[과제2]

Image Restoration

2024-04-01 (월)

@ 2024-1 컴퓨터비젼



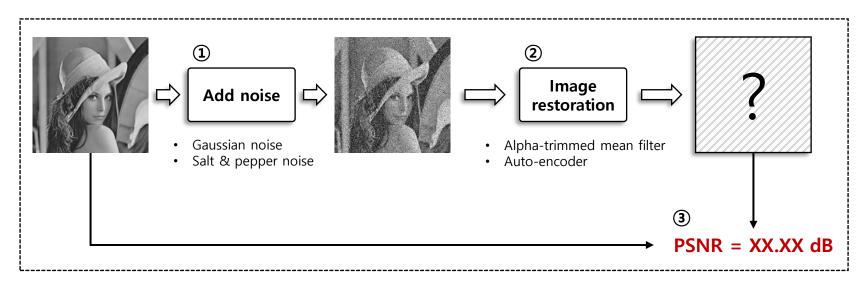
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- Noise
 - Additive Gaussian noise
 - Salt & pepper noise
- Image restoration
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 - Denoising Auto-Encoder
- 과제 세부 사항
- Python 개발 환경
 - Anaconda + Visual Studio Code
 - Google Colab
 - Tensorflow Keras



과제 개요

- 1. 잡음을 생성하여 입력 이미지에 추가
 - Gaussian noise
 - Salt & pepper noise
- 2. 잡음이 추가된 이미지에 대해 잡음 제거 알고리즘 수행
 - Alpha-trimmed mean filter
 - Auto-encoder
- 3. PNSR을 측정하여 잡음 제거 성능 비교





NOISE



Noise

- Noise
 - 영상 획득 과정에서 출력 영상의 픽셀 값이 원본과는 다른 픽셀 값으로 변경되는 것
- 대표적인 Noise 종류
 - Additive Gaussian noise
 - 잡음 값의 분포가 가우시안 분포로 나타나는 잡음
 - pdf (probability distribution function)

$$p(n) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{\frac{-(n-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

- Salt & pepper noise
 - 무작위적인 위치에 희고 검은 점이 나타나는 잡음
 - pdf (probability distribution function)

$$p(n) = \begin{cases} P_a & n = a \\ P_b & n = b \\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$

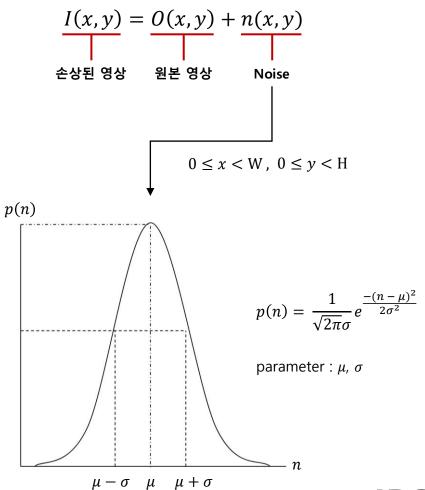


Additive Gaussian noise

Random value noise

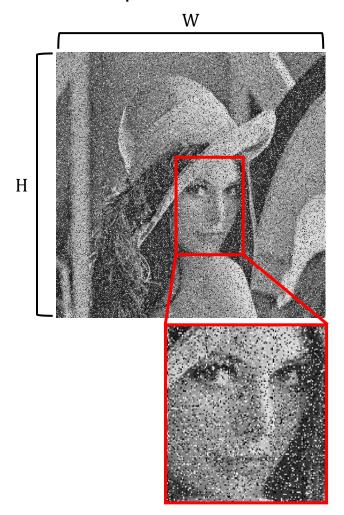
W Н

* degradation H(x,y)의 영향이 없다고 가정



Salt & pepper noise

Random position noise



* degradation H(x,y)의 영향이 없다고 가정

$$\frac{I(x,y)}{|} = \frac{O(x,y)}{|} + \frac{n(x,y)}{|}$$

손상된 영상 원본 영상 Noise

• (전체 픽셀 수imes
ho) 개의 random position

$$\rightarrow I(x,y) = \underbrace{255}_{\text{maximum value}} \text{ or } I(x,y) = \underbrace{0}_{\text{minimum value}}$$

Otherwise

$$\rightarrow I(x,y) = O(x,y) \qquad \text{parameter : } \rho$$

$$(0.0 \sim 1.0)$$

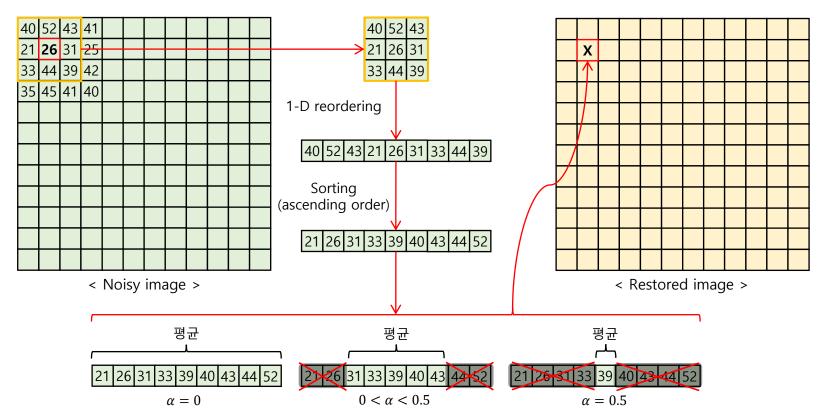
$$(0\% \sim 100\%)$$

IMAGE RESTORATION



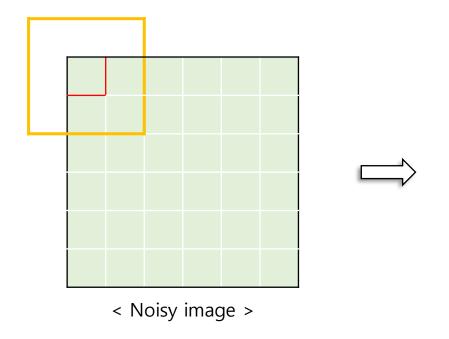
Alpha-trimmed mean filtering

- 중간값 주변의 평균을 필터링 결과로 사용
 - The number of trimmed elements : floor($\alpha \times (f \times f)$) $\alpha : \text{parameter}$
 - ex. 3 x 3 filtering





