Victor Threat Hunt Notes - The Great Admin Heist

Fundamental Information:

Hunt Name: The Great Admin Heist Investigation (CTF)

Initiated By: Victor Cardoso

Start Date and Time: May 20, 2025 11:10:16 PM UTC **End Date and Time**: May 23, 2025 11:10:16 PM UTC

Affected Asset Information:

Name: anthony-001

Public IP: 20.81.154.229 **Private IP**: 10.0.0.162

Type: IPV4

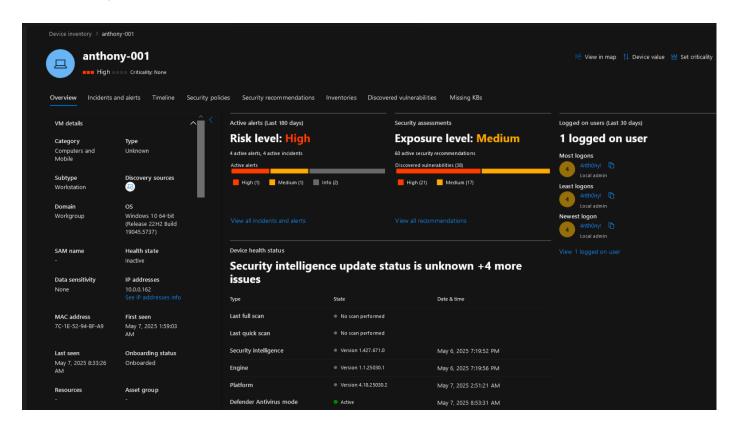
Main Account: 4nth0ny!

First seen: May 7, 2025 1:59:03 AM Last seen: May 7, 2025 8:33:26 AM

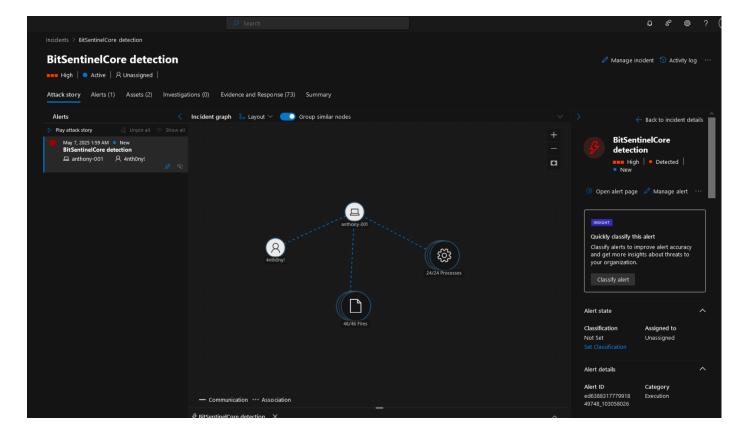
Timeline Summary and Findings:

After searching in Endpoint Defender for the known machine name, the current device page was found.

https://security.microsoft.com/machines/v2/4cfc34ef3af9440325d0dd52534d98991796ad52/

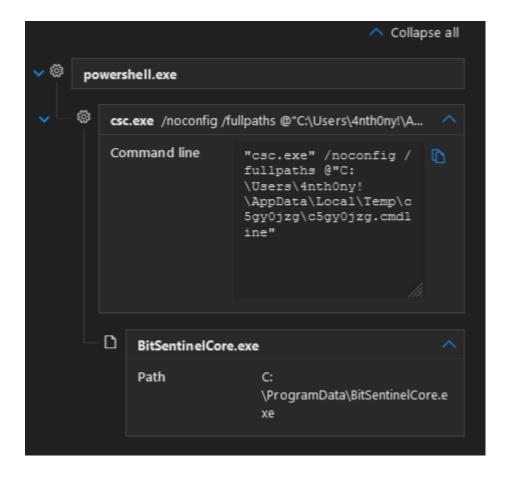


After reviewing the incidents, the **BitSentinelCore** alert was detected.



