

# PythonT<sub>E</sub>X

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Edycja i prezentacja tekstów naukowych

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## Część I

# Basics of PythonT<sub>E</sub>X

- 1 Python basics
  - First example
  - Functions

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- 2 Compilation process
  - Outline

- ① Python basics
  - First example
  - Functions
- ② Compilation process
  - Outline
- ③ PythonT<sub>E</sub>X
  - Sessions
  - Commands
  - Other commands/functions
  - Beamer compatibility
  - Other languages

# First example

No brackets only indentation



```
1 # And this is a comment.  
2 from random import randint  
3 number = randint(0, 9)  
4 if number < 5:  
5     print "0-4"  
6 else:  
7     print "5-9"
```

Example output

0-4

# Functions

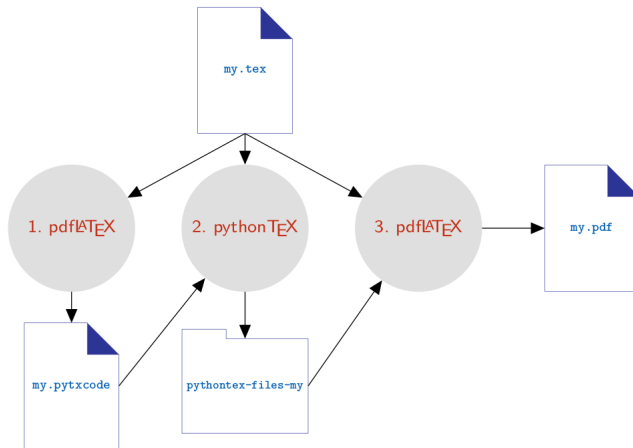


```
1 def sayMyName(name):  
2     print ("Your name is {0}".format(name))  
3 sayMyName("Damian")
```

## Output

Your name is Damian

# PDF creation process





# Sessions

What are they for?



- Parallel execution

# Sessions

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- Parallel execution
  - Increase speed

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- Parallel execution
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  - Different settings

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- Parallel execution
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- Default session

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- Session name

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  - a-z
  - A-Z

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- Parallel execution
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- Session name
  - a-z
  - A-Z
  - 0-9



# Sessions

What are they for?



- Parallel execution
  - Increase speed
  - Different settings
- Default session
- Session name
  - a-z
  - A-Z
  - 0-9
  - hyphen and underscore

# Commands

Overall look on them



## Inline commands

- `py`
- `pyc`
- `pys`
- `pyv`
- `pyb`

## Multi-line commands

- `pycode`
- `pysub`
- `pyverbatim`
- `pyblock`

## Console commands

- `pyconsole`
- `pycon`

# py

inline command



## Usage

Returns text representation of it's argument.

```
1 \py{"Hello world"}  
2
```

## output

Hello world

pyc

inline command



## Usage

Prints evaluated expressions that are inside curly braces preceded by exclamation mark.

```
1 \pyc{a = 2**8}  
2 \py{a}  
3
```

## output

256

pys

inline command



## Usage

Evaluates and then substitute expressions that are surrounded by curly braces proceeded by exclamation mark by their string representation.

```
1 \pys{$1 + 1 = !{1+1}$}  
2
```

## output

1 + 1 = 2

pyv

inline command



## Usage

It typesets but do not execute the code.

```
1 \pyc{a = 1}  
2 \pyv{a = 256} \\  
3 \py{a}  
4
```

## output

```
a = 256  
1
```

pyb

inline command



## Usage

It typesets and executes the code.

```
1 \pyc{a = 1}  
2 \pyb{a = 256} \\  
3 \py{a}  
4
```

## output

```
a = 256  
256
```

# pycode

environment



## Usage

Enclose the code that is going to be executed but not typeset.

```
1 \begin{pycode}
2 def sayMyName(name):
3     return "Your name is {0}".format(name)
4 sayMyName("Damian")
5 \end{pycode}
6 \py{sayMyName("Damian")}
7
```

