# Embedded Des Enabling Robotics Lab 10 report

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#### 10.1

This design is the essentially same as the design we developed in Lab 9. However, instead of counters for controlling the duty cycle, it has constants (which will be mapped to MMRs. It takes 5 uint8 inputs as the position of 5 servo motors and generates the 5 PWM signals. We simply put a constant speed in the program, and tested if the program work with these speed.

For this part, we replaced constants with Inputs and compiled the design using HDL workflow advisor, then we run the C program which takes two inputs from the user (servo number, and servo position) and then controlled the robotic arm

The lowest speed is 1 degree/sec, Highest speed is about 30 degree/s based on our observation. We tested on different part using the same speed, and we found it worked. The program is attached.

### 10.2

We downloaded and opened the template design from Blackboard. We compile the design using HDL workflow advisor. In the *Set Target Interface*, we used the AXI4-Lite as inputs. After comparing the two designs, we found the ServoControlWSpeed.slx can move multiple servos at the same time and at their own speed, but the previous design can't. Our robotic arm moved to a predefined position and trying to grab a box and throw it away, but can't lift it up. We thought it may because of the unstable of our gripper.

### 10.4

This program will grab a box and throw it away. Moving angles of all the parts were tested before concluded. They are also recorded. Both buttons and acceleration values can be read. The program is attached in the appendix as well as in Blackboard.

Grip: (position)

Speed: 25
Base-1: 145
Bicep-2: 100
Elbow: 155
Wrist: 155
Gripper: 100

Throw: (position)

Bicep: 200 Elbow: 200 Gripper: 240

## Appendix

```
/**

* Template for Servo Control from FPGA with Hardware Controlled Speed

*

*/

#include <stdio.h>

#include <fcntl.h>

#include <sys/mman.h>
```

```
#include <time.h>
#define BASE_ADDRESS 0x400D0000
//Servo motor offsets
#define Base OFFSET 0x100
#define Bicep_OFFSET 0x104
#define Elbow_OFFSET 0x108
#define Wrist OFFSET 0x10C
#define Gripper_OFFSET 0x110
#define REG_WRITE(addr, off, val) (*(volatile int*)(addr+off)=(val))
* data structure for servo instance
typedef struct {
       unsigned char *test_base; /// base address of mapped virtual space
                       /// file desrcriptor for memory map
       int fd;
       int map_len;
                           /// size of mapping window
} tServo;
* global variable for all servos
*/
tServo gServos;
* This function takes the servo number and the position, and writes the values in
* appropriate address for the FPGA
* @param test_base
                                   base pointer for servos
* @param servo_number
                                   servo number to manipulate
* @param position
                                   new postion in degree (0 .. 180)
* @param speed
                                          speed to move in degree / 20ms
void servo_move(unsigned char servo_number, unsigned char position, unsigned char speed);
* Initialize servos
```

```
* @return 0 upon success, 1 otherwise
*/
int servo_init() {
       //Open the file regarding memory mapped IO to write values for the FPGA
       gServos.fd = open( "/dev/mem", O RDWR);
       unsigned long int PhysicalAddress = BASE ADDRESS;
       gServos.map len= 0xFF; //size of mapping window
      // map physical memory startin at BASE ADDRESS into own virtual memory
       gServos.test base = (unsigned char*)mmap(NULL, gServos.map len, PROT READ |
PROT WRITE, MAP SHARED, gServos.fd, (off t)PhysicalAddress);
      // did it work?
       if(gServos.test_base == MAP_FAILED)
              perror("Mapping memory for absolute memory access failed -- Test Try\n");
              return 1;
      }
      //Initialize all servo motors to middle position, go there fast
       servo_move(0, 150, 100);
       servo_move(1, 150, 100);
       servo move(2, 150, 100);
       servo_move(3, 150, 100);
       servo_move(4, 150, 100);
       servo move(5, 150, 100);
       return 0;
}
* This function takes the servo number and the position, and writes the values in
* appropriate address for the FPGA
* @param test_base
                                   base pointer for servos
* @param servo number
                                   servo number to manipulate
* @param position
                                   new postion in degree (0 .. 180)
* @param speed
                                          speed to move in degree / 20ms
*/
void servo_move(unsigned char servo_number, unsigned char position, unsigned char speed) {
      /* writeValue bits 0..7 position
```

```
bits 16..31 all 0
       */
       unsigned int writeValue = ((speed << 8) | position);
       switch (servo_number) {
       case 1: //Base
              REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Base_OFFSET, writeValue);
       case 2: //Bicep
              REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Bicep_OFFSET, writeValue);
             break;
       case 3: //Elbow
              REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Elbow_OFFSET, writeValue);
             break;
       case 4: //Wrist
              REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Wrist_OFFSET, writeValue);
             break;
       case 5: //Gripper
              REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Gripper_OFFSET, writeValue);
             break;
       default:
             break;
      }
}
/**
* Deinitialize Servos
void servo_release(){
      // Releasing the mapping in memory
       munmap((void *)gServos.test_base, gServos.map_len);
       close(gServos.fd);
}
int main()
{
```