After evaluation, it was discovered that the machine "anthony-001" had been infected with the malware known as BitSentinelCore.exe, located at C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe, as a result of csc.exe (C# compiler) being executed via PowerShell.

```
DeviceFileEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where FileName == "BitSentinelCore.exe"
| where Timestamp >= ago(30d)
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, FileName, FolderPath, InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine, InitiatingProcessParentFileName
| order by Timestamp desc
```



Subsequent analysis confirmed that BitSentinelCore.exe was manually executed on the host. Telemetry shows the process was launched via the command "BitSentinelCore.exe," initiated by explorer.exe. This activity indicates direct user interaction, consistent with the scenario of Bubba manually launching the malicious binary.

```
DeviceProcessEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where FileName == "BitSentinelCore.exe"
| where Timestamp >= ago(30d)
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, ActionType, FileName, FolderPath, AccountName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| order by Timestamp desc
```



Search DeviceFileEvents for suspicious files written by BitSentinelCore.exe or related processes. Focus on filenames suggesting keylogging, possibly related to "News" or phrases about logging.

Since the Hints are:

- 1. ."a rather efficient way to completing a complex process"
- 2. News

Due to the first hint, I assumed the file would be a script rather than an executable, which leaves the following extensions: .bat (batch), .cmd (command script), .ps1 (PowerShell script), .vbs (VBScript), and .js (JScript).

```
DeviceFileEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp >= ago(30d)
| where ActionType in ("FileCreated", "FileModified")
| project Timestamp, FileName, FolderPath, InitiatingProcessFileName,
InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| where FileName has "news" or FileName has "log" or FileName has "key" or FileName has "macro"
| where FileName endswith ".ps1" or FileName endswith ".py" or FileName endswith ".dat"
or FileName endswith ".js"
```

Unfortunately, this didn't bring any results that were acceptable as a FLAG.

After I expanded the investigation beyond script-based and log-named artifacts to include all file writes with extensions or names related to keylogging. Reviewed all DeviceFileEvents and specifically filtered for files containing "key," "log," or "news" in their names, as well as .lnk (shortcut) files.

Detected multiple .lnk files created during the compromise window. Among these,

"systemreport.Ink" created by explorer.exe in the user's Start Menu stood out as a suspicious artifact. Confirmed as the keylogger dropper based on CTF flag validation. This demonstrates attacker use of a Windows shortcut file as an efficient mechanism for persistence or user interaction, matching both the technical hints and observed behavior in the timeline.

```
DeviceFileEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp >= ago(30d)
| where FileName endswith ".exe" or FileName endswith ".js" or FileName endswith ".ps1" or FileName endswith ".py" or FileName endswith ".lnk"
| where ActionType == "FileCreated" or ActionType == "FileModified"
| project Timestamp, FileName, FolderPath, InitiatingProcessFileName,
InitiatingProcessCommandLine
```

	May 7, 2025 3:06: s	ystemrep ort.lnk	C:\Users\4nth0ny!\App	explorer.exe	Explorer.EXE
T	Timestamp	May 7, 2025 3:06:51 AM			
F	FileName	systemreport.lnk			
F	olderPath	C:\Users\4nth0ny!\AppData\Roamin	g\Microsoft\Windows\Rec	ent\systemreport.lnk	
I	nitiating Process File Na	explorer.exe			
I	nitiatingProcessComm	Explorer.EXE			

Queried DeviceRegistryEvents for modifications to registry keys associated with persistence, specifically targeting "Run," "Startup," or "Policies" paths. Identified a new value under

HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run with the name "BitSecSvc" and data "C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe." This confirms BitSentinelCore.exe established persistence by registering itself to run automatically at user logon.

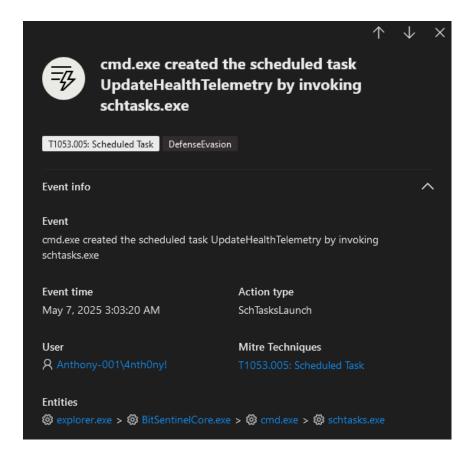
```
DeviceRegistryEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp >= ago(30d)
| where ActionType == "RegistryValueSet" or ActionType == "RegistryKeyCreated"
| where RegistryKey contains "Run" or RegistryKey contains "Startup" or RegistryKey contains "Policies"
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, RegistryKey, RegistryValueName, RegistryValueData, InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| order by Timestamp desc
```



