## STACK IMPLIMENTATION

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node{
  int data;
  struct node *next;
};
struct node *head;
void push(int new_data)
{
  struct node* new_node = (struct node*) malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  new_node->data = new_data;
  new_node->next = head;
  head = new node;
}
void pop()
{
  struct node *ptr;
  if(head == NULL)
  {
     printf("\nList is empty ");
  }
  else
  {
```

```
ptr = head;
     head = ptr->next;
     free(ptr);
     printf("\n Node deleted from the begining");
  }
void display()
  struct node *ptr;
  ptr=head;
  if(ptr==NULL)
     printf("Nothing to print");
  }
  else
     printf("\n printing the elements ...\n");
     while(ptr!=NULL)
       printf("\n%d",ptr->data);
       ptr=ptr->next;
     }
  }
}
int main()
  int ch,val;
  struct node *head=NULL;
  while(1)
  { printf("\n Enter the choice, 1. to push 2. pop, 3. ");
     scanf("%d",&ch);
     switch(ch)
  {
     case 1:
       {
```

```
printf("Enter the value to input:");
        scanf("%d",&val);
        push(val);
       break;
       }
     case 2:
       {
          pop();
          break;
       }
     case 3:
       {
          display();
          break;
       }
     case 4:
       {
          exit(1);
       }
     default:
       {
          printf("Invalid choice");
        }
  }
}
}
```

```
Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 1
Enter the value to input : 1
Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 1
Enter the value to input : 2
Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 1
Enter the value to input : 3
Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 3
printing the elements ...
3
2
Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 2
Node deleted from the begining
Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 3
printing the elements ...
2
Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 2
Node deleted from the begining
Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 3
 Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 2
 Node deleted from the begining
 Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3. 2
List is empty
 Enter the choice , 1. to push 2. pop, 3.
```

## QUEUE IMPLIMENTATION

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node
  int data;
  struct node *next;
};
struct node *front = NULL, *rear = NULL;
void enqueue(int val)
  struct node *newNode = malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  newNode->data = val;
  newNode->next = NULL;
  //if it is the first node
  if(front == NULL && rear == NULL)
    //make both front and rear points to the new node
    front = rear = newNode;
  else
     //add newnode in rear->next
     rear->next = newNode;
    //make the new node as the rear node
     rear = newNode;
  }
}
void dequeue()
  //used to free the first node after dequeue
  struct node *temp;
  if(front == NULL)
     printf("Queue is Empty. Unable to perform dequeue\n");
  else
```

```
{
     //take backup
     temp = front;
     //make the front node points to the next node
     //logically removing the front element
     front = front->next;
     //if front == NULL, set rear = NULL
     if(front == NULL)
       rear = NULL;
    //free the first node
    free(temp);
  }
}
void printList()
  struct node *temp = front;
  while(temp)
     printf("%d->",temp->data);
     temp = temp->next;
  printf("NULL\n");
}
int main()
{
  int data, ch;
  printf("Menu:\n 1. Enqueue\n 2. Dequeue\n 3. Display\n 4. Exit");
  printf("\nEnter choice: ");
  scanf("%d",&ch);
 while(ch!=4){
  switch(ch){
  case 1:
     printf("Enter data to be pushed: ");
     scanf("%d",&data);
     enqueue(data);
     break;
  case 2:
```

```
dequeue();
  break;
case 3:
  printList();
  break;
case 4:
  exit(0);
}
printf("\nEnter choice: ");
scanf("%d",&ch);
}
return 0;
}
```

```
Menu:
1. Enqueue
2. Dequeue
Display
4. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter data to be pushed: 20
Enter choice: 1
Enter data to be pushed: 21
Enter choice: 1
Enter data to be pushed: 22
Enter choice: 1
Enter data to be pushed: 23
Enter choice: 1
Enter data to be pushed: 24
Enter choice: 3
20->21->22->23->24->NULL
Enter choice: 2
Queue is Empty. Unable to perform dequeue
Enter choice: 3
NULL
```