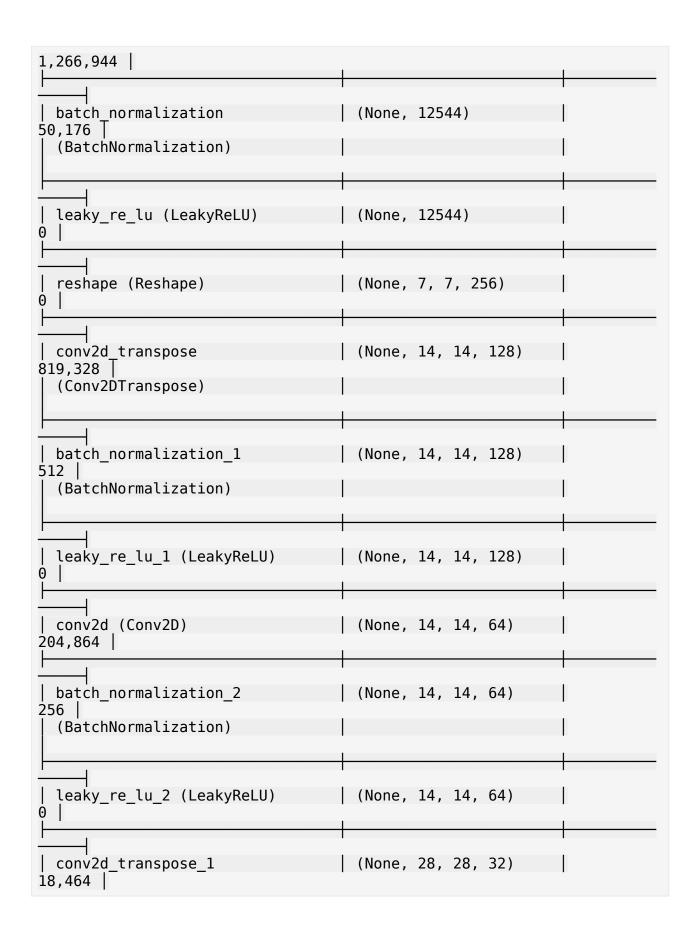
```
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
import time
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from keras import layers, datasets, models
from IPython import display
import os
(X_train, y_train),(X_test, y_test) =
datasets.fashion_mnist.load_data()
train data = np.concatenate((X train, X test), axis = 0)
train labels = np.concatenate((y train, y test), axis = 0)
print(f"train data.shape = {train data.shape}")
print(f"X train.shape = {X train.shape}")
print(f"X_test.shape = {X_test.shape}")
train data.shape = (70000, 28, 28)
X \text{ train.shape} = (60000, 28, 28)
X \text{ test.shape} = (10000, 28, 28)
train_data = ( train_data -127.50 ) / 127.50
train data.min()
-1.0
train data.max()
1.0
batch size = 256
buffer_size = train_data.shape[0]
batched train data =
tf.data.Dataset.from tensor slices(train data).shuffle(buffer size).ba
tch(batch size)
len(batched train data)
274
# We can get above value by
train data.shape[0]/batch size
273.4375
```

