CAPSTONE PROJECT: BATTLE OF THE NEIGHBOURHOODS

IDENTIFYING BEST NEIGHBOURHOOD TO START A NEW ITALIAN RESTAUARNT

INTRODUCTION/BUSINESS PROBLEM

- This project aims to help business owners in exploring suitable areas to open Italian Restaurants in Toronto Area. With the purpose in mind, finding the location to open such a restaurant is one of the most important decisions for any business owner and I am designing this project to help him find the most suitable location.
- In this project we will try to find the best locations to open this Italian restaurant. We will use our data science powers to find a few most promising neighbourhoods where there are not many Italian Restaurants yet.
- Target Audience will be the business owners who are planning to establish or extend business in Toronto to determine a strategic location before deciding on a location that will attract more customers.

DATA SELECTION

Following data sources will be used to get the required information:

- Wikipedia will be used scrap Toronto neighbourhoods.
- Geospatial_Coordinates.csv will be used to get Latitude and Longitude information.
- Foursquare API will be used to get restaurants data related to Toronto neighbourhoods.

DATA FLOW

- First, it is used data from get city open data to get city information as well as latitude and longitude coordinates.
- Then, we created a data frame with borough and neighbourhood information. For Toronto, it is used Wikipedia to get the list of Postal Code of all Neighbourhoods in Toronto.
- List of Restaurants will be gathered using Foursquare. With this information it is possible to come up with a total as well as draw the maps with Italian restaurants locations.

METHODOLOGY

The goal of this project is to come up with a study to identify area's in the city of Toronto, where Italian Restaurants are located. So, we can define areas of opportunities to invest/start a new Italian Restaurant.

And finally, in the last part of this study, it is showed a map showing the spots where these Italian restaurants are located and helps us to visualize the areas of opportunity for our restaurant.

Libraries used in this project:

- BeautifulSoup for web scraping
- Geocoder for retrieval of location data
- Numpy for working with arrays
- Pandas for dataframe creation and manipulation
- Folium for visualisation of geospatial data
- Scikit-learn for usage of k-means clustering algorithm
- Matplotlib for visualisation of data
- Json for handling json format

ANALYSIS

First, we extract the geographic data of Toronto by webscrapping "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_postal_codes_of_Canada:_M" and save it in dataframe.

```
#We will use BeautifulSoup to get the zip code information of Canada from Wikipedia
  page = requests.get("https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_postal_codes_of_Canada:_M")
  soup = BeautifulSoup(page.content, 'html.parser')
  In [3]:
  table contents=[]
  table=soup.find('table')
  for row in table.findAll('td'):
       cell = \{\}
       if row.span.text=='Not assigned':
           pass
           cell['PostalCode'] = row.p.text[:3]
           cell['Borough'] = (row.span.text).split('(')[0]
           cell['Neighborhood'] = (((((row.span.text).split('(')[1]).strip(')')).replace('
  /',',')).replace(')',' ')).strip(' ')
           table contents.append(cell)
ocalhost:8888/nbconvert/html/The Battle of Neigborhoods.ipynb?download=false
1/26/2021
                                              The Battle of Neigborhoods
  #We save this to dataframe (df)
  df=pd.DataFrame(table_contents)
  df['Borough']=df['Borough'].replace({'Downtown TorontoStn A PO Boxes25 The Esplanade':
   'Downtown Toronto Stn A',
                                                  'East TorontoBusiness reply mail Processin
  g Centre969 Eastern': 'East Toronto Business',
                                                  'EtobicokeNorthwest':'Etobicoke Northwest'
   ,'East YorkEast Toronto':'East York/East Toronto',
                                                  'MississaugaCanada Post Gateway Processing
  Centre':'Mississauga'})
```

Then, We downloaded the geospatial coordinates data from "https://cocl.us/Geospatial_data/Geospatial_Coordinates.csv" and put it in the datafprame

