

## **Digital Electronics**

## **Unit 3 Combinational Logic design**

- 1. Explain Half adder& full adder with truth table & logic diagram and kmap.
- 2. Explain half subtractor and full subtractor with truth table & logic diagram and kmap.
- 3. Explain 4 bit parallel binary subtractor in detail.
- 4. Explain 4 bit binary adder -subtractor .
- 5. Explain 4 bit parallel binary adder in detail. **OR** Design the 4-bit parallel adder.
- 6. Explain 2 bit magnitude comparator in detail.
- 7. Explain following Encoder with logic diagram and truth table.

Octal to binary Encoder

Decimal to BCD Encoder

- 8. Explain following Decoder with logic diagram and truth table.
  - 3 to 8 line decoder
  - 2 to 4 line decoder

BCD to seven segment decoder

- 9. Explain following Multiplexer with logic diagram and truth table.
  - 2\*1 Multiplxer
  - 4\*1 Multiplexer
  - 8\*1 Multiplexer
- 10. Explain following Demultiplexer with logic diagram and truth table.
  - 1 to 4 line demultiplexer
  - 1 to 8 line demultiplexer
- 11. Design full adder circuit with multiplexer
- 12. Usa a multiplexer have three data select input to implement the logic for the function given below. Also realize the same using 16:1 MUX

 $F = \sum m (0,1,2,3,4,10,11,14,15)$ 

- 13. Use 4\*1 Mux to implement the logic function
  - $F = \sum m (1,2,4,7)$
- 14. Use 8\*1 Mux to implement the logic function

 $F = \sum m (1,3,4,11,12,13,14,15)$ 

- 15. Design 16:1 MUX using 4:1 Mux modules
- 16. Design 32:1 Mux using two 16:1 MUX and one 2:1 mux modules
- 17. Design 8 to 1 Multiplexer using 2 to 1 multiplexer.

- 18. Design a 4 bit binary to gray code converter **OR** Design a combinational circuit that takes 4-bit binary number and produces Gray code of the input.
- 19. Design a 4 bit gray to binary code converter.
- 20. Design a SOP circuit to detect decimal numbers 5 through 12 in a 4 bit gray code input.
- 21. Design a combinational circuit to produce the 2's Complement of a 4 bit binary number
- 22. Design a circuit to detect decimal numbers 0,1,4,6,7 and 8 in a 4 bit XS-3 code input.
- 23. Design a logic circuit with 4 inputs A,B,C,D That Will Produce Output '1' only whenever two adjacent input variables are 1s.
- 24. Design a even parity bit generator for 4 bit input.
- 25. Design a odd parity bit generator for 4 bit input.