```
import tensorflow as tf
from keras import layers, datasets, models
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from IPython import display
import time
2024-06-16 11:36:31.304385: E
external/local xla/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda dnn.cc:92611 Unable
to register cuDNN factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuDNN when one has already been registered
2024-06-16 11:36:31.304481: E
external/local xla/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda fft.cc:607] Unable to
register cuFFT factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuFFT when one has already been registered
2024-06-16 11:36:31.427123: E
external/local xla/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda blas.cc:1515] Unable
to register cuBLAS factory: Attempting to register factory for plugin
cuBLAS when one has already been registered
(X train, y train), (X test,y test) =
datasets.fashion mnist.load data()
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-
keras-datasets/train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
29515/29515 •
                             Os Ous/step
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-
keras-datasets/train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
                                     - 2s Ous/step
26421880/26421880 -
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-
keras-datasets/t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
5148/5148
                        ---- Os lus/step
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/tf-
keras-datasets/t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
4422102/4422102 -----
                            ----- 1s Ous/step
train data = np.concatenate((X train, X test), axis = 0)
train labels = np.concatenate((y train, y test), axis = 0)
print(f"X train.shape = {X train.shape}")
print(f"X_test.shape = {X_test.shape}")
print(f"Concatenated train data shape = {train data.shape}")
X \text{ train.shape} = (60000, 28, 28)
X \text{ test.shape} = (10000, 28, 28)
Concatenated train data shape = (70000, 28, 28)
train data.max()
255
```

```
train_data = (train_data - 127.5) / 127.5
# Batch and shuffle the data
batch size = 256
buffer size = train data.shape[0]
batched_train_data =
tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices(train_data).shuffle(buffer_size).ba
tch(batch size)
len(batched train data)
274
train_data.shape[0]/batch_size
273.4375
def sbplt(rows, cols, data, labels):
  plt.figure(figsize = (rows*2,cols*2))
  for i in range (rows*cols):
    plt.subplot(rows, cols, i+1)
    plt.imshow(data[i], cmap = 'gray')
    if len(labels)!=0 :
      plt.title(labels[i])
    plt.axis('off')
  plt.tight_layout()
  plt.show()
  return
sbplt(5,5,train_data, train_labels)
```



### Generator

```
noise_dim = 100

def build_generator():
    model = models.Sequential(name = 'generator')
    model.add(layers.Dense(128*7*7, activation='relu',
input_shape=(noise_dim,)))
    model.add(layers.Reshape((7,7,128)))
    model.add(layers.UpSampling2D())
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.9))
```

```
model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, activation='relu',padding='same',
kernel size=(3,3))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.UpSampling2D())
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, activation='relu',padding='same',
kernel size=(3,3))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(1, activation='tanh',padding='same',
kernel size=(3,3), name = 'output layer'))
    return model
generator = build generator()
generator.summary()
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages/keras/src/layers/core/
dense.py:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim`
argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an
`Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwarqs)
Model: "generator"
Layer (type)
                                  Output Shape
Param #
 dense (Dense)
                                   (None, 6272)
633,472
                                   (None, 7, 7, 128)
  reshape (Reshape)
0
 up_sampling2d (UpSampling2D)
                                  (None, 14, 14, 128)
  batch normalization
                                   (None, 14, 14, 128)
512
  (BatchNormalization)
 conv2d (Conv2D)
                                  (None, 14, 14, 128)
```

```
147,584
 batch normalization 1
                                  (None, 14, 14, 128)
512
  (BatchNormalization)
                                  (None, 28, 28, 128)
 up sampling2d 1 (UpSampling2D)
 conv2d 1 (Conv2D)
                                   (None, 28, 28, 64)
73,792
                                  (None, 28, 28, 64)
  batch normalization 2
256
  (BatchNormalization)
 output layer (Conv2D)
                                   (None, 28, 28, 1)
577 |
Total params: 856,705 (3.27 MB)
Trainable params: 856,065 (3.27 MB)
Non-trainable params: 640 (2.50 KB)
```

#### Discriminator

```
model.add(layers.Conv2D(filters = 64,
                          kernel size=(3,3),
                          strides=(2,2),
                          kernel initializer = 'he uniform',
                          padding='same',
                          input shape = input shape))
    model.add(layers.ZeroPadding2D(padding=((0,1),(0,1)))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU(0.2))
    model.add(layers.Dropout(0.25))
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(filters = 128,
                          kernel size=(3,3),
                          strides=(2,2),
                          kernel initializer = 'he uniform',
                          padding='same',
                          input shape = input shape))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU(0.2))
    model.add(layers.Dropout(0.25))
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(filters = 256,
                          kernel size=(3,3),
                          strides=(2,2),
                          kernel initializer = 'he uniform',
                          padding='same',
                          input shape = input shape))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU(0.2))
    model.add(layers.Dropout(0.25))
    model.add(layers.Flatten())
    model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation = 'sigmoid', name =
'output layer'))
    return model
discriminator = build discriminator()
discriminator.summary()
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages/keras/src/layers/
convolutional/base conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an
`input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential
models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in
the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwarqs)
Model: "discriminator"
```