Generator

```
noise dim = 100
def build generator():
    model = models.Sequential(name='generator')
    model.add(layers.Dense(7 * 7 * 256, input shape=(noise dim,)))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
    model.add(layers.Reshape((7, 7, 256)))
    model.add(layers.Conv2DTranspose(128, (5, 5), strides=(2, 2),
padding="same", kernel initializer='he uniform'))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (5, 5), strides=(1, 1),
padding="same", kernel initializer='he uniform'))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
    model.add(layers.Conv2DTranspose(32, (3, 3), strides=(2, 2),
padding="same", kernel_initializer='he_uniform'))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.8))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU())
    model.add(layers.Conv2DTranspose(1, (3, 3), padding="same",
strides=(1, 1), activation="tanh"))
    return model
generator = build generator()
generator.summary()
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages/keras/src/layers/core/
dense.py:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input shape`/`input dim`
argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an
`Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwarqs)
Model: "generator"
Layer (type)
                                   Output Shape
Param #
                                   (None, 12544)
 dense (Dense)
```



```
(Conv2DTranspose)
  batch normalization 3
                                   (None, 28, 28, 32)
  (BatchNormalization)
 leaky re lu 3 (LeakyReLU)
                                   | (None, 28, 28, 32)
 conv2d transpose 2
                                    (None, 28, 28, 1)
289
  (Conv2DTranspose)
Total params: 2,360,961 (9.01 MB)
Trainable params: 2,335,425 (8.91 MB)
Non-trainable params: 25,536 (99.75 KB)
input shape = (28, 28, 1)
def build discriminator():
    model = models.Sequential(name='discriminator')
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(64, (3, 3), strides=(2, 2),
padding="same", kernel_initializer='he_uniform',
input shape=input shape))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.7))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU(alpha=0.2))
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(128, (3, 3), strides=(2, 2),
padding="same", kernel_initializer='he_uniform'))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.7))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU(alpha=0.2))
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(256, (3, 3), strides=(2, 2),
padding="same", kernel initializer='he uniform'))
    model.add(layers.BatchNormalization(momentum=0.7))
    model.add(layers.LeakyReLU(alpha=0.2))
    model.add(layers.MaxPool2D((2, 2)))
    model.add(layers.Flatten())
```

```
model.add(layers.Dropout(0.3))
    model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
    return model
discriminator = build discriminator()
discriminator.summary()
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages/keras/src/layers/
convolutional/base conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an
`input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential
models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in
the model instead.
  super(). init (activity regularizer=activity regularizer,
**kwarqs)
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages/keras/src/layers/activations/
leaky relu.py:41: UserWarning: Argument `alpha` is deprecated. Use
`negative_slope` instead.
 warnings.warn(
Model: "discriminator"
                                  Output Shape
Layer (type)
Param # |
 conv2d 1 (Conv2D)
                                  (None, 14, 14, 64)
640
batch normalization 4
                                  (None, 14, 14, 64)
256 l
  (BatchNormalization)
 leaky re lu 4 (LeakyReLU)
                                  (None, 14, 14, 64)
0
 conv2d_2 (Conv2D)
                                   (None, 7, 7, 128)
73.856
  batch normalization 5
                                   (None, 7, 7, 128)
512
  (BatchNormalization)
```

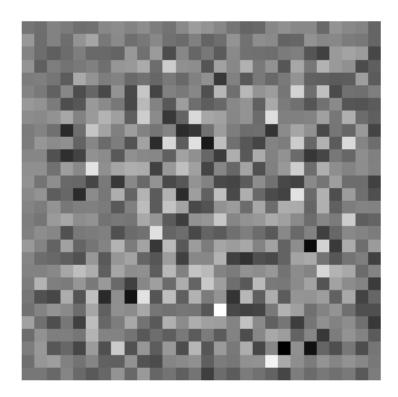
```
leaky_re_lu_5 (LeakyReLU)
                                  | (None, 7, 7, 128)
                                  (None, 4, 4, 256)
 conv2d_3 (Conv2D)
295,168
  batch normalization 6
                                  (None, 4, 4, 256)
1,024
  (BatchNormalization)
  leaky_re_lu_6 (LeakyReLU)
                                  (None, 4, 4, 256)
 max pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)
                                  (None, 2, 2, 256)
 flatten (Flatten)
                                  (None, 1024)
0
dropout (Dropout)
                                  (None, 1024)
dense 1 (Dense)
                                  (None, 1)
1,025
Total params: 372,481 (1.42 MB)
Trainable params: 371,585 (1.42 MB)
Non-trainable params: 896 (3.50 KB)
```

Testing

```
num_samples = 1
noises = tf.random.normal([num_samples, noise_dim])
gen_img = generator(noises, training = False)
plt.imshow(gen_img[0,:,:,0], cmap = 'gray')
plt.axis('off')
```

```
print(discriminator(gen_img))
plt.show()

tf.Tensor([[0.50262094]], shape=(1, 1), dtype=float32)
```



