

FIT2099

Assignment 1: Planning and UML

By:Shourya Raj and Tith Sothearith

In Team: Snowden

WBA:

We will divide the workload according to the tasks given in the assignment specification. In addition we planned to have a extra section with additional UML diagram

Delivery date: 2 days before the due date

Test and review by alternate team member.

Task1: Door – Shourya raj

Task2: PlayerEnum – Tith Sothearith

Task3:Goons– Shourya Raj

Task4:Ninja– Tith Sothearith

Task5:NPC(Q) – Shourya Raj/ Tith Sothearith

Task6: MiniBoss – Shourya Raj

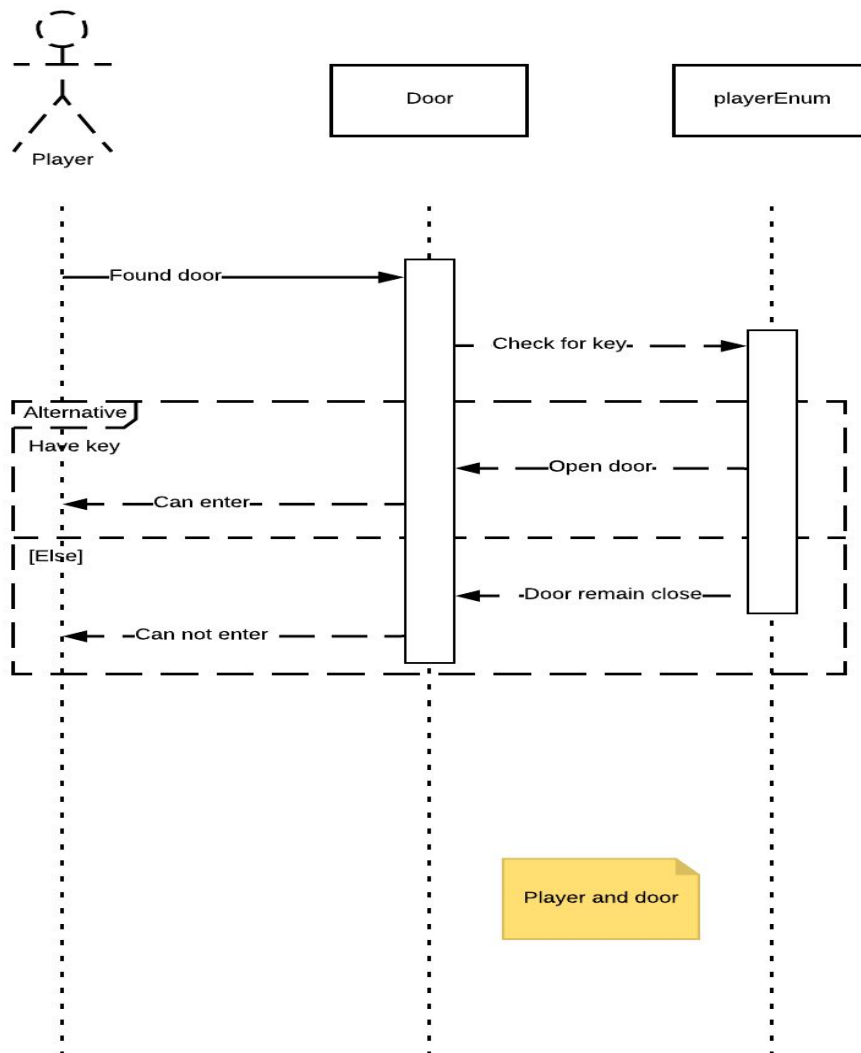
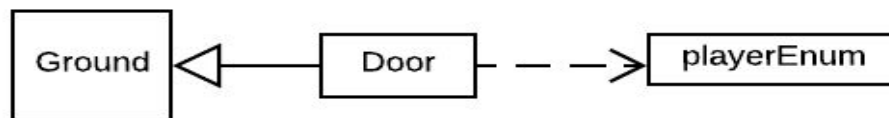
Task7: Rocket Body - Tith Sothearith

Door

Door will extend from the Ground helping it to reuse and follow the DRY- Don't repeat yourself- principle. Thus, there will be many reused codes and methods from its superclass, only requiring act, CanActorEnter method to only be true when player has got the key form the playerEnum, this can be achieved by defeating any of the enemy.