Padding: Zero padding

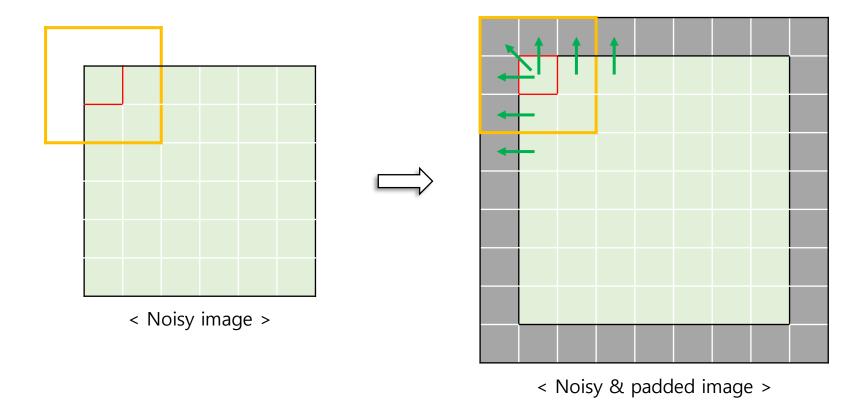


0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0								0
0								0
0								0
0								0
0								0
0								0
0								0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

< Noisy & padded image >



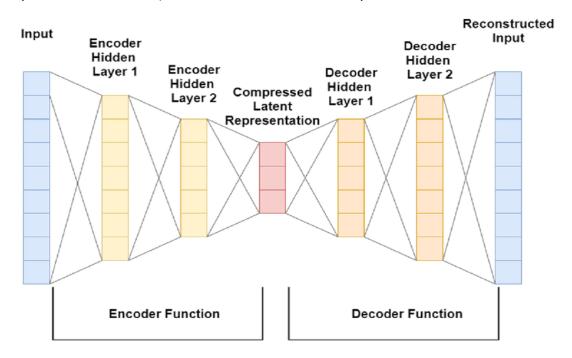
Padding: Copy padding





AutoEncoder

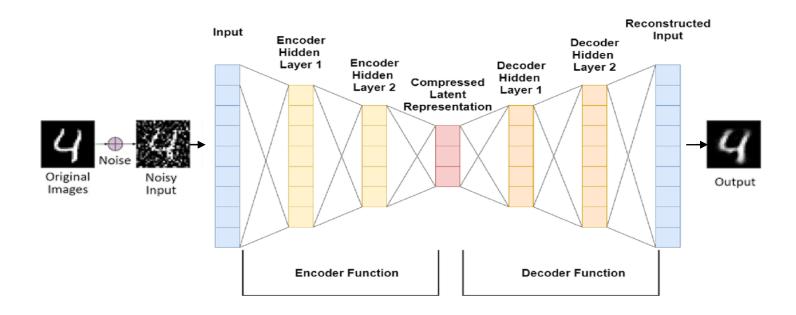
- 오토인코더
 - 입력층의 구조와 출력층의 구조가 동일하게 구축된 다층 신경망
 - 출력값이 입력값과 유사해지도록 학습
 - 오토인코더 구조
 - 인코더 (인지 네트워크, Recognition network)
 - 디코더 (생성 네트워크, Generative network)





Denoising AutoEncoder

- 입력 영상에 임의의 노이즈를 추가하여 학습
 - 출력 영상이 노이즈가 추가되지 않은 입력 영상과 유사해지도록 학습





PSNR (Peak Signal to Noise Ratio)

- PSNR이란
 - 최대 신호 대 왜곡 비율을 의미
 - 객관적 화질 평가에서 널리 사용되는 화질 척도
- 손실이 적을수록 높은 PSNR 값을 가짐
 - MSE (Mean Square Error)가 0으로 열화가 없는 경우, PSNR은 무한대

$$MSE = \frac{\sum_{h=0}^{H-1} \sum_{w=0}^{W-1} (I_{ori}(w,h) - I'(w,h))^{2}}{W \times H}$$

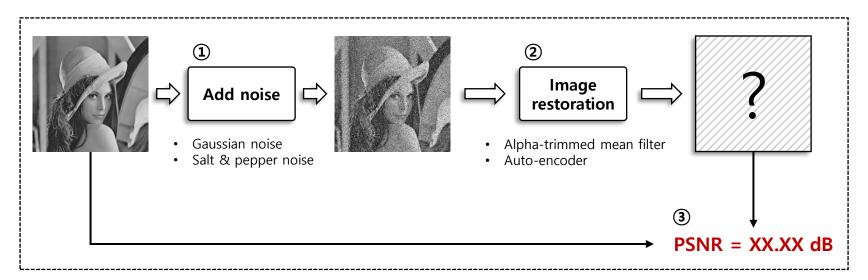
$$PSNR = 10 \log_{10} \left(\frac{MAX^2}{MSE} \right)$$

• MAX: 입력 신호의 최댓값 (8비트 심도일 경우, 255) (0~1 범위로 normalize 된 경우, 1)





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- 데이터셋
 - Ifw (Labeled Faces in the Wild) datasets
 - Train set : 13233개
 - 250 x 250 color image

- 과제 데이터셋

- Train set : 3000개, Test set : 100개
- 256 x 256 grayscale image























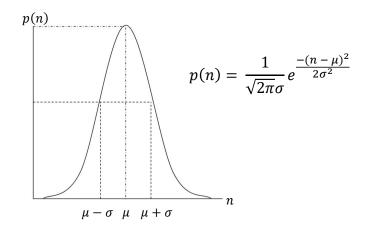
과제 수행 간 파라미터 설정

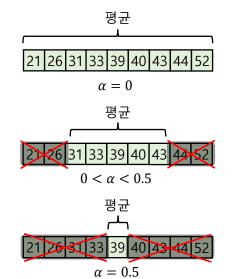
- Add noise
 - Gaussian noise

•
$$\mu = 0$$
, $\sigma = 10$

- Salt & pepper noise
 - $\rho = 0.2 (20\%)$

- Image restoration
 - Alpha-trimmed mean filter
 - Setting ①
 - \triangleright Filter size: 3x3, $\alpha = 0.2$
 - Setting ②
 - \triangleright Filter size: 5x5, $\alpha = 0.4$