► Then, We merged the two dataframes on "PostalCode" and put it into single dataframe.

```
In [9]:
# Merge the 2 data sets (df and temp df)
temp df = pd.merge(df, temp df, on='PostalCode')
#show the first 5 rows
temp_df.head(5)
Out[9]:
    PostalCode
                       Borough
                                                 Neighborhood
                                                                Latitude Longitude
0
          МЗА
                      North York
                                                    Parkwoods 43.753259 -79.329656
          M4A
                      North York
                                                 Victoria Village 43.725882 -79.315572
2
          M5A Downtown Toronto
                                        Regent Park, Harbourfront 43.654260
                                                                         -79.360636
 3
          M6A
                      North York Lawrence Manor, Lawrence Heights 43.718518 -79.464763
          M7A
                   Queen's Park
                                    Ontario Provincial Government 43.662301 -79.389494
```

- Now that we have our location candidates, let's use Foursquare API to get info on restaurants in each neighbourhood.
- We're interested in venues in 'food' category, but only those that are proper restaurants coffee shops, pizza places, bakeries etc. are not direct competitors so we don't care about those. So we will include in our list only venues that have 'restaurant' in category name, and we'll make sure to detect and include all the subcategories of specific 'Italian restaurant' category, as we need info on Italian restaurants in the neighbourhood.

```
In [12]:
# Lets get the venue data from foursquare
def getNearbyVenues(names, latitudes, longitudes, radius=500):
    venues list=[]
    for name, lat, lng in zip(names, latitudes, longitudes):
        print(name)
        # create the APT request URI
        url = 'https://api.foursquare.com/v2/venues/explore?&client id={}&client secret
={}&v={}&ll={},{}&radius={}&limit={}'.format(
            CLIENT ID.
            CLIENT SECRET.
            VERSION,
            lat.
            lng,
            radius.
            LIMIT)
        # make the GET request
        results = requests.get(url).json()["response"]['groups'][0]['items']
        # return only relevant information for each nearby venue
        venues list.append([(
            name.
            lat.
            lng,
            v['venue']['name'],
            v['venue']['location']['lat'],
            v['venue']['location']['lng'],
            v['venue']['categories'][0]['name']) for v in results])
    nearby_venues = pd.DataFrame([item for venue_list in venues_list for item in venue_
list1)
    nearby venues.columns = ['Neighborhood',
                   'Neighborhood Latitude',
                   'Neighborhood Longitude',
                  'Venue',
                   'Venue Latitude',
                   'Venue Longitude',
                   'Venue Category']
    return(nearby venues)
```

▶ Then, We filtered the venue to only Italian restaurants.

```
In [17]:
#create a new data frame with only the italian restaurants
Italian Restaurants = to grouped[["Neighborhoods","Italian Restaurant"]]
#show the first 5 rows
Italian Restaurants.head()
Out[17]:
                              Neighborhoods Italian Restaurant
                                    Agincourt
                                                     0.000000
                        Alderwood, Long Branch
                                                     0.000000
   Bathurst Manor, Wilson Heights, Downsview North
                                                     0.000000
                               Bayview Village
                                                     0.000000
               Bedford Park, Lawrence Manor East
                                                     0.090909
```

Now in this new dataset we want to determine clusters to see if we can find areas where there are not many restaurants yet. We will do this with a type of analysis called K-Means.

K-Means

K-means clustering is a type of unsupervised learning, which is used when you have unlabelled data (i.e., data without defined categories or groups). The goal of this algorithm is to find groups in the data, with the number of groups represented by the variable K. The algorithm works iteratively to assign each data point to one of K groups based on the features that are provided. Data points are clustered into 3 clusters based on feature similarity.

```
In [18]:
# cluster the above dataset into 3 clusters.
toclusters = 3
to_clustering = Italian_Restaurants.drop(["Neighborhoods"], 1)
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=toclusters, random_state=1)
kmeans.fit_transform(to_clustering)
kmeans.labels_[0:20]

Out[18]:
array([1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1])

In [19]:
#create dataset (to_merged)
to_merged = Italian_Restaurants.copy()
# add clustering labels
to_merged["Cluster Labels"] = kmeans.labels_
```

