Deploy Django Backend on EC2 Instance

Architecture Components

- Instance 1 (Database): PostgreSQL on EC2 instance
- Instance 2 (Backend): Django application on EC2 instance

Configuring Instance 1 (Database)

Connect to the Database EC2 Instance

ssh -i path to your key.pem ubuntu@your database instance public ip

Note: Alternatively, you can use Putty

Update package index

sudo apt update

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software; the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>". See "man sudo_root" for details.

ubuntu@ip-172-31-9-246:~\$ sudo apt update Hit:1 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRelease

Install PostgreSQL

sudo apt update sudo apt install postgresql postgresql-contrib -y

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-9-246:~$ sudo apt install postgresql postgresql-contrib -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
   libcommon-sense-perl libjson-perl libjson-xs-perl libllvm14 libpq5 libsensor:
   postgresql-client-14 postgresql-client-common postgresql-common ssl-cert sys:
Suggested packages:
   lm-sensors postgresql-doc postgresql-doc-14 isag
The following NEW packages will be installed:
   libcommon-sense-perl libjson-perl libjson-xs-perl libllvm14 libpq5 libsensor:
   postgresql-client-14 postgresql-client-common postgresql-common p
```

Switch to root user

Sudo su

```
No user sessions are running outdated binaries.

No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binari
ubuntu@ip-172-31-9-246:~$ sudo su
root@ip-172-31-9-246:/home/ubuntu#
```

Create a new User

Creating a new user for postgresql with the name postgres

```
sudo -i -u postares
```

```
No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binar ubuntu@ip-172-31-9-246:~$ sudo su root@ip-172-31-9-246:/home/ubuntu# sudo -i -u postgres postgres@ip-172-31-9-246:~$
```

Access the Postgresql

psql

```
postgres@ip-172-31-9-246:~$ psql
psql (14.13 (Ubuntu 14.13-0ubuntu0.22.04.1))
Type "help" for help.

postgres=#
```

Create Database, User and Grant Privileges

Configure EC2 Security Group

Open the TCP port Postgresql which is the port 5432



Configure postgresql.conf

sudo nano /etc/postgresql/14/main/postgresql.conf

By default, PostgreSQL listens on localhost only. To allow remote connections, Find the line with listen_addresses and change it to listen_addresses = '*'

```
# - Connection Settings -
listen_addresses = '*'
                                # what IP address(es) to listen on;
                                        # comma-separated list of addresses;
                                        # defaults to 'localhost'; use '*' for
                                        # (change requires restart)
port = 5432
                                        # (change requires restart)
max connections = 100
                                        # (change requires restart)
#superuser_reserved_connections = 3
                                        # (change requires restart)
unix socket directories = '/var/run/postgresql' # comma-separated list of dire
                                        # (change requires restart)
#unix socket group = ''
                                        # (change requires restart)
#unix socket permissions = 0777
                                        # begin with 0 to use octal notation
                                        # (change requires restart)
```

```
bash: version: No such file or directory
root@ip-172-31-9-246:/home/ubuntu# sudo nano /etc/postgresql/16/main/postgresql.conf
root@ip-172-31-9-246:/home/ubuntu# sudo nano /etc/postgresql/14/main/postgresql.conf
root@ip-172-31-9-246:/home/ubuntu#
```

Configure pg_hba.conf

sudo nano /etc/postgresql/14/main/pg_hba.conf

Add the following line at the end of the file to allow connections from any IP: host all 0.0.0.0/0 md5

```
# TYPE DATABASE
                                        ADDRESS
                                                                METHOD
# "local" is for Unix domain socket connections only
local all
                        all
                                                                 peer
# IPv4 local connections:
host
                                        0.0.0.0/0
                                                                md5
       all
# IPv6 local connections:
                        all
host
       all
                                        ::1/128
                                                                 scram-sha-256
# Allow replication connections from localhost, by a user with the
# replication privilege.
local replication
                        all
                                                                 peer
host
       replication
                        all
                                        127.0.0.1/32
                                                                 scram-sha-256
       replication
                        all
host
                                        ::1/128
                                                                 scram-sha-256
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-9-246:~$ sudo su
root@ip-172-31-9-246:/home/ubuntu# sudo nano /etc/postgresql/14/main/pg_hba.conf
root@ip-172-31-9-246:/home/ubuntu#
```

Enable PostgreSQL to start on boot

To Enable PostgreSQL to run on ec2 instance startup

sudo systemctl enable postgresql

Configuring Instance 2 (Backend)

Update package index

sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~$ sudo apt update && sudo apt upgrade -y Hit:1 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy InRele Get:2 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-update 128 kB]

Get:3 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-backpo [127 kB]

Get:4 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/univer ages [14.1 MB]

Get:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy-security InRelease [Get:6 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/univer n-en [5652 kB]

Get:7 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/univer f Metadata [286 kB]

Get:8 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/multivckages [217 kB]

Get:9 http://ap-south-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu jammy/multiv
```

