SHLOK SHIVARAM IYER SEM 3 SECTION E BATCH:2

```
#define N 5
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int stack[N];
int top=-1;
void push()
{ int x;
  if(top==N)
  {
     printf("Stack overflow");
  }
  else
    printf("Enter the element to be pushed");
    scanf("%d",&x);
    top++;
    stack[top]=x;
  }
void pop()
  int item;
  if(top==-1)
     printf("Stack underflow\n");
  }
  else
     printf("The popped element is %d",stack[top]);
     top--;
  }
}
void display()
{ int i;
  for (i=N;i>=0;i--)
  {
     printf("%d\n",stack[i]);
  }
void main()
```

```
int choice;
  printf("Enter 1 for push, 2 for pop,3 for display and 4 to terminate\n");
  scanf("%d",&choice);
  while(1)
  {
     switch(choice)
     case 1:
        push();
        break;
     case 2:
        pop();
        break;
     case 3:
       display();
       break;
     case 4:
        exit(0);
     printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
     scanf("%d",&choice);
  }
}
```

Output:

```
Enter 1 for push, 2 for pop,3 for display and 4 to terminate
Enter the element to be pushed23
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be pushed24
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be pushed25
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be pushed33
Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be pushed44
Enter your choice: 3
44
33
25
24
23
Enter your choice: 1
Stack overflow
Enter your choice:
```

Output for display, push and overflow

```
Enter 1 for push, 2 for pop,3 for display and 4 to terminate

1
Enter the element to be pushed23

Enter your choice: 1
Enter the element to be pushed22

Enter your choice: 2
The popped element is 22
Enter your choice: 2
The popped element is 23
Enter your choice: 2
Stack underflow

Enter your choice: |
```

Output for pop and underflow