Accept P_5' and P_6

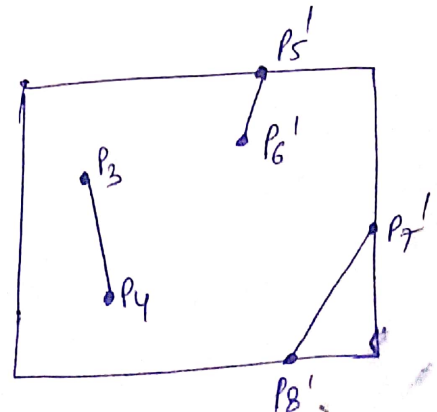
Case 4:- P_7 and P_8

$$\begin{array}{r} P_7 = 0010 \\ P_8 = 0100 \\ \hline 0000 \end{array}$$

} AND \Rightarrow it required clipping.
select the intersection pt.

$$\begin{array}{r|l} P_7' = 0000 & \\ P_8' = 0000 & \text{AND} \\ \hline 0000 & \end{array}$$

Accept the P_7' and P_8' for clipping



Algorithm :-

Step 1 : For each region the 4 bit code is assign based on the (TBRL)

Step 2 : The line is accepted
if end pts have a region code (0000)

Step 3 : else
the logical AND operation is performed for both regions code

Step 3.1 if the result is not (0000) then reject the line

Step 3.2 else clipping is required

Step 3.2.1 The end pt is selected that is outside the window.

Step 3.2.2 find the intersection pt. at clipping window

Step 3.2.3 The end pt is replaced with intersection pt. & region code is updated.

Step 3.2.4 Repeat step 2 until we find clipped line.

Step 4 : Repeat step 1 for the line.