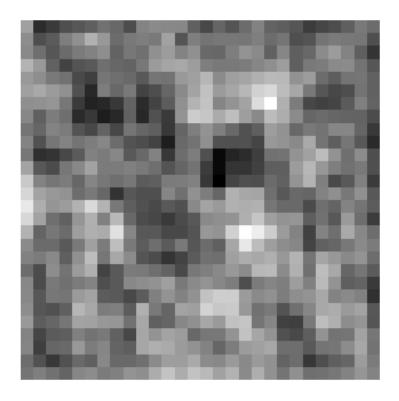
Layer (type) Param #	Output Shape	
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)   320	(None, 14, 14, 32)	
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 14, 14, 32)	
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)   18,496	(None, 7, 7, 64)	
zero_padding2d (ZeroPadding2D)	(None, 8, 8, 64)	
batch_normalization_3 256   (BatchNormalization)	(None, 8, 8, 64)	
	(None, 8, 8, 64)	
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 8, 8, 64)	
	(None, 4, 4, 128)	
batch_normalization_4 512   (PatchNormalization)	(None, 4, 4, 128)	
(BatchNormalization)		
leaky_re_lu_2 (LeakyReLU)	(None, 4, 4, 128)	

```
dropout 2 (Dropout)
                                  (None, 4, 4, 128)
0
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)
                                  (None, 2, 2, 256)
295,168
  batch normalization 5
                                   (None, 2, 2, 256)
1,024
  (BatchNormalization)
 leaky_re_lu_3 (LeakyReLU)
                                  (None, 2, 2, 256)
0 |
 dropout 3 (Dropout)
                                   (None, 2, 2, 256)
 flatten (Flatten)
                                  (None, 1024)
 output_layer (Dense)
                                  (None, 1)
1,025
Total params: 390,657 (1.49 MB)
Trainable params: 389,761 (1.49 MB)
Non-trainable params: 896 (3.50 KB)
```

## Testing for random noises

```
num_samples = 1
noises = tf.random.normal([num_samples, noise_dim])
gen_img = generator(noises, training = False)
plt.imshow(gen_img[0,:,:,0]*127.5 + 127.5, cmap = 'gray')
plt.axis('off')
print(discriminator(gen_img, training = False))
plt.show()

tf.Tensor([[0.45838943]], shape=(1, 1), dtype=float32)
```



# Optimizers for Generator and Discriminator

```
\label{eq:generator_optimizer} \begin{array}{ll} \text{generator\_optimizer} = \text{tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning\_rate} = 0.0001, \\ \text{beta\_1} = 0.5) \\ \text{discriminator\_optimizer} = \text{tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning\_rate} = 0.0001, \\ \text{beta\_1} = 0.5) \\ \end{array}
```

### Loss functions of Generator and Discriminator

```
def discriminator_loss(real_output, fake_output):
    real_loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.relu(1.0 - real_output))
    fake_loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.relu(1.0 + fake_output))
    return real_loss + fake_loss

def generator_loss(fake_output):
    return -tf.reduce_mean(fake_output)
```

