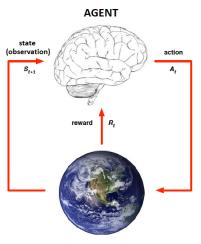
Lecture 3: Dynamic Programming. Policy and Value Iterations

Anton Plaksin

Reinforcement Learning



ENVIROMENT

The agent's goal is to maximize $G = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t R_t$, $\gamma \in [0,1]$.



Markov Decision Process

Markov Property

$$\mathbb{P}[S_{t+1}|S_t, A_t] = \mathbb{P}[S_{t+1}|S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2 \dots, S_t, A_t]$$
$$\mathbb{P}[R_t|S_t, A_t] = \mathbb{P}[R_t|S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2 \dots, S_t, A_t] = \mathbf{1}$$

Markov Decision Process

Markov Property

$$\mathbb{P}[S_{t+1}|S_t, A_t] = \mathbb{P}[S_{t+1}|S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \dots, S_t, A_t]$$
$$\mathbb{P}[R_t|S_t, A_t] = \mathbb{P}[R_t|S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \dots, S_t, A_t] = 1$$

Markov Decision Process $\langle \mathcal{S}, \mathcal{A}, \mathcal{P}, \mathcal{P}_0, \mathcal{R}, \gamma \rangle$

- S is a finite (|S| = n) state space
- \mathcal{A} is a finite $(|\mathcal{A}| = m)$ action space
- \bullet \mathcal{P} is a known transition probability function

$$\mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) = \mathbb{P}[S_{t+1} = s'|S_t = s, A_t = a]$$

- \mathcal{P}_0 is a known initial state probability function
- \mathcal{R} is a known reward function

$$\mathcal{R}(s,a) = R_t \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad \mathbb{P}[R_t|S_t = s, A_t = a] = 1$$

• $\gamma \in [0,1]$ is a discount coefficient



Stochastic Policy

$$\pi(a|s) \in [0,1], \quad a \in \mathcal{A}, \quad s \in \mathcal{S}$$

- Set π
- Agent starts from the initial state $S_0 \sim \mathcal{P}_0$
- acts $A_0 \sim \pi(\cdot|S_0)$
- gets the reward $R_0 = \mathcal{R}(S_0, A_0)$ and goes to the next state $S_1 \sim \mathcal{P}(\cdot|S_0, A_0)$
- acts $A_1 \sim \pi(\cdot|S_1)$
- gets the reward $R_1 = \mathcal{R}(S_1, A_1)$ and goes to the next state $S_2 \sim \mathcal{P}(\cdot|S_1, A_1)$
- . . .
- $\tau = \{S_0, A_0, S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \ldots\}, \quad G(\tau) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t)$

The Reinforcement Learning problem

$$\mathbb{E}_{\pi}[G] \longrightarrow \max_{\pi}$$



Value Function

- Set π and s
- Agent starts from the initial state $S_0 = s$
- acts $A_0 \sim \pi(\cdot|S_0)$
- gets the reward $R_0 = \mathcal{R}(S_0, A_0)$ and goes to the next state $S_1 \sim \mathcal{P}(\cdot|S_0, A_0)$
- acts $A_1 \sim \pi(\cdot|S_1)$
- gets the reward $R_1 = \mathcal{R}(S_1, A_1)$ and goes to the next state $S_2 \sim \mathcal{P}(\cdot|S_1, A_1)$
- •
- $\tau = \{S_0, A_0, S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \ldots\}, \quad G(\tau) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t)$



Value Function

- Set π and s
- Agent starts from the initial state $S_0 = s$
- acts $A_0 \sim \pi(\cdot|S_0)$
- gets the reward $R_0 = \mathcal{R}(S_0, A_0)$ and goes to the next state $S_1 \sim \mathcal{P}(\cdot|S_0, A_0)$
- acts $A_1 \sim \pi(\cdot|S_1)$
- gets the reward $R_1 = \mathcal{R}(S_1, A_1)$ and goes to the next state $S_2 \sim \mathcal{P}(\cdot|S_1, A_1)$
- •
- $\tau = \{S_0, A_0, S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \ldots\}, \quad G(\tau) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t)$