Identified attacker persistence via scheduled task creation. Queried *DeviceEvents* for **ScheduledTaskCreated** actions and located a task named **\UpdateHealthTelemetry**, configured to execute **C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe** daily. This scheduled task ensures the malware is repeatedly launched, maintaining long-term attacker access even after system reboot or logoff.

```
DeviceEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp >= ago(60d)
| where ActionType == "ScheduledTaskCreated"
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, ActionType, AdditionalFields,
InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| order by Timestamp desc
```

Came back to the Azure Endpoint Defender Web Portal and traced the process chain responsible for creating the malicious scheduled task. **BitSentinelCore.exe** spawned **cmd.exe**, which in turn launched **schtasks.exe** to register the persistence mechanism. This confirms the attacker's use of their malware to programmatically establish scheduled task persistence via native Windows utilities. The full chain: **BitSentinelCore.exe** -> **cmd.exe** -> **schtasks.exe**.



CSV DUMP

```
"2025-05-07T02:03:20.744","4cfc34ef3af9440325d0dd52534d98991796ad52","anthony-001","
SchTasksLaunch", "cmd.exe", "C:\Windows\System32", "df79c86fdd11b9ccb89148458e509f879c7
2566c", "badf4752413cb0cbdc03fb95820ca167f0cdc63b597ccdb5ef43111180e088b0", "", "" cmd.
exe"" /c schtasks /Create /SC DAILY /TN ""UpdateHealthTelemetry"" /TR
""C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe"" /ST
14:00", "Anthony-001", "4nth0ny!", "S-1-5-21-2009930472-1356288797-1940124928-500", "", "
7ebcc8b09d5821338391d800e7b37591", "9a80453518078badf0679b0cf30f50a83163e5264a2665c60
52cc27f168c50f2", "schtasks.exe", "C:\Windows\System32", "5088", "schtasks /Create /SC
DAILY /TN ""UpdateHealthTelemetry"" /TR ""C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe"" /ST
14:00","2025-05-07T02:03:20.744","High","Default","2100","cmd.exe","2025-05-07T02:03
:20.540","","Anthony-001","4nth0ny!","S-1-5-21-2009930472-1356288797-1940124928-500"
", "3221", "", "Operation type: Create/Task name: UpdateHealthTelemetry/Task
"","dab817b448-0549-48be-8ba1-9bd1dbd0af2e_1","T1053.005 (mitre)/DefenseEvasion
(alertCategory)","64","","Techniques"
```

Timestamp of Events

So the first time the process was executed by explorer.exe was at May 7, 2025 02:02:14 AM UTC Time (2025-05-07T02:02:14.6264638Z), that can be check it out in this query:

```
DeviceProcessEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where InitiatingProcessFileName == "explorer.exe"
| where FolderPath !startswith "C:\\Windows"
```

```
| extend TimestampFormatted = strcat(
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'yyyy-MM-dd'),
    "T",
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'HH:mm:ss.fffffff'),
    "Z"
)
| order by Timestamp asc
```

Knowing that, we can confirm that the file **BitSentinelCore.exe** was created on May 7, 2025 02:00:36 AM UTC Time (2025-05-07T02:00:36.7944060Z) with this query:

```
DeviceFileEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp <= datetime(2025-05-07T02:02:14.6264638Z)
| extend TimestampFormatted = strcat(
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'yyyy-MM-dd'),
    "T",
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'HH:mm:ss.ffffffff'),
    "Z"
)
| order by Timestamp desc</pre>
```

It's also known that the registry modification

(HKEY_CURRENT_USER\S-1-5-21-2009930472-1356288797-1940124928-500\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\ Windows\CurrentVersion\Run) was made at May 7, 2025 02:02:14 AM UTC Time (2025-05-07T02:02:14.9669902Z), that can be confirmed here:

```
DeviceRegistryEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp >= ago(30d)
| where ActionType == "RegistryValueSet" or ActionType == "RegistryKeyCreated"
| where RegistryKey contains "Run" or RegistryKey contains "Startup" or RegistryKey contains "Policies"
| extend TimestampFormatted = strcat(
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'yyyy-MM-dd'),
    "T",
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'HH:mm:ss.ffffffff'),
    "Z"
)
| project Timestamp, TimestampFormatted, DeviceName, RegistryKey, RegistryValueName,
RegistryValueData, InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| order by Timestamp desc
```

