

## HOMEWORK -4(CS 641-01)

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```
import cloudpickle as pickle
data = pickle.load( open( "mnist23.data", "rb" ) )

print(data)
X,y = data["data"], data["target"]
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

plt.figure(figsize=(20,4))
for index, (image, label) in enumerate(zip(data.data[500:505], data.target[500:505])):
    plt.subplot(1, 5, index + 1)
    plt.imshow(np.reshape(image, (28,28)), cmap=plt.cm.gray)
    plt.title("Training: %i" % label, fontsize = 20)

from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, y_train = data.data[:70000] / 255., data.target[:70000]

pca = PCA(n_components=16)
X_r=pca.fit(data['data']).transform(data['data'])

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data['data'],data['target'], random_state = 0)

#Normalizing value between 0 and 1
X_train_normalised = X_train/255.0
X_test_normalised = X_test/255.0

#Reshaping the dataset
X_train_tr = X_train_normalised.transpose()
y_train_tr = y_train.reshape(1,y_train.shape[0])
X_test_tr = X_test_normalised.transpose()
y_test_tr = y_test.reshape(1,y_test.shape[0])

print(X_train_tr.shape)
print(y_train_tr.shape)
print(X_test_tr.shape)
print(y_test_tr.shape)
```

### **#Rescaling the labels**

```
y_train_shifted = y_train_tr - 2
```

```
y_test_shifted = y_test_tr - 2
```

```
Xtrain = X_train_tr
```

```
ytrain = y_train_shifted
```

```
Xtest = X_test_tr
```

```
ytest = y_test_shifted
```

```
def sigmoid(z):
```

```
    s = 1.0 / (1.0 + np.exp(-z))
```

```
    return s
```

### **#Intializing weights and bias**

```
def initialize(dim):
```

```
    w = np.zeros((dim,1))
```

```
    b = 0
```

```
    assert (w.shape == (dim,1))
```

```
    assert (isinstance(b, float) or isinstance(b,int))
```

```
    return w,b
```

```
def propagate(w, b, X, Y):
```

```
    m = X.shape[1]
```

```
    z = np.dot(w.T,X)+b
```

```
    A = sigmoid(z)
```

```
    cost = -1.0/m*np.sum(Y*np.log(A)+(1.0-Y)*np.log(1.0-A))
```

```
    dw = 1.0/m*np.dot(X, (A-Y).T)
```

```
    db = 1.0/m*np.sum(A-Y)
```

```
    assert (dw.shape == w.shape)
```

```
    assert (db.dtype == float)
```

```
    cost = np.squeeze(cost)
```

```
    assert (cost.shape == ())
```

```
    grads = {"dw": dw,  
            "db": db}
```

```
    return grads, cost
```

```

def optimize(w, b, X, Y, num_iterations, learning_rate, print_cost = False):
    costs = []

    for i in range(num_iterations):

        grads, cost = propagate(w, b, X, Y)

        dw = grads["dw"]
        db = grads["db"]

        w = w - learning_rate*dw
        b = b - learning_rate*db

        if i % 2000 == 0:
            costs.append(cost)

        if print_cost and i % 2000 == 0:
            print ("Cost (iteration %i) = %f" %(i, cost))

        grads = {"dw": dw, "db": db}
        params = {"w": w, "b": b}

    return params, grads, costs

def predict (w, b, X):
    m = X.shape[1]
    Y_prediction = np.zeros((1,m))
    w = w.reshape(X.shape[0],1)

    A = sigmoid (np.dot(w.T, X)+b)

    for i in range(A.shape[1]):
        if (A[:,i] > 0.5):
            Y_prediction[:, i] = 1
        elif (A[:,i] <= 0.5):
            Y_prediction[:, i] = 0

    assert (Y_prediction.shape == (1,m))

    return Y_prediction

```

```

def model (X_train, Y_train, X_test, Y_test, num_iterations , learning_rate , print_cost = False):

    w, b = initialize(X_train.shape[0])
    parameters, grads, costs = optimize(w, b, X_train, Y_train, num_iterations, learning_rate,
    print_cost)

    w = parameters["w"]
    b = parameters["b"]

    Y_prediction_test = predict (w, b, X_test)
    Y_prediction_train = predict (w, b, X_train)

    train_accuracy = 100.0 - np.mean(np.abs(Y_prediction_train-Y_train)*100.0)
    test_accuracy = 100.0 - np.mean(np.abs(Y_prediction_test-Y_test)*100.0)

    d = {"costs": costs,
        "Y_prediction_test": Y_prediction_test,
        "Y_prediction_train": Y_prediction_train,
        "w": w,
        "b": b,
        "learning_rate": learning_rate,
        "num_iterations": num_iterations}

    print ("Accuracy Test: ", test_accuracy)
    print ("Accuracy Train: ", train_accuracy)

    return d

d = model (Xtrain,
          ytrain,
          Xtest,
          ytest,
          num_iterations = 70000,
          learning_rate = 0.05,
          print_cost = True)

```

## TRAINING SET



Cost (iteration 0) = 0.693147  
Cost (iteration 2000) = 0.082806  
Cost (iteration 4000) = 0.076135  
Cost (iteration 6000) = 0.072758  
Cost (iteration 8000) = 0.070462  
Cost (iteration 10000) = 0.068712  
Cost (iteration 12000) = 0.067296  
Cost (iteration 14000) = 0.066108  
Cost (iteration 16000) = 0.065087  
Cost (iteration 18000) = 0.064192  
Cost (iteration 20000) = 0.063397  
Cost (iteration 22000) = 0.062681  
Cost (iteration 24000) = 0.062031  
Cost (iteration 26000) = 0.061437  
Cost (iteration 28000) = 0.060888  
Cost (iteration 30000) = 0.060379  
Cost (iteration 32000) = 0.059905  
Cost (iteration 34000) = 0.059460  
Cost (iteration 36000) = 0.059042  
Cost (iteration 38000) = 0.058647  
Cost (iteration 40000) = 0.058274  
Cost (iteration 42000) = 0.057919  
Cost (iteration 44000) = 0.057582  
Cost (iteration 46000) = 0.057260  
Cost (iteration 48000) = 0.056952  
Cost (iteration 50000) = 0.056657  
Cost (iteration 52000) = 0.056374  
Cost (iteration 54000) = 0.056102  
Cost (iteration 56000) = 0.055841  
Cost (iteration 58000) = 0.055588  
Cost (iteration 60000) = 0.055345  
Cost (iteration 62000) = 0.055110  
Cost (iteration 64000) = 0.054883  
Cost (iteration 66000) = 0.054663  
Cost (iteration 68000) = 0.054450  
Accuracy Test: 97.5561426684  
Accuracy Train: 98.2604866234