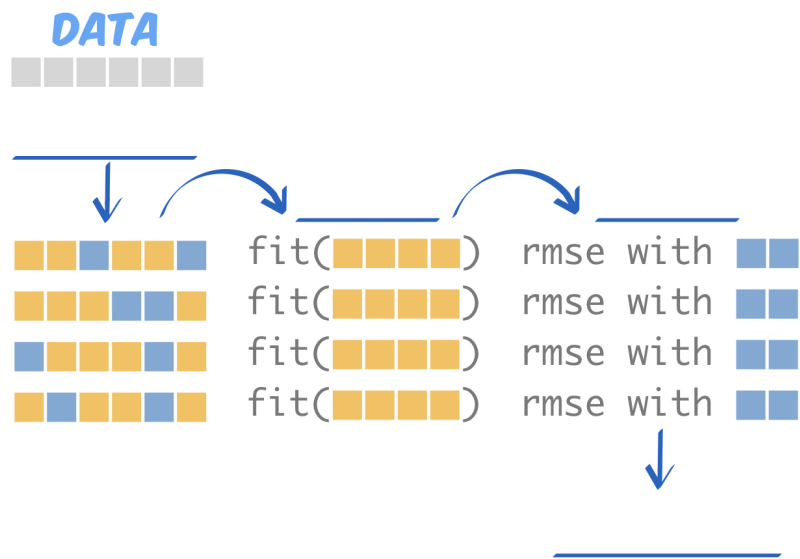


Cross-validation

Handout 5 of Introduction to Machine Learning

January 2019

1. Fill in the blanks in the diagram below to label the steps of cross-validation.



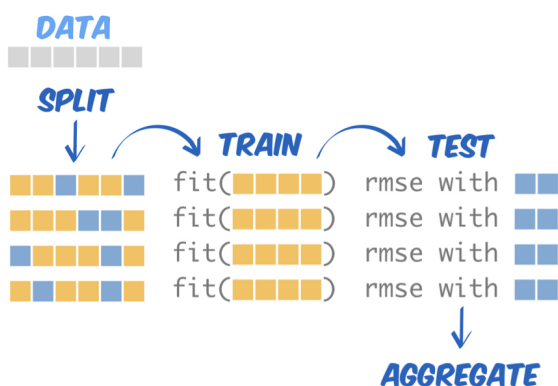
In your own words, answer:

2. Why should we split our data into training and testing sets?

(over)

- Why does it make more sense to split our data into several different training and testing sets and average the results (i.e. to cross-validate) than to use a single training/testing set split?

- The tidyverse code on the right is implementing a cross-validation strategy to evaluate a model with the ames data. Draw a line from each section of code on the right to the word in the diagram on the left that it is associated with. Can you tell what the code does?



```

1 | ames %>%
2 | vfold_cv(ames, v= 10, strata = Sale_Price) %>%

mutate(
3 |   train_set = map(splits, training),
   trained_model = map(train_set,
   ~fit(Sale_Price ~ Gr_Liv_Area,
   model = lm_spec, data = .x)),

4 |   test_set = map(splits, testing),
   rmse = map2_dbl(trained_model, test_set,
   ~rmse_vec(predict(.x, new_data = .y)$pred,
   .y$Sale_Price))

5 | ) %>%
   summarise(
   mean = mean(rmse), sd = sd(rmse)
   )

```