

To find following machine learning regression method using r^2 value

1.MULTIPLE LINEAR REGRESSION – R^2 Value=0.9358

2.SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE:

| S.No | HYPER PARAMETER | LINEAR (R Value) | RBF (NON LINEAR) (R Value) | PLOY (R VALUE) | SIGMOID (R VALUE) |
|------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | C=1 | -0.055 | -0.057 | -0.057 | -0.057 |
| 2 | C=10 | -0.039 | -0.056 | -0.053 | -0.054 |
| 3 | C=100 | 0.106 | -0.0507 | -0.019 | -0.0304 |
| 4 | C=500 | 0.592 | -0.024 | 0.114 | 0.07 |
| 5 | C=1000 | 0.78 | 0.006 | 0.266 | 0.185 |
| 6 | C=2000 | 0.876 | 0.067 | 0.481 | 0.397 |
| 7 | C=3000 | 0.895 | 0.123 | 0.637 | 0.591 |

The SVM Regression use R^2 value –Linear and hyper parameter (C=3000)=**0.895**

3.DECISION TREE:

| S NO | CRITERION | SPLITTER | R VALUE |
|------|----------------|----------|---------|
| 1 | Squared Error | Best | 0.9 |
| 2 | Squared Error | Random | 0.91 |
| 3 | Friedman MSE | Best | 0.89 |
| 4 | Friedman MSE | Random | 0.88 |
| 5 | Absolute Error | Best | 0.94 |
| 6 | Absolute Error | Random | 0.79 |
| 7 | Poisson | Best | 0.92 |
| 8 | Poisson | Random | 0.6 |

The Decision Tree Regression R^2 Value(Absolute Error, Best)=**0.94**

4.Random Forest:

| S.No | N_estimators | Random_State | Criterion | R value |
|------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------|
| 1 | 1 | 0 | Squarred error | 0.964 |
| 2 | 1 | 0 | Absolute Error | 0.967 |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | Friedman mse | 0.955 |
| 4 | 1 | 0 | Poisson | 0.964 |
| 5 | 10 | 0 | Squarred error | 0.925 |
| 6 | 10 | 0 | Absolute Error | 0.928 |
| 7 | 10 | 0 | Friedman mse | 0.92 |
| 8 | 10 | 0 | Poisson | 0.93 |
| 9 | 50 | 0 | Squarred error | 0.944 |
| 10 | 50 | 0 | Absolute Error | 0.94 |
| 11 | 50 | 0 | Friedman mse | 0.938 |
| 12 | 50 | 0 | Poisson | 0.946 |

The Random Forest Regression R^2 Value (Absolute Error, Random state, N estimators)=0.967