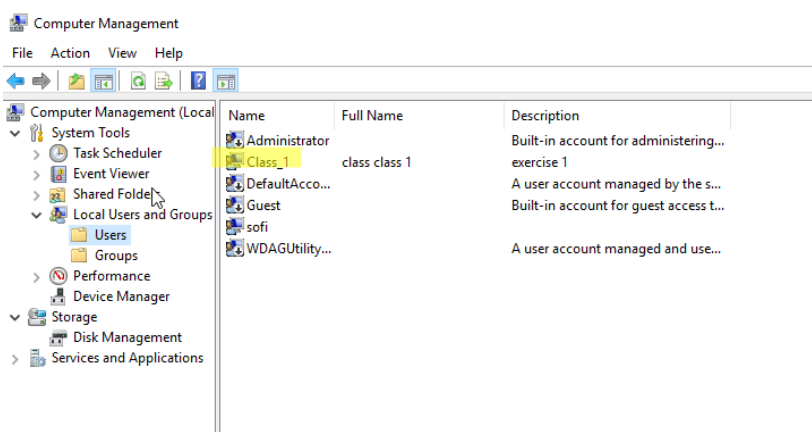
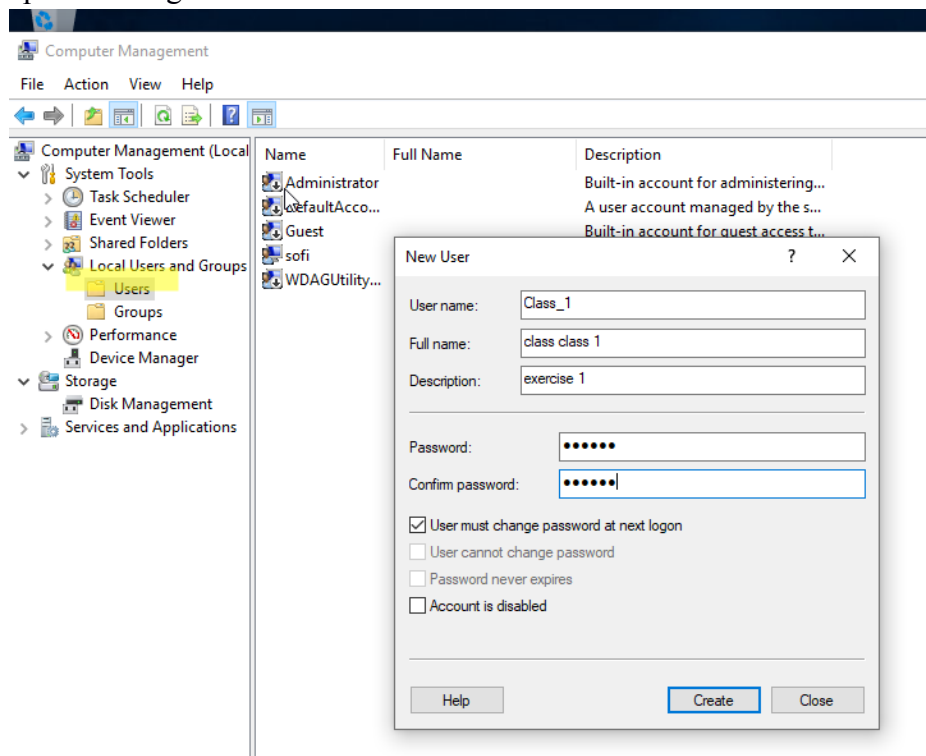


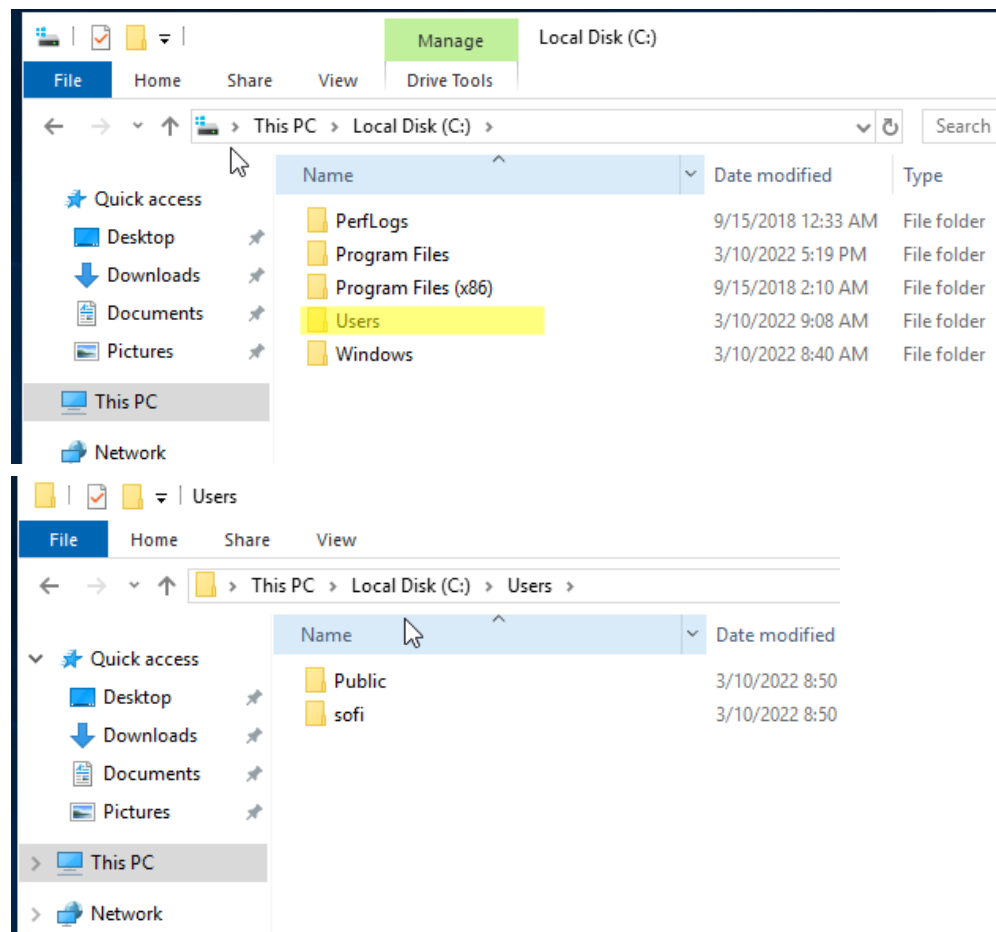
EXERCISES: Users, groups and local policies

