В

Bootstrap is the most popular HTML, CSS, and JS framework for developing responsive, mobile first projects on the web.

Bootstrap

What is Bootstrap?

- ▶▶ Bootstrap is the most popular framework for quickly styling your website.
- ▶▶ Bootstrap lets us skip writing CSS and focus instead on HTML.

Using Bootstrap

Bootstrap (currently v3.3.5) has a few easy ways to quickly get started, each one appealing to a different skill level and use case. Read through to see what suits your particular needs.

Using Bootstrap

Bootstrap CDN

The folks over at MaxCDN graciously provide CDN support for Bootstrap's CSS and JavaScript. Just use these Bootstrap CDN links.

Mobile Friendly

- ▶▶ Bootstrap 3 is mobile friendly by default.
 - ▶▶ Responsive to screen size
 - ►► Touch screen zooming

▶▶ Add following to your <head> to enable touch zooming.

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
```

- width=device-width: sets width of page to screen width of the device
- ▶ initial-scale=1: sets initial zoom level when the page is first loaded

1) .Container

```
<div class="container">
...
</div>
```

▶ Responsively add margins, center, and wrap your content.

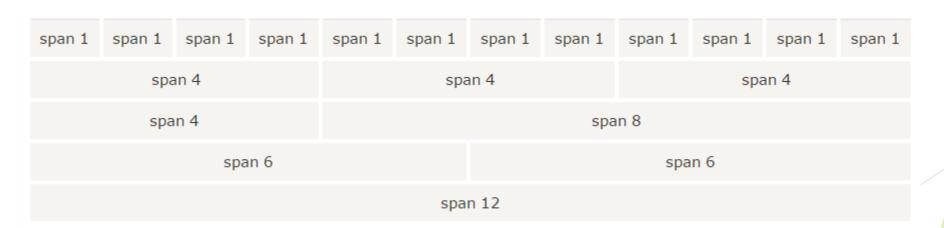
Example



The .container class provides a responsive fixed width container.

2) Grid System

- ▶ Bootstrap divides a page into a grid of 12 columns and multiple rows for easier positioning of elements.
- ▶ Grid system is responsive and columns will rearrange automatically depending on the screen size.



Grid System

Grid options

See how aspects of the Bootstrap grid system work across multiple devices with a handy table.

	Extra small devices Phones (<768px)	Small devices Tablets (≥768px)	Medium devices Desktops (≥992px)	Large devices Desktops (≥1200px)
Grid behavior	Horizontal at all times	Collapsed to start, horizontal above breakpoints		
Container width	None (auto)	750px	1170px	
Class prefix	.col-xs-	.col-sm-	.col-md-	.col-lg-
# of columns	12			
Column width	Auto	~62px	~81px	~97px

Grid System - Basics

▶ Place columns inside for each row.

- ► Set each column width using class prefixes:
 - ▶ .col-xs-*, .col-sm-*, .col-md-*, .col-lg-*

Example

Grid System - Multiple Devices

- >> Sometimes columns are stacked vertically on smaller screens
- ►► Use col-xs-*, col-sm-*, col-md-* together to set different column widths for different screen sizes

Example

Allow 2 columns in a row for mobile, 3 for desktop

On Desktop:

.col-xs-6 .col-md-4 .col-xs-6 .col-md-4 .col-xs-6 .col-md-4

On Mobile:

.col-xs-6 .col-md-4	.col-xs-6 .col-md-4
.col-xs-6 .col-md-4	

Grid System - Column Resets

Sometimes at breakpoints, columns may be aligned in wrong places.

Problem:

.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3 Resize your viewport or check it out on your phone for an example. .col-xs-6 .col-sm-3 .col-xs-6 .col-sm-3

Correct Output:

.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3 Resize your viewport or check it out on your phone	.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3	
for an example.		
.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3	.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3	

Grid System - Column Resets

Fix

```
<!-- Add the extra clearfix for only the required viewport --> <div class="clearfix visible-xs"></div>
```

- .clearfix clears float CSS attribute
- visible-xs is one of many responsive utilities
- >> clearfix is applied to only mobile devices (visible-xs)

Grid System - Column Resets

Fix