Install Python and pip

Django requires Python, so install Python and pip (Python's package installer)

sudo apt install python3 python3-pip python3-venv -y

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~$ sudo apt install python3 python3-pip python3-venv -y Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
python3 is already the newest version (3.10.6-1~22.04.1).
python3 set to manually installed.
The following additional packages will be installed:
   build-essential bzip2 cpp cpp-11 dpkg-dev fakeroot fontconfig-config fonts-de libalgorithm-diff-perl libalgorithm-diff-xs-perl libalgorithm-merge-perl libalibcrypt-dev libdeflate0 libdpkg-perl libexpat1-dev libfakeroot libfile-fcntl libitm1 libjbig0 libjpeg-turbo8 libjpeg8 libjs-jquery libjs-sphinxdoc libjs-un libpython3.10-dev libquadmath0 libstdc++-11-dev libtiff5 libtirpc-dev libtsand manpages-dev python3-dev python3-pip-whl python3-setuptools-whl python3-wheel Suggested packages:
   bzip2-doc cpp-doc gcc-11-locales debian-keyring g++-multilib g++-11-multilib gcc-doc gcc-11-multilib apache2 | lighttpd | httpd glibc-doc bzr libgd-tools
```

Install PostgreSQL Development Libraries

Install PostgreSQL development headers and libraries (necessary for connecting Django to PostgreSQL)

sudo apt install libpq-dev -y

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~$ sudo apt install libpq-dev -y
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
libpq-dev is already the newest version (14.13-0ubuntu0.22.04.1).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 1 not upgraded.
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~$
```

Set Up a Python Virtual Environment

It's best practice to use a virtual environment for your Django app to manage dependencies

python3 -m venv myenv source myenv/bin/activate

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~$ python3 -m venv myenv
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~$ source myenv/bin/activate
(myenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~$
```

Install Django and Gunicorn

Install Django and Gunicorn (the production WSGI server)

pip install django gunicorn

Clone the Django project from Github

git clone -b
branch-name> <repo-link>

Install requirements.txt

Configure PostgreSQL in Django Settings

```
(myenv)
ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~/fundoo-notes-copy/fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\fundoo_notes\f
```

Install Postgresql Client

```
(myenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~/fundoo-notes-copy/fundoo_notes$ sudo apt install postgresql-client
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
    postgresql-client-14
Suggested packages:
    postgresql-14 postgresql-doc-14
The following NEW packages will be installed:
    postgresql-client postgresql-client-14
0 upgraded, 2 newly installed, 0 to remove and 1 not upgraded.
Need to get 1228 kB of archives.
After this operation, 4000 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
```

Test the Connection with Database

Test the database connection with the following command

psql -U shiv_database_user -d fundoo_db -h 172.31.9.246

Migrate the Database

python manage.py migrate

Run Django Locally to Test

python manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:8000

Configure the daemon service file

We will create a service file so that the django app can run in the background

Create a Service File:

The service files are usually located in /etc/systemd/system/. You'll create your custom service file there.

sudo nano /etc/systemd/system/<name>.service

Define the Service Configuration

sudo vim fundoo-service.service

```
(myenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~/fundoo-notes-copy/fundoo_notes$ cd
(myenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:~$ cd /etc/systemd/system
(myenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:/etc/systemd/system$ ls
chronyd.service
                                         paths.target.wants
                                         redis.service
cloud-init.target.wants
                                          rescue.target.wants
'snap-amazon\x2dssm\x2dagent-9565.mount'
final.target.wants
fundoo-notes.service
                                          snap-core18-2829.mount
getty.target.wants
                                          snap-core18-2846.mount
iscsi.service
                                          snap-core20-2379.mount
                                          snap-core22-1621.mount
                                          snap-lxd-29351.mount
multipath-tools.service
                                          snap-snapd-21759.mount
network-online.target.wants
                                          snap.amazon-ssm-agent.amazon-ssm-agent.service
(myenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:/etc/systemd/system$ <u>s</u>udo vim fundoo-notes.service
(myenv) ubuntu@ip-172-31-1-175:/etc/systemd/system$
```

Description: A short description of your service.

After: Defines when the service should start, such as after the network is up.

User: The user that will run the service (typically your system user).

Group: The group for file permissions.

WorkingDirectory: The location where your project files reside.

ExecStart: The command to start your application (in this case, Gunicorn).

Restart=always: Automatically restarts the service if it crashes.

Environment: Use to define environment variables like Django settings.

```
[Unit]
Description=Fundoo Notes Service
After=network.target
[Service]
User=ubuntu
Group=ubuntu
# EnvironmentFile=/etc/chatapp/env.conf
WorkingDirectory=/home/ubuntu/fundoo-notes-copy/fundoo_notes
ExecStart=/bin/bash -c "cd /home/ubuntu && source myenv/bin/activate && py 0:8000"
[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

Reload the systemd Daemon

After creating the service file, reload systemd to recognize the new service.

sudo systemctl daemon-reload

Start the Service

sudo systemctl start fundoo-service

Enable the Service to Start on Boot

To ensure the service starts automatically at boot

sudo systemctl enable fundoo-service

Check the Status of the Service

Verify that the service is running correctly

sudo systemctl status fundoo-service

Verify Deployment

Once the setup is complete, verify that your Django application is running correctly by accessing it via its public IP address or domain name.



Welcome, Shivvv. You have completed your freestyle pipline.!

Perform API testing

We can perform api testing using swagger to confirm our applications is running perfectly

