Booth's Algorithm

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#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int a = 0, b = 0, c = 0, a1 = 0, b1 = 0, com[5] = \{1, 0, 0, 0, 0\};
int anum[5] = \{0\}, anumcp[5] = \{0\}, bnum[5] = \{0\};
int acomp[5] = \{0\}, bcomp[5] = \{0\}, pro[5] = \{0\}, res[5] = \{0\};
void binary(){
   a1 = fabs(a);
   b1 = fabs(b);
   int r, r2, i, temp;
   for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
      r = a1 \% 2;
      a1 = a1 / 2;
      r2 = b1 % 2;
      b1 = b1 / 2;
       anum[i] = r;
       anumcp[i] = r;
      bnum[i] = r2;
      if(r2 == 0){
          bcomp[i] = 1;
      }
      if(r == 0){
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acomp[i] =1;
    }
 }
//part for two's complementing
c = 0;
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
    res[i] = com[i]+ bcomp[i] + c;
    if(res[i] >= 2){
       c = 1;
    }
    else
       c = 0;
     res[i] = res[i] % 2;
 }
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
 bcomp[i] = res[i];
}
//in case of negative inputs
if (a < 0){
 c = 0;
 for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    res[i] = 0;
 }
 for ( i = 0; i < 5; i++){
    res[i] = com[i] + acomp[i] + c;
    if (res[i] >= 2){
        c = 1;
```

```
}
      else
         c = 0;
      res[i] = res[i]%2;
  }
  for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
      anum[i] = res[i];
      anumcp[i] = res[i];
  }
 }
 if(b < 0){
  for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
      temp = bnum[i];
      bnum[i] = bcomp[i];
      bcomp[i] = temp;
  }
 }
}
void add(int num[]){
  int i;
  c = 0;
  for (i = 0; i < 5; i++){
      res[i] = pro[i] + num[i] + c;
      if (res[i] >= 2){
         c = 1;
      }
```

```
else{
         c = 0;
      }
      res[i] = res[i]%2;
  }
  for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
     pro[i] = res[i];
     printf("%d",pro[i]);
  }
 printf(":");
 for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
      printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
  }
}
void arshift(){//for arithmetic shift right
  int temp = pro[4], temp2 = pro[0], i;
  for (i = 1; i < 5; i++){//shift} the MSB of product
    pro[i-1] = pro[i];
  }
  pro[4] = temp;
  for (i = 1; i < 5; i++){//shift the LSB of product
     anumcp[i-1] = anumcp[i];
  }
  anumcp[4] = temp2;
  printf("\nAR-SHIFT: ");//display together
  for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d",pro[i]);
```

```
}
  printf(":");
  for(i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
  }
}
void main(){
 int i, q = 0;
 printf("\t\tBOOTH'S MULTIPLICATION ALGORITHM");
 printf("\nEnter two numbers to multiply: ");
 printf("\nBoth must be less than 16");
 //simulating for two numbers each below 16
 do{
    printf("\nEnter A: ");
    scanf("%d",&a);
    printf("Enter B: ");
    scanf("%d", &b);
  }while(a >=16 || b >=16);
  printf("\nExpected product = %d", a * b);
  binary();
  printf("\n\nBinary Equivalents are: ");
  printf("\nA = ");
  for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", anum[i]);
  }
```

```
printf("\nB = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
  printf("%d", bnum[i]);
}
printf("\nB'+ 1 = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
  printf("%d", bcomp[i]);
}
printf("\n\n");
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    if (anum[i] == q){//just shift for 00 or 11
      printf("\n-->");
      arshift();
      q = anum[i];
    }
    else if(anum[i] == 1 && q == 0){//subtract and shift for 10
     printf("\n-->");
      printf("\nSUB B: ");
      add(bcomp);//add two's complement to implement subtraction
      arshift();
      q = anum[i];
    }
    else{//add ans shift for 01
      printf("\n-->");
      printf("\nADD B: ");
      add(bnum);
      arshift();
```

```
q = anum[i];
}

printf("\nProduct is = ");
for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", pro[i]);
}

for (i = 4; i >= 0; i--){
    printf("%d", anumcp[i]);
}
```

Output:

>_ Terminal

```
BOOTH'S MULTIPLICATION ALGORITHM
Enter two numbers to multiply:
Both must be less than 16
Enter A: 10
Enter B: 05
Expected product = 50
Binary Equivalents are:
A = 01010
B = 00101
B' + 1 = 11011
AR-SHIFT: 00000:00101
SUB B: 11011:00101
AR-SHIFT: 11101:10010
ADD B: 00010:10010
AR-SHIFT: 00001:01001
SUB B: 11100:01001
AR-SHIFT: 11110:00100
ADD B: 00011:00100
AR-SHIFT: 00001:10010
Product is = 0000110010
```