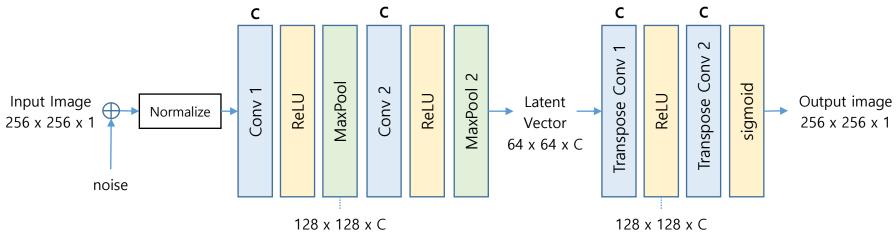


N of trimmed elements : $floor(\alpha \times (f \times f))$



과제 수행 간 파라미터 설정

- Image restoration
 - Auto-encoder
 - Conv2D & Conv2DTranspose
 - ➤ Number of channels (C): 32 or 64 / Kernel size: (3x3) / Activation: ReLU
 - Maxpooling2D
 - ➤ pool_size: (2x2)
 - 학습 과정
 - ➤ Optimizer: adam
 - ➤ Loss function: MSE (Mean Squared Error)
 - ➤ Epochs: 10





- 2종류의 잡음에 대해 4가지 잡음 제거 방법으로 실험을 진행한 후, PSNR 측정 수행
 - 아래와 같은 표로 정리하여 보고서에 작성
 - test dataset 100장에 대한 PSNR 측정 후 비교

	Alpha-trimmed	l mean filtering	Autoencoder		
Parameter setting	Filter 3x3, $\alpha = 0.2$	Filter 5x5, $\alpha = 0.4$	32 channels	64 channels	
Gaussian noise					
Salt & pepper noise					



과제 제출

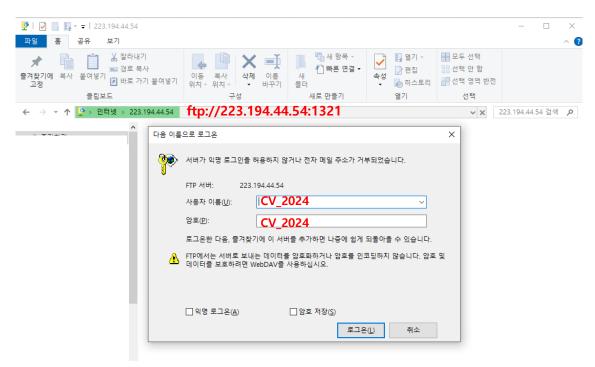
- 제출물 코드, 보고서 압축한 파일 제출 (학번_이름_ver#.zip) (예: 2024123456_홍길동_ver2.zip)
 - 코드
 - 과제 수행한 python 또는 Colab .ipynb 파일
 - 코드에 주석 작성
 - 보고서
 - 과제 개요, 과제 수행 방법, 결과 분석, 고찰

 ➤ 개발환경 버전 명시 (python, tensorflow, keras & Colab 사용 유무)
- ■제출처
 - FTP Sever
- 마감일
 - **2022년 4월 28일 (일요일) 23:59:59** (서버 시간 기준)
 - 마감일 이후 ~ 일주일: 채점 점수의 50%만 실제 과제 점수로 반영
 - _ 일주일 이후: 0점 처리



과제 제출 방법

- FTP Server
 - Windows 파일 탐색기 또는 FileZilla 이용해 서버 접속
 - URL: ftp://223.194.44.54:1321
 - Username: CV_2024
 - Password: CV_2024





과제 제출 방법

- FTP Server
 - 과제 폴더에 과제 압축 파일 업로드
 - 업로드 후 파일 삭제 불가능함 → 과제 수정 시, 새로운 버전으로 업로드
 - 마지막 버전의 과제 압축 파일로 과제 채점 예정
 - ➤ Ex. 2024123456_홍길동_ver1.zip 2024123456_홍길동_ver2.zip 2024123456_홍길동_ver3.zip
 - → "2024123456_홍길동_ver3.zip" 파일로 과제 채점



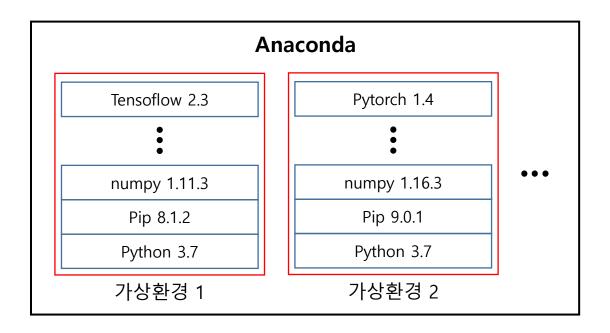


PYTHON 개발 환경

ANACONDA + VISUAL STUDIO CODE



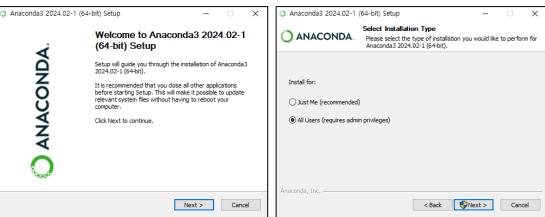
- 수학과 과학 분야에서 사용되는 여러 패키지들을 묶어 놓은 패키지 및 환경 관리 소프트웨어
 - SciPy, Numpy, Matplotlib, Pandas, Tensorflow 등을 비롯한 많은 패키지들을 포함
- 가상환경을 제공하여 버전 및 패키지 관리 용이

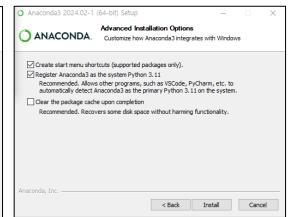




- Anaconda 설치
 - 설치 파일 다운로드 후 설치 수행
 - https://www.anaconda.com/download#downloads

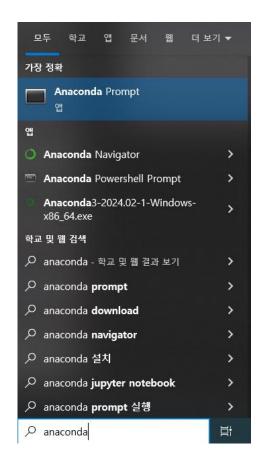








- Anaconda 실행
 - 윈도우 시작 메뉴에서 Anaconda Prompt 실행





```
■ Anaconda Prompt

(base) C:\Users\rlaas>conda --version

conda 24.1.2

(base) C:\Users\rlaas>
```



