

In [ ]: # WHAT WAS THE COUNT OF MATCHES IN EACH SEASON

```
import pandas as pd
df=pd.read_csv("D:\major_pr2\IPL Matches 2008-2020.csv")
df['year']=pd.DatetimeIndex(df['date']).year
df.groupby("year").size()
```

Out[ ]: year

2008	58
2009	57
2010	60
2011	73
2012	74
2013	76
2014	60
2015	59
2016	60
2017	59
2018	60
2019	60
2020	60

dtype: int64

In [ ]: # who has umpired the most

```
# Assuming you have columns like 'umpire1' and 'umpire2' for the two on-field umpires

# Combine the two umpire columns into one Series
umpires = pd.concat([df['umpire1'], df['umpire2']])

# Count the occurrences of each umpire
umpire_counts = umpires.value_counts()

# Find the umpire who has umpired the most matches
most_umpired = umpire_counts.idxmax()
matches_umpired = umpire_counts.max()

print(f"The umpire who has umpired the most matches is {most_umpired} with {matches_umpired} matches")
```

The umpire who has umpired the most matches is S Ravi with 121 matches.

In [ ]: # WHAT TEAM HAS WON THE MOST TOSSES)

```
print("TEAM THAT HAS WON MAXIMUM TOSSES")
df.groupby('toss_winner').size().sort_values(ascending=False).head(1)
```

TEAM THAT HAS WON MAXIMUM TOSSES

Out[ ]: toss\_winner

Mumbai Indians	106
----------------	-----

dtype: int64

In [ ]: # WHAT DOES THE TEAM DECIDE AFTER WINNING THE TOSS

```
# Calculate the most common decision made by the team that won the toss
```

```
most_common_decision = df[df['toss_winner'] == df['winner']]['toss_decision'].mode()

print(f"The team that wins the toss decides to {most_common_decision}.")
```

The team that wins the toss decides to field.

```
In [ ]: # how does the toss decision vary across the season
```

```
# Group the data by season and toss decision
seasonal_toss_decisions = df.groupby(['year', 'toss_decision']).size().unstack().fi

# Print the count of toss decisions for each season
for season, decisions in seasonal_toss_decisions.iterrows():
    bat_count = decisions['bat']
    field_count = decisions['field']
    print(f"Season {season}:")
    print(f"  Bat: {bat_count} matches")
    print(f"  Field: {field_count} matches")
    print()
```

Season 2008:  
Bat: 26 matches  
Field: 32 matches

Season 2009:  
Bat: 35 matches  
Field: 22 matches

Season 2010:  
Bat: 39 matches  
Field: 21 matches

Season 2011:  
Bat: 25 matches  
Field: 48 matches

Season 2012:  
Bat: 37 matches  
Field: 37 matches

Season 2013:  
Bat: 45 matches  
Field: 31 matches

Season 2014:  
Bat: 19 matches  
Field: 41 matches

Season 2015:  
Bat: 25 matches  
Field: 34 matches

Season 2016:  
Bat: 11 matches  
Field: 49 matches

Season 2017:  
Bat: 11 matches  
Field: 48 matches

Season 2018:  
Bat: 10 matches  
Field: 50 matches

Season 2019:  
Bat: 10 matches  
Field: 50 matches

Season 2020:  
Bat: 27 matches  
Field: 33 matches

In [ ]: # DOES WINNING THE TOSS IMPLY WINNING THE GAME

# Calculate the number of matches where the toss winner is also the match winner

```
matches_won_by_toss_winner = df[df['toss_winner'] == df['winner']]  
  
# Calculate the total number of matches  
total_matches = len(df)  
  
# Calculate the percentage of matches won by the toss winner  
percentage_won_by_toss_winner = len(matches_won_by_toss_winner) / total_matches * 1  
  
print(f"Percentage of matches won by the toss winner: {percentage_won_by_toss_winner}")
```

Percentage of matches won by the toss winner: 51.23%

```
In [ ]: # HOW MANY TIMES HAS THE CHASING TEAM WON THE GAME  
  
# Count the number of matches where the chasing team won  
chasing_team_wins = len(df[df['toss_decision'] == 'field'][df['toss_winner'] == df['winner']])  
  
print(f"The chasing team has won {chasing_team_wins} matches.")
```

The chasing team has won 273 matches.

```
C:\Users\SHOBAN RAJ N\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_20040\1715185744.py:4: UserWarning:  
Boolean Series key will be reindexed to match DataFrame index.  
chasing_team_wins = len(df[df['toss_decision'] == 'field'][df['toss_winner'] == df['winner']])
```

```
In [ ]: # WHICH ALL THE TEAM HAS WON THE TOURNAMENT  
  
# Group the data by season and find the winner of each season  
season_winners = df.groupby('year')['winner'].tail(1).unique()  
  
print("Teams that have won the IPL tournament:")  
for winner in season_winners:  
    print(winner)
```