The role of this class is to make a sign of a door, player only enters when it has got a key to open it.

Door is depended upon the playerEnum to know about the key item is available, or not so that Method CanActorEnter works.

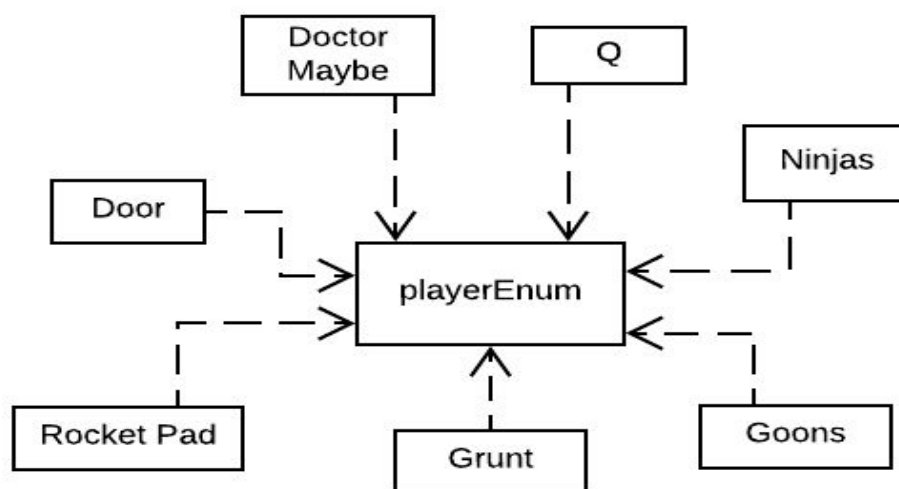


PlayerEnum

It is an Enum of the values Door key, Rocket body, Rocket Plan and Rocket engine. We use enum because Door key, Rocket body, Rocket Plan and Rocket engine are fixed constants. The advantage of using enum is that it can be used in a loop or a case statement which we will be using. Furthermore, enum can have fields, constructors and methods which make the code more flexible.

Those enum will be added as addSkill of the item. The purpose to do this thing is to check later that if that Actor has got that Item. This approach will ensure that the code stick with DRY principle and clean code.

All the actors are depended on the playerEnum to add or remove Door key, Rocket body, Rocket Plan and Rocket engine whereas Door and Rocket Pad depend on playerEnum to check for the values inside playerEnum to make decision.

