## Mains.2.B.1-14

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## Section - B 1) z and w are two non zero complex numbers such that |z| = |w| and $Arg(z) + Arg(w) = \pi$

a) Re(z) > 0 b) Re(z) < 0 c) Re(z) > 3 d) Re(z) > 2

c) ω

b)  $-\overline{\omega}$ 

2) If |z-4| < |z-2|, its solution is given by

(2002)

(2002)

d)  $-\omega$ 

then z equals

a)  $\overline{\omega}$ 

	centre of a circle which $z_2$ are complex number		$ z - z_1  = a \text{ and }  z - z_1  = a$	$ z_2  = b$ $(2002)$
a) an ellipse	b) a hyperbola	c) a circle	d) none of the	hese
4) If z and w are the Arg (w) = $\frac{\pi}{2}$ then	two non-zero complex $\overline{z}w$ is equal to	numbers such tha	at $ zw  = 1$ and $Au$	rg(z) - (2003)
a) - <i>ι</i>	b) 1	c) -1	d) ι	
	two roots of the equation origin, $Z_1$ and $Z_2$ form			Further (2003)
a) $a^2 = 4b$	b) $a^2 = b$	c) $a^2 = 2b$	d) $a^2 = 3b$	
b) $x = 4n$ , where c) $x = 2n$ , where	nere n is any positive i n is any positive integ n is any positive integ nere n is any positive i	er er		(2003)
7) Let z and w be c equals	complex numbers such	that $\overline{z} + \iota \overline{w} = 0$ and	$arg(zw) = \pi$ then	arg (z) (2004)
a) $\frac{5\pi}{4}$	b) $\frac{\pi}{2}$	c) $\frac{3\pi}{4}$	d) $\frac{\pi}{4}$	
8) If $z = x - \iota y$ and	$z^{\frac{1}{3}} = p + \iota q$ , then			
	_	$\frac{x}{p} + \frac{y}{q}$ $rac{y^2 + q^2}$		
is equal to				(2004)

d) 1

9) If $ z^2 - 1  =  z ^2 +$	1, then $z$ lies on			(2004)	
<ul><li>a) an ellipse</li><li>b) the imaginary a</li></ul>	uxis	<ul><li>c) a circle</li><li>d) the real axis</li></ul>			
10) If the cube roots of are	of unity are 1, $\omega$ , $\omega^2$	then the roots of the ed	quation $(x-1)^3$	6 + 8 = 0, $(2004)$	
a) $-1, -1 + 2\omega, -1 - 2\omega^2$ b) $-1, -1, -1$			c) $-1, 1 - 2\omega, 1 - 2\omega^2$ d) $-1, 1 + 2\omega, 1 + 2\omega^2$		
11) If $z_1$ and $z_2$ are tw - $arg(z_2)$ is equal		nbers such that $ z_1 + z_2 $	$=  z_1  +  z_2 $ , the	n $arg(z_1)$ (2005)	
a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$	b) -π	c) 0	d) $\frac{\pi}{2}$		
12) If					
	C	$\omega = \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{3}\iota}$			
and $ \omega  = 1$ , then	z lies on	J		(2005)	
a) an ellipse	b) a circle	c) a straight line	d) a parabo	ola	
13) The value of $\sum_{k=1}^{10}$	$\frac{1}{1}\left(\sin\left(\frac{2k\pi}{11}\right) + \iota\cos\left(\frac{2k\pi}{11}\right)\right)$	$\left(\frac{k\pi}{1}\right)$ is		(2006)	
a) ι	b) 1	c) - <i>i</i>	d) -1		
14) If $z^2 + z + 1 = 0$ ,	where $z$ is a comple	ex number, then the value	ue of		
	$\left(z + \frac{1}{z}\right)^2 + \left(z^2 + \frac{1}{z^2}\right)^2$	$+\left(z^3+\frac{1}{z^3}\right)^2+\cdots+\left(z^6\right)^2$	$+\frac{1}{z^6}\bigg)^2$		
is				(2006)	
a) 18	b) 54	c) 6	d) 12		

c) 2

b) -1

a) -2