Problem 1

- 1. L_1 is not regular
- 2. L_2 is regular, (0|1) * 1(0|1) * 1(0|1) * 1(0|1) *
- 3. L_3 is regular, (0|1)(00|01|10|11)*
- 4. L_4 is regular, (0)|(1)|(0(0|1)*0)|(1(0|1)*1)
- 5. L_5 is not regular
- 6. L_6 is not regular

Problem 2.1

Theorem: L_1 is not regular.

Proof. Suppose L_1 is regular. Let p be the pumping length given by the pumping lemma.

Because any valid arithemtic expression requires balanced parenthesis, there must be an equal number of opening and closing parenthesis. We use this to show that L_1 is not regular.

Choose s to be $o^p c^p$, where o corresponds to the opening parenthesis and c corresponds to the closing parenthesis.

By the pumping lemma, s = xyz and $xy^iz \in L_1$, for any $i \geq 0$.

Because $|xy| \leq p$, x and y must all be opening parenthesis.

This leads to a contradiction, Because $y \neq \epsilon$ and $xy^0z \notin L_1$. Thus the lemma is broken.

Problem 2.2

Theorem: L_5 is not regular.

Proof. Suppose L_5 is regular. Let p be the pumping length given by the pumping lemma.

Choose s to be 0^p110^p .

By the pumping lemma, s = xyz and $xy^iz \in L_1$, for any $i \ge 0$.

 $|xy| \leq p$, so xy must contain only zeros.

By the pumping lemma, $xz \in L_5$, But xz cannot be a palindrome if $i \ge 1$ given that $y \ne \epsilon$ (x must contain at least one more zero than z).

Problem 2.3

Theorem: L_6 is not regular.

Proof. Suppose L_6 is regular. Let p be the pumping length given by the pumping lemma

Choose s to be 0^p1^p .

By the pumping lemma, s = xyz and $xy^iz \in L_6$, for any $i \ge 0$.

y cannot be ϵ and $|xy| \leq p$, so y only contains zeros.

The pumping lemma says that $xy^2z \in L_6$, but xy^2z contains more zeros than ones, and therefore cannot be in L_6 .

Problem 3

$$L_1$$
 $S \rightarrow a \mid (S) \mid S + S \mid S - S \mid S * S \mid S \div S$

$$L_2 \qquad \begin{array}{c} S \to T1T1T1T \\ T \to \epsilon \mid 0T \mid 1T \end{array}$$

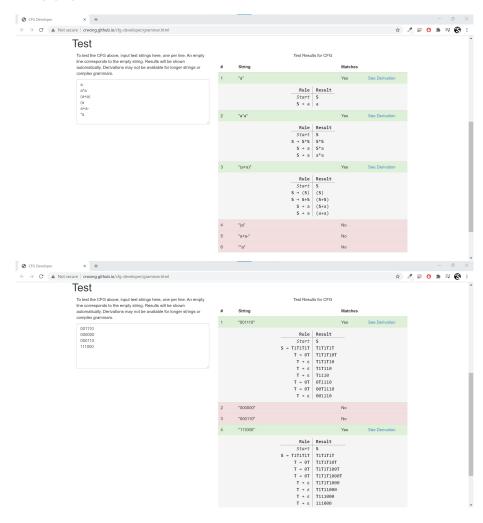
$$L_3 \qquad \begin{array}{c} S \rightarrow 0T \mid 1T \\ T \rightarrow \epsilon \mid 0S \mid 1S \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc|c} L_4 & & S \rightarrow 0T0 \mid 1T1 \mid 0 \mid 1 \\ & T \rightarrow \epsilon \mid 0T \mid 1T \end{array}$$

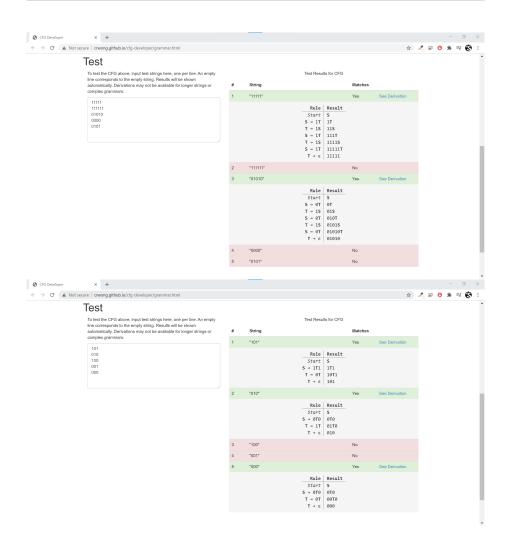
$$L_5 \qquad S \rightarrow \epsilon \mid 0S0 \mid 1S1 \mid 0 \mid 1$$

$$L_6 \qquad S \rightarrow \epsilon \mid SS \mid 0S1 \mid 1S0$$

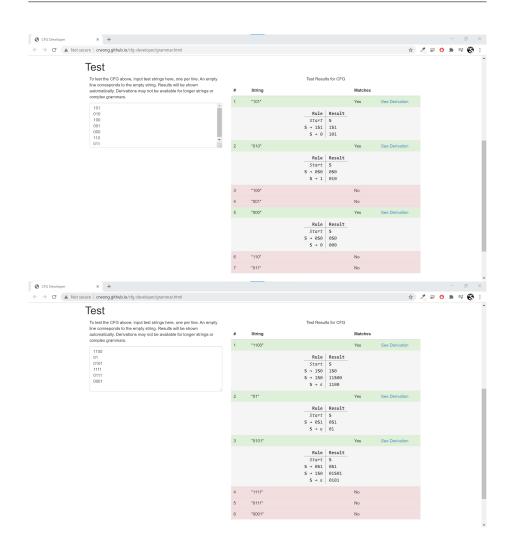
Problem 4



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Problem 5.1

$$a, \epsilon \rightarrow a$$

$$close, \epsilon \rightarrow close$$

$$\times, \epsilon \rightarrow \times$$

$$+, \epsilon \rightarrow +$$

$$-, \epsilon \rightarrow -$$

$$\div, \epsilon \rightarrow \div$$

$$open, \epsilon \rightarrow open$$

$$start \rightarrow q_0 \qquad \epsilon, \Sigma \rightarrow \epsilon \qquad q_1 \qquad \epsilon, Z_0 \rightarrow \epsilon \qquad q_2$$

Problem 5.2

$$1,0 \rightarrow 10$$

$$0,0 \rightarrow 00$$

$$1,1 \rightarrow 11$$

$$0,1 \rightarrow 01$$

$$1,Z_0 \rightarrow 1Z_0 \qquad 1,1 \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$0,Z_0 \rightarrow 0Z_0 \qquad 0,0 \rightarrow \epsilon$$

$$total content of the problem o$$

Problem 5.3

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
1,1 & \to & \epsilon \\
0,0 & \to & \epsilon
\end{array}$$
start \rightarrow q_0 $\epsilon, Z_0 \to \Sigma Z_0$ q_1 $\epsilon, Z_0 \to \epsilon$ q_2