ELE510 – Project 6 Feature Descriptors

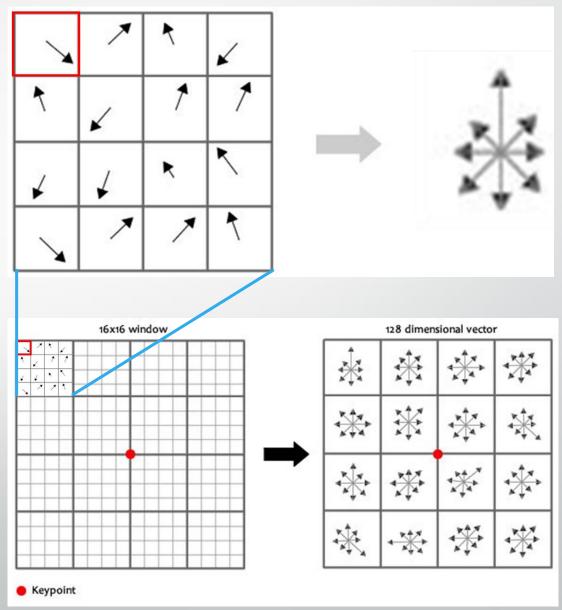
Comparison of SIFT, FAST + BRIEF and ORB

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SIFT Feature Description

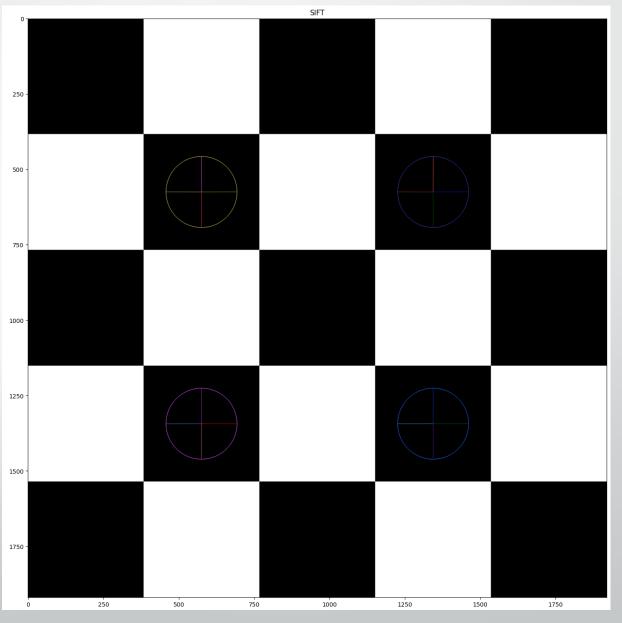
SIFT = Scale Invariant Feature Transform

- ➤ Divide neighborhood into cells
- Histogram on gradient direction to find primary orientation
- Summarize 4x4 cells into 8-bin orientation histogram
- ➤ Repeat for 16 windows
 → 128dim feature vector
- > Scale & rotation invariant



SIFT on Chessboard

- ➤ 4 keypoints in center of 4 central black squares (global features)
- Orientation vector pointing towards strongest gradient (edges)



649 ms \pm 82 ms per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 1 loop each)