Value Function

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi}[G]$$



Deterministic Case

Remark

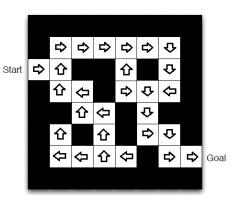
If Policy and Environment are deterministic (non-stochastic) then

$$v_{\pi}(s) = G(\tau_{\pi}),$$

where $\tau_{\pi} \colon \mathbb{P}(\tau_{\pi}|\pi) = 1$.

Пример: Maze

$$R_t = -1, \quad \gamma = 1, \quad \pi:$$



Пример: Maze

 v_{π} :

$$R_t = -1, \quad \gamma = 1, \quad \pi:$$

Start

1									
		-14	-13	-12	-11	-10	-9		
rt	-16	-15			-12		-8		
		-16	-17		-7	-6	-7		
			-18	-19		-5			
		- ∞		-20		-4	-3		
		- ∞	- ∞	-21	-22		-2	-1	Goal

₽▶

$$\tau = (S_0, A_0, S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \ldots), \quad G(\tau) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t)$$

$$\tau = (S_0, A_0, S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \dots), \quad G(\tau) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t)$$

$$\tilde{\tau} = (S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, S_3, A_3 \dots), \quad G(\tilde{\tau}) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_{t+1}, A_{t+1})$$



$$\tau = (S_0, A_0, S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \dots), \quad G(\tau) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t)$$

$$\tilde{\tau} = (S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, S_3, A_3, \dots), \quad G(\tilde{\tau}) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_{t+1}, A_{t+1})$$

$$G(\tau) = \mathcal{R}(S_0, A_0) + \gamma \sum_{t=1}^{\infty} \gamma^{t-1} \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t) = \mathcal{R}(S_0, A_0) + \gamma G(\tilde{\tau})$$



$$\tau = (S_0, A_0, S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, \dots), \quad G(\tau) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t)$$

$$\tilde{\tau} = (S_1, A_1, S_2, A_2, S_3, A_3, \dots), \quad G(\tilde{\tau}) = \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^t \mathcal{R}(S_{t+1}, A_{t+1})$$

$$G(\tau) = \mathcal{R}(S_0, A_0) + \gamma \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \gamma^{t-1} \mathcal{R}(S_t, A_t) = \mathcal{R}(S_0, A_0) + \gamma G(\tilde{\tau})$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \Big)$$



$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \Big)$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \left(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \right)$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)v_{\pi}(s')$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \Big)$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)v_{\pi}(s')$$

$$\mathcal{R}_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{R}(s,a), \quad \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s',s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)$$



$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \Big)$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)v_{\pi}(s')$$

$$\mathcal{R}_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{R}(s,a), \quad \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s',s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \mathcal{R}_{\pi}(s) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s',s)v_{\pi}(s')$$



$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \left(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \right)$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)v_{\pi}(s')$$

$$\mathcal{R}_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{R}(s,a), \quad \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s',s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)\mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \mathcal{R}_{\pi}(s) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s',s)v_{\pi}(s')$$

$$v_{\pi} = \begin{pmatrix} v_{\pi}(s_{1}) \\ \cdots \\ v_{\pi}(s_{n}) \end{pmatrix}, \mathcal{R}_{\pi} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{R}_{\pi}(s_{1}) \\ \cdots \\ \mathcal{R}_{\pi}(s_{n}) \end{pmatrix}, \mathcal{P}_{\pi} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s_{1},s_{1}) & \cdots & \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s_{1},s_{n}) \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s_{n},s_{1}) & \cdots & \mathcal{P}_{\pi}(s_{n},s_{n}) \end{pmatrix}$$



$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \Big)$$

$$v_{\pi} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi} + \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi} v_{\pi}$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \Big)$$

$$v_{\pi} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi} + \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi} v_{\pi}$$

$$(E - \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi})v_{\pi} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi}$$