1. Add a new standard user named “Class_1” including the description and full name.
The user must change the password at the next logon.

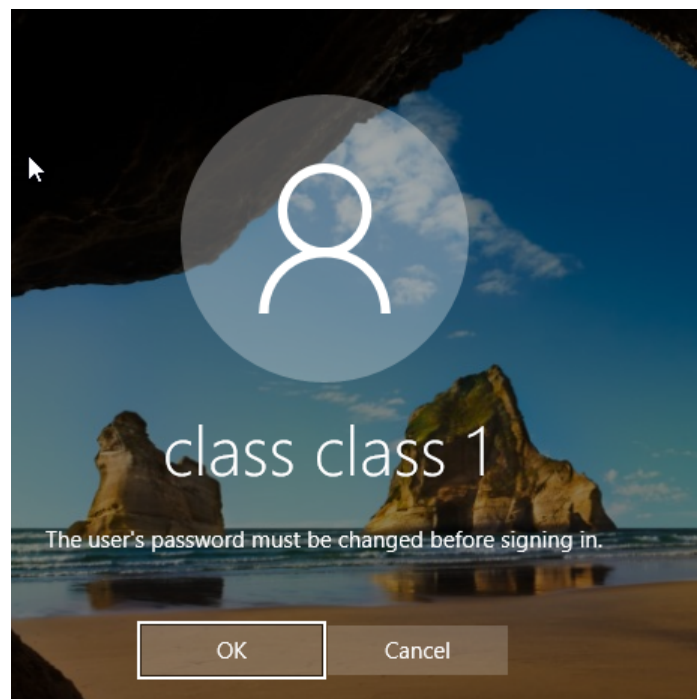
Computer management