## output

Your name is Damian



# pysub

environment



## Usage

Similar to `\pys`. But this time this is an environment.

```
1 \begin{pysub}
2 1 + 5 = !{1 + 5} \\
3 Function output: !{sayMyName("Damian")} \\
4 2*32 = !{2**32}
5 \end{pysub}
6
```

## output

```
1 + 5 = 6
Function output: Your name is Damian
2*32 = 4294967296
```

## Usage

This environment enclose the code that is typeset and executed. Does not print any printed content even if autoprint flag is set to true.

```
1 \begin{pyblock}  
2 sayMyName("Damian")  
3 a = 125  
4 a + a  
5 \end{pyblock}  
6
```

## output

```
sayMyName("Damian")  
a = 125  
a + a
```

# pyverbatim

environment



## Usage

This environment enclose the code that is typeset and not executed.

```
1 \begin{pyverbatim}  
2 sayMyName( "Damian" )  
3 a = 125  
4 a + a  
5 \end{pyverbatim}  
6
```

## output

```
sayMyName("Damian")  
a = 125  
a + a
```

# pyconsole

console environment



## Usage

This environment treats its contents as series of commands passed to an active Python console. It shows input and output of commands.

```
1 \begin{pyconsole}  
2 a = [1, 2, 3]  
3 dir(a)  
4 print(a)  
5 \end{pyconsole}
```

## output

```
>>> a = [1, 2, 3]  
>>> dir(a)  
['__add__', '__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__delitem__',  
>>> print(a)  
[1, 2, 3]
```

# pycon

console inline command



## Usage

This command executes code using emulated interpreter and shows the output back into the document, discarding the input.

```
1 \pycon{ dir(a) }
```

## output

```
['__add__', '__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__delitem__',  
now exiting Console...
```

# Other commands or functions

Which are not so important to have single slide for them.



- `\setpythontexoutputdir`

# Other commands or functions

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- `\setpythontexoutputdir`
- `\setpythontexworkingdir`

# Other commands or functions

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- `\setpythontexoutputdir`
- `\setpythontexworkingdir`
- `str`



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- `\setpythontexoutputdir`
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- `add_dependencies`

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- `\setpythontexoutputdir`
- `\setpythontexworkingdir`
- `str`
- `add_dependencies`
- `before`

# Other commands or functions

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- `\setpythontexoutputdir`
- `\setpythontexworkingdir`
- `str`
- `add_dependencies`
- `before`
- `after`

# Beamer



## Frames

PythonTeX is compatible with Beamer. But beware, you need to use Beamer's fragile option for any frame containing typeset code.

# Other languages



www.agh.edu.pl

- Ruby

# Other languages



- Ruby
- Octave

# Other languages



- Ruby
- Octave
- Julia

# Other languages



- Ruby
- Octave
- Julia
- Rust



# Other languages



- Ruby
- Octave
- Julia
- Rust
- Bash

# Bash

Available commands and environments



- bash

# Bash

Available commands and environments



- bash
- bashblock

# Bash

Available commands and environments



- bash
- bashblock
- bashverbatim

# Bash

Available commands and environments



- bash
- bashblock
- bashverbatim
- bashsub

## Część II

# Python T<sub>E</sub>Xamples

## 4 Charts

- source code
- result

- 4 Charts
  - source code
  - result
  
- 5 Internet data
  - source code
  - result



- 4 Charts
  - source code
  - result
- 5 Internet data
  - source code
  - result
- 6 Dynamic tables
  - source code
  - result