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \left(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \right)$$

$$v_{\pi} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi} + \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi} v_{\pi}$$

$$(E - \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi})v_{\pi} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi}$$

$$v_{\pi} = (E - \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi})^{-1} \mathcal{R}_{\pi}$$



Bellman Expectation Equation for v_{π}

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v_{\pi}(s') \Big)$$

$$v_{\pi} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi} + \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi} v_{\pi}$$

$$(E - \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi})v_{\pi} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi}$$

$$v_{\pi} = (E - \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi})^{-1} \mathcal{R}_{\pi}$$

Theorem

If $\gamma < 1$ then there exists a unique solution v_{π} of Bellman Expectation Equation.



Iterative Policy Evaluation (Fixed-Point Iteration)

Let
$$\pi$$
; $v^0(s)$, $s \in \mathcal{S}$, $K \in \mathbb{N}$.

For each $k \in \overline{0, K}$, do

$$v^{k+1}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v^k(s') \Big), \quad s \in \mathcal{S}$$

or

$$v^{k+1} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi} + \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi} v^k$$



Iterative Policy Evaluation (Fixed-Point Iteration)

Let π ; $v^0(s)$, $s \in \mathcal{S}$, $K \in \mathbb{N}$.

For each $k \in \overline{0, K}$, do

$$v^{k+1}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s) \Big(\mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a) v^k(s') \Big), \quad s \in \mathcal{S}$$

or

$$v^{k+1} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi} + \gamma \mathcal{P}_{\pi} v^k$$

Theorem

 $v^k \to v_\pi, k \to \infty$. Convergence rate $O(mn^2)$



Action-Value Function

Action-Value Function

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi}[G \,|\, S_0 = s, \, A_0 = a]$$

Action-Value Function

Action-Value Function

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi}[G \mid S_0 = s, A_0 = a]$$

q_{π} and v_{π}

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)q_{\pi}(s,a), \quad q_{\pi}(s,a) = \mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)v_{\pi}(s')$$



Action-Value Function

Action-Value Function

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi}[G \,|\, S_0 = s, \, A_0 = a]$$

q_{π} and v_{π}

$$v_{\pi}(s) = \sum_{a} \pi(a|s)q_{\pi}(s,a), \quad q_{\pi}(s,a) = \mathcal{R}(s,a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s,a)v_{\pi}(s')$$

$$q_{\pi}(s, a) = \mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) \sum_{a'} \pi(a'|s') q_{\pi}(s', a')$$



Policy Improvement

Partially Order for Policies

$$\pi' \ge \pi \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad v_{\pi'}(s) \ge v_{\pi}(s), \quad \forall s \in \mathcal{S}$$

Policy Improvement

Partially Order for Policies

$$\pi' \ge \pi \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad v_{\pi'}(s) \ge v_{\pi}(s), \quad \forall s \in \mathcal{S}$$

Greedy Policy Improvement

$$\pi'(a|s) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } a \in \operatorname{argmax}_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} q_{\pi}(s, a') \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Policy Improvement

Partially Order for Policies

$$\pi' \ge \pi \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad v_{\pi'}(s) \ge v_{\pi}(s), \quad \forall s \in \mathcal{S}$$

Greedy Policy Improvement

$$\pi'(a|s) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } a \in \operatorname{argmax}_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} q_{\pi}(s, a') \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Policy Improvement Theorem

Let π . If π' is defined by Greedy Policy Improvement then

$$\pi' \geq \pi$$

Optimal Policy

(Optimal) Value Function and Action-Value Function

$$v_*(s) = \max_{\pi} v_{\pi}(s), \quad q_*(s, a) = \max_{\pi} q_{\pi}(s, a)$$

Optimal Policy

(Optimal) Value Function and Action-Value Function

$$v_*(s) = \max_{\pi} v_{\pi}(s), \quad q_*(s, a) = \max_{\pi} q_{\pi}(s, a)$$

Optimal Policy Existence Theorem

There exists a (optimal) policy π_* such that

- $\pi_* \geq \pi, \forall \pi$
- $v_{\pi_*}(s) = v_*(s), \forall s \in \mathcal{S}$
- $q_{\pi_*}(s, a) = q_*(s, a), \forall s \in \mathcal{S}, \forall a \in \mathcal{A}$