▶ Then, we can see that clusters 0,1 and 2 are being created.

```
In [20]:
# Rename the columns
to_merged.rename(columns={"Neighborhoods": "Neighborhood"}, inplace=True)
to merged.head(5)
Out[20]:
                                Neighborhood Italian Restaurant Cluster Labels
                                     Agincourt
                                                      0.000000
                        Alderwood, Long Branch
                                                      0.000000
 2 Bathurst Manor, Wilson Heights, Downsview North
                                                      0.000000
3
                                Bayview Village
                                                      0.000000
               Bedford Park, Lawrence Manor East
                                                      0.090909
In [21]:
```

► Then, we combined this with the previous dataset to get one total data set.

```
In [22]:
#Combine the sets and set index
to merged = to merged.join(toronto venues.set index("Neighborhood"), on="Neighborhood")
print(to merged.shape)
to merged.head()
(2104, 9)
Out[22]:
                       Italian Cluster Neighborhood Neighborhood
                                                                                      Venu
     Neighborhood
                                                                           Venue
                   Restaurant Labels
                                             Latitude
                                                          Longitude
                                                                                    Latitud
       The Danforth
                                    0
 84
            West,
                     0.071429
                                           43.679557
                                                         -79.352188 MenEssentials 43.67782
          Riverdale
       The Danforth
            West,
                     0.071429
                                           43.679557
                                                         -79.352188
                                                                         Pantheon 43.67762
          Riverdale
       The Danforth
                                                                             Cafe
                                                                                  43.67774
 84
            West,
                     0.071429
                                           43.679557
                                                         -79.352188
                                                                        Fiorentina
          Riverdale
       The Danforth
 84
            West,
                     0.071429
                                           43.679557
                                                         -79.352188
                                                                        La Diperie 43.67770
          Riverdale
       The Danforth
 84
            West,
                     0.071429
                                    0
                                           43.679557
                                                         -79.352188
                                                                      Dolce Gelato 43.67777
          Riverdale
```

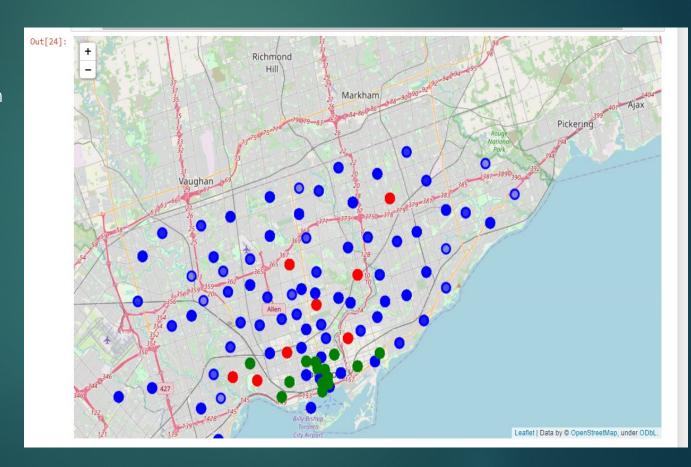
RESULT

Now that we have create the clusters with K-means we want first find out in which cluster are the least number of Italian restaurants. So, we know where to invest. First let's visualize our findings

Cluster 0 = Red

Cluster 1 = Blue

Cluster 2 = Green



CONCLUSION

▶ Most of the Italian restaurants are in cluster 1 and are lowest in Cluster 0. Looking at nearby venues it seems cluster 0 might be a good location as there are not a lot of Italian restaurants in these areas. We therefore recommend the Business owners to open an authentic Italian restaurant in these locations. If we look to the total map of all the areas. We might want to explorer the areas close to the blue and green areas first because there are likely to be more downtown.