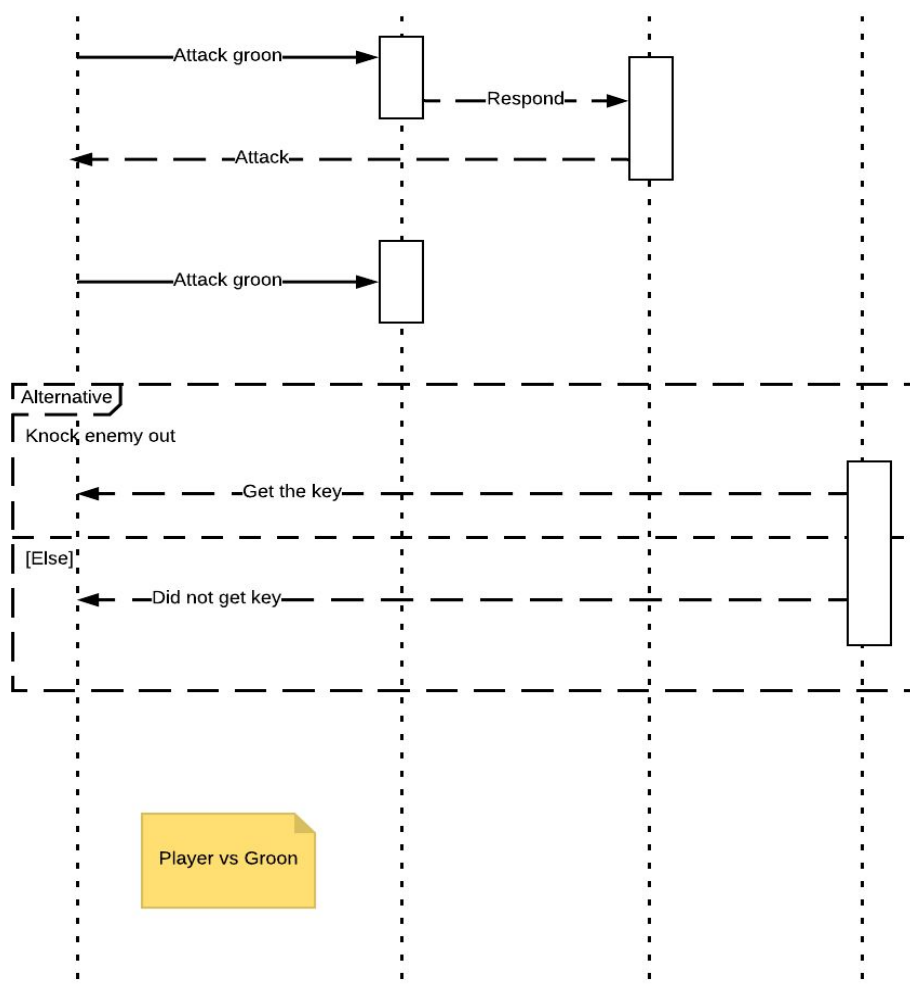
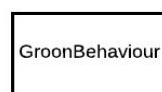
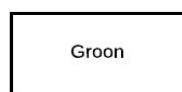
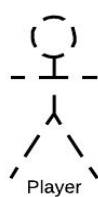
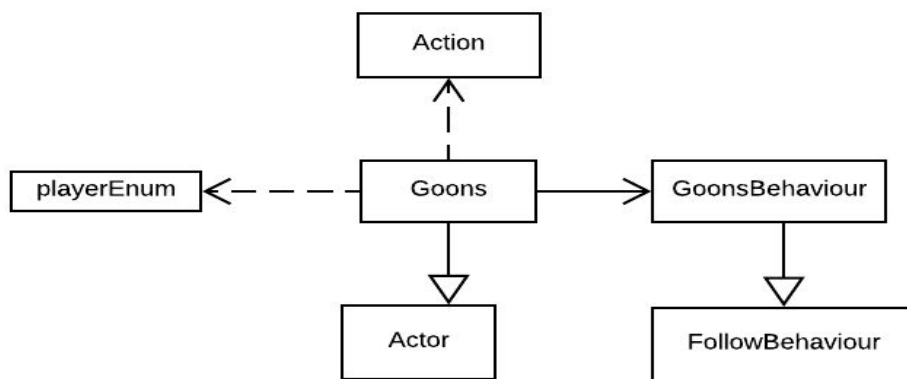


Goons

Goons will extend from the Actors, and follow same dependences and associations as the grunt have. Except the followbehaviour because goons have another extra functionality than grunt. It will use another class, `goonBehaviour`, which is extended from the `followBehaviour` class, this helps to reuse and follow the DRY principle. Having Methods for the extra behaviours for the goon- insult and twice damage as grunts.

In the goons Behaviours, for the goon-insult method will use `Math.random` for every turn of the player if the value is between 0.1 to 0.2, 10% chance to come this value, then it will insult the player on the Display. Which can work by adding an additional function in the in the extended class of the followbehaviour, on dependencies on any other class.

Similarly, we need to add additional damage feature in an override function of the Action Class in the goon class.



