FINAL PROJECT

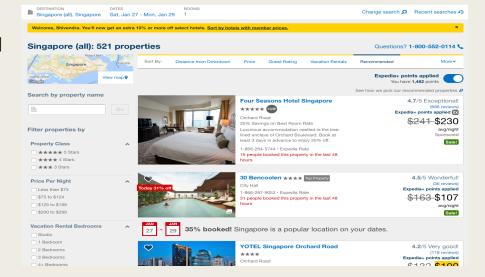
Predicting Conversion based on Search Attributes for a Travel Site
-- Shivendra Kishor (DAT-SF-40)

Hypothesis:

 Predicting a conversion of a search using search parameters available on the travel website

OR

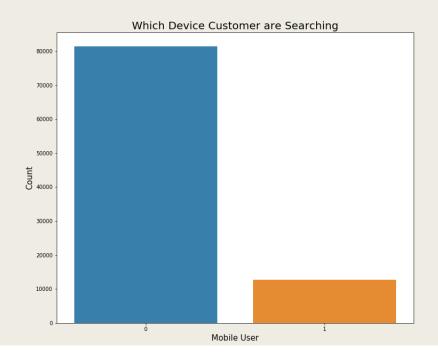
 How likely a customer is going to book an hotel based on his search parameters from his/her search session attributes

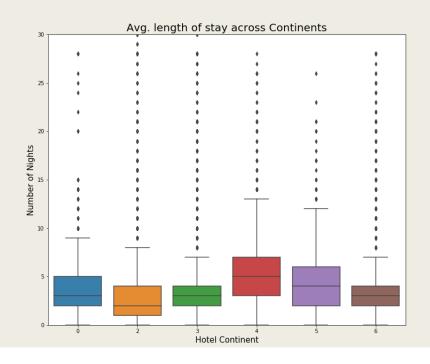


Data exploration: What Type of data we have

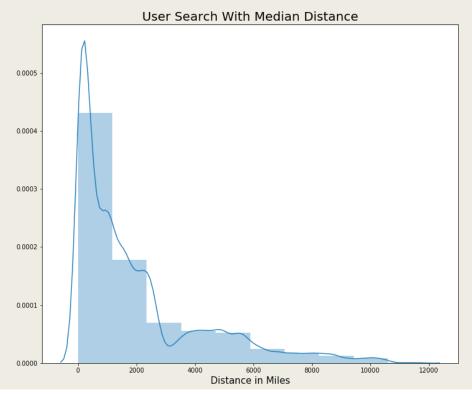
Column name	Description	Data type
date_time	Timestamp	string
site_name	ID of the Expedia point of sale (i.e. Expedia.com, Expedia.co.uk, Expedia.co.jp,)	int
posa_continent	ID of continent associated with site_name	int
user_location_country	The ID of the country the customer is located	int
user_location_region	The ID of the region the customer is located	int
user_location_city	The ID of the city the customer is located	int
orig_destination_distance	Physical distance between a hotel and a customer at the time of search. A null means the distance could not be calculated	double
user_id	ID of user	int
is_mobile	1 when a user connected from a mobile device, 0 otherwise	tinyint
is_package	1 if the click/booking was generated as a part of a package (i.e. combined with a flight), 0 otherwise	int
channel	ID of a marketing channel	int
srch_ci	Checkin date	string
srch_co	Checkout date	string
srch_adults_cnt	The number of adults specified in the hotel room	int
srch_children_cnt	The number of (extra occupancy) children specified in the hotel room	int
srch_rm_cnt	The number of hotel rooms specified in the search	int
srch_destination_id	ID of the destination where the hotel search was performed	int
srch_destination_type_id	Type of destination	int
hotel_continent	Hotel continent	int
hotel_country	Hotel country	int
hotel_market	Hotel market	int
is_booking	1 if a booking, 0 if a click	tinyint
cnt	Numer of similar events in the context of the same user session	bigint
hotel_cluster	ID of a hotel cluster	int