bits 8..15 speed

```
//Declarations and initialization
     int servo number = 0;
     int position = 0;
int speed = 0;
      printf("\n-----\n\n");
      printf("Please ensure robot power is OFF. Hold it in middle position. Then, turn it on.\n");
     sleep(1);
     /* initialize servos */
     if (servo_init() != 0) {
            return -1; // exit if init fails
     }
     sleep(2);
     servo_move(1, 145, 25);
     usleep(50000);
     servo_move(2, 90, 20);
     servo_move(3, 145, 25);
     servo_move(4, 145, 25);
     usleep(100000);
     servo_move(5, 100, 25);
     sleep(1);
     servo move(2,200,50);
     servo_move(3, 200, 50);
     usleep(495000);
     servo_move(5, 240, 50);
     /*
     do {
             printf("Enter servo number (1-5) or enter 0 to exit:\n");
     scanf("%d", &servo_number); //Take the servo number from user
     // if valid servo number
             if (servo_number != 0) {
                    printf("Enter speed (1-50):\n");
                    scanf("%d", &speed); //Take the speed from user
                    printf("Enter position (60 - 240):\n");
                    scanf("%d", &position); //Take the position from user
                    //The selected servo will move to the desired position
```

```
servo_move(servo_number, position, speed);
              }
       } while( servo_number != 0 ); // repeat while valid servo number given */
       /* deinitialize servos */
       servo_release();
       return 0;
}
/**
* Template for Servo Control from FPGA with Software Controlled Speed
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define BASE_ADDRESS 0x400D0000
//Servo motor offsets
#define Base OFFSET 0x100
#define Bicep_OFFSET 0x104
#define Elbow_OFFSET 0x108
#define Wrist_OFFSET 0x10C
#define Gripper OFFSET 0x110
#define REG_WRITE(addr, off, val) (*(volatile int*)(addr+off)=(val))
#define REG_READ(addr, off) (*(volatile int*)(addr+off))
/**
* data structure for servo instance
*/
typedef struct {
       unsigned char *test_base; /// base address of mapped virtual space
                                     /// file desrcriptor for memory map
       int fd;
       int map_len;
                                     /// size of mapping window
} tServo;
/**
* global variable for all servos
```

```
tServo gServos;
/**
* Initialize servos
* @return 0 upon success, 1 otherwise
int servo_init() {
       //Open the file regarding memory mapped IO to write values for the FPGA
       gServos.fd = open( "/dev/mem", O RDWR);
       unsigned long int PhysicalAddress = BASE_ADDRESS;
       gServos.map len= 0xFF; //size of mapping window
      // map physical memory startin at BASE_ADDRESS into own virtual memory
       gServos.test base = (unsigned char*)mmap(NULL, gServos.map len, PROT READ |
PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, gServos.fd, (off_t)PhysicalAddress);
      // did it work?
       if(gServos.test_base == MAP_FAILED) {
              perror("Mapping memory for absolute memory access failed -- Test Try\n");
              return 1;
}
      //Initialize all servo motors
      // I assume this is the "sleep" position
       REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Base_OFFSET, 150);
       REG WRITE(gServos.test base, Bicep OFFSET, 190);
       REG WRITE(gServos.test base, Elbow OFFSET, 190);
       REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Wrist_OFFSET, 100);
       REG WRITE(gServos.test base, Gripper OFFSET, 150);
       return 0;
}
* This function takes the servo number and the position, and writes the values in
* appropriate address for the FPGA
* @param test_base base pointer for servos
* @param servo number servo number to manipulate
* @param position new postion
void servo_move(int servo_number, int position) {
       switch (servo_number) {
              case 1: //Base
                    REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Base_OFFSET, position);
```

```
break;
              case 2: //Bicep
                     REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Bicep_OFFSET, position);
                     break:
              case 3: //Elbow
                     REG WRITE(gServos.test base, Elbow OFFSET, position);
                     break;
              case 4: //Wrist
                     REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Wrist_OFFSET, position);
                     break;
              case 5: //Gripper
                     REG_WRITE(gServos.test_base, Gripper_OFFSET, position);
                     break;
       default:
              break;
      }
}
/**
*Speed is in degrees per second
void servo_moveHelper(int servo_number, int end, int speed){
       int start = REG_READ(gServos.test_base, 0x96 + 0x4 * servo_number);
       int pos;
       if(end < start){
              speed *= -1;
       }
       for(pos = start; (pos - start) < 0 == (start - end) < 0; pos += speed / 5) {
              servo_move(servo_number, pos);
              usleep(200000);
       }
       servo_move(servo_number, end);
}
* Deinitialize Servos
void servo_release() {
       // Releasing the mapping in memory
       munmap((void *)gServos.test_base, gServos.map_len);
       close(gServos.fd);
}
```

```
int main()
{
       //Declarations and initialization
       int servo_number = 0;
       int position = 0;
       int speed = 10;
       printf("\n-----\n\n");
       /* initialize servos */
       if (servo_init() != 0) {
              return -1; // exit if init fails
       }
       do {
              printf("Enter servo number (1-5) or enter 0 to exit:\n");
              scanf("%d", &servo_number); //Take the servo number from user
              if (servo_number != 0) {
                      printf("Enter position (60 - 240): Speed in degrees/s:\n");
                     scanf("%d %d", &position, &speed); //Take the position from user
                      servo_moveHelper(servo_number, position, speed); //The selected servo
will move to the desired position
       } while( servo_number != 0 ); // repeat while valid servo number given
       /* deinitialize servos */
       servo_release();
       return 0;
}
```