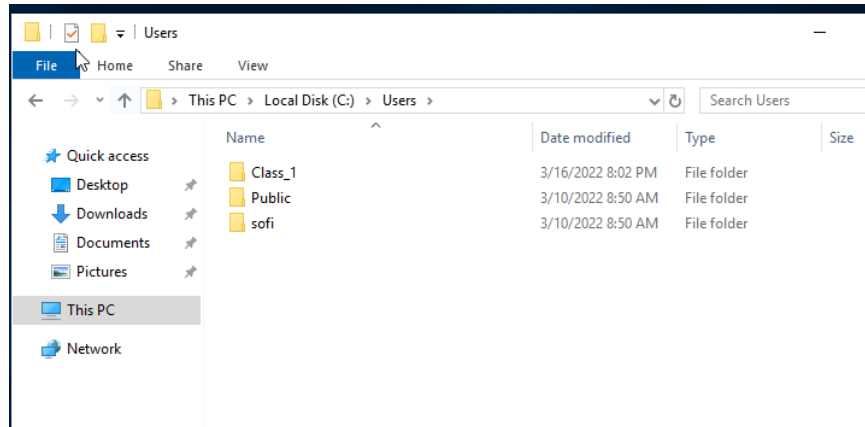
2. Complete the following parts about the user “Class_1” from the previous exercise.
 - Verify if the profile folder exists. **NO PROFILE FOLDER, THAT'S FOR SAVING SPACE IN THE DISK, WE NEED