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6014

B.A. (VI Sem.) Special Examination, 2024

Booklet Series

(Session - 2023-24)

ENGLISH

(Media and Journalistic Writing)

(To be filled by the Candidate / निम्न पूर्तियाँ परीक्षार्थी स्वयं भरें)

Roll No. (in figures)	[Time : 2 : 00 Hours
अनुक्रमांक (अंकों में) ————————————————————————————————————	[समय : 2 : 00 घण्टे
Roll No. (in words)	[Maximum Marks : 75
अनुक्रमांक (शब्दों में)	[अधिकतम अंक : 75
Name of Examination Centre परीक्षा केन्द्र का नाम ——————————————————————————————————	Signature of Invigilator
	कक्ष निरीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर

Instructions to the Examinee:

- Do not open the booklet unless you are asked to do so.
- The booklet contains 75 questions. Examinee is required to answer any 65 questions in the OMR Answer-Sheet provided and not in the question booklet. In case Examinee attempts more than 65 Questions, first 65 attempted questions will be evaluated. All questions carry equal marks.
- Examine the Booklet and the OMR Answer-Sheet very carefully before you proceed. Faulty question booklet due to missing or duplicate pages/questions or having any other discrepancy should be immediately replaced.

(Remaining Instructions on last page)

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश:

- प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक आपसे कहा न जाए।
- 2. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 75 प्रश्न हैं। परीक्षार्थी को किन्हीं 65 प्रश्नों को दी गई ओ०एम०आर० आन्सर-शीट पर ही हल करना है। परीक्षार्थी द्वारा 65 से अधिक प्रश्नों को हल करने की स्थिति में, प्रथम 65 उत्तरों को ही मूल्यांकित किया जायेगा। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- 3. प्रश्नों के उत्तर अंकित करने से पूर्व प्रश्न-पुस्तिका तथा OMR उत्तर-पत्रक को सावधानीपूर्वक देख लें। दोषपूर्ण प्रश्न-पुस्तिका, जिसमें कुछ भाग छपने से छूट गये हों या प्रश्न एक से अधिक बार छप गये हों या किसी भी प्रकार की कमी हो, उसे तुरन्त बदल लें।

(शेष निर्देश अन्तिम पृष्ठ पर)

Rough Work रफ कार्य

1.	The word communication is derived	4.	Complete the following statement
	from-		choosing the correct option-
	(A) Greek		' is the exchange of messages
	(B) Latin		between people for the purpose of
	,		achieving common meanings'.
	(C) French		(A) Feedback
	(D) Roman		(B) Sender
2.	False, inaccurate, or misleading		(C) Communication
	information that is shared without		(D) Receiver
	harmful intent is known as-	5.	National Press Day is celebrated on:
	(A) Disinformation		(A) 16 August
	(D) Minimformation		(B) 16 September
	(B) Misinformation		(C) 16 October
	(C) Both of the above		(D) 16 November
	(D) None of the above	6.	Television was invented by:
3.	'Communication is the process of		(A) John Logie Baird
	passing information and under		(B) James Maxwell
	standing from one person to another.		(C) Ambrose Fleming
	Who has given this definition of communication? (A) William Newman		(D) William B Shockley
			Which is not a function of mass
			media?
			(A) Socialization
	(B) Chester Barnard		(B) Surveillance
	(C) Louis Allen		(C) Internalization
	(D) Keith Davis		(D) Entertainment

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8.	is a type of software	11.	Hackers usually used the computer
	designed to help the user's computer		virus for purpose.
	detect viruses and avoid them.		(A) To log, monitor each and every
	(A) Antivirus		user's spote (B) To gain access the sensitive
	(B) Malware		formation like user's Id and
	(C) Adware		passwords
			(C) To corrupt the user's data stored
	(D) Both (B) and (C)		in the computer system
9.	In system hacking, which of the		(D) All of the above
	following is the most crucial activity?	12.	Which online communication
	(A) Cracking passwords		tool is broadly utilized for public
	(A) Cracking passwords		communication, particularly in
	(B) Covering tracks		mailing lists?
	(C) Information gathering		(A) Whatsapp
	(D) None of the above		(B) Email
			(C) Skype
10.	Code Red is a type of :		(D) Line
	(A) A video editing software	13.	GPS stands for:
	(B) A photo editing software		(A) Global Positioning System
			(B) Global Positioning Signal
	(C) A video editing software		(C) Global Point Soution
	(D) A computer virus		(D) Global Positioning Station
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- 14. Popular social network for news are:
 - (A) Facebook
 - (B) Instagram
 - (C) X
 - (D) All of these
- 15. What is common among the following? Facebook, X, Instagram, Pintrest:
 - (A) All are social networking sites
 - (B) All are accessible from dark web
 - (C) All are news websites
 - (D) All are banned websites
- 16. The key difference between misinformation and disinofrmation receiver is-
 - (A) Intend to harm
 - (B) Effect to society
 - (C) Level of falseness
 - (D) None of the above
- 17. URL stands for:
 - (A) Universal Research List
 - (B) Universal Research Locator
 - (C) Uniform Resource Locator
 - (D) Universal Resource List

