Lab#4 STACK practice

Write a program to read a text file and print whether or not a line is a palindrome.

1. palindrome: A palindrome is a string that reads the same forward and backward.

```
즉 앞에서부터,... 뒤로부터 읽은 것이 같은 string임 (ex) radar 0 1 00 11 aba 1101011 등
```

2. Testing first data file: abccba abckcba abbc abbacd

correct output:

abccba a palindrome
abckcba a palindrome
abbc not a palindrome
abbacd not a palindrome

3. Testing second data file: (PUSH only parentheses!!)

=> save the parentheses into Buffer.

```
 \left\{ \left[ \begin{array}{c} A+B \right] - \left[ \left( \begin{array}{c} C-D \right) \right] \right\} & balanced \\ (A*B) + (C*D) & balanced \\ (\left( \begin{array}{c} A+B \end{array}\right) & unbalanced \\ A+B \left( \begin{array}{c} unbalanced \end{array} \right.
```

4. Algorithm

}

```
while (infile.getline(buffer,80)) { //한 line씩 처리함 len = strlen(buffer); //string의 길이, 글자수.

if len 이 짝수이면 { //(len % 2) == 0, if len is EVEN while (i < (len / 2)) //length의 반만큼 PUSH. 'abccba'의 경우 push a, push b, push c. push(buffer[i]); }

else if len == 홀수 이면 { //(len % 2) != 0, if len is ODD while (i < (len / 2)) //length의 반만큼 PUSH. 'abckcba'의 경우 push a, push b, push c. push(buffer[i]); // 이젠 buffer 에 kcba 남았음 나+; // k를 건너 뛴다.
```

```
while (buffer[i] != '\0') {
    compare (buffer[i] and pop(ch))  // if not SAME, then BREAK;
    //만일 같으면 다음 글자 비교, 다르면 error message & break
    If (buffer[i] = "empty") then print "PALINDROME"
}
```

Extra Point:

4-1. Circular Queue (Problem: Implement CIRCULAR Queue ADT)

```
#define Queue Size 5
```

```
while (1) {
   print
            ("command: enqueue, dequeue, print, quit: ");
   get input;
   switch (input[0]) {
         'e': if (!queue_full())
                                          eneueue();
                                           printf("Queue is full\n");
               else
                                                                               break;
          'd': if (!queue_empty())
                                         dequeue();
               else
                                            printf("Queue is empty\n");
                                                                                break;
                                         printqueue();
          'p': if (!queue_empty())
               else
                                           printf("Queue is empty\n");
                                                                                break;
          'e':
               exit(0);
          default: printf("Bad Command\n");
                                                            }
                                                                              }
```

- * 검사: (enqueue, dequeue, queue_full, queue_empty의 네가지 함수 검사를 위해서)
 - 1) enqueue 'a', enqueue 'b', enqueue 'c', enqueue 'd', enqueue 'e' --> 'Queue Full'출력
 - 2) print ==> a,b,c,d 출력
 - 3) dequeue, dequeue, dequeue, dequeue => 'Queue Empty' 출력