2021-February Session-02-26-2021-shift-1-16-30

AI24BTECH11031 - Shivram S

16) The value of
$$\lim_{h\to 0} 2\left\{\frac{\sqrt{3}\sin(\frac{\pi}{6}-h)-\cos(\frac{\pi}{6}+h)}{\sqrt{3}h(\sqrt{3}\cos h-\sin h)}\right\}$$
 is

d) $\frac{2}{3}$

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- 17) A fair coin is tossed a fixed number of times. If the probability of getting 7 heads is equal to the probability of getting 9 heads, then the probability of getting 2 heads is:
 - a) $\frac{15}{2^{12}}$

- b) $\frac{15}{2!^3}$ c) $\frac{15}{2!^4}$

- d) $\frac{15}{28}$
- 18) If (1,5,35), (7,5,5), $(1,\lambda,7)$ and $(2\lambda,1,2)$ are coplanar, then the sum of all possible values of λ is:
 - a) $-\frac{44}{5}$
- b) $\frac{39}{5}$

- c) $-\frac{39}{5}$
- d) $\frac{44}{5}$
- 19) Let $R = \{(P, Q) \mid P \text{ and } Q \text{ are at the same distance from the origin}\}$ be a relation, then the equivalence class of (1, -1) is the set:

a)
$$S = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 = 1\}$$

b) $S = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 = 4\}$

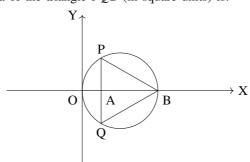
c)
$$S = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 = \sqrt{2}\}$$

b)
$$S = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 = 4\}$$

c)
$$S = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 = \sqrt{2}\}$$

d) $S = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 = 2\}$

20) In the circle given below, let OA = 1 unit, OB = 13 unit and PQ perpendicular to OB. Then, the area of the triangle PQB (in square units) is:



- a) $26\sqrt{3}$
- b) $24\sqrt{2}$
- c) $24\sqrt{3}$
- d) $26\sqrt{2}$
- 21) The area bounded by the lines y = |x 1| 2 is _____.
- 22) The number of integral values of k for which the equation $3 \sin x + 4 \cos x = k + 1$ has a solution, $k \in \mathbb{R}$ is _____
- 23) Let $m, n \in \mathbb{N}$ and gcd(2, n) = 1. If $30\binom{30}{0} + 29\binom{30}{1} + \cdots + 2\binom{30}{29} + 1\binom{30}{29} = n \cdot 2^m$, then
- 24) If y = y(x) is the solution of the equation $e^{\sin y} \cos y \frac{dy}{dx} + e^{\sin y} \cos x = \cos x$, y(0) = 0; then $1 + y\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}y\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}y\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$ is equal to _____.

 25) The number of solutions of the equation $\log_4(x-1) = \log_2(x-3)$ is _____.
- 26) If $\sqrt{3}(\cos^2 x) = (\sqrt{3} 1)\cos x + 1$, the number of solutions of the given equation when $x \in \left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$ is _____.
- 27) Let $(\lambda, 2, 1)$ be a point on the plane which passes through the point (4, -2, 2). If the plane is perpendicular to the line joining the points (-2, -21, 29) and (-1, -16, 23), then $\left(\frac{\lambda}{11}\right)^2 - \frac{4\lambda}{11} - 4$ is equal to _____.

 28) The difference between degree and order of a differential equation that represents the
- family of curves given by $y^2 = a\left(x + \frac{\sqrt{a}}{2}\right)$, a > 0 is _____.
- 29) The sum of 162^{th} power of the roots of the equation $x^3 2x^2 + 2x 1 = 0$ is _____.
- 30) The value of the integral $\int_0^{\pi} |\sin 2x| dx$ is _____.