

# SML 2024, Monsoon, Optional quiz, Duration 45 minutes

Q1. A machine's functioning probability depends on two parameters - maintenance  $p$ , and load  $h$ . Let  $p, h \in \{0, 1\}$  and are independent of each other.  $p = 1$  means that machine has a good maintenance record and  $p = 0$  means poor maintenance record. Similarly, for  $h = 1$  means less load and 0 means overload. If a machine has all parameters as 1, then the chances of good functioning is very high. Suppose you start experimenting and come up with the data in Table 1.

Table 1: Survey response

	p	h
S-1	1	0
S-2	1	1
...	...	...
S-i	0	1

In Table 1, S-i refers to  $i^{\text{th}}$  response. There are a total of  $n$  iid responses.

- Derive a general expression to determine the probability of  $p$  being 1, and  $h$  being 1, that is compute  $\theta_1 = \text{prob}(p = 1)$ , and  $\theta_2 = \text{prob}(h = 1)$ . Note the expression should be a function of  $n$  and S-i. [2]
- Suppose we observe  $p = 0, h = 1$ . Use the first two rows, namely, S-1 and S-2 of Table 1 to determine  $\theta_1$  and  $\theta_2$ . Compute the functioning probability of the machine. [1] [CO1]

Q2. Given classification data  $D = \{(x, y)\} = \{(-1, 0), (-3, 0), (1, 0), (2, 1), (5, 1)\}$ .  $y$  is the label. Using bagging three different trees are obtained  $h_1(x), h_2(x), h_3(x)$ .  $h_1(x)$  is obtained by a split at  $x = 0$ ,  $h_2(x)$  is obtained by a split at  $x = 3$ , and  $h_3(x)$  is obtained by a split at  $x = 3.5$ . Find the class of point  $x = 1.5$  using the bagged tree. [2] [CO2]

Q3. a. Determine  $\beta^*$  corresponding to Chernoff bound for two category case where both the categories follow a Gaussian distribution. Both categories have same mean. Variance of category 1 is 1. Second category has variance of 2. Assume equal priors. Hint: [2] [CO1]

$$k(\beta) = \frac{\beta(1-\beta)}{2} (\mu_2 - \mu_1)^T [\beta \Sigma_1 + (1 - \beta) \Sigma_2]^{-1} (\mu_2 - \mu_1) + .5 \ln \frac{|\beta \Sigma_1 + (1-\beta) \Sigma_2|}{|\Sigma_1|^\beta |\Sigma_2|^{1-\beta}}.$$

b. What will be the Bhattacharya bound in this case? [2] [CO1]