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### Overview

JavaScript Objects

JS Array JS Boolean

JS Date

JS Math

JS Number

JS String

JS RegExp JS Global

#### **Browser Objects**

Window Navigator Screen History Location

### HTML DOM Objects

DOM Document DOM Events DOM Elements

DOM Anchor DOM Area

DOM Base

DOM Body

DOM Button DOM Form

DOM Frame/IFrame

DOM Frameset

DOM Image DOM Input Button

DOM Input Checkbox

DOM Input File

DOM Input Hidden

DOM Input Password

DOM Input Radio

DOM Input Reset DOM Input Submit

DOM Input Text

DOM Link

DOM Meta

DOM Object

DOM Option DOM Select

DOM Style

DOM Table

DOM td / th

DOM tr DOM Textarea

# JS & DOM Reference JavaScript Number() Function

# JavaScript Global Functions

# Definition and Usage

The Number() function converts the object argument to a number that represents the object's value.

If the value cannot be converted to a legal number, NaN is returned.

### Syntax

Number (object)

Parameter	Description
object	Optional. A JavaScript object. If no argument is provided, it returns 0.

## **Browser Support**









The Number() function is supported in all major browsers.

## Tips and Notes

**Note:** If the parameter is a Date object, the Number() function returns the number of milliseconds since midnight January 1, 1970 UTC.

# Example

#### Example

Convert different object values to their numbers:

```
<script type="text/javascript">
var test1= new Boolean(true);
var test2= new Boolean(false);
var test3= new Date();
var test4= new String("999");
var test5= new String("999 888");
document.write(Number(test1)+ "<br />");
document.write(Number(test2)+ "<br />");
document.write(Number(test3)+ "<br />");
document.write(Number(test4)+ "<br />");
document.write(Number(test5)+ "<br />");
</script>
```

### The output of the code above will be:

```
1325730976670
999
NaN
```

#### Try it yourself »

# JavaScript Global Functions

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