- 18. FTP stands for:
 - (A) Fast Transmission Processor
 - (B) File Transfer Protocol
 - (C) Fast Transmission Program
 - (D) Fast Text Processing
- What is primary purpose of precis writing
 - (A) To include irrelevant details
 - (B) To add personal details
 - (C) To increase word count
 - (D) To summarize a passage
- 20. How does a precis differ from a summary?
 - (A) Precis focuses on the main ideas
 - (B) Precis omits the conclusion
 - (C) Precis includes personal opinions
 - (D) Precis is longer
- 21. Which is the primary goal of essay writing?
 - (A) Artistic expression
 - (B) Scientific expression
 - (C) Communication and expression of opinions
 - (D) Entertainment

- 22. What are the '5Ws' in journalism?
 - (A) Who, What, Where, When, Why
 - (B) Whose, Which, When, Where,
 Why
 - (C) Words, Writing, Wisdom,
 Wonders, Wavelengths
 - (D) Why, Who, What, Where, When
- 23. What is the primary function of leads in news reporting?
 - (A) Providing background information
 - (B) Outlining important details
 - (C) Navigation aid for readers
 - (D) Drawing the reader's focus
- 24. What is the primary role of headlines in news reporting?
 - (A) Providing background information
 - (B) Setting the tone for the article
 - (C) Drawing the reader's focus and promoting readership
 - (D) Establishing the geographical context

- 25. What is a key element for successful public speaking on online platforms?
 - (A) Real-time interaction
 - (B) Visual distractions
 - (C) Long form conversation
 - (D) Vocal expression
- 26. What is the first stage in news production in electronic media?
 - (A) Script writing
 - (B) Story identification and planning
 - (C) Technical preparation
 - (D) Research and gathering information
- 27. What distinguishes television news reporting from radio in terms of presentation style?
 - (A) Story telling pace
 - (B) Interview formats
 - (C) Body language
 - (D) Verbal communication

- 28. What is the key difference between television and radio news reporting regarding production requirements?
 - (A) Co-ordination of visuals sound and one screen talent
 - (B) Use of teleprompters
 - (C) Inclusion of face to face interviews
 - (D) Reliance on verbal communication
- 29. Why is accuracy considered paramount in news presentation?
 - (A) To report breaking news promptly
 - (B) To facilitate audience engagement
 - (C) To maintain high standards of journalism
 - (D) To ensure broad accessibility
- 30. Which news value emphasizes the significance of recent events making them valuable due to their current native?
 - (A) Timeliness
 - (B) Proximity
 - (C) Impact
 - (D) Conflict/Controversy

- 31. What is the main purpose of newsgathering in journalism?
 - (A) Promote personal opinions
 - (B) Entertain the audience
 - (C) Boost social media engagement
 - (D) Inform the public
- 32. What distinguishes informal reports from other types of reports?
 - (A) That follow a structured format
 - (B) That cater to external audiences
 - (C) That are comprehensive and formal
 - (D) That are brief and internal
- 33. What is the primary concern in the are of journalism advertising ethics?
 - (A) Maximizing advertising revenue
 - (B) Maintaining the legitimacy, integrity and openness of advertising activities
 - (C) Prioritizing editorial freedom over financial survival
 - (D) Avoiding conflicts of interest in reporting

34. Which is not among the Principles 37. Which of the following is not among of Mass Communication and the elements of News Gathering? Journalism? (A) Observation (A) Public Interest and Service (B) Bullying (B) Fair Representation (C) Interviewing (C) Challenging Human Rights and (D) Online Sources Dignity 38. Which of the following is not among (D) Avoiding Sensationalism the feature writing? *35. 'Precis'* is a _____ word which means (A) Obituaries/Obits precise or concise. (B) Reviews (A) Russian (B) American (C) Columns (C) Latin (D) Rows (D) French 39. To think or talk about something 36. The type of personal essay which is again, in order to make changes to often written in the first person to it or to make a decision about it is tell a story is usually known as... known as... (A) Descriptive Essay (A) A trend story (B) Expository Essay (B) A review (C) Narrative Essay (C) A column (D) Persuasive/Argumentative