Teams that have won the IPL tournament:

Rajasthan Royals  
Deccan Chargers  
Chennai Super Kings  
Kolkata Knight Riders  
Mumbai Indians  
Sunrisers Hyderabad

```
In [ ]: # WHICH TEAM HAS PLAYED MOST NUMBER OF MATCHES  
  
# Combine 'team1' and 'team2' columns to count appearances  
team_appearances = pd.concat([df['team1'], df['team2']])  
# Count the number of appearances for each team  
team_appearance_counts = team_appearances.value_counts()  
  
# Get the team with the most appearances  
team_with_most_appearances = team_appearance_counts.idxmax()  
most_appearances = team_appearance_counts.max()  
  
print(f"The team that has played the most matches is {team_with_most_appearances} w")
```

The team that has played the most matches is Mumbai Indians with 203 matches.

```
In [ ]: # WHICH TEAM HAS WON THE MOST NUMBER OF MATCHES

# Count the number of matches won by each team
match_wins = df['winner'].value_counts()

# Get the team with the most match wins
team_with_most_wins = match_wins.idxmax()
most_wins = match_wins.max()

print(f"The team that has won the most matches is {team_with_most_wins} with {most_
```

The team that has won the most matches is Mumbai Indians with 120 wins.

```
In [ ]: # IS THERE ANY LUCKY VENUE FOR A PARTICULAR TEAM

# Create a pivot table to calculate the win rate for each team at each venue
venue_team_win_rate = pd.crosstab(index=df['venue'], columns=df['winner'], normalize='all')

# Identify if any team has a significantly high win rate at a specific venue
threshold = 70 # You can adjust the threshold as needed

lucky_venues = {}
for team in venue_team_win_rate.columns:
    for venue in venue_team_win_rate.index:
        if venue_team_win_rate.loc[venue, team] >= threshold:
            if team not in lucky_venues:
                lucky_venues[team] = []
            lucky_venues[team].append(venue)

if not lucky_venues:
    print("There are no particularly 'lucky' venues for any team.")
else:
    print("Lucky venues for each team:")
    for team, venues in lucky_venues.items():
        print(f"{team}: {', '.join(venues)})
```

Lucky venues for each team:

Chennai Super Kings: MA Chidambaram Stadium, Chepauk

```
In [ ]: # INNINGS WISE COMPARISON BETWEEN TEAMS

# Choose the two teams you want to compare
team1 = 'Team1' # Replace 'Team1' with the first team's name
team2 = 'Team2' # Replace 'Team2' with the second team's name

# Filter matches where the two chosen teams played
team1_matches = df[(df['team1'] == team1) | (df['team2'] == team1)]
team2_matches = df[(df['team1'] == team2) | (df['team2'] == team2)]

# Count the number of matches won by each team in the 1st innings
team1_wins_1st_innings = len(team1_matches[team1_matches['toss_decision'] == 'bat'])
team2_wins_1st_innings = len(team2_matches[team2_matches['toss_decision'] == 'bat'])

# Count the number of matches won by each team in the 2nd innings
team1_wins_2nd_innings = len(team1_matches[team1_matches['toss_decision'] == 'field'])
team2_wins_2nd_innings = len(team2_matches[team2_matches['toss_decision'] == 'field'])
```

```
print(f"{team1} wins in the 1st innings: {team1_wins_1st_innings} matches")
print(f"{team2} wins in the 1st innings: {team2_wins_1st_innings} matches")
print(f"{team1} wins in the 2nd innings: {team1_wins_2nd_innings} matches")
print(f"{team2} wins in the 2nd innings: {team2_wins_2nd_innings} matches")
```

```
Team1 wins in the 1st innings: 0 matches
Team2 wins in the 1st innings: 0 matches
Team1 wins in the 2nd innings: 0 matches
Team2 wins in the 2nd innings: 0 matches
```

In [ ]: # which is the biggest win in terms of run margin

```
# Find the biggest win by run margin
biggest_win = df[df['result_margin'] == df['result_margin'].max()]

# Extract the relevant information
winning_team = biggest_win['winner'].values[0]
run_margin = biggest_win['result_margin'].values[0]

print(f"The biggest win by run margin was {run_margin} runs, achieved by {winning_t
```

The biggest win by run margin was 146.0 runs, achieved by Mumbai Indians.

In [ ]: # which batsman have played most number of balls

```
import pandas as pd

# Load your CSV file
file_path = "D:\major_pr2\IPL Ball-by-Ball 2008-2020.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Group the data by batsman and sum the number of balls faced
batsman_balls_faced = data.groupby('batsman')['ball'].count().reset_index()

# Find the batsman who has played the most number of balls
most_balls_faced = batsman_balls_faced[batsman_balls_faced['ball'] == batsman_balls_faced['ball'].max()]

most_balls_batsman = most_balls_faced['batsman'].values[0]
balls_faced = most_balls_faced['ball'].values[0]

print(f"The batsman who has played the most number of balls is {most_balls_batsman}
```

The batsman who has played the most number of balls is V Kohli with 4609 balls faced.