# Chart

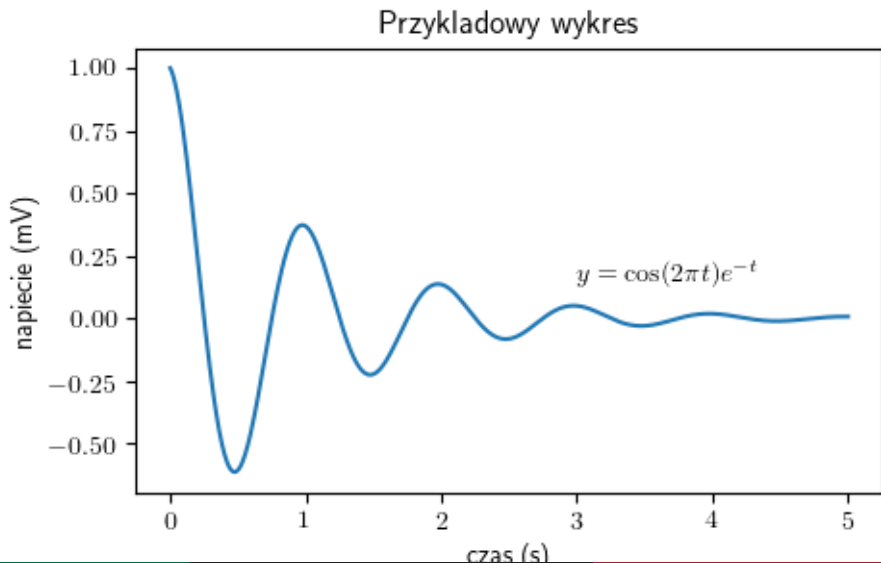
## Matplotlib



```
1 \begin{pycode}[chart]
2 from pylab import *
3 def f(t):
4     return cos(2 * pi * t) * exp(-t)
5 t = linspace(0, 5, 500)
6 y = f(t)
7 clf()
8 figure(figsize=(5, 3))
9 rc("text", usetex=True)
10 plot(t, y)
11 title("Przykładowy wykres")
12 text(3, 0.15, r"$y = \cos(2 \pi t) e^{-t}$")
13 xlabel("czas (s)")
14 ylabel("napiecie (mV)")
15 savefig("myplot.png", bbox_inches="tight")
16 print(r"\begin{center}")
17 print(r"\includegraphics[scale=1.0, keepaspectratio]{myplot.png}")
18 print(r"\end{center}")
19 \end{pycode}
```

# Chart

File is saved to main folder by default



# GPW

Using another session to improve speed of pythontex.



```
1 \begin{pycode}[internet]
2 from internet import getSymbolInfo
3 import time
4
5 wig20 = getSymbolInfo("WIG20")
6 kghm = getSymbolInfo("KGHM")
7 cd = getSymbolInfo("CDPROJEKT")
8 date = time.strftime("%Y/%m/%d");
9 \end{pycode}
10
11 \begin{exampleblock}{KGHM}
12 Current price: \py[internet]{wig20} PLN
13 \end{exampleblock}
```

# GPW

Because it's funny to know current prices of stock.



KGHM

Current price: 2307.06

WIG20

Current price: 112 PLN

CDPROJEKT

Current price: 81.1 PLN

Actual price for date: 2017/06/12.

# External files



```
1 \begin{pycode}[people]
2 from people import importPeople
3 people = importPeople()
4
5 print(r"\begin{tabular}{ l | r }")
6
7 print(r"{0} & {1} \\ \hline".format(people[0][0], people[0][1]))
8 people.pop(0)
9 for person in people:
10     print(r"{0} & {1} \\".format(person[0], person[1]))
11
12 print(r"\end{tabular}")
13 \end{pycode}
```

# External files

The biggest hassle of creating tables is finally diminished.



## List of people

Name	Surname
John	Smith
Victoria	Volpe
James	Jansen
Janice	Bishop
Charles	Stevens
Felicia	Appling
Nora	Sinkler

## Część III

### Dodatek





## CTAN

PythonT<sub>E</sub>X Package documentation

<http://piotrkosoft.net/pub/mirrors/CTAN/macros/latex/contrib/pythontex/pythontex.pdf>



## CTAN

Beamer user guide

<http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/beamer/doc/beameruserguide.pdf>