```
<div class="row">
  <div class="col-xs-6 col-sm-3">.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3</div>
  <div class="col-xs-6 col-sm-3">.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3</div>
  <!-- Add the extra clearfix for only the required viewport -->
  <div class="clearfix visible-xs-block"></div>
  <div class="col-xs-6 col-sm-3">.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3</div>
  <div class="col-xs-6 col-sm-3">.col-xs-6 .col-sm-3</div>
  </div>
```

Go to next line

Responsive utilities

Available classes

Use a single or combination of the available classes for toggling content across viewport breakpoints.

	Extra small devices Phones (<768px)	Small devices Tablets (≥768px)	Medium devices Desktops (≥992px)	Large devices Desktops (≥1200px)
.visible-xs	Visible	Hidden	Hidden	Hidden
.visible-sm	Hidden	Visible	Hidden	Hidden
.visible-md	Hidden	Hidden	Visible	Hidden
.visible-lg	Hidden	Hidden	Hidden	Visible
.hidden-xs	Hidden	Visible	Visible	Visible
.hidden-sm	Visible	Hidden	Visible	Visible
.hidden-md	Visible	Visible	Hidden	Visible
.hidden-lg	Visible	Visible	Visible	Hidden

Grid System - Nested columns

```
Level 1: .col-md-9

Level 2: .col-md-6

Level 2: .col-md-6
```

3) Typography - Headings

Supports <h1> to <h6>, same as HTML

EXAMPLE	
h1. Bootstrap heading	Semibold 36px
h2. Bootstrap heading	Semibold 30px
h3. Bootstrap heading	Semibold 24px
h4. Bootstrap heading	Semibold 18px
h5. Bootstrap heading	Semibold 14px
h6. Bootstrap heading	Semibold 12px

Typography - Alignment

EXAMPLE

Left aligned text.

Center aligned text.

Right aligned text.

Justified text.

```
Left aligned text.
Center aligned text.
Right aligned text.
Justified text.
```

Typography - Addresses

```
EXAMPLE
Twitter, Inc.
795 Folsom Ave, Suite 600
San Francisco, CA 94107
P: (123) 456-7890
Full Name
first.last@example.com
<address>
 <strong>Twitter, Inc.</strong><br>
 795 Folsom Ave, Suite 600<br>
 San Francisco, CA 94107<br>
 <abbr title="Phone">P:</abbr> (123) 456-7890
</address>
<address>
 <strong>Full Name</strong><br>
 <a href="mailto:#">first.last@example.com</a>
</address>
```

append
br> to preserve formatting

Typography - Description

EXAMPLE

Description lists

A description list is perfect for defining terms.

Typography - Horizontal Description

EXAMPLE

Description lists A description list is perfect for defining terms.

```
<dl class="dl-horizontal">
   <dt>...</dt>
   <dd>...<//dd>
</dl>
```

4) Glyphicons

▶ Bootstrap comes with 200 icons to use, named "glyphicons"



Glyphicon Syntax

Syntax

```
<span class="glyphicon glyphicon-name"></span>
```

Examples

Resizing Glyphicons

- To resize glyphicons, simply increase its font size in CSS!
- Example

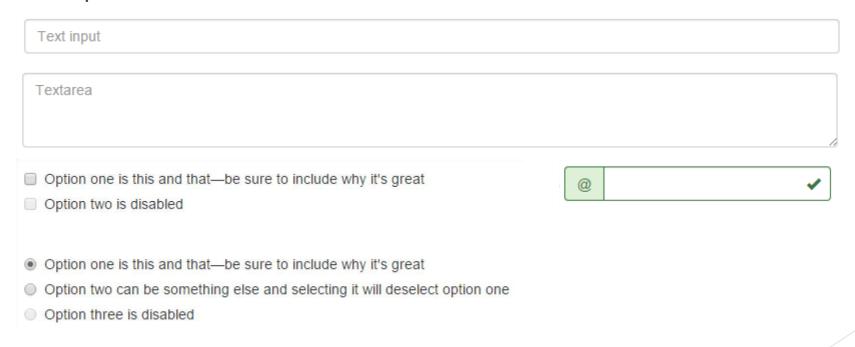
```
<style>
    .features .glyphicon {
        font-size: 32px;
    }
</style>
```

Output