Optimizer

```
generator_optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate = 0.0001, beta_1 = 0.5) discriminator_optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate = 0.0001, beta_1 = 0.5)
```

Loss Function

```
def generator_loss(fake_output):
    return -tf.reduce_mean(fake_output)

def discriminator_loss(real_output, fake_output):
    real_loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.relu(1.0 - real_output))
    fake_loss = tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.relu(1.0 + fake_output))
    return real_loss + fake_loss
```

Training

```
noise_dim = noise_dim
batch_size = batch_size
```

```
print(f"batch size = {batch size}")
print(f"noise_dim = {noise dim}")
batch size = 256
noise dim = 100
@tf.function
def train step (real images):
  noise = tf.random.normal([batch size, noise dim])
 with tf.GradientTape() as gen tape, tf.GradientTape() as disc tape:
    generated images = generator(noise, training = True)
    fake outputs = discriminator(generated images, training = True)
    real outputs = discriminator(real images, training = True)
    gen_loss = generator_loss(fake outputs)
    disc loss = discriminator loss(real output = real outputs,
fake output = fake outputs)
  generator gradients = gen tape.gradient(gen loss,
generator.trainable variables)
  discriminator_gradients = disc_tape.gradient(disc_loss,
discriminator.trainable variables)
  generator optimizer.apply gradients(zip(generator gradients,
generator.trainable variables))
  discriminator optimizer.apply gradients(zip(discriminator gradients,
discriminator.trainable variables))
  return disc loss, gen loss
# Test generator on following noises throughout training
num samples = 16
test noises = tf.random.normal([num samples,noise dim])
def generate and save image(model, epoch, test input):
    rows = 4
    cols = 4
    plt.figure(figsize=(rows*2, cols*2))
    plt.suptitle(f"Epoch = {epoch}")
    generated images = model(test input)
```

```
for i in range(rows * cols):
        ax = plt.subplot(rows, cols, i + 1)
        ax.axis('off')
        ax.imshow(generated images[i, :, :, 0] * 127.5 + 127.5,
cmap='gray')
    plt.tight layout()
    if not os.path.exists("images"):
        os.makedirs("images")
    plt.savefig(f"images/image-at-epoch-{epoch:04d}.png")
    plt.show()
# Define checkpoint directory and checkpoint prefix
checkpoint dir = './training checkpoints'
checkpoint prefix = os.path.join(checkpoint dir, "ckpt")
# Create a checkpoint object
checkpoint = tf.train.Checkpoint(generator optimizer =
generator optimizer,
                                 discriminator optimizer =
discriminator optimizer,
                                 generator = generator,
                                 discriminator = discriminator)
# Restore the latest checkpoint if available
latest checkpoint = tf.train.latest checkpoint(checkpoint dir)
if latest checkpoint:
    checkpoint.restore(latest checkpoint)
    print("Checkpoint restored:", latest checkpoint)
def train(dataset, epochs):
    disc losses = []
    gen \overline{losses} = []
    for epoch in range(1, epochs + 1):
        start = time.time()
        for real image batch in dataset:
            disc_loss, gen_loss = train_step(real image batch)
        disc losses.append(disc loss)
        gen losses.append(gen loss)
        display.clear output(wait=True)
        print(f"Epoch = {epoch}, disc_loss = {disc_loss}, gen_loss =
{gen_loss}, time_taken = {time.time() - start} seconds")
        generate and save image(model=generator, epoch=epoch,
```

```
test_input=test_noises)
    if epoch % 5 == 0:
        checkpoint.save(file_prefix=checkpoint_prefix)
        print(f"checkpoint saved for epoch = {epoch}")

history = {
        'discriminator_losses': disc_losses,
        'generator_losses': gen_losses
}

print(f"history of epoch = {epoch} saved")

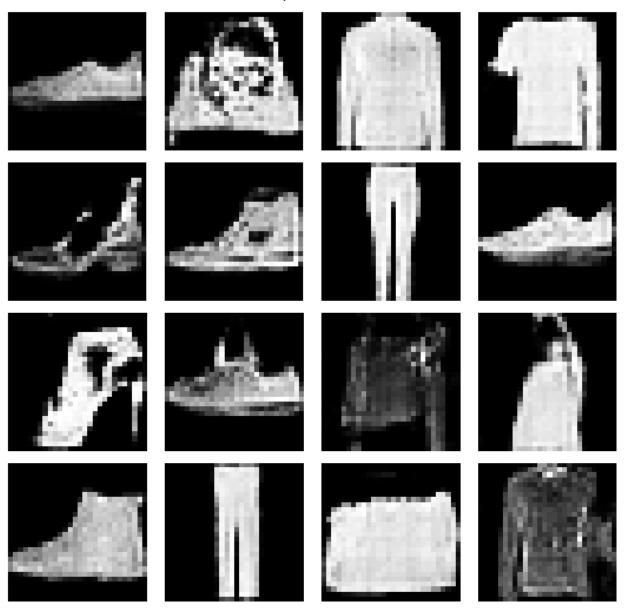
print(f"epoch = {epoch+1} started")

return history

epochs = 50
history = train(batched_train_data, epochs = epochs)

Epoch = 50, disc_loss = 1.3630861043930054, gen_loss = -
0.2210840880870819, time_taken = 14.722540855407715 seconds
```

