## **Explanation of the Utility Function**

This function evaluates the quality of a **Connect Four** board state by assigning a numerical score:

- Higher values favor our player.
- Lower values favor the opponent.

#### 1. Check for Terminal States

Before analyzing individual cells, the function first checks if the game has already ended:

- Draw → Return 0.
- Our win → Return max\_utility (the score when the board is completely filled with our pieces).
- **Opponent's win** → Return **min\_utility** (the score when the board is completely filled with the opponent's pieces).

If the game is over, there's no need for further evaluation.

#### 2. Evaluate Each Cell on the Board

The function examines each cell to determine how much it contributes to a potential win:

- If the cell contains our piece or is empty, we assess its potential to help us form a four-in-a-row.
- If the cell contains an opponent's piece, we assess its potential to help them form a four-in-a-row and subtract this from our score.

Each cell's utility is determined by checking its possible four-in-a-row connections in **eight compass directions**:

• North (N), Northeast (NE), East (E), Southeast (SE), South (S), Southwest (SW), West (W), and Northwest (NW).

The **total utility of a cell** is the sum of its contributions across all these directions.

### 3. Directional Win Analysis

For each of the **eight directions**, the function evaluates how close the sequence is to forming four in a row:

- Blocked (opponent's piece or board edge) → Score -1.
- Open with no pieces → Score 0.

- One of our pieces → Score 1.
- Two of our pieces → Score 2.
- Three of our pieces (one move away from winning) → Score 3.

# 4. Calculating the Total Utility

- The **overall board utility** is computed by summing up the utility of every cell.
- The opponent's potential wins are evaluated the same way, and their score is subtracted from ours.
- The final score represents how favorable the board is for our player.