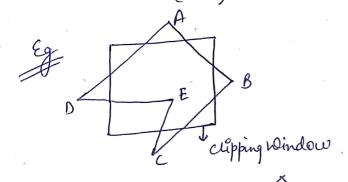
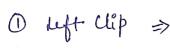
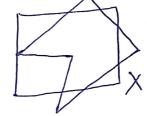
## Polygon Clipping: -

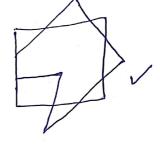
## Sutherland Hodgeman Polygon Clipping Algo 3-

- 4 It is used for clipping polygon
- 4) It clips polygon lying outside the window
- 4) Wip against each edge of window & obtain new set of vestices
- 4) Testing of Algo with respect to Reference of Frame (RoF)

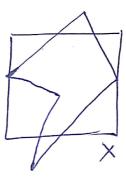


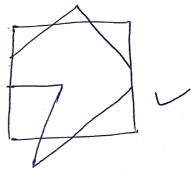


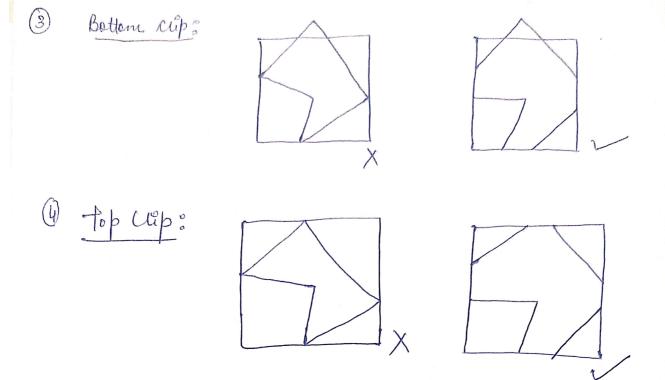


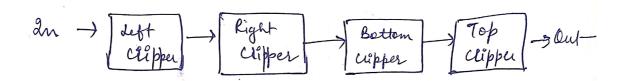


Right Clip =)







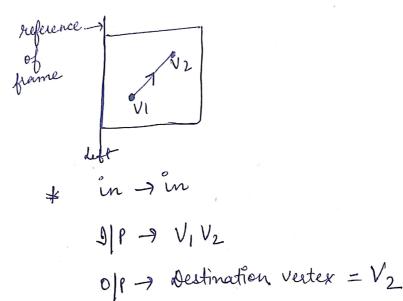


- The Clipping is done based on the boundary
  - -> Edge is consider as boundary and respective unside and outside of point is consider for clipping

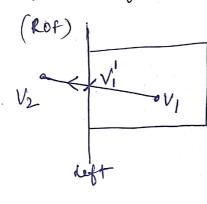
De Tanu Single

\* To find new sequence of vertices, there are 4 cases.

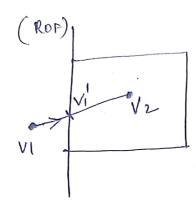
when both the input nertices are inside the mindow Boundary (WB)



Case 2: - first vertices is inside and second is outside of WB



in - out 9/P -> V1V2 O/P -> Intersection pt. = V/ If first nectices is outside and second vertices is inside of WB

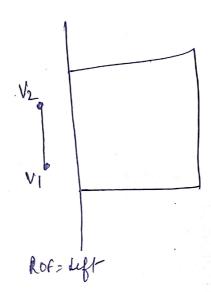


out - in.

9/P -> V1 V2

O/P -> anterection point + Destination point -> V1 V2

of both input neetices is outside the WB

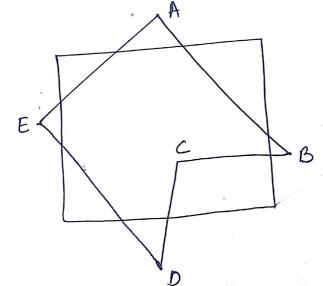


out - out 3/P 7 VIV2 OP - NIL Based on the cases me have generate the TT:-

Vertices		output of Vertices		
7 st	gnd	0/P		
in	ůn	$V_2$		
Out	out	NIL		
in	out	$\bigvee_{i}$		
out	in	V1 V2		
	р			

Ouestion

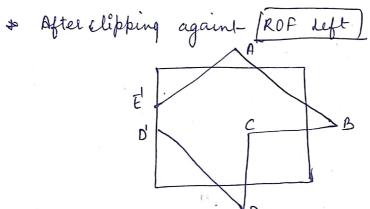
(3)



Perform the clipping using sutherland Hodgeman lipping Algo.

dol" () Start from the ROF = deft ]

Vertex	Case	OP	ROF	A
AB	intin	В		
BC	mam	C	E E	
C D D E	m - in	D	Da Da	B
EA	in youl-		New Del	
	out 3 m	E'A J	vertex 1	ND



@ ROF = Right

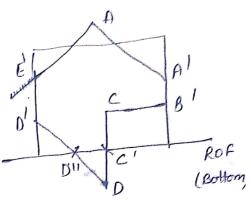
W K	UF = Kigh	4			H ROF
					A A
Vertex	Case.	0/P			C B
AB	in sout.	Al	ζ	D1	C BI
BC	out > in	BIC	I wester		
CD	m + in	Ð	. /		
D D <sub>1</sub>	in - in	DI			D Right
DIE	in - in	E1			U
E'A	min	A			
	· After	clipping	orgains A	+ ROF:	- Right)
		El		AI	
		D <sup>1</sup>	C	В	1
			100		

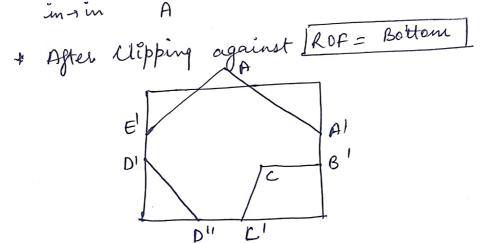
4

Os. Tanu Singh

## (3) ROF = Bottom

Vertex	Corse	0/P	
AA	min	A	
A'B'	m 1 m	B	
B'C	m + in	C	•
CD	in sout	c' 7 New Vertex	(
DD	out sin	D" D'	
DEI	m > in	Ε'	
E'A	min	A	





## (4) ROF = TOP

Vertex	Cases	OPP	Rof
A A ' A ' B '	eut → in in → in	A"A'	-> New Vertex
B'C C C I' D" D'	in → in in in → in in → in	C C 1 D 1 D 1	
D'E' E'A	in>in in>out	E" -	, nu vertex

