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Section: BS-CS (7A)

Step 1: Persistent Volumes and Persistent Volume Claims

Persistent volumes are used to provide storage that persists beyond the life cycle of an individual pod. Persistent volume claims are requests for storage by pods.

//1.1 Persistent Volume (persistent-volume.yaml)

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
  name: frontend-pv
spec:
  capacity:
    storage: 1Gi
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  hostPath:
    path: /data/frontend
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolume
metadata:
  name: backend-pv
spec:
  capacity:
    storage: 1Gi
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  hostPath:
    path: /data/backend
```

//.2 Persistent Volume Claim (persistent-volume-claim.yaml)

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: frontend-pvc
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 1Gi
```

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
metadata:
  name: backend-pvc
spec:
  accessModes:
    - ReadWriteOnce
  resources:
    requests:
      storage: 1Gi
```

Step 2: Deployments

Deployments manage the creation and scaling of pods. Here, we define deployments for the front-end and back-end services.

// 2.1 Frontend Deployment (frontend-deployment.yaml)

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
  name: frontend-deployment
spec:
  replicas: 2
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: frontend
  template:
    metadata:
```

labels:

app: frontend

spec:

containers:

- name: frontend

image: your-frontend-image:tag

ports:

- containerPort: 80

volumeMounts:

- name: frontend-storage

mountPath: /app/data

2.2 Backend Deployment (backend-deployment.yaml)

apiVersion: apps/v1

kind: Deployment

metadata:

name: backend-deployment

spec:

replicas: 2

selector:

matchLabels:

app: backend

template:

metadata:

labels:

app: backend

spec:

containers:

- name: backend

image: your-backend-image:tag

ports:

- containerPort: 3306

volumeMounts:

- name: backend-storage

mountPath: /var/lib/mysql

Step 3: Apply Configurations

Apply the configurations to create persistent volumes, persistent volume claims, and deployments.

```
kubectl apply -f persistent-volume.yaml
```

```
kubectl apply -f persistent-volume-claim.yaml
```

```
kubectl apply -f frontend-deployment.yaml
```

```
kubectl apply -f backend-deployment.yaml
```

Step 4: Verify Deployments

Check the status of the deployments, services, and pods.

```
kubectl get pv
```

```
kubectl get pvc
```

```
kubectl get deployments
```

```
kubectl get pods
```