- Users are searching more on Desktop on Expedia site compare to Mobile
- Average length of stay is higher for Continent 4

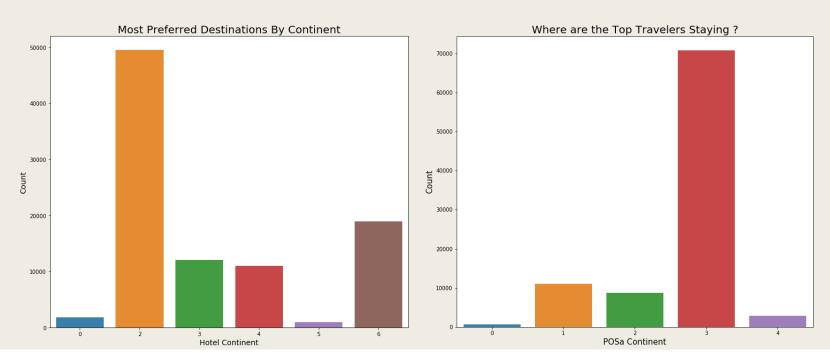




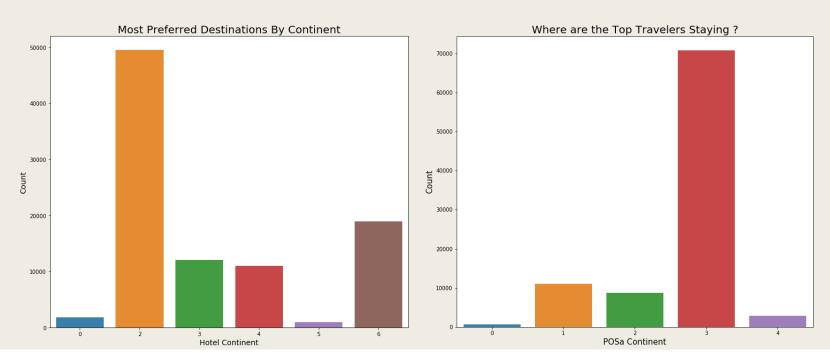
Most of the users made a search with 2000 miles of their search location



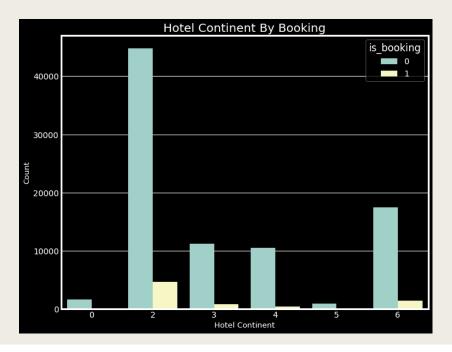
- Most preferred destinations for Customers are from Continent 2
- Point of sale is High for Expedia Site from Continent 3

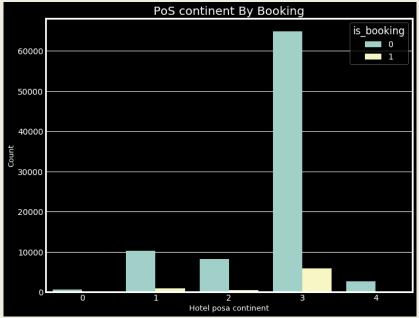


- Most preferred destinations for Customers are from Continent 2
- Point of sale is High for Expedia Site from Continent 3