- Commands
 - 가상환경 생성
 - conda create --name [생성할 가상환경 이름] python=버전명 > ex. conda create --name CV2024 python=3.10

```
(base) C:₩Users₩rlaas>conda create --name CV2024 python=3.10
Channels:
- defaults
Platform: win-64
Collecting package metadata (repodata.json): done
Solving environment: done
## Package Plan ##
```

- 생성된 가상환경 목록 확인
 - conda info --envs

```
(base) C:₩Users₩rlaas>conda info --envs
# conda environments:
#
base * C:₩ProgramData₩anaconda3
CV2024 C:₩Users₩rlaas₩.conda₩envs₩CV2024
```

해당 가상환경의 interpreter 및 패키지가 위치하는 장소



- Commands
 - 생성한 가상환경으로 활성화 및 비활성화
 - activate [가상환경이름]

(base) C:₩Users₩rlaas>activate CV2024 (CV2024) C:₩Users₩rlaas>

deactivate

(CV2024) C:#Users\rlaas>conda deactivate (base) C:#Users\rlaas>

- 가상환경 내에 설치된 패키지 목록확인
 - conda list

```
CV2024) C:\Users\rlaas>conda list
           packages in environment at C:\Users\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\conda\rlaas\conda\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\
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```



Commands

- 기존 가상환경 복제
 - conda create --name [새로 생성할 가상 환경 이름] --clone [복제할 기존 가상환 경 이름]
 - 기존 가상환경의 패키지를 복사하여 새로운 가상환경 생성

- 가상환경 지우기
 - conda env remove -n [가상환경 이름]

```
CV2024) C:\Users\rlaas>conda create --name test --clone CV2024
ource: C:\Users\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas\rlaas
 Destination: C:\Users\rlaas\.conda\envs\test
Packages: 15
Files: 1
Downloading and Extracting Packages:
Downloading and Extracting Packages:
Preparing transaction: done
 Verifying transaction: done
       To activate this environment, use
                   $ conda activate test
      To deactivate an active environment, use
                   $ conda deactivate
 (CV2O24) C:\Users\rlaas>conda info --envs
      conda environments:
                                                                                C:\mathbb{W}ProgramData\mathbb{W}anaconda3
                                                                               C:\Users\rlaas\rdown.conda\rdownvs\rdownCV2024
                                                                                C: \Users\rangler laas\rangle.conda\rangleenvs\ranglettest
 (CV2024) C:\Users\rlaas>conda env remove -n test
 Remove all packages in environment C:\Users\rlaas\.conda\envs\test:
Everything found within the environment (C:\Users\rlaas\.conda\envs\test)
     including any conda environment configurations and any non-conda files
  will be deleted. Do you wish to continue?
   (y/[n])? y
 (CV2024) C:\Users\rlaas>conda info --envs
      conda environments:
                                                                                C:\mathbb{W}ProgramData\mathbb{W}anaconda3

    C:\Users\Urlaas\U.conda\Uenvs\UCV2024
```



- Commands
 - 아나콘다 버전 확인
 - conda info
 - conda 버전에 따라서 다운가능한 패키지의 버전이 다름