And the task **UpdateHealthTelemetry** was created at May 7, 2025 02:02:15 AM UTC Time (2025-05-07T02:02:15.3002496Z), as that can be seen here:

```
DeviceEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp >= ago(30d)
| where ActionType == "ScheduledTaskCreated"
| extend TimestampFormatted = strcat(
```

```
format_datetime(Timestamp, 'yyyy-MM-dd'),
    "T",
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'HH:mm:ss.fffffff'),
    "Z"
)
| project Timestamp, TimestampFormatted, DeviceName, ActionType, AdditionalFields,
InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| order by Timestamp desc
```

And also that **systemreport.lnk** was created at May 7, 2025 02:06:51 AM UTC Time (2025-05-07T02:06:51.3594039Z)

```
DeviceFileEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp >= ago(30d)
| where FileName endswith ".lnk"
| where ActionType == "FileCreated" or ActionType == "FileModified"
| extend TimestampFormatted = strcat(
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'yyyyy-MM-dd'),
    "T",
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'HH:mm:ss.ffffffff'),
    "Z"
)
| project Timestamp, TimestampFormatted, FileName, FolderPath,
InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
```

DeviceLogonEvents shows multiple successful remote interactive logons for the account **4nth0ny!** on **anthony-001** shortly before the malware execution window. The logons use the "**Negotiate**" protocol, with no local logon flag, and no explicit remote device metadata, indicating likely RDP.

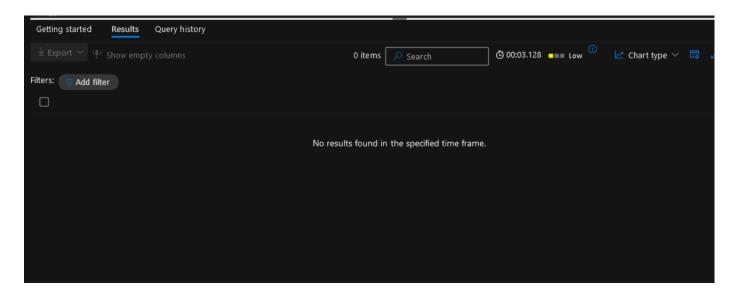
```
DeviceLogonEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where LogonType == "RemoteInteractive"
| where Timestamp <= datetime(2025-05-07T03:05:00Z)
| extend TimestampFormatted = strcat(
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'yyyyy-MM-dd'),
    "T",
    format_datetime(Timestamp, 'HH:mm:ss.ffffffff'),
    "Z"
)
| order by Timestamp desc</pre>
```

But after further analysis, the theory of Credential stealing or hailjack was dropped.

Identified suspicious process execution chain involving runtimebroker.exe -Embedding. Queried DeviceProcessEvents for processes where InitiatingProcessFileName was runtimebroker.exe with command line containing -Embedding. Observed that runtimebroker.exe spawned powershell.exe, which in turn executed csc.exe to compile and drop the payload BitSentinelCore.exe in C:\ProgramData. This process chain is typical for standard system operations and is indicative of LOLBin (Living-off-the-Land Binary) abuse for code execution and defense evasion.

```
DeviceProcessEvents
| where DeviceName == "anthony-001"
| where Timestamp >= ago(60d)
| where FileName == "runtimebroker.exe"
| where ProcessCommandLine contains "-Embedding"
| project Timestamp, DeviceName, FileName, ProcessCommandLine,
InitiatingProcessFileName, InitiatingProcessCommandLine
| order by Timestamp desc
```

No evidence found of **runtimebroker.exe** execution within **DeviceProcessEvents** for the target host and time frame. Queried for processes where FileName was **runtimebroker.exe** but returned no results. This suggests that the process tree leading to the compilation of **BitSentinelCore.exe** is either missing from available telemetry, was executed prior to the log retention period, or the process creation event was not captured by the sensor at the time of execution.



Observed creation of the temp directory C:\Users\4nth0ny!\AppData\Local\Temp\c5gy0jzg by powershell.exe (parent: RuntimeBroker.exe) in a remote session from BUBBA (192.168.0.110). This directory was used as a staging location for the C# command-line input file consumed by csc.exe during the on-the-fly compilation of the malware payload BitSentinelCore.exe. The process chain demonstrates fileless or "living-off-the-land" techniques to generate and deploy malware using only built-in Windows binaries, without any initial malware file being dropped to disk.