Essay

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(D) A row

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- 40. A piece of writing on a theme that is often likely to re-occur is known as-
 - (A) Writing trend stories
 - (B) Review writing
 - (C) Column writing
 - (D) Row writing
- 41. ____ are responsible for ensuring that the tone, style and layout of final copy matches the publication's house style and suits the readers.
 - (A) The Editors
 - (B) The Sub-Editors
 - (C) The Managing Editors
 - (D) Assistant Editors
- 42. With reference to the Structural/
 Substantive/Developmental Editing,
 Identify the wrong option from the
 followings:
 - (A) It is the most difficult and timeconsuming process of editing
 - (B) Fictional and non-fictional editing are its' two types
 - (C) Both of the above
 - (D) None of the above

- 43. Which of the following type of advertisement is used to build up the image of the manufacturing company or firm?
 - (A) Product Advertisements
 - (B) Classified Advertisements
 - (C) Institutional Advertisements
 - (D) Non-commercial or Idea

 Advertisements
 - 44. The name of media which known as 'one day best seller'-
 - (A) Radio
 - (B) Novel
 - (C) F.M.
 - (D) Newspaper
- 45. A digital technology that allows the sharing of ideas and information, including text and visuals, through virtual networks and communities is called-
 - (A) Drama
 - (B) Social media
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these

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	(D)	All of these		(D)	All of th	nese		
	(C)	Order of sentence		(C)	Interact	tion		
	(B)	Supporting details		(B)	Use of S	Sound		
	(A)	Topic sentence			Pitch)			
	writ	ing?		(A)	Voice	Modulatio	on (Tone	and
48.	Wha	at are the elements of paragraph		pres	entation	n for Radio	o:	
4.5			51.	Wha	it are	importa	ant for	the
	, ,	To cut short		(D)	None of	f these		
	(C)	Write a paragraph		(C)	Books			
	(B)	Write in own words		(B)	Print m	edia		
	(A)	To write meaning		(A)	Electron	nic media		
47.	Wha	at is the meaning of precis?		web	inars are	e the part	ofn	nedia.
	(D)	None of these	50.	Tele	vision,	radio,	podeasts	and
	(C)	Electronic media		(D)	None of	f these		
	(B)	Modern media		(C)	The mid	ddle of a r	news stor	У
	(A)	Print media		. ,	story			
		gazines and books, is called-		(B)	•	st senten	ce of a	news
		,			story			
		erials like newspapers,				ening sent		
46.	Med	lia refers to physically printed	49.	In jo	ournalisn	n, what is	the lead	?

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	(D)	None of these		(D) None of these	
	(C)	To listen only about it		(C) Office events	
	(B)	To write only about it		(B) Marriage events	
	(A)	To communicate information		(A) Current events of the day	
54.	Wha	at is the purpose of Reporting?		about-	
	(D)	None of these	57.	News reports inform the public	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)		(D) All of these	
	(B)	Recorded		(C) Sense of eating	
	(A)	Live		(B) Sense of fashion	
	broa	adcast from a location.		(A) Curiosity	
53.		_ Reporting involves real time	30.	reporter?	
	(D)	All of these	56.	(D) All of these What is the basic quality for a	
	(C)	Clarity and integrity		(C) Movies	
	(B)	Accuracy and speed		(B) News	
	(A)	Objectivity		(A) Serials	
	crec	libility and trust there are-		to produce news stories:	
	cert	ain guiding principles to maintain		which journalists collect information	
52.	The	News presentation follows the	55.	gathering is the process by	

58.	Wha	at is Advertisement?	61.	Advertising ethics mean-
	(A)	To promote a product or service		(A) Moral principles
	(B)	To promote a student in the		(B) Professional codes of conduct
		class		(C) Both (A) and (B)
	(C)	To promote the family		(D) None of these
	(C)	to promote the family	62.	What is the primary objective of a
	(D)	None of these		feature article in journalism?
59.	Mer	ntion the names of print		(A) To inform
	adv	ertising-		(B) To entertain
	(A)	Newspapers and magazines		(C) To persuade
	(B)	Brochures and flyers		(D) All of these
	(C)	Billboards	63.	What is the primary purpose of an
	(D)	All of these		obituary in feature writing?
60.	Tele	evision and Radio are the parts of		(A) To celebrate upcoming events
		advertising:		(B) To highlight personal
		auverusing.		achievements
	(A)	Print		(C) To announce a birth in the
	(B)	Broadcast		family
	(C)	Out door		(D) To commemorate the life and
	(D)	Comparative		death of an individual
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64. What is the primary purpose of a 67. What is editorial policy? review in feature writing? (A) A story plot (A) To announce upcoming evens (B) A fictional narrative (B) To summarige news articles (C) A personal opinion (C) To share personal ancedotes (D) A set of guidelines for content (D) To provide a critical evaluation creation of a product, service or creative 68. What is primary responsibility of a work news editor? 65. What is the main purpose of a feature (A) Managing advertising revenue (B) Generating headlines column? (C) Overseeing newsroom (A) To present unbiased information operations (B) To entertain and engage readers (D) Ensuring accuracy and quality of news content (C) To report breaking news 69. What is the primary responsibility of (D) None of these a sub editor? 66. What is the primary goal of editing? (A) Managing advertising revenue (A) Creativity (B) Generating headlines (C) Fact-checking and editing (B) Accuracy content (C) Lengthiness (D) Overseeing newsroom (D) None of these operations

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P.T.O.