Policy Iteration

Let π^0 and $L, K \in \mathbb{N}$. For each $k \in \overline{0, K}$, do

• (Policy evaluation) Iterative Policy Evaluation

$$v^{l+1} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi^k} + \mathcal{P}_{\pi^k} v^l, \quad l \in \overline{0, L-1}.$$

Define $q^L(s, a)$ by $v^L(s)$

• (Policy improvement) Greedy Policy Improvement

$$\pi^{k+1}(a|s) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } a \in \operatorname{argmax}_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} q^L(s, a') \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



Policy Iteration

Let π^0 and $L, K \in \mathbb{N}$. For each $k \in \overline{0, K}$, do

• (Policy evaluation) Iterative Policy Evaluation

$$v^{l+1} = \mathcal{R}_{\pi^k} + \mathcal{P}_{\pi^k} v^l, \quad l \in \overline{0, L-1}.$$

Define $q^L(s, a)$ by $v^L(s)$

• (Policy improvement) Greedy Policy Improvement

$$\pi^{k+1}(a|s) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } a \in \operatorname{argmax}_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} q^L(s, a') \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Theorem

$$\pi^k \to \pi_*, k \to \infty$$
. Convergence rate $O(mn^2)$



Bellman Optimality Equations for v_*

$$v_*(s) = \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \left(\mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) v_*(s') \right)$$

Bellman Optimality Equations for v_*

$$v_*(s) = \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \left(\mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) v_*(s') \right)$$

Bellman Optimality Equations for q_*

$$q_*(s, a) = \mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) \max_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} q_*(s', a')$$

Bellman Optimality Equations for v_*

$$v_*(s) = \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \left(\mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) v_*(s') \right)$$

Bellman Optimality Equations for q_*

$$q_*(s, a) = \mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) \max_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} q_*(s', a')$$

v_* and q_*

$$v_*(s) = \max_{a \in A} q_*(s, a), \quad q_*(s, a) = \mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) v_*(s')$$



Bellman Optimality Equations for v_*

$$v_*(s) = \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \left(\mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) v_*(s') \right)$$

Bellman Optimality Equations for q_*

$$q_*(s, a) = \mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) \max_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} q_*(s', a')$$

v_* and q_*

$$v_*(s) = \max_{a \in A} q_*(s, a), \quad q_*(s, a) = \mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s' \in \mathcal{S}} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) v_*(s')$$

π_* and q_*

$$\pi_*(a|s) = \begin{cases} 1, \text{ если } a \in \operatorname{argmax}_{a' \in \mathcal{A}} q_*(s, a') \\ 0, \text{ иначе} \end{cases}$$



Value Iteration

Let $v^0(s)$, $s \in \mathcal{S}$ and $K \in \mathbb{N}$.

For each $k \in \overline{0, K}$, do

$$v^{k+1}(s) = \max_{a \in \mathcal{A}} \left(\mathcal{R}(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} \mathcal{P}(s'|s, a) v^k(s') \right), \quad s \in \mathcal{S}$$

Theorem

 $v^k \to v_*, k \to \infty$. Convergence rate $O(mn^2)$



- Definitions of v_{π} , q_{π} , v_{*} , q_{*} , π_{*} will be used for the general MDP (when \mathcal{S} and \mathcal{A} are infinite, and \mathcal{P} and \mathcal{R} are unknown)
- Bellman Expectation Equation for v_{π} and q_{π} , and Bellman Optimality Equation for v_{*} and q_{*} as well as Policy Improvement Theorem and Optimal Policy Existence Theorem hold in the case of MDP in which S and A are finite, but P and R can be unknown.
- Policy Iteration and Value Iteration algorithms are only for the case of MDP in which $\mathcal S$ and $\mathcal A$ are finite, and $\mathcal P$ and $\mathcal R$ are known.

QUESTIONS?