```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void merge(int arr[], int l, int m, int r)
{
   int i, j, k;
   int n1 = m - l + 1;
   int n2 = r - m;
   int L[n1], R[n2];
   for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
      L[i] = arr[l + i];
   for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
      R[j] = arr[m + 1 + j];
   i = 0;
   j = 0;
   k = l;
   while (i < n1 && j < n2) {
      if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
         arr[k] = L[i];
         i++;
      }
      else {
         arr[k] = R[j];
         j++;
      }
      k++;
   }
   while (i < n1) {
      arr[k] = L[i];
      i++;
      k++;
   }
```

```
    while (j < n2) {
        arr[k] = R[j];
        j++;
        k++;
    }
}
void mergeSort(int arr[], int l, int r)
{
    if (l < r) {
        int m = l + (r - l) / 2;
        mergeSort(arr, l, m);
        mergeSort(arr, m + 1, r);

        merge(arr, l, m, r);
    }
}
void printArray(int A[], int size)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d ", A[i]);
    printf("\n");
}
  int main()
{
    int arr[] = { 12, 11, 13, 5, 6, 7 };
    int arr_size = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);

    printf("Given array is \n");
    printArray(arr, arr_size);
```

```
    mergeSort(arr, 0, arr_size - 1);

    printf("\nSorted array is \n");
    printArray(arr, arr_size);
    return 0;
}
```