

Lab-6 Simulated Annealing

NQueens:

Code:

```
import mlrose_hiive as mlrose
import numpy as np

def queens_max(position):
    no_attack_on_j = 0
    queen_not_attacking = 0
    for i in range(len(position) - 1):
        no_attack_on_j = 0
        for j in range(i + 1, len(position)):
            if (position[j] != position[i]) and (position[j] !=
position[i] + (j - i)) and (position[j] != position[i] - (j - i)):
                no_attack_on_j += 1
            if (no_attack_on_j == len(position) - 1 - i):
                queen_not_attacking += 1
    if (queen_not_attacking == 7):
        queen_not_attacking += 1
    return queen_not_attacking

objective = mlrose.CustomFitness(queens_max)

problem = mlrose.DiscreteOpt(length=8, fitness_fn=objective,
maximize=True, max_val=8)
T = mlrose.ExpDecay()

initial_position = np.array([4, 6, 1, 5, 2, 0, 3, 7])

result = mlrose.simulated_annealing(problem=problem, schedule=T,
max_attempts=500, max_iters=5000, init_state=initial_position)
best_position, best_objective = result[0], result[1]

print('The best position found is: ', best_position)
```

```
print('The number of queens that are not attacking each other is: ',
best_objective)
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\Admin> python -u "c:\Users\Admin\Desktop\raja_070\simulatedannealing.py"
• The best position found is: [2 5 1 4 7 0 6 3]
  The number of queens that are not attacking each other is: 8.0
```

Traveling salesman problem:

Code:

```
import mlrose_hiive as mlrose
import numpy as np
from scipy.spatial.distance import euclidean

# Define the coordinates of the cities
coords = [(0, 0), (1, 5), (2, 3), (5, 1), (6, 4), (7, 2)]

# Calculate the distances between each pair of cities
distances = []
for i in range(len(coords)):
    for j in range(i + 1, len(coords)):
        dist = euclidean(coords[i], coords[j])
        distances.append((i, j, dist))

# Create a fitness function for the TSP using the distance matrix
fitness_dists = mlrose.TravellingSales(distances=distances)

# Define the optimization problem
problem = mlrose.TSPOpt(length=len(coords), fitness_fn=fitness_dists,
maximize=False)

# Define the simulated annealing schedule
schedule = mlrose.ExpDecay(init_temp=10, exp_const=0.005, min_temp=1)
```

```
# Solve the problem using simulated annealing and print the result
structure
result = mlrose.simulated_annealing(problem, schedule=schedule,
max_attempts=100, max_iters=1000, random_state=2)
print("Result structure:", result)

# If the result is a tuple, unpack it accordingly
if isinstance(result, tuple) and len(result) == 2:
    best_state, best_fitness = result
else:
    best_state, best_fitness = result[0], result[1]

# Display the results
print("Best route found:", best_state)
print(f"Total distance of best route: {best_fitness:.3f}")
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\Admin> python -u "c:\Users\Admin\Desktop\raja_070\tspannealing.py"
Result structure: (array([1, 0, 3, 5, 4, 2]), 21.0293485853026, None)
Best route found: [1 0 3 5 4 2]
Total distance of best route: 21.029
```