1-1.6-25

ai24btech11030 - Shiven Bajpai

Question: Three points P(h,k), $Q(x_1,y_1)$ and $R(x_2,y_2)$ lie on a line. Show that

$$\frac{h - x_1}{y_2 - y_1} = \frac{k - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Solution: Since the points P, Q, R are collinear, The matrix $(P - Q \quad R - Q)$ must have rank 1.

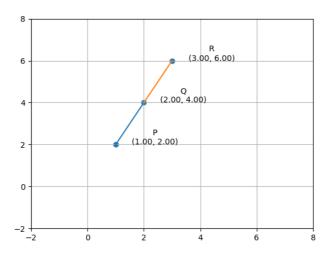
$$(P - Q \quad R - Q)^{T} = \begin{pmatrix} h - x_{1} & x_{2} - x_{1} \\ y - y_{1} & y_{2} - y_{1} \end{pmatrix}$$
Using $R_{2} \leftarrow R_{2} - \frac{k - y_{1}}{h - x_{1}} R_{1}$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} h - x_{1} & x_{2} - x_{1} \\ 0 & y_{2} - y_{1} - \frac{(k - y_{1})(x_{2} - x_{1})}{h - x_{1}} \end{pmatrix}$$

Since matrix has rank 1, we can say

$$y_2 - y_1 - \frac{(k - y_1)(x_2 - x_1)}{h - x_1} = 0$$
$$\frac{h - x_1}{y_2 - y_1} = \frac{k - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

l



```
:!python3 main.py
Taking point P to be: [[1.]
  [2.]]
Taking point Q to be: [[2.]
  [4.]]
Taking point R to be: [[3.]
  [6.]]
Calculated LHS to be: 2.0
Calculated RHS to be: 2.0
```

Code for this plot can be found at:

Codes/main.py Codes/main.c