```
(CV2024) C:\u00e4Users\u00e4rlaas>conda info
    active environment : CV2024
   active env location : C:\Users\rlaas\.conda\envs\CV2024
user config file : C:\u00e4Users\u00fcrlaas\u00fc.condarc
populated config files : C:\u00fcUsers\u00fcrlaas\u00fc.condarc
   conda version : 24.1.2
conda-build version : 24.1.2
         python version: 3.11.7.final.0
                  solver : libmamba (default)
       virtual packages : __archspec=1=x86_64
                             __conda=24.1.2=0
                             __cuda=12.4=0
                              _win=0=0
      base environment : C:\ProgramData\anaconda3 (read only)
      conda av data dir : C:\ProgramData\atamanaconda3\etc\conda
 conda av metadata url : None
           channel URLs: https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/main/win-64
                             https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/main/noarch
                             https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/r/win-64
                             https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/r/noarch
                             https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/msys2/win-64
                             https://repo.anaconda.com/pkgs/msys2/noarch
          package cache : C:\ProgramData\anaconda3\pkgs
                             C:\Users\rlaas\.conda\pkgs
                             C:\Users\rlaas\AppData\Loca|\conda\conda\pkgs
       envs directories : C:\Users\ranglerlaas\rangle.conda\rangleenvs
                             C:\mathbb{W}ProgramData\mathbb{W}anaconda3\mathbb{W}envs
                             C: \Users\r|aas\AppData\Loca|\conda\conda\conda\envs
                platform: win-64
```



- Commands
 - 다운가능한 라이브러리 버전 확인
 - conda search 라이브러리명

(CV2024) C:#Ubara#rlaa	alaanda aaarah	karaa-anu	
(CV2O24) C:₩Users₩rlaa Loading channels: done		keras-gpu	
# Name	; Version	Build	Channel
Keras-gpu	2.0.8	py35hfd8c95c_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.0.8	py36hb5f7954_0	pkgs/main
Keras-gpu	2.1.2	py35_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.2	py36_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.3	py35_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.3	py36_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.4	py35_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.4	py36_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.5	py35_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.5	py36_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.6	py35_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.1.6	py36_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.2.0	0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.2.2	Ö	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.2.4	Ŏ	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.3.1	0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.4.3	0	pkgs/main
Keras-gpu	2.4.3	hd3eb1b0_0	pkgs/main
keras-gpu	2.6.0	hd3eb1b0_0	pkgs/main

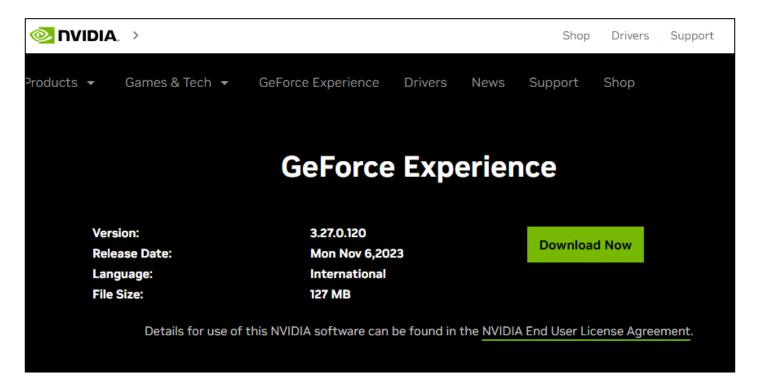


Commands

- 라이브러리 설치
 - pip install [라이브러리이름]
 - conda install [라이브러리이름]
 - ▶ 라이브러리 버전을 명시하지 않는 경우 최신버전으로 설치됨
 - pip install [라이브러리이름]==버전
 - conda install [라이브러리이름]==버전
 - ▶ 라이브러리 버전에 맞게 설치 가능
- 설치된 라이브러리 삭제
 - pip uninstall [삭제할 라이브러리이름]
 - conda uninstall [삭제할 라이브러리이름]



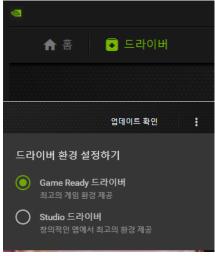
- Tensorflow GPU 설정
