

To find following machine learning regression method using  $r^2$  value

**1.MULTIPLE LINEAR REGRESSION –  $R^2$  Value=0.9358**

**2.SUPPORT VECTOR MACHINE:**

S.No	HYPER PARAMETER	LINEAR ( R Value )	RBF (NON LINEAR) (R Value)	PLOY ( R VALUE)	SIGMOID ( R VALUE)
1	C=1	-0.055	-0.057	-0.057	-0.057
2	C=10	-0.039	-0.056	-0.053	-0.054
3	C=100	0.106	-0.0507	-0.019	-0.0304
4	C=500	0.592	-0.024	0.114	0.07
5	C=1000	0.78	0.006	0.266	0.185
6	C=2000	0.876	0.067	0.481	0.397
7	C=3000	0.895	0.123	0.637	0.591

The SVM Regression use  $R^2$  value –Linear and hyper parameter (C=3000)=**0.895**

**3.DECISION TREE:**

S NO	CRITERION	SPLITTER	R VALUE
1	Squared Error	Best	0.9
2	Squared Error	Random	0.91
3	Friedman MSE	Best	0.89
4	Friedman MSE	Random	0.88
5	Absolute Error	Best	0.94
6	Absolute Error	Random	0.79
7	Poisson	Best	0.92
8	Poisson	Random	0.6

The Decision Tree Regression  $R^2$  Value(Absolute Error, Best)=**0.94**

**4.DECISION TREE:**

S.No	N_estimators	Random_State	Criterion	R value
1	1	0	Squarred error	0.964
2	1	0	Absolute Error	0.967
3	1	0	Friedman mse	0.955
4	1	0	Poisson	0.964
5	10	0	Squarred error	0.925
6	10	0	Absolute Error	0.928
7	10	0	Friedman mse	0.92
8	10	0	Poisson	0.93
9	50	0	Squarred error	0.944
10	50	0	Absolute Error	0.94
11	50	0	Friedman mse	0.938
12	50	0	Poisson	0.946

**The Random Forest Regression  $R^2$  Value (Absolute Error, Random state, N estimators)=0.967**