## **Training**

```
noise_dim = noise_dim
batch_size = batch_size

print(f"batch_size = {batch_size}")
print(f"noise_dim = {noise_dim}")

batch_size = 256
noise_dim = 100
```

```
@tf.function
def train step (real images):
  noise = tf.random.normal([batch_size, noise dim])
 with tf.GradientTape() as gen_tape, tf.GradientTape() as disc_tape:
    generated images = generator(noise, training = True)
    fake outputs = discriminator(generated images, training = True)
    real outputs = discriminator(real images, training = True)
    gen loss = generator loss(fake outputs)
    disc loss = discriminator loss(real output = real outputs,
fake output = fake outputs)
  generator_gradients = gen_tape.gradient(gen_loss,
generator.trainable variables)
  discriminator gradients = disc tape.gradient(disc loss,
discriminator.trainable variables)
  generator optimizer.apply gradients(zip(generator gradients,
generator.trainable variables))
  discriminator_optimizer.apply_gradients(zip(discriminator_gradients,
discriminator.trainable variables))
  return disc loss, gen loss
# Test generator on following noises throughout training
num samples = 16
test noises = tf.random.normal([num samples,noise dim])
def generate and save image(model, epoch, test input):
    rows = 4
    cols = 4
    plt.figure(figsize=(rows*2, cols*2))
    plt.suptitle(f"Epoch = {epoch}")
    generated images = model(test input)
    for i in range(rows * cols):
        ax = plt.subplot(rows, cols, i + 1)
        ax.axis('off')
        ax.imshow(generated images[i, :, :, 0] * 127.5 + 127.5,
cmap='gray')
    plt.tight layout()
    if not os.path.exists("images"):
```

```
os.makedirs("images")
    plt.savefig(f"images/image-at-epoch-{epoch:04d}.png")
    plt.show()
import os
# Define checkpoint directory and checkpoint prefix
checkpoint dir = './training checkpoints'
checkpoint prefix = os.path.join(checkpoint dir, "ckpt")
# Create a checkpoint object
checkpoint = tf.train.Checkpoint(generator optimizer =
generator optimizer,
                                 discriminator optimizer =
discriminator optimizer,
                                 generator = generator,
                                 discriminator = discriminator)
# Restore the latest checkpoint if available
latest checkpoint = tf.train.latest checkpoint(checkpoint dir)
if latest checkpoint:
    checkpoint.restore(latest checkpoint)
    print("Checkpoint restored:", latest_checkpoint)
def train(dataset, epochs):
    disc losses = []
    gen losses = []
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
        start = time.time()
        for real image batch in dataset:
            disc loss, gen loss = train step(real image batch)
        disc losses.append(disc loss)
        gen losses.append(gen loss)
        display.clear_output(wait=True)
        print(f"Epoch = {epoch}, disc loss = {disc loss}, gen loss =
{gen loss}, time taken = {time.time() - start} seconds")
        generate and save image(model=generator, epoch=epoch,
test input=test noises)
        if epoch % 5 == 0:
            checkpoint.save(file_prefix=checkpoint_prefix)
            print(f"checkpoint saved for epoch = {epoch}")
        history = {
```

```
'discriminator_losses': disc_losses,
    'generator_losses': gen_losses
}

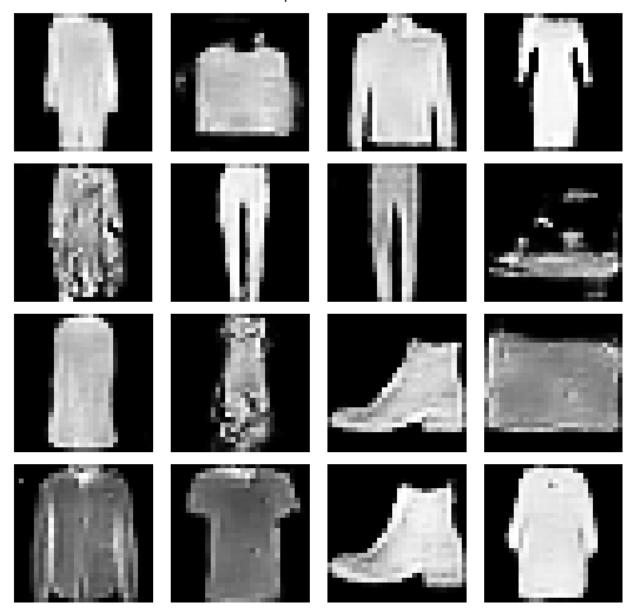
print(f"history of epoch = {epoch} saved")
print(f"epoch = {epoch+1} started")

return history

epochs = 100
history = train(batched_train_data, epochs = epochs)

Epoch = 100, disc_loss = 1.8447736501693726, gen_loss = -
0.41264939308166504, time_taken = 11.497250318527222 seconds
```

Epoch = 100



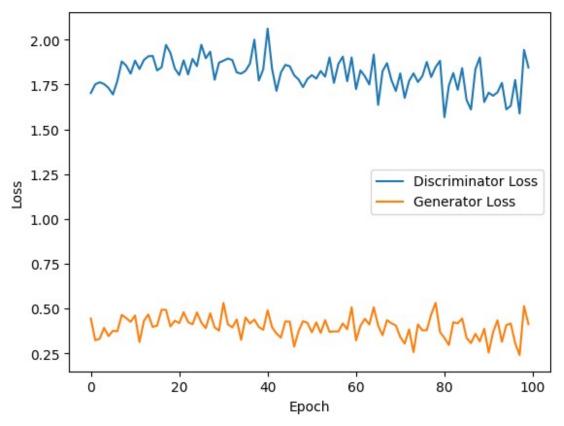
```
checkpoint saved for epoch = 100
history of epoch = 100 saved
epoch = 101 started

import os
import pickle

# Ensure the output directory exists
output_dir = '/kaggle/working/'
os.makedirs(output_dir, exist_ok=True)

# Save the history object to the output directory
```

```
output path = os.path.join(output dir, 'dcgan-fashion-mnist-history-
loss-hingeloss.pkl')
with open(output_path, 'wb') as pickle_file:
    pickle.dump(history, pickle_file)
# Load the history from the pickle file
with open('dcgan-fashion-mnist-history-loss-hingeloss.pkl', 'rb') as
pickle file:
    loaded history pickle = pickle.load(pickle file)
# Access the loaded history
discriminator losses = loaded history pickle['discriminator losses']
generator losses = loaded history pickle['generator losses']
generator.save("generator-fashion-mnist-hingeloss.h5")
neg generator losses = []
for i in generator losses:
    neg generator losses.append(abs(i))
plt.plot(discriminator losses, label='Discriminator Loss')
plt.plot(neg generator losses, label='Generator Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
import shutil

# Define the directory containing the images and the output zip file
images_dir = '/kaggle/working/images'
output_zip = '/kaggle/working/images-fashion-mnist-hingeloss.zip'

# Zip the directory
shutil.make_archive(output_zip.replace('.zip', ''), 'zip', images_dir)
print(f"Zipped {images_dir} to {output_zip}")

Zipped /kaggle/working/images to /kaggle/working/images-fashion-mnist-hingeloss.zip
```