```
With font-size: 32px With font-size: 14px
```

5) Forms

- ▶▶ Automatically applies some global styling with Bootstrap.
- Examples



Forms

- ►► Layouts supported by Bootstrap
 - Vertical Form
 - ►► Horizontal Form
 - ▶► Inline Form

- ▶▶ Tips on using forms with Bootstrap
 - <form role="form"> Improves accessibility
 - < div class="form-group"> Improves spacing of form elements
 - ▶▶ .form-control Give width of 100% to text form elements

Forms - Vertical Layout

Email:

Enter email

Password:

Enter password

Remember me

Submit

Forms - Horizontal Layout

Email: Enter email

Password: Enter password

Remember me

Submit

Forms - Inline Layout

Email:	Enter email	Password:	Enter password	Remember me	Submit

Forms - Controls

Supports HTML form elements

- <input>
- <textarea>
- <input type="checkbox">
- <input type="radio">
- <select>
- **...**

Forms - Validation states

Checkbox with error

- ▶▶ Bootstrap allows you to give validation status to your form elements.
- **▶▶** Bootstrap supports

		Input with success
>>	.has-warning	
>>	.has-error	Input with warning
>>	.has-success	
		Input with error
		☐ Checkbox with success
		Checkbox with warning

Example

Validation States - Input

Input with success		
Input with warning		
Input with error		

Forms - Validation states with icons

To add feedback icons

- 1. add has-feedback class to parent
- 2. insert specifying glyphicon for the control's feedback

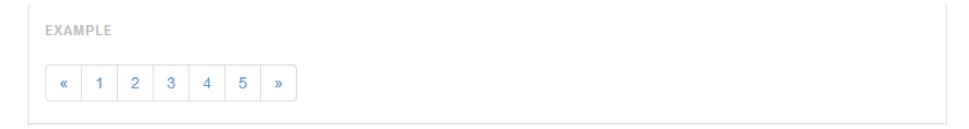


Validation states with Icons

Input with success

6) Pagination

>> You can use Bootstrap to divide your website into pages.



Simply add pagination class to ul element.

Each page is a list of href element. e.g. 1
Use pagination-lg or pagination-sm to size page button sizes

Example - Pagination

```
« 1 2 3 4 5 »
```

```
<
   <a href="#" aria-label="Previous">
    <span aria-hidden="true">&laquo;</span>
   </a>
 <a href="#">1</a>
 <a href="#">2</a>
 <a href="#">3</a>
 <a href="#">4</a>
 li><a href="#">5</a>
   <a href="#" aria-label="Next">
    <span aria-hidden="true">&raquo;</span>
   </a>
```

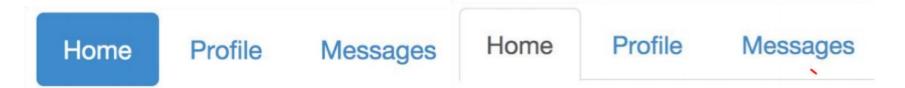
7) Pager

Simpler version with "Previous" or "Next" buttons

You can also align buttons using .previous and .next

8) Navigation & Navigation Bars

►► Navigation (nav)



►► Navigation Bar (navbar)



Navigation (nav)

- ▶▶ Use unordered list and give .nav class attribute.
- Example

```
Page 1 Page 2 Page 3

Makes navigation inline

<div>

<a href="#">Home</a>
<a href="#">Page 1</a>
<a href="#">Page 2</a>
<a href="#">Page 2</a>
<a href="#">Page 3</a>
<a href="#">Page 3</a>
</di>
</di>
```

Navigation Bar (.navbar)

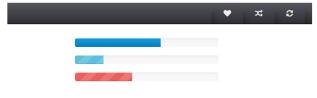
- >> Creates a visible bar with navigation elements.
- Example

```
WebSiteName
               Home
                      Page 1
                             Page 2
                                     Page 3
                   <body>
                   <nav class='(navbap havbar-default)'>
                     <div class="container-fluid">
                      <div class="navbar-header">
                        <a class="navbar-brand" href="#">WebSiteName</a>
                      </div>
                      <div>
                        <a href="#">Home</a>
                         <a href="#">Page 1</a>
                         <a href="#">Page 2</a>
                         <a href="#">Page 3</a>
                        </div>
                     </div>
                   </nav>
```

REFERENCES

►► Go over http://getbootstrap.com/getting-started/#examples

Task# 01: Use the Bootstrap feature progress bar and design it in the form of given output:



Task # 02: Create the "Pagination" tool of Bootstrap and give the following output:



Task # 03: Use the concept of Alerts in Bootstrap and provide the given output.



Task # 04 create a form using bootstrap for designing You can use JS or html validation for validating the form inputs.