Epoch = 50



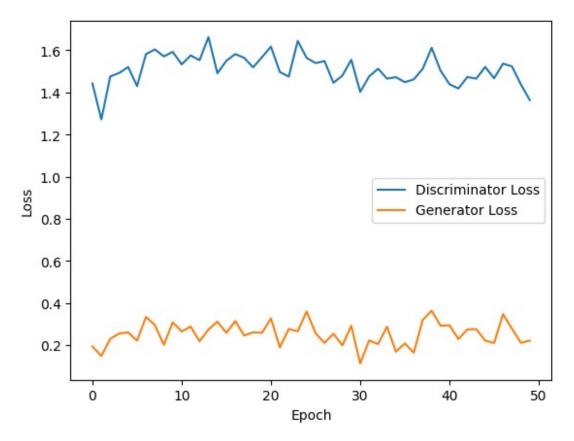
```
checkpoint saved for epoch = 50
history of epoch = 50 saved
epoch = 51 started

import pickle

# Ensure the output directory exists
output_dir = '/kaggle/working/'
os.makedirs(output_dir, exist_ok=True)

# Save the history object to the output directory
output_path = os.path.join(output_dir, 'dcgan-fashion-mnist-hingeloss-
```

```
history-before-modification.pkl')
with open(output path, 'wb') as pickle file:
    pickle.dump(history, pickle_file)
# Load the history from the pickle file
with open('dcgan-fashion-mnist-hingeloss-history-before-
modification.pkl', 'rb') as pickle_file:
    loaded history pickle = pickle.load(pickle file)
# Access the loaded history
discriminator losses = loaded history pickle['discriminator losses']
generator losses = loaded history pickle['generator losses']
neg gen losses = []
for i in generator losses:
    neg gen losses.append(-1*i)
plt.plot(discriminator losses, label='Discriminator Loss')
plt.plot(neg_gen_losses, label='Generator Loss')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
generator.save("generator-dcgan-fashion-mnist-hingeloss-before-
modification.h5")
import shutil

# Define the directory containing the images and the output zip file
images_dir = '/kaggle/working/images'
output_zip = '/kaggle/working/images-fashion-mnist-hingeloss-before-
modification.zip'

# Zip the directory
shutil.make_archive(output_zip.replace('.zip', ''), 'zip', images_dir)
print(f"Zipped {images_dir} to {output_zip}")

Zipped /kaggle/working/images to /kaggle/working/images-fashion-mnist-
hingeloss-before-modification.zip
```