Reviewed process ancestry for malicious activity. Observed that svchost.exe (DcomLaunch, SYSTEM) spawned RuntimeBroker.exe with the -Embedding flag at 01:57:20 AM. RuntimeBroker.exe subsequently launched powershell.exe (PID 7868) at 01:57:36 AM, which created the temp directory C:\Users\4nth0ny!\AppData\Local\Temp\c5gy0jzg. This strongly indicates an attacker leveraged Windows COM infrastructure and LOLBins to initiate PowerShell-based execution, avoiding detection by traditional Antivirus. No evidence of user-initiated download or email-based delivery

Timeline of Events

01:52:36 UTC

svchost.exe launched with parameters -k DcomLaunch -p (SYSTEM integrity). Standard Windows process acting as a container for system services and COM activation.

• 01:57:20 UTC

RuntimeBroker.exe executed with the -Embedding flag.

Likely launched as a COM server via system service or automation. Parent process: sychost.exe.

01:57:36 UTC

powershell.exe executed by RuntimeBroker.exe.

Ran as user 4nth0ny! in a remote session originating from device BUBBA (IP: 192.168.0.110).

• 01:57:36 UTC

powershell.exe created the folder C:\Users\4nth0ny!\AppData\Local\Temp\c5gy0jzg, used as a staging area for C# source or command files.

02:00:36 UTC

csc.exe (C# compiler) executed with command line arguments referencing files in the above temp folder.

This process was launched by powershell.exe.

02:00:36 UTC

BitSentinelCore.exe **created** in C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe (DeviceFileEvents)

This is the first appearance of the malware binary on disk.

• 02:02:14 UTC

BitSentinelCore.exe executed for the first time by explorer.exe

(DeviceProcessEvents)

User-level process triggers malware execution.

02:02:14 UTC

Registry modification:

Persistence established via HKEY_CURRENT_USER\...\Run

(DeviceRegistryEvents)

Malware configured to run automatically on login.

02:02:15 UTC

Scheduled task created:

Task named UpdateHealthTelemetry to execute BitSentinelCore.exe daily (DeviceEvents)

Ensures malware persistence across reboots and logins.

02:06:51 UTC

systemreport.lnk shortcut created

(DeviceFileEvents)

Likely a secondary artifact dropped by the malware for further action or user deception.

TTP

- Living-off-the-Land (LOLBin) Execution: runtimebroker.exe, powershell.exe, csc.exe
- On-the-fly malware compilation
- Persistence via registry (Run key) and scheduled task
- Dropped malicious .lnk shortcut

IOC:

Malware Binary:
C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe
SHA1: f0606db1e2a9dcfa9ccc836625050eaac74ce3f3
SHA256: 9b091ea29ddbf3dc965a03939d06a219698e9476baf450ee39ed360096e5d9ed

Persistence Registry Key:
HKCU\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows\CurrentVersion\Run
Value Name: BitSecSvc
Data: C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe

Scheduled Task:
Task Name: UpdateHealthTelemetry
Command: C:\ProgramData\BitSentinelCore.exe

Suspicious Shortcut:
C:\Users\4nth0ny!\AppData\Roaming\Microsoft\Windows\Start
Menu\Programs\Startup\systemreport.lnk

MITRE ATT&CK:

T1059.001 - PowerShell

T1127 – Trusted Developer Utilities Proxy Execution (csc.exe)

T1218.011 – Signed Binary Proxy Execution: **runtimebroker.exe**

T1053.005 - Scheduled Task/Job: Scheduled Task Creation

T1547.001 – Registry Run Keys/Startup Folder

T1036 – Masquerading (abuse of legitimate binaries)

Response

- 1. Isolate the affected endpoint (anthony-001) from the network.
- 2. **Collected and preserved forensic evidence** (process logs, registry keys, created files, scheduled tasks, remote session records).

- 3. **Terminated all suspicious processes** and removed malware binaries, persistence mechanisms (registry, scheduled tasks), and dropped artifacts (**systemreport.lnk**).
- 4. Reset credentials for user 4nth0ny! and any other potentially compromised accounts.
- 5. Conduct a threat hunt across the live environment for similar or more TTPs and IOCs.

Improvement

- Ensure full EDR logging
- Enforce MFA on remote access
- Limit script/dev tools usage
- Auto-detect LOLBin abuse
- Regular review of persistence methods