 - Geforce Experience 다운로드 후 설치
 - https://www.nvidia.com/en-us/geforce/geforce-experience/download/



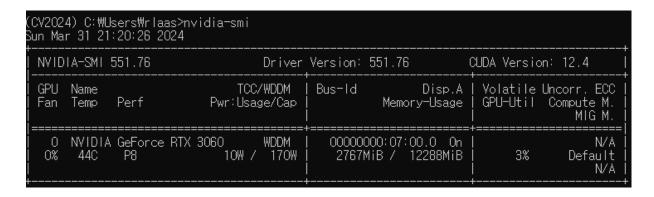


- Tensorflow GPU 설정
 - NVIDIA 드라이버 설치
 - Geforce Experience 실행 후 로그인 → 드라이버 탭
 - 우측 점 선택 → Game Ready 드라이버 선택
 - Geforce Game Ready 드라이버 다운로드



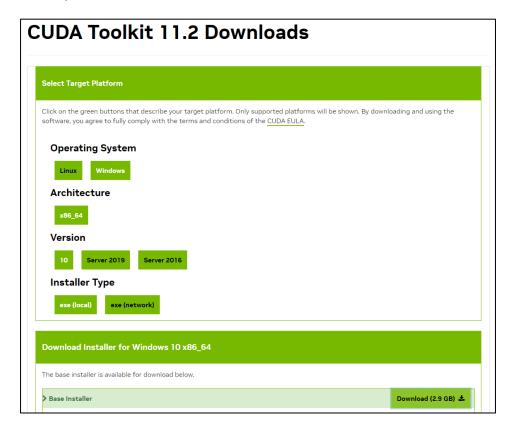


• 명령어 창에 nvidia-smi 입력하여 GPU 확인





- Tensorflow GPU 설정
 - CUDA Toolkit 11.2 다운로드 후 설치
 - https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-11.2.0-download-archive





Anaconda

- Tensorflow GPU 설정
 - cuDNN 8.1 다운로드 후 압축해제
 - https://developer.nvidia.com/rdp/cudnn-archive

Library for Windows and Linux,
Ubuntu(x86_64, armsbsa, PPC architecture)

cuDNN Library for Linux (x86_64)

cuDNN Library for Linux (PPC)

cuDNN Library for Windows (x86)

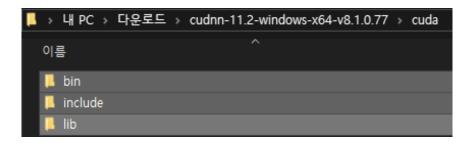
cuDNN Runtime Library for Ubuntu20.04 x86_64 (Deb)

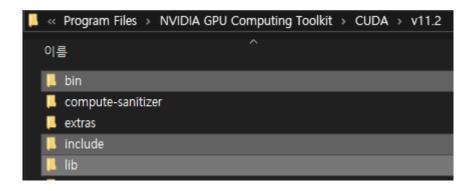
cuDNN Developer Library for Ubuntu20.04 x86_64 (Deb)



Anaconda

- Tensorflow GPU 설정
 - cuDNN 압축해제한 폴더의 bin, include, lib 폴더 아래 경로로 덮어쓰기
 - C:₩Program Files₩NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit₩CUDA₩v11.2





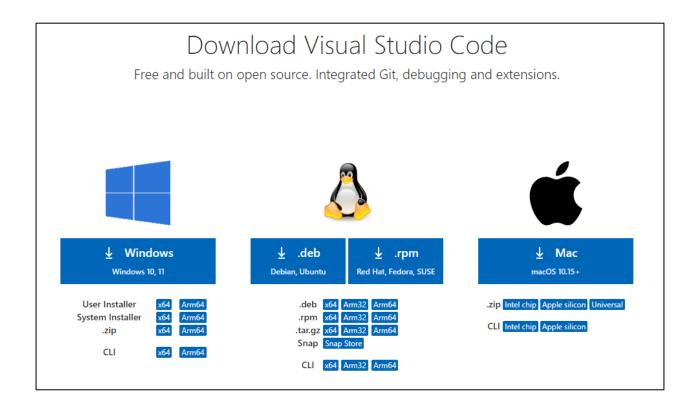


Anaconda

- 라이브러리 설치
 - tensorflow
 - pip install tensorflow==2.10.0
 - pip install tensorflow-gpu==2.10.0
 - matplotlib
 - pip install matplotlib
 - scikit-image
 - pip install scikit-image

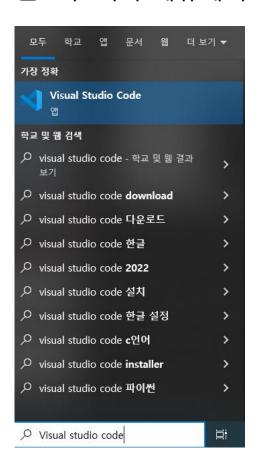


- Visual Studio Code 설치
 - 설치 파일 다운로드 후 설치 수행
 - https://code.visualstudio.com/download

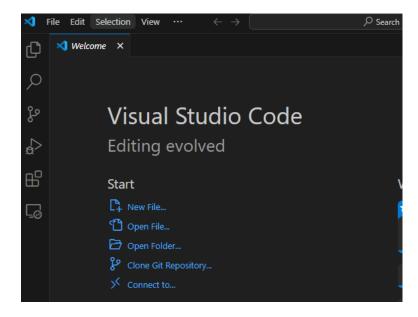




- Visual Studio Code 실행
 - 윈도우 시작 메뉴에서 Visual Studio Code 실행

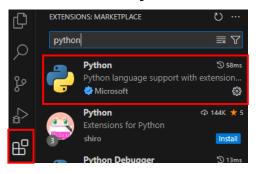




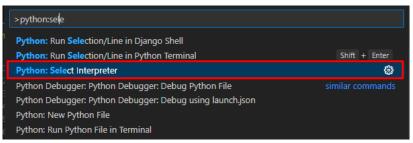


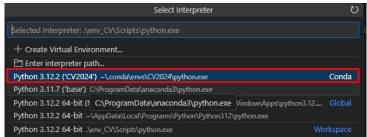


- Python & Anaconda 연동
 - File → Open Folder → [개발 수행 폴더 선택]
 - 좌측 Extensions 아이콘 선택 → "Python" extension 설치



- ctrl + shift + p → "Python: Select interpreter" 선택
 - 생성한 anaconda 가상 환경 선택







- Python & Anaconda 연동
 - ctrl + `
 - cmd (Command Prompt) 터미널 통해 가상환경 확인
 - python [파이썬 파일]
 - cmd (Command Prompt) 터미널 통해 코드 실행 가능





■ Tensorflow GPU 설정 확인

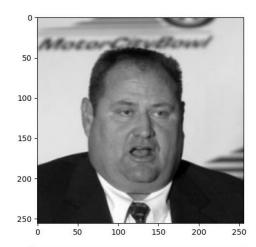
```
(CV2024) C:\Users\rlaas\Documents\Python Scripts\Noise Reduction>python
Python 3.10.14 | packaged by Anaconda, Inc. | (main, Mar 21 2024, 16:20:14) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> from tensorflow.python.client import device lib
>>> device lib.list local devices()
2024-03-31 23:54:01.834033: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu feature guard.cc:193] This TensorFlow binary is optimized
To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
2024-03-31 23:54:02.279012: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/gpu/gpu device.cc:1616] Created device /device:GPU:0 wit
[name: "/device:CPU:0"
device type: "CPU"
memory limit: 268435456
locality {
incarnation: 17285284039143292348
xla global id: -1
, name: "/device:GPU:0"
device type: "GPU"
memory limit: 10057940992
locality {
  bus id: 1
  links {
incarnation: 12057095033962505142
physical device desc: "device: 0, name: NVIDIA GeForce RTX 3060, pci bus id: 0000:07:00.0, compute capability: 8.6"
xla global id: 416903419
>>> quit()
(CV2024) C:\Users\rlaas\Documents\Python Scripts\Noise Reduction>
```

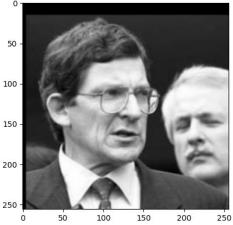
Anaconda + Visual Studio Code

- 데이터셋 로드 방법
 - 제공된 dataset.npy 파일 개발 경로에 저장 후 다음 코드를 통해 로드

