

Assembly for Reverse Engineering

Registers & Flags

Barak Gonen







- The CPU has some special hardware circuits
- Using them requires zero wait time
- Limited resource
- General purpose registers:
 Used for all types of calculations
- Special purpose registers
 IP
 FLAGS

General Purpose Registers



▶ 16 bit assembly:

- AX Accumulator register
- BX Base address register
- CX Count register
- DX Data register
- SI Source Index
- DI Destination Index
- **BP** Base Pointer
- SP Stack Pointer

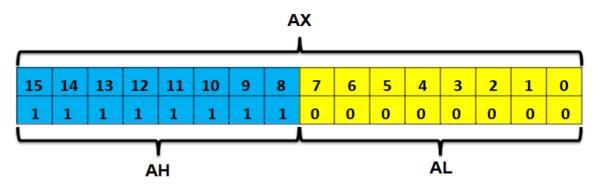
8 Bit Registers



For byte size operations, use byte registers:

16 bit	8 bit	8 bit
AX	АН	AL
ВХ	ВН	BL
CX	СН	CL
DX	DH	DL

- mov ax, 0xFF00
 - mov ah, 0xFF
 - mov al, 0x00



32 Bit Registers



"E" stands for "Extended"

32 Bit	16 Bit	8 Bit
EAX	AX	AL / AH
EBX	BX	BL / BH
ECX	CX	CL / CH
EDX	DX	DL / DH
ESI	SI	
EDI	DI	
EBP	ВР	
ESP	SP	

Other General Purpose Regs.

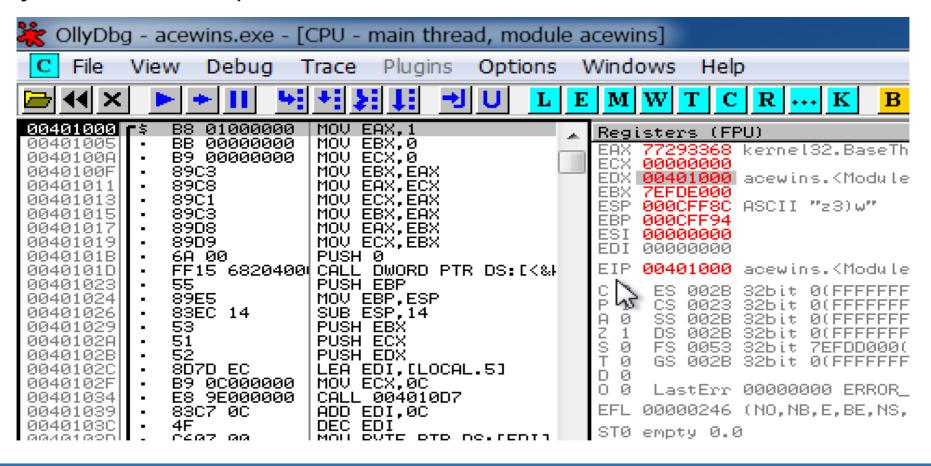


- ESI / EDI used for copying data from buffer to another
 - String operations
 - Will show up in some exercises
- ▶ EBP / ESP
 - Much of the course will be dedicated (stack, procedures)

EIP -Special Purpose Register



Study hands on :-)



Summary



- We have learned about:
 - CPU's general registers important for reading code
 - EIP important for tracing code
- By-products:
 - Practiced number representation
 - Practiced Ollydbg

