

Product Detail

Made by BIOC3301 Student at Div of Bioscience, UCL



DH5alpha-8E4cfu

Product Name: Competent DH5α cells

Species: Escherchia coli

Strain: DH5α

Plasmid to be maintained: None

Volume: 80 x 0.1mL

Suspension medium: FB medium

Storage: -80°C

Best before date: 2017/04/21

Mean Transformation Efficiency: $(8. \pm 3.5) \times 10^5$ cfu/(ug of pUC19, under optimal conditions)

Chromosomal genotype: F- Φ 80lacZΔM15 Δ(lacZYA-argF) U169 recA1 endA1 hsdR17(rk-, mk+) phoA supE44 thi-1 gyrA96 relA1 λ-

Content of Suspension (FB) medium:
100 mM KCl
50 mM CaCl₂
10% glycerol
10 mM KAc pH 7.5

Quality Control:

1. Transformation efficiency:
was estimated with varied amount of pUC19 following the mentioned protocol .

Amount of pUC19 (ng)	Number of Transformant (cfu)
1	<10
10	8230
100	>6000

Optimal pUC19 amount: 10ng

2. Sensitivity to Antibiotics: Unknown, supposedly sensitive to all antibiotics

3. Sensitivity to Φ 80 phage: unknown

Description: This DH5α strain is grown and harvested from a vial of Library Efficiency® DH5α™ Competent Cells (Catalog No.: 18258012, Invitrogen). It is harvested at an OD₅₅₀ of 0.535, and made competent by a 10-min incubation with FB medium on ice. The cells were immediately frozen with LN₂.

Additional Features:

1. Cloning experiments using limiting amounts of DNA
2. Blue/white screening on X-Gal or Blue-Gal (Φ 80dlacZΔM15 marker)
3. Efficient transformation of large plasmids
4. Hosting of M13mp cloning vectors using a lawn of DH5α-FT™, DH5αF'™, DH5αF'IQ™, JM101, or JM107 for plaque formation.

Quick Transformation protocol:

1. Thaw the cells on ice until last ice crystal disappear.
2. Add 5μL of 2ng/μL (or as required) pUC19 to cells.
3. Incubate on ice for 30min.
4. Heat-bath the cells at 42°C for 45sec.
5. Chill the cells on ice for 1min30sec.
6. Add 200μL of S.O.C. to the cells.
7. Incubate and shake at 37°C for 60min.
8. Take 30μL and plate out the cells to an ampicillin-LB plate.
9. Take 270μL and plate out the cells to an ampicillin-LB plate.
10. Incubate overnight at 37°C