TO LOG TO EXIST THE FOLDER, WE GO TO USER IN THE DISK WINDOWS LOCAL DISK→USERS**



- Log in as “Class_1”.

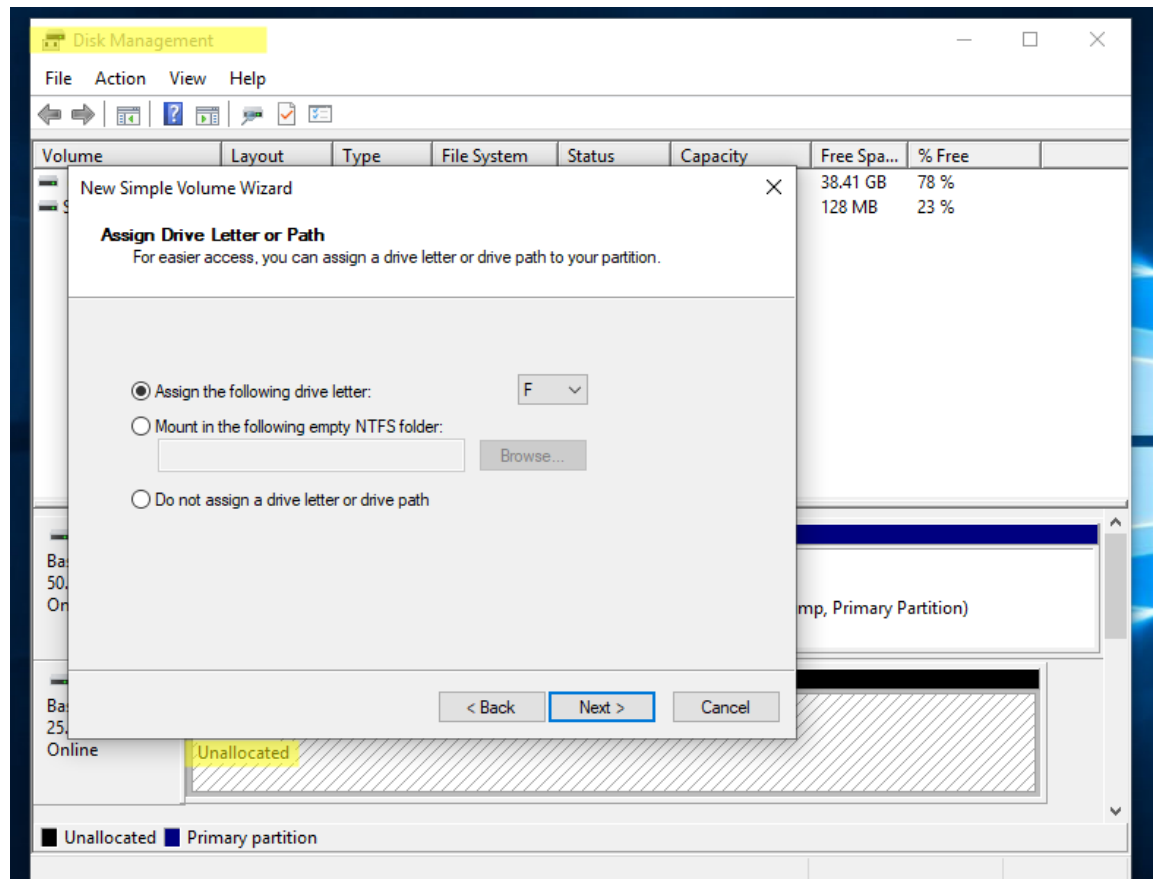


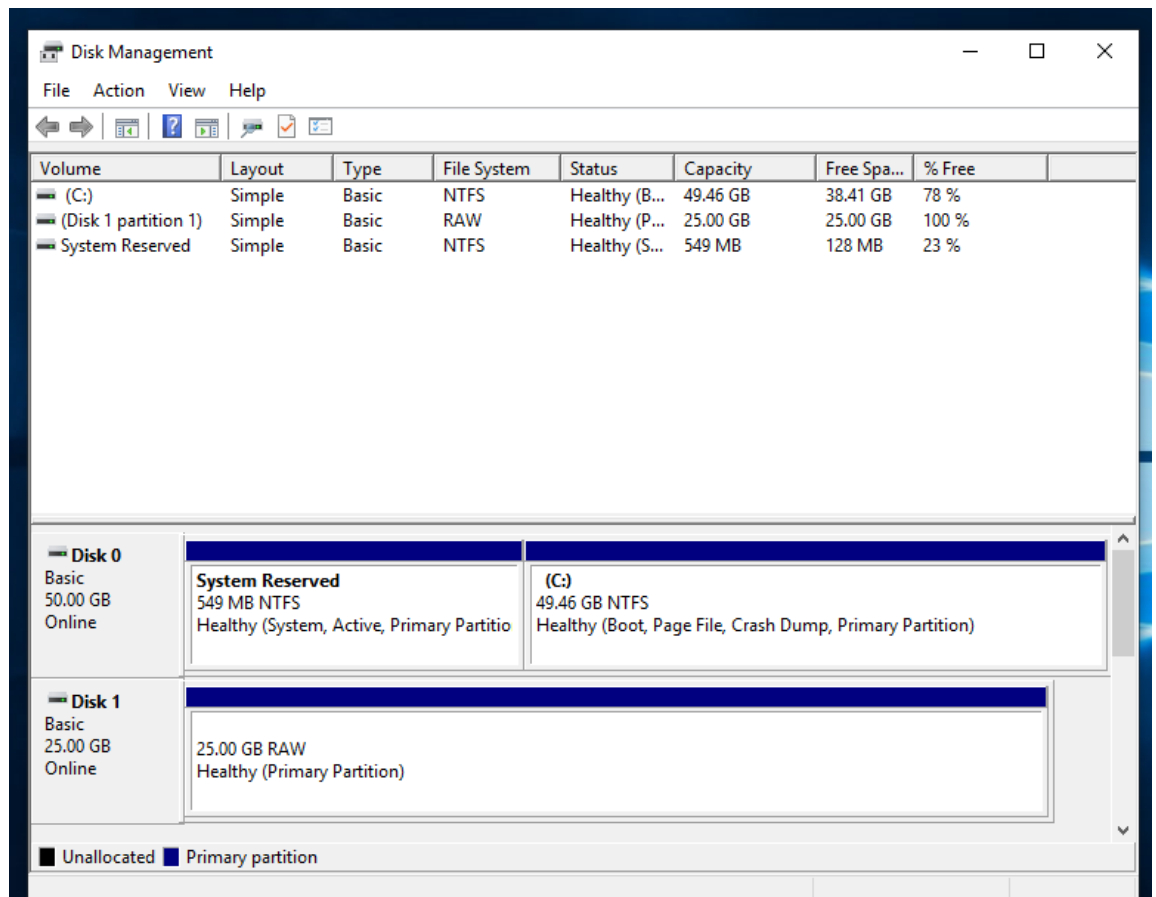
- Verify if the profile folder now exists.