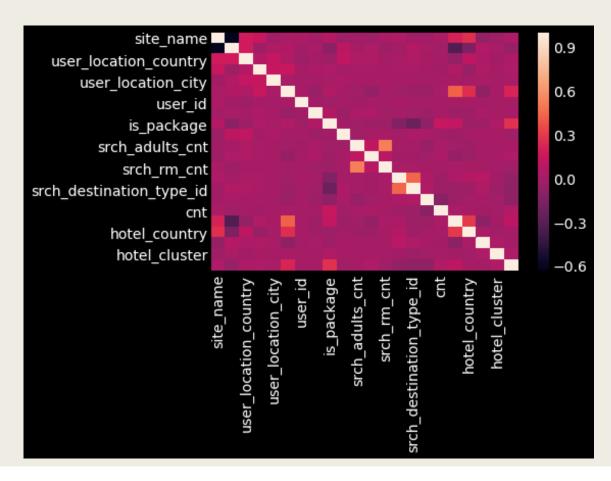


- Maximum Booking is happening Continent 2 and 6
- PoS Continent 3 has High booking event



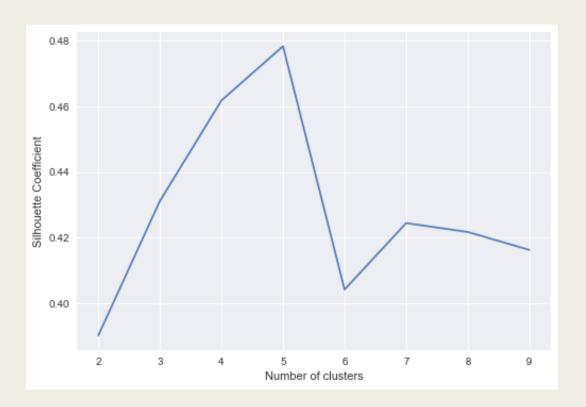


Correlation :

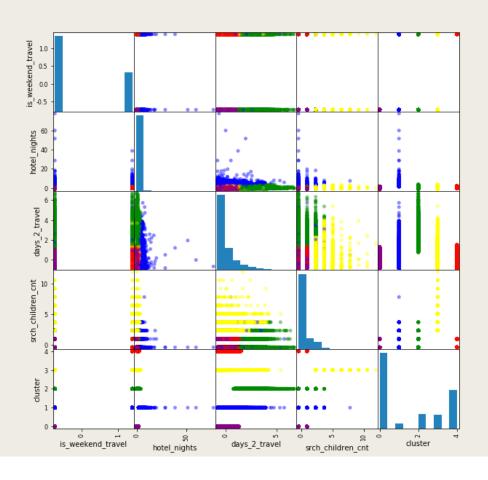


- Updated Null values associated with Origin Distance attributes with Mean value
- Dropped Null values for Model dataset
- Kept only the data with Night Spends at Hotel >0
- Kept data with Day to Travel based on search check-In date >0
- Created Indicator for Weekend travel yes now
- Creating Clusters using different attributes

Clustering: using K means Algorithm



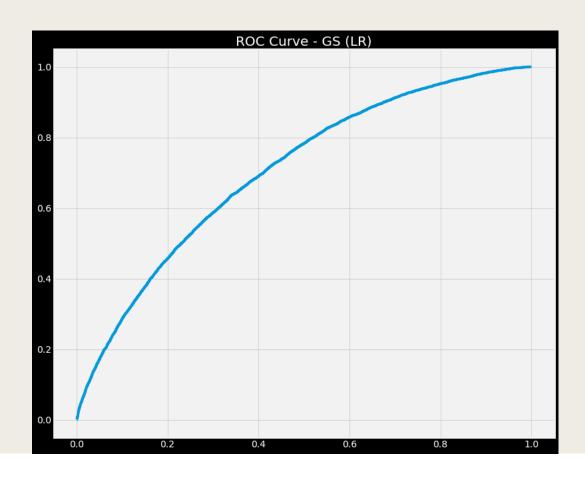
Clustering: Scatter plot for clusters (Kmeans, n= 5)



Models

- Logistic Regression (0. 0.688318722972)
- Ridge Classifier (0.664997519063)
- Random Forest (0.632023711055)

ROC Curve:



Thank You!!!