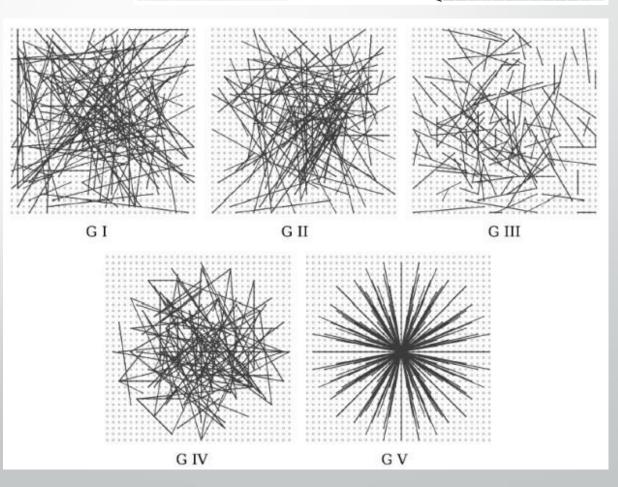
BRIEF Feature Description

BRIEF = Binary Robust Independent Elementary Features

FAST = Features from Accelerated Segment Test

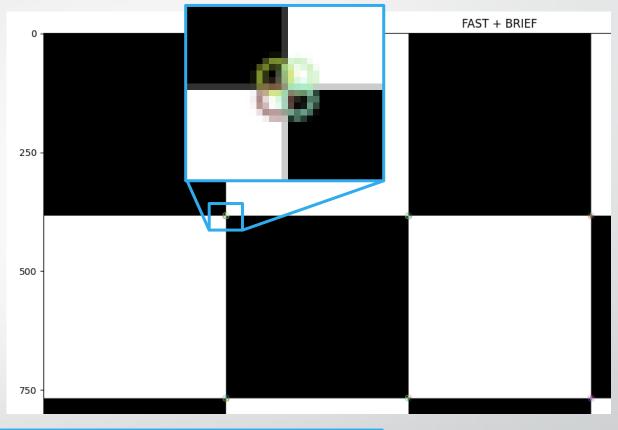
1612
152-123
144
131
1098

- Feature detection (e.g. using FAST)
- > Pre-smoothing using Gaussian
- Use sampling geometry to find binary test pairs (pixels) in neighborhood
- ➤ Compare intensity of pixel pairs → o or 1
- ➤ Combine into binary string → descriptor
- Not scale/rotation invariant!



FAST + BRIEF on Chessboard

- > Feature in each corner of each square
- Descriptors for features in repeating corners identical



ORB Feature Description

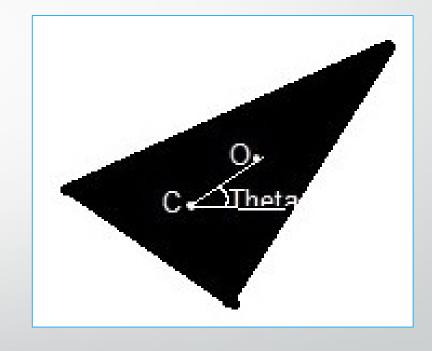
ORB = Oriented FAST and Rotated BRIEF

Scale invariance:

- > FAST on multiscale pyramid
- ➤ Harris Corner Measure → Top n features

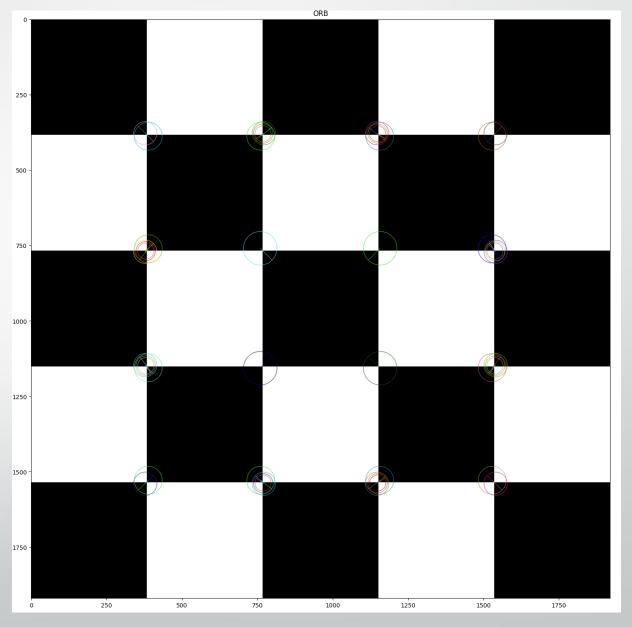
Rotational invariance:

- ➤ Intensity weighted centroid → Primary orientation
- Rotate sampling geometry (BRIEF)



ORB on Chessboard

- > Feature locations same as FAST
- Orientation vector points to center of intensity



27.9 ms \pm 2.7 ms per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 10 loops each)

ORB on Real Photograph