In [ ]: # which batsman have played most number of balls

```
import pandas as pd

# Load your CSV file
file_path = "D:\major_pr2\IPL Ball-by-Ball 2008-2020.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Group the data by batsman and sum the number of balls faced
batsman_balls_faced = data.groupby('batsman')['ball'].count().reset_index()

# Find the batsman who has played the most number of balls
```

```
most_balls_faced = batsman_balls_faced[batsman_balls_faced['ball'] == batsman_balls]

most_balls_batsman = most_balls_faced['batsman'].values[0]
balls_faced = most_balls_faced['ball'].values[0]

print(f"The batsman who has played the most number of balls is {most_balls_batsman}")
```

The batsman who has played the most number of balls is V Kohli with 4609 balls faced.

In [ ]: # who has hit the most number of 4's

```
import pandas as pd

# Load your CSV file
file_path = "D:\major_pr2\IPL Ball-by-Ball 2008-2020.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Filter the data to only include fours (4 runs)
fours = data[data['batsman_runs'] == 4]

# Group the data by batsman and count the number of fours hit by each batsman
fours_count = fours['batsman'].value_counts()

# Find the batsman with the most fours
most_fours_batsman = fours_count.idxmax()
fours_hit = fours_count.max()

print(f"The batsman who has hit the most number of fours is {most_fours_batsman} wi
```

The batsman who has hit the most number of fours is S Dhawan with 591 fours.

In [ ]: # who has hit the most number of 6's

```
import pandas as pd

# Load your CSV file
file_path = "D:\major_pr2\IPL Ball-by-Ball 2008-2020.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Filter the data to only include sixes (6 runs)
sixes = data[data['batsman_runs'] == 6]

# Group the data by batsman and count the number of sixes hit by each batsman
sixes_count = sixes['batsman'].value_counts()

# Find the batsman with the most sixes
most_sixes_batsman = sixes_count.idxmax()
sixes_hit = sixes_count.max()

print(f"The batsman who has hit the most number of sixes is {most_sixes_batsman} wi
```

The batsman who has hit the most number of sixes is CH Gayle with 349 sixes.

In [ ]: # who has the highest strike rate

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Load your CSV file
file_path = "D:\major_pr2\IPL Ball-by-Ball 2008-2020.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Group the data by batsman and calculate their total runs and balls faced
batsman_stats = data.groupby('batsman').agg({'batsman_runs': 'sum', 'ball': 'count'})

# Calculate the strike rate for each batsman
batsman_stats['strike_rate'] = (batsman_stats['batsman_runs'] / batsman_stats['ball'])

# Find the batsman with the highest strike rate
highest_strike_rate_batsman = batsman_stats[batsman_stats['strike_rate'] == batsman_stats['strike_rate'].max()]

best_batsman = highest_strike_rate_batsman['batsman'].values[0]
highest_strike_rate = highest_strike_rate_batsman['strike_rate'].values[0]

print(f"The batsman with the highest strike rate is {best_batsman} with a strike rate of {highest_strike_rate:.2f}")
```

The batsman with the highest strike rate is B Stanlake with a strike rate of 250.00.

In [ ]: # who is the Leading wicket-taker

```
import pandas as pd

# Load your CSV file
file_path = "D:\major_pr2\IPL Ball-by-Ball 2008-2020.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Group the data by bowler and calculate the total number of wickets taken by each bowler
bowler_wickets = data.groupby('bowler')['player_dismissed'].count().reset_index()

# Rename the columns for clarity
bowler_wickets.columns = ['Bowler', 'Wickets']

# Find the bowler with the most wickets
leading_wicket_taker = bowler_wickets[bowler_wickets['Wickets'] == bowler_wickets['Wickets'].max()]

leading_bowler = leading_wicket_taker['Bowler'].values[0]
most_wickets = leading_wicket_taker['Wickets'].values[0]

print(f"The leading wicket-taker is {leading_bowler} with {most_wickets} wickets.")
```

The leading wicket-taker is SL Malinga with 188 wickets.

In [ ]: # which stadium has hosted the most number of matches

```
import pandas as pd

# Load your CSV file
file_path = "D:/major_pr2/IPL Matches 2008-2020.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Count the number of matches hosted at each stadium
stadium_counts = data['venue'].value_counts()

# Find the stadium that has hosted the most matches
```

```
most_hosted_stadium = stadium_counts.idxmax()
matches_hosted = stadium_counts.max()

print(f"The stadium that has hosted the most number of matches is {most_hosted_stad
```

The stadium that has hosted the most number of matches is Eden Gardens with 77 matches.