```
import math
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
if <u>name</u> == '_main_':
  dataset resize = np.load('dataset.npy')
  train data
                 = dataset resize[:3000]
  test_data
                 = dataset resize[3000:]
  data_shape
                  = train_data[0].shape
  print(train data.shape)
  print(test_data.shape)
  plt.imshow(train_data[0], cmap='gray')
  plt.show()
  plt.imshow(test_data[0], cmap='gray')
  plt.show()
```

```
(3000, 256, 256)
(100, 256, 256)
```





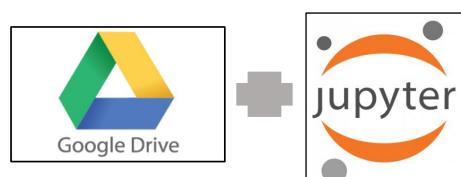


PYTHON 개발 환경

GOOGLE COLAP



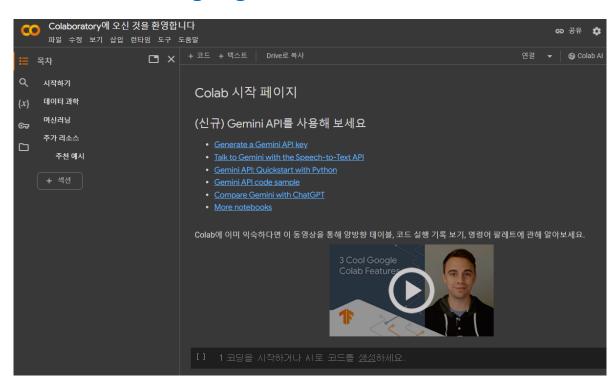
- Google Colaboratory (Colab)
 - 별도의 파이썬 설치 없이 웹 브라우저만을 이용해 주피터 노트북과 같은 작업가능
 - 주피터 노트북을 구글 서버에서 가동시키고 사용자가 조작
 - Google Drive처럼 협업 가능
 - Pytorch, Tensorflow, keras, matplotlib, scikit-learn, pandas 등의 라이 브러리가 미리 설치되어 있음
- 구글 gmail 계정을 통해 서비스 사용 가능
- 무료로 GPU 사용가능
 - 무료로 GPU 사용시 하루 최대 12시간 (사용량에 따라 감소함)





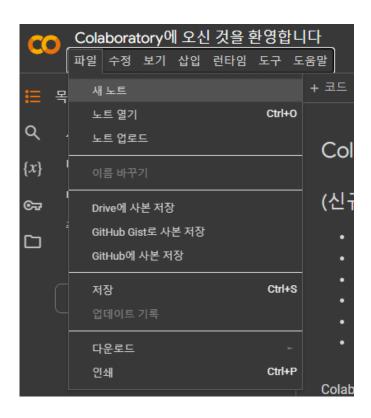


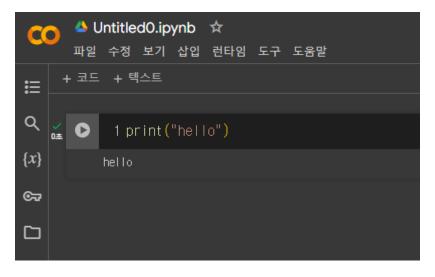
- G-mail 계정 생성 및 로그인
 - https://accounts.google.com/ServiceLogin
- Colab 사이트 접속
 - <u>https://colab.research.google.com/</u>





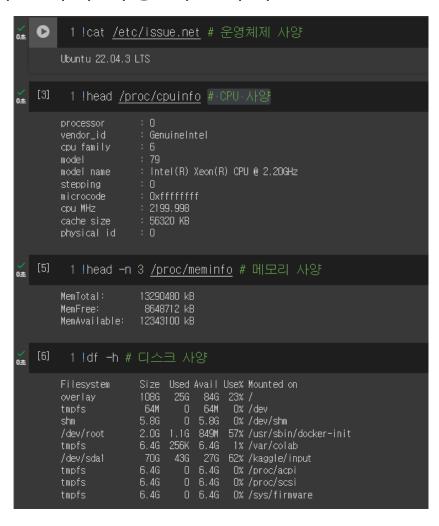
- 새 노트북 생성
 - 파일 → 새 노트 선택
 - 셀 안에 파이썬 코드를 입력하여 실행





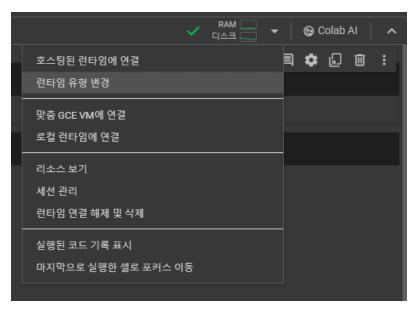


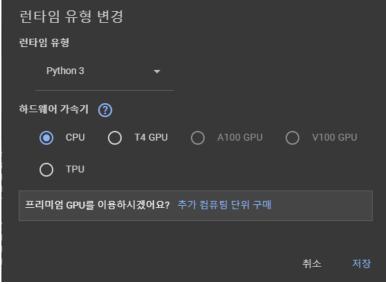
■ 운영체제 및 하드웨어 사양 확인하기





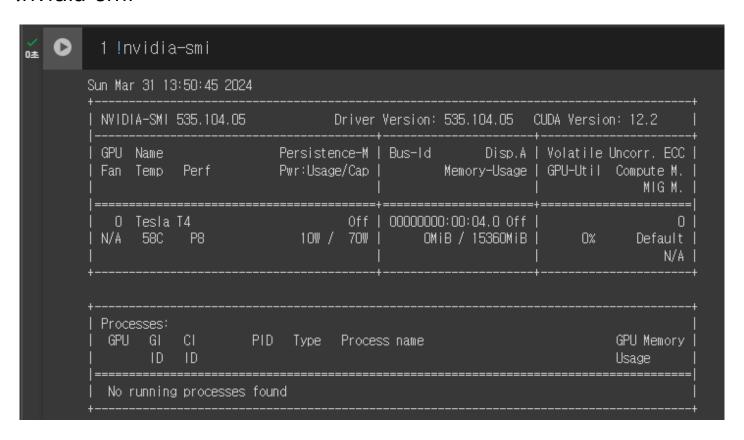
- GPU 사용하기
 - 런타임 → 런타임 유형 변경 → 하드웨어 가속기 설정
 - → T4 GPU로 변경 (TPU로도 변경가능)







- GPU 사양 확인하기
 - !nvidia-smi





- 라이브러리 확인
 - Python, tensorflow, matplotlib 등이 미리 설치되어 있음





<u>√</u> 0	1 !pip list	
Γ	tenacity tensorboard tensorboard-data-server tensorflow tensorflow-datasets tensorflow-estimator	8.2.3 2.15.2 0.7.2 2.15.0 4.9.4 2.15.0
	tensorflow-gcs-config tensorflow-hub tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem tensorflow-metadata tensorflow-probability tensorstore	2.15.0 0.16.1 0.36.0 1.14.0 0.23.0 0.1.45



- 데이터셋 로드 방법 ①
 - 제공된 dataset.npy 파일 구글 드라이브에 저장
 - 구글 드라이브 연동 수행



다음 코드에 dataset.npy 저장 경로 수정하여 데이터 로드

```
1 import math
 2 import numpy as np
3 import tensorflow as tf
4 from tensorflow import keras
5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
10 dataset_resize = np.load('/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab Notebooks/Noise_Reduct|ion/dataset.npy'
                = dataset_resize[:3000]
11 train_data
12 test_data = dataset_resize[3000:]
13 data shape
                  = train data[0].shape
15 print(train data.shape)
16 print(test_data.shape)
18 plt.imshow(train_data[0], cmap='gray')
   plt.show()
   _plt.imshow(test_data[0], cmap='gray')
    plt.show()
```





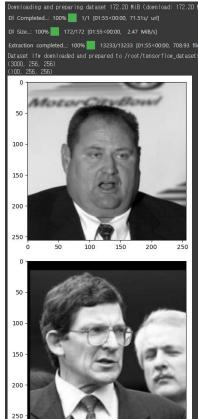
■ 데이터셋 로드 방법 ②

* 둘 중 한가지 방법을 통해 데이터셋 로드 수행

- 다음 코드를 통해,

Tensorflow-datasets로 Ifw datasets 직접 다운로드 후 전처리 수행

```
1 import math
2 import numpy as np
3 import tensorflow as tf
4 from tensorflow import keras
5 import tensorflow_datasets as tfds
6 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
7 from skimage.transform import resize
  dataset, info = tfds.load('lfw', split='train[:3100]', with_info=True)
                    = [img['image'] for img in tfds.as_numpy(dataset)]
13 dataset list
14 dataset_color = np.array(dataset_list)
                    = np.dot(dataset_color[..., :3], [0.299, 0.587, 0.114]).astype(np.uint8)
15 dataset gray
16 dataset_resize = (resize(dataset_gray, (3100, 256, 256))*255).astype(np.uint8)
17 train data
                    = dataset resize[:3000]
18 test_data
                   = dataset_resize[3000:]
                    = train data[0].shape
19 data shape
   print(train data.shape)
22 print(test_data.shape)
24 plt.imshow(train_data[0], cmap='gray')
    plt.show()
   plt.imshow(test_data[0], cmap='gray')
    plt.show()
```





TENSORFLOW KERAS



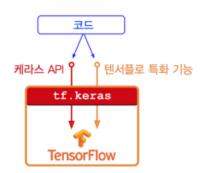
Tensorflow

- 머신 러닝용 오픈소스 프레임워크
- 데이터 플로우 그래프를 사용하여 수치 연산을 하는 오픈소스 소프트 웨어 라이브러리
- 구글에서 개발한 비공개 라이브러리였던 DistBelief에서 발전한 오픈소 스 라이브러리

Keras

- Keras는 딥러닝 모델을 빌드하고 학습시키기 위한 Tensorflow의 highlevel API







- Keras
 - 딥러닝 모델을 빌드하고 학습시키기 위한 Tensorflow의 상위 수준 API