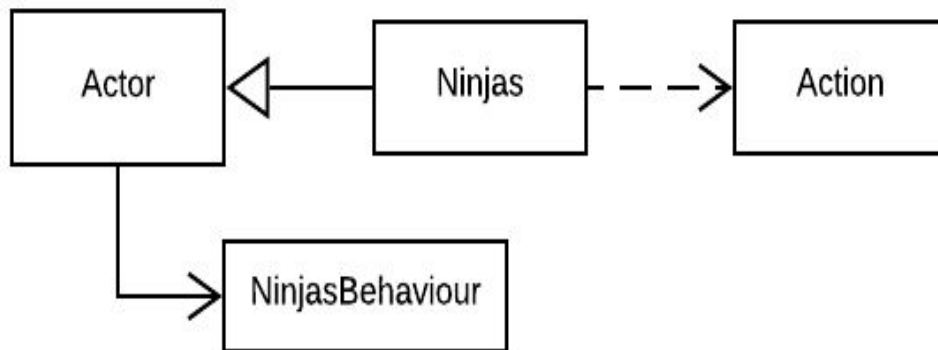
Ninjas

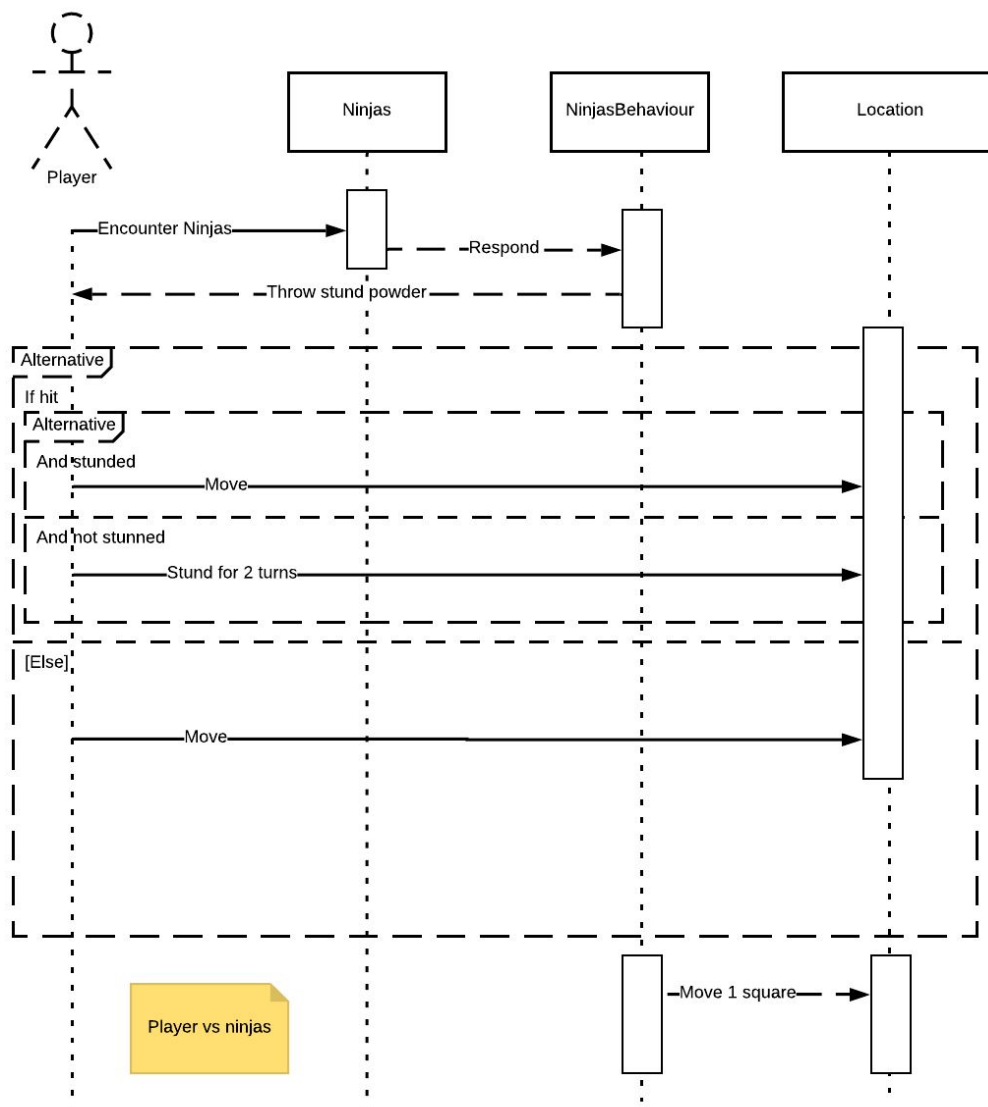
Ninjas will extend from the Actors, and follow same dependences and associations as the grunt have. Expect the followBehaviour because Ninjas has got totally different behaviour. Thus, we will make another class for the Ninja behaviour, NinjasBehaviour, which follow same dependences and associations as the followBehaviour but having different methods.

