

# CSW 2

## ASSIGNMENT 3

```
2. public class Sort012 {  
    public static void sort012(int[] arr) {  
        int low = 0;  
        int mid = 0;  
        int high = arr.length - 1;  
  
        while (mid <= high) {  
            switch (arr[mid]) {  
                case 0:  
                    swap(arr, low, mid);  
                    low++;  
                    mid++;  
                    break;  
                case 1:  
                    mid++;  
                    break;  
                case 2:
```

```
        swap(arr, mid, high);
        high--;
        break;
    }
}
}
```

```
public static void swap(int[] arr, int i, int j) {
    int temp = arr[i];
    arr[i] = arr[j];
    arr[j] = temp;
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {0, 1, 2, 0, 1, 2};

    System.out.println("Before sorting: " +
Arrays.toString(arr));

    sort012(arr);

    System.out.println("After sorting: " +
Arrays.toString(arr));
}
}
```

```

3. public class MinSwaps {
    public static int minSwaps(int[] arr, int val) {
        int count = 0;
        int numLessThanVal = 0;

        // Count the number of elements less than val
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
            if (arr[i] < val) {
                numLessThanVal++;
            }
        }

        // Count the number of elements less than val in the
        first numLessThanVal elements
        int countLessThanVal = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < numLessThanVal; i++) {
            if (arr[i] < val) {
                countLessThanVal++;
            }
        }

        // Calculate the minimum number of swaps required

```

```
int minSwaps = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
for (int i = numLessThanVal; i < arr.length; i++) {
    if (arr[i] < val) {
        count++;
    }
    if (i - numLessThanVal >= 0 && arr[i -
numLessThanVal] < val) {
        count--;
    }
    minSwaps = Math.min(minSwaps, count);
}

return minSwaps;
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr = {5, 6, 3, 4, 7, 2, 1};
    int val = 5;

    int minSwaps = minSwaps(arr, val);

    System.out.println("Minimum swaps required: " +
minSwaps);
}
```

```
}
```

```
4. public class SortArray {
```

```
    public static void sortArray(int[] arr1, int[] arr2) {
```

```
        Map<Integer, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
```

```
        // Store the index of each element of arr2 in the map
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < arr2.length; i++) {
```

```
            map.put(arr2[i], i);
```

```
        }
```

```
        // Sort arr1 according to the order in arr2 using the  
        index in the map
```

```
        Arrays.sort(arr1, new Comparator<Integer>() {
```

```
            public int compare(Integer a, Integer b) {
```

```
                if (map.containsKey(a) && map.containsKey(b))
```

```
{
```

```
                return map.get(a) - map.get(b);
```

```
            } else if (map.containsKey(a)) {
```

```
                return -1;
```

```
            } else if (map.containsKey(b)) {
```

```
                return 1;
```

```
            } else {
```

```
        return a - b;
    }
}
});
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[] arr1 = {5, 4, 3, 2, 1};
    int[] arr2 = {2, 3, 1};

    sortArray(arr1, arr2);

    System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr1));
}
}
```

5. public class MinimumSwaps {

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] arr = {2, 5, 1, 3, 8, 6, 4, 7};
        int k = 5; // value to compare
        int count = 0;
```

```
// count the number of elements less than k
for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
    if (arr[i] < k) {
        count++;
    }
}
```

// find the number of elements greater than or equal to  
k within the first count elements

```
int minSwaps = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    if (arr[i] >= k) {
        minSwaps++;
    }
}
```

```
int swaps = minSwaps;
for (int i = 0, j = count; j < arr.length; i++, j++) {
    if (arr[i] >= k) {
        swaps--;
    }
}
```

```
        if (arr[j] >= k) {  
            swaps++;  
        }  
        minSwaps = Math.min(minSwaps, swaps);  
    }
```

```
        System.out.println("Minimum swaps required: " +  
minSwaps);  
    }  
}
```

6. public class EvenOddSeparator {

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] arr = {2, 5, 1, 3, 8, 6, 4, 7};  
        int[] evenArr = new int[arr.length];  
        int[] oddArr = new int[arr.length];  
        int evenCount = 0;  
        int oddCount = 0;  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {  
            if (arr[i] % 2 == 0) {
```



```
        evenArr[evenCount] = arr[i];
        evenCount++;
    } else {
        oddArr[oddCount] = arr[i];
        oddCount++;
    }
}

System.out.println("Even numbers:");
for (int i = 0; i < evenCount; i++) {
    System.out.print(evenArr[i] + " ");
}
System.out.println();

System.out.println("Odd numbers:");
for (int i = 0; i < oddCount; i++) {
    System.out.print(oddArr[i] + " ");
}
System.out.println();
}
}
```

```
7. import java.util.Arrays;
```

```
public class ReductionOperation {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        int[] arr = {4, 2, 8, 3, 6};
```

```
        int n = arr.length;
```

```
        Arrays.sort(arr);
```

```
        while (n > 0) {
```

```
            int min = arr[0];
```

```
            System.out.println(n);
```

```
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
                arr[i] -= min;
```

```
            }
```

```
            Arrays.sort(arr);
```

```
            while (n > 0 && arr[n-1] == 0) {
```

```
                n--;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }}
```

```
9. import java.util.*;
```

```
public class ArrayUnionIntersection {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        int[] arr1 = {2, 5, 7, 8, 9};  
        int[] arr2 = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};  
  
        // finding union  
        Set<Integer> unionSet = new HashSet<>();  
        for (int i : arr1) {  
            unionSet.add(i);  
        }  
        for (int i : arr2) {  
            unionSet.add(i);  
        }  
        System.out.println("Union of arrays: " + unionSet);  
  
        // finding intersection  
        Set<Integer> intersectionSet = new HashSet<>();  
        for (int i : arr1) {  
            if (Arrays.binarySearch(arr2, i) >= 0) {  
                intersectionSet.add(i);  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
        }  
    }  
    System.out.println("Intersection of arrays: " +  
intersectionSet);  
}  
}
```

10. import java.util.\*;

```
public class IntegerListSorting {  
    private List<Integer> list;  
  
    public IntegerListSorting(List<Integer> list) {  
        this.list = list;  
    }  
  
    public void sortList() {  
        Collections.sort(list);  
    }  
  
    public int findMin() {  
        return Collections.min(list);  
    }  
}
```

```
}
```

```
public int findMax() {  
    return Collections.max(list);  
}
```

```
public double findMedian() {  
    int size = list.size();  
    if (size % 2 == 0) {  
        int middleIndex = size / 2;  
        int sumOfMiddleElements = list.get(middleIndex -  
1) + list.get(middleIndex);  
        return (double) sumOfMiddleElements / 2;  
    } else {  
        int middleIndex = size / 2;  
        return (double) list.get(middleIndex);  
    }  
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    List<Integer> list = new  
ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(7, 2, 9, 4, 1, 5));
```

```
        IntegerListSorting sorter = new
IntegerListSorting(list);

        sorter.sortList();

        System.out.println("Sorted List: " + list);

        System.out.println("Minimum Value: " +
sorter.findMin());

        System.out.println("Maximum Value: " +
sorter.findMax());

        System.out.println("Median Value: " +
sorter.findMedian());

    }
}
```