```
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
```

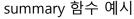
- Sequential 모델
 - 각 레이어에 하나의 입력 텐서와 출력 텐서가 있는 일반 레이어 스택

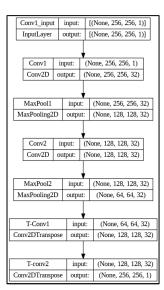


- Summary() 함수
 - -모델 요약 model.summary()
- plot_model() 함수
 - 모델의 각 레이어의 입력 및 출력 모양 표시

keras.utils.plot_model(model, "model_with_shape_info.png", show_shapes=True)

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
Conv1 (Conv2D)	(None, 256, 256, 32)	320
MaxPool1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	0
Conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	9248
MaxPool2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 64, 64, 32)	0
T-Conv1 (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 128, 128, 32)	9248
T-conv2 (Conv2DTranspose)	(None, 256, 256, 1)	289
Total params: 19,105 Trainable params: 19,105 Non-trainable params: 0		

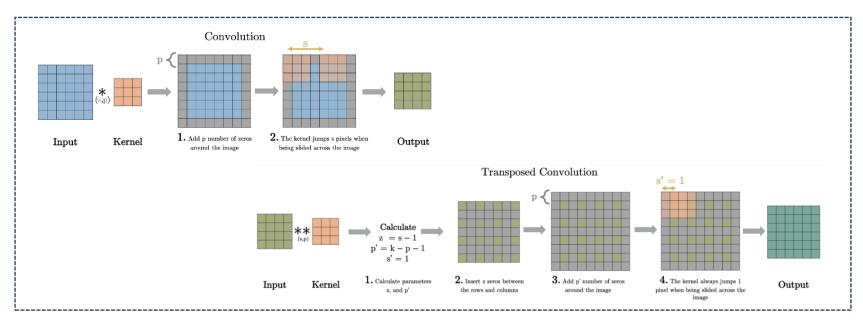


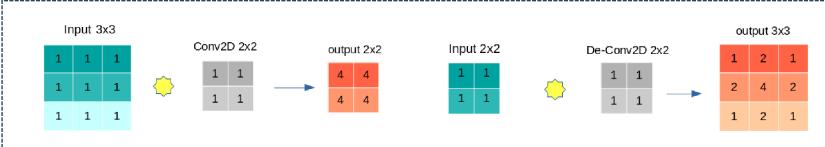


plot model 함수 예시



■ 2D Convolution layer & 2D Transposed Convolution layer 예시





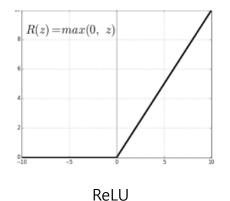


Conv2D & Conv2DTranspose

keras.layers.Conv2D(filters, kernel_size, strides=(1, 1), padding="valid", activation=None, input_shape, name)

tf.keras.layers.Conv2DTranspose(filters, kernel_size, strides=(1, 1), padding="valid", activation=None, input_shape, name)

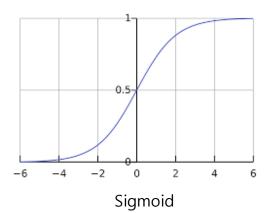
- 주요 파라미터
 - filters: 컨볼루션 필터의 수,
 - strides: 커널의 이동 간격 설정,
 - activation: 활성화 함수 설정,



kernel size: 컨볼루션 커널의 (행,열)

padding: 패딩 옵션

input_shape: 입력 형태



활성화 함수 예시



- Maxpooling2D
 - 공간적 데이터에 대한 최대값 풀링 작업
 - 파라미터
 - pool_size: 윈도우 patch의 수직, 수평 축소 비율 지정

tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2), strides=None, padding="valid", name)

Max Pooling

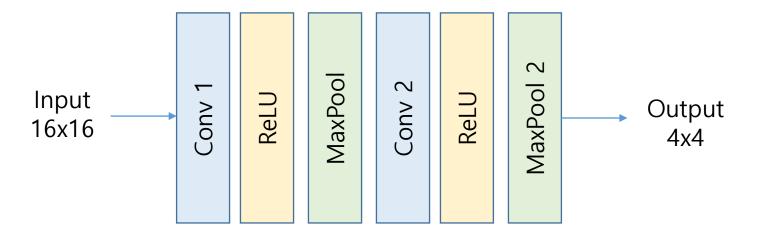
29	15	28	184
0	100	70	38
12	12	7	2
12	12	45	6



100	184	
12	45	



- CNN architecture 실행 예제
 - Conv2D
 - 필터 수: 16 / Kernel size: (3x3) / Activation: Relu
 - Maxpooling2D
 - pool_size: (2x2)



```
x = keras.layers.Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation="relu", padding="same")(input)
```

x = keras.layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding="same")(x)



x = keras.layers.MaxPooling2D((2, 2), padding="same")(x)

x = keras.layers.Conv2D(16, (3, 3), activation="relu", padding="same")(x)

- 교육, 평가 및 추론
 - compile() 함수
 - 손실 함수, 최적화 방법 등을 선택적으로 지정

model.compile(loss, optimizer)

- 훈련 fit() 함수
 - 데이터를 "batch_size" 크기로 분할하고 지정된 수의 "epoch"에 대해 전체 데 이터세트를 반복 처리하여 모델을 훈련
 - ➤ x: 입력 데이터, y: 타겟 데이터

model.fit(x, y, batch_size, epochs)

- 추론 evaluate() 함수
 - 테스트 데이터에 대해 모델 평가
 - > x: 입력 데이터, y: 타겟 데이터
 - ▶ 데스트 데이터에 대한 손실함수 값 반환

model.evaulate(x_test, y_test, verbose=2)



- 데이터셋 normalize
 - 딥러닝 학습 간 normalize 하여 입력
 - 데이터값 범위 : 0 ~ 255 → 0 ~ 1
 - Keras layer 입력 형태 : (batch_size, width, height, channel)



END OF PRESENTATION

Q&A