- Add a second hard drive to the virtual machine and create a folder called “My Documents” in F:\ **NEW LOCATION WE NEED TO FORMAT THE DISK FROM THE USER SOFI BECAUSE THE CLASS_1 DOESN'T HAVE PERMISSION**

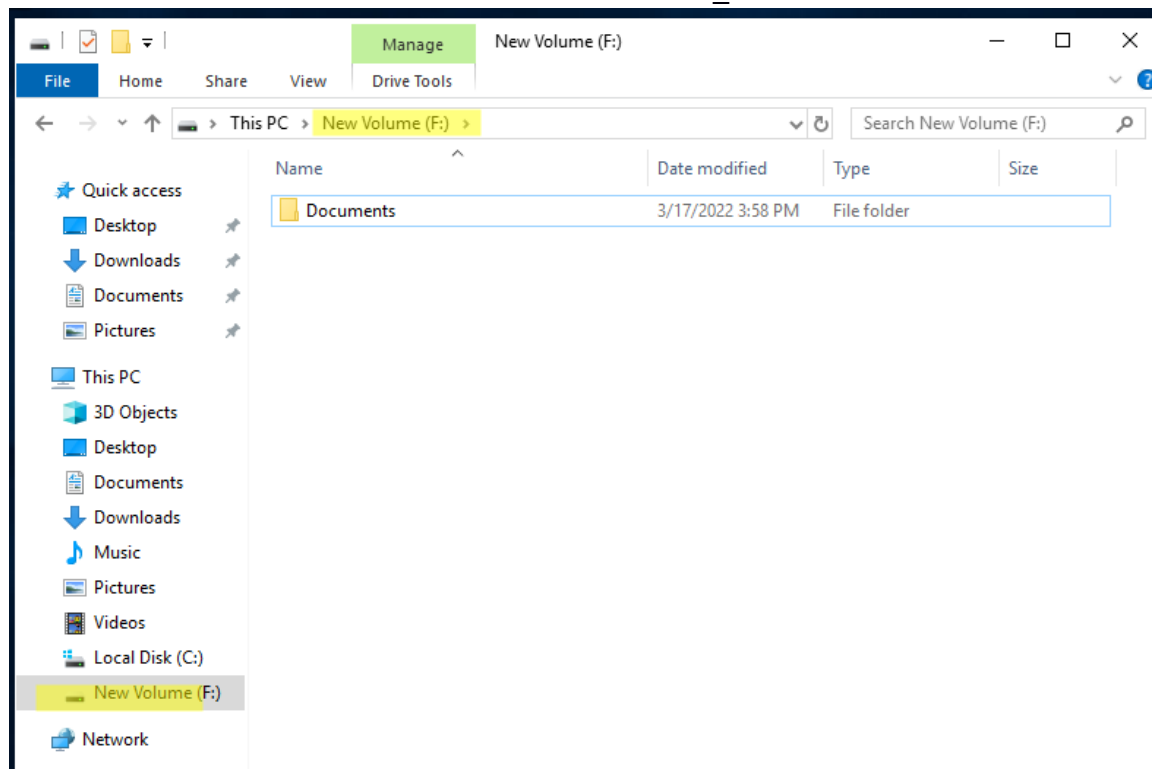
DISK MANAGEMENT→ NEW VOLUME

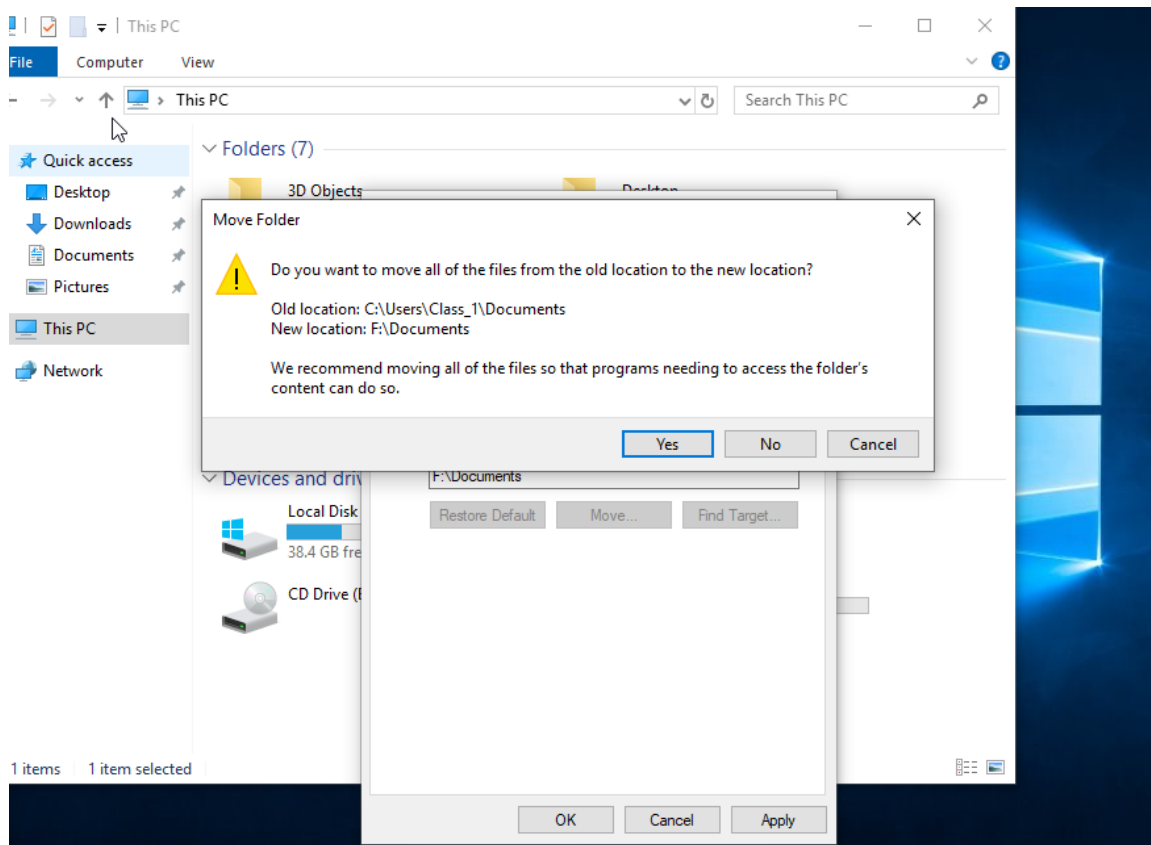
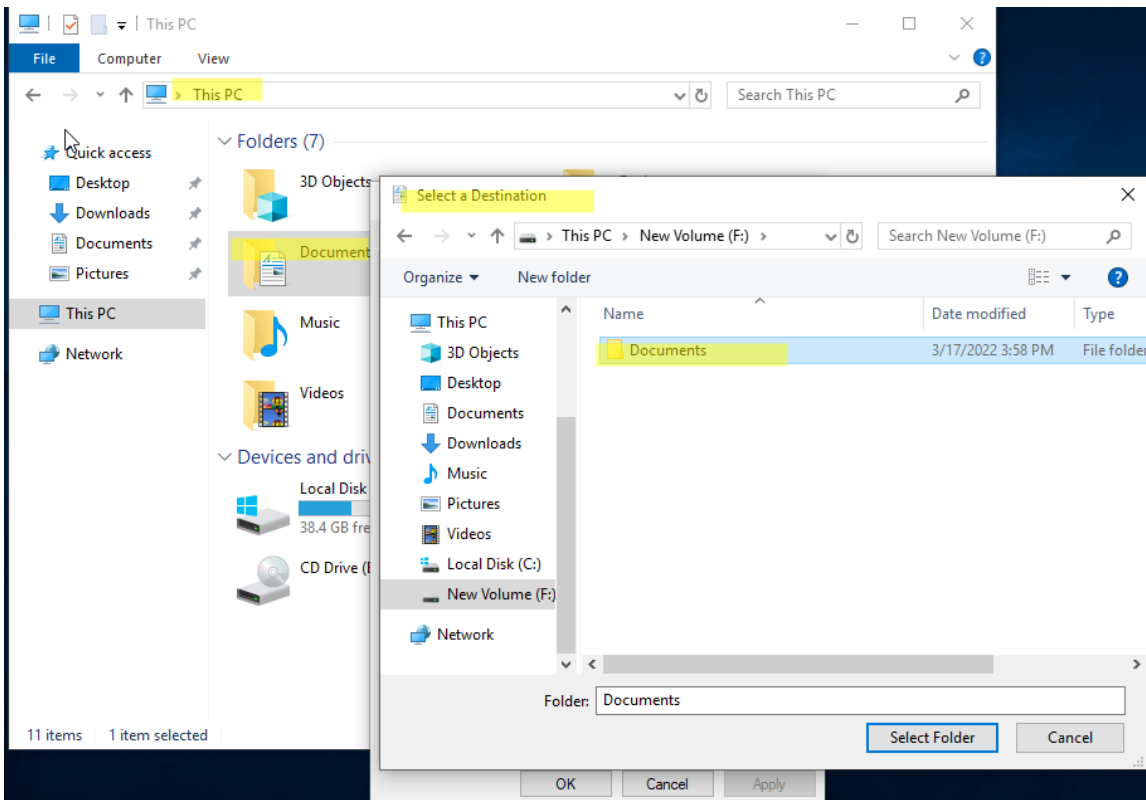


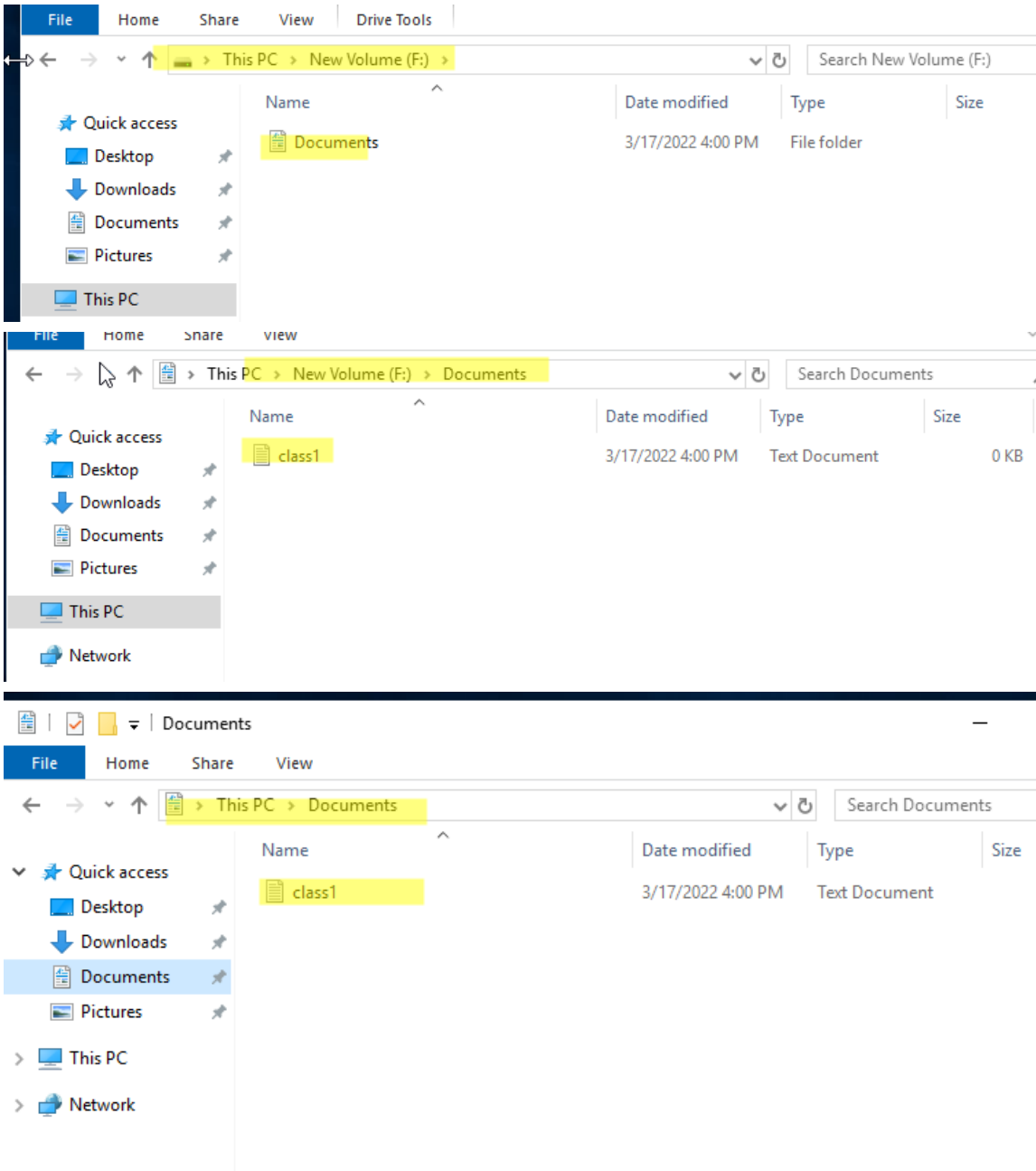


- Move “Class_1” Documents folder to the directory you have just created.
- Open “Documents” shortcut and create a new folder. Check if this folder has actually been created in “F:\My Documents”.