- structure editing principle focus on?
 - (A) Correcting spelling error
 - (B) Arrangement of content in a logical manner
 - (C) Fact-checking
 - (D) None of these
- of information communication are called-
 - (A) Server
 - (B) Protocol
 - (C) Newspaper
 - (D) Service
- 72. Why is audience awareness important in report writing?
 - (A) To tailor the report to their needs
 - (B) To ignore the expectations of the audience
 - (C) To increase verbosity
 - (D) To complicate the language

- 70. What does the organization and 73. What is a crucial skill in radio presentation to convey emotions and emphasis?
 - (A) Staying updated
 - (B) Interview skills
 - (C) Technical proficiency
 - (D) Voice modulation
- 71. A set of rules that govern all aspects 74. What does objectivity in news presentation require journalists to avoid?
 - (A) Speed in reporting
 - (B) Complex topics
 - (C) Personal opinions and bias
 - (D) Source verification
 - 75. What adds drama and tension to a story making it more compelling for audience according to the mentioned news value?
 - (A) Conflict/Controversy
 - (B) Credibility
 - (C) Human interest
 - (D) Consequence/Significance

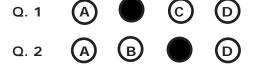
Rough Work

4. Four alternative answers are mentioned for each question as A, B, C & D in the booklet. The candidate has to choose the most appropriate answer and mark the same in the OMR Answer-Sheet as per the direction:

Example :

Q. 3

Question:



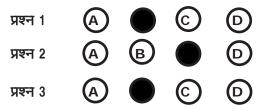
Illegible answers with cutting or over-writing or half filled circle will be cancelled.

- In case the candidate does not fill the appropriate circle in the OMR Answer-Sheet and leave blank, 'Zero' mark will be given.
- The candidate has to mark answers on the OMR Answer-Sheet with black or blue ball point pen only carefully as per directions.
- 7. There will be no negative marking.
- 8. Examinee must handover the OMR answersheet to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall.
- Rough-work, if any, should be done on the blank page provided for the purpose at the end of booklet.
- 10. Write your Roll Number and other required details in the space provided on the title page of the booklet and on the OMR Answer-Sheet with ball point pen. Do not use lead pencil.
- 11.To bring and use log-book, calculator, pager & cellular phone in examination hall is prohibited.

4. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार सम्भावित उत्तर A, B, C तथा D हैं। परीक्षार्थी को उन चारों विकल्पों में से एक सबसे सही अथवा सबसे उपयुक्त उत्तर छाँटना है। उत्तर को OMR उत्तर-पत्रक में सम्बन्धित प्रश्न संख्या में निम्न प्रकार अंकित करना है:

उदाहरण :

प्रश्न :



अपठित उत्तर या ऐसे उत्तर जिन्हें काटा या बदला गया है, या गोले में आधा भरकर दिया गया, उत्तर निरस्त कर दिया जाएगा।

- 5. यदि परीक्षार्थी OMR उत्तर-पत्रक में उपयुक्त गोले को नहीं भरता है और उत्तर-पत्रक को खाली छोड़ देता है, तो उसे 'शून्य' अंक प्रदान किया जाएगा।
- 6. अभ्यर्थी को प्रश्नों के उत्तर OMR उत्तर-पत्रक पर केवल काले या नीले बाल प्वॉइंट पेन से सतर्कतापूर्वक निर्देशानुसार अंकित करने होंगे।
- निगेटिव मार्किंग नहीं है।
- 8. परीक्षार्थी OMR उत्तर-पत्रक परीक्षा भवन छोड़ने से पहले कक्ष निरीक्षक को सौंप दें।
- 9. कोई भी रफ-कार्य, रफ-कार्य के लिए दिए खाली पेज पर ही किया जाना चाहिए।
- 10. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के मुख्य पृष्ठ पर तथा OMR उत्तर-पत्रक पर निर्धारित स्थान में अनुक्रमांक तथा अन्य विवरण बॉल प्वॉइंट पेन से ही भरें। पेन्सिल का उपयोग न करें।
- 11. परीक्षा कक्ष में लॉग-बुक, कैल्कुलेटर, पेजर तथा सैल्युलर फोन ले जाना तथा उसका उपयोग करना वर्जित है।