Methods on the Ninjas have the methods as an override of the Actors Methods with having different behaviours. This will lead to having less dependences on any other class just by extending from the Actors class thus, obeying the DRY principle.

For the behaviour class we will add the two methods, throw the stun powder-its effects and movement of the Ninja on the map.

In the case of Ninja, Player cannot encounter the Ninja because of its movement behaviour. Thus, better not to put key in the Ninja Actor. Hence there no dependencies on the PlayerEnum from the Ninjas.



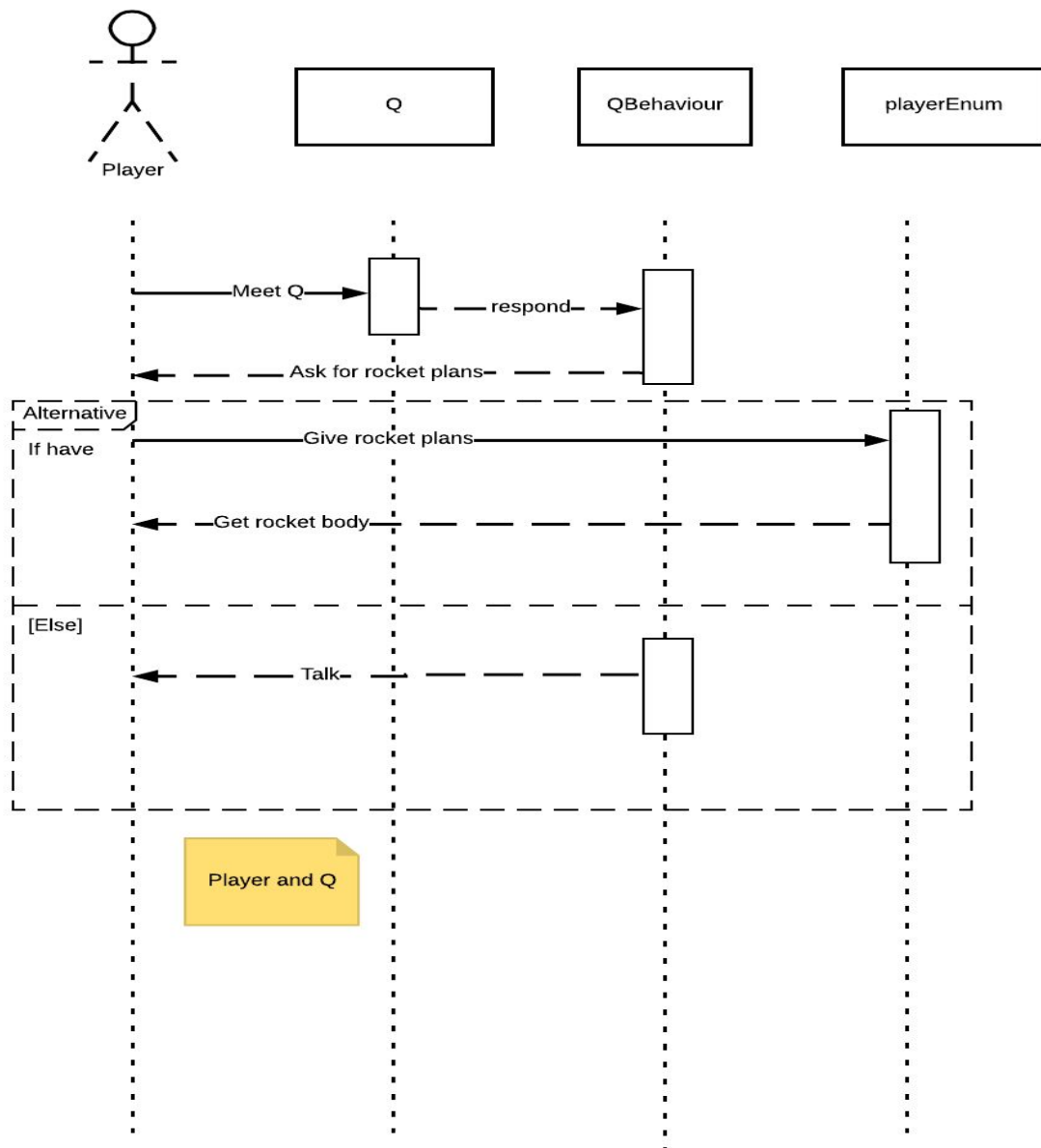
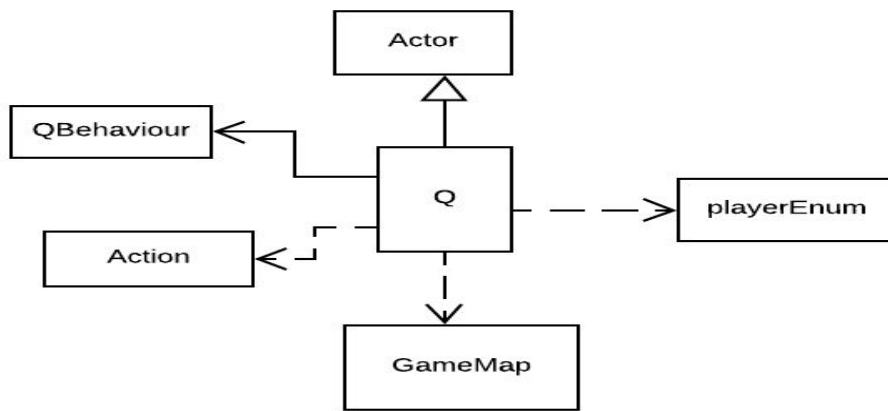


NPC(Non player character) : Q

The one character in the game that moves randomly is Q and for this we will create a class for Q to extend from the Actor, with keeping in mind about the DRY principle. Q class will have different behaviour so there will be different class for this.

Q behaviour class will have methods for the interaction with Player which includes Talk or exchange the plans and rocket body and the random movement at the Map, which make it very hard for the Player to find Q on the map. To make it less annoying for Player, Q will move randomly with an interval of time.

It knows about the playerEnum in order for the exchange of Rocket Plan and Rocket Body to happen.

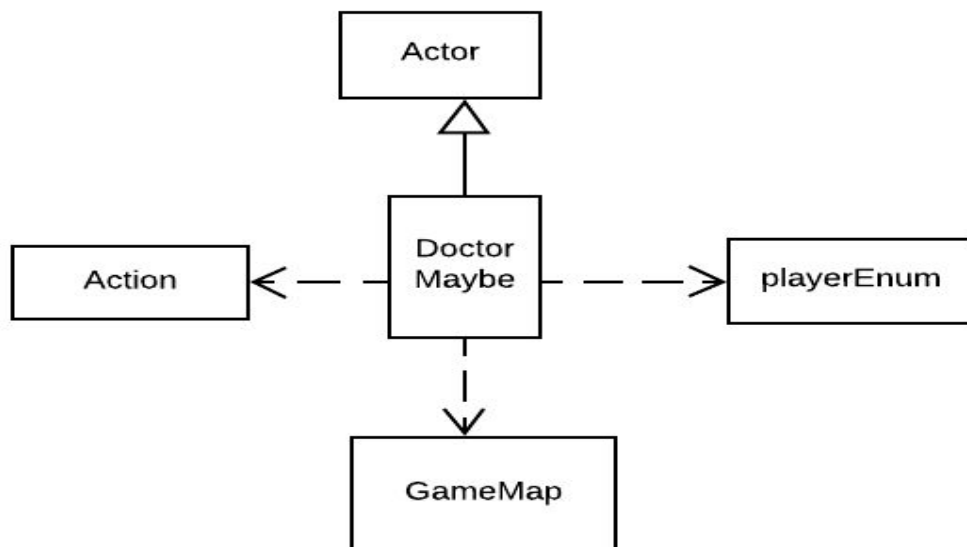


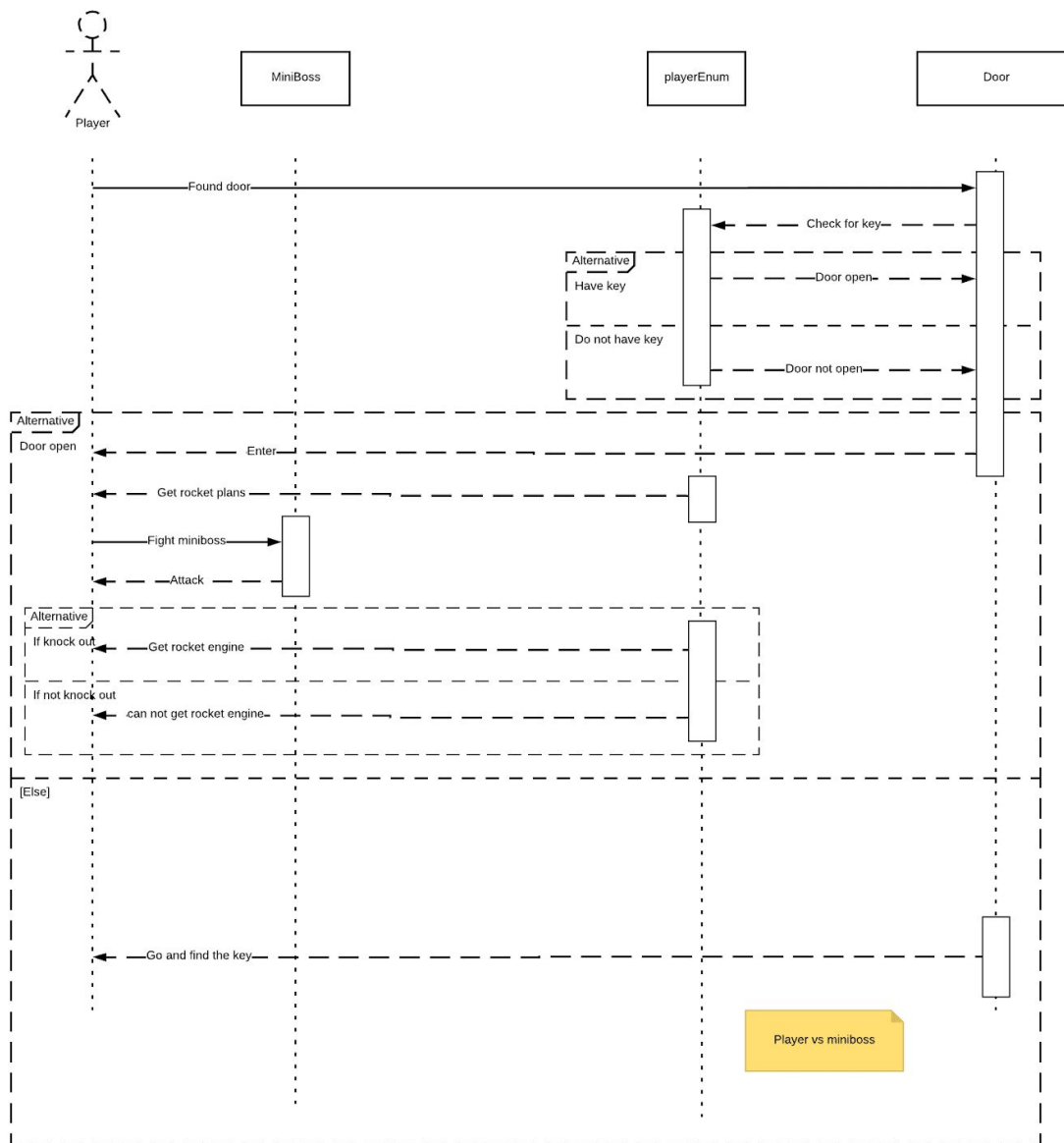
Mini Boss: Doctor Maybe

Mini Boss will extend from the Actor class, and follow same association and dependences like Q Class.

In this class, there is no need of any special behaviour class for the Mini boss because Mini boss stay at the same place, it just has got some special feature which we can use in the Mini boss class itself. This makes use of reusability of code, DRY and clean and simple code principle.

This class will use Method for half the damage of Grunt, and drop the item “Rocket engine” when defeated. Therefore, it knows about the playerEnum for the Rocket Engine.





Rocket Pad

Rocket Pad is a particular location on the Game Map. Therefore, it is better to reuse the code from Ground class i.e, rocket Pad will extend from the Ground class. In order to build a rocket, Rocket Pad knows about the Rocket engine, Rocket body. Hence, this can be achieved by checking their respective Enums. So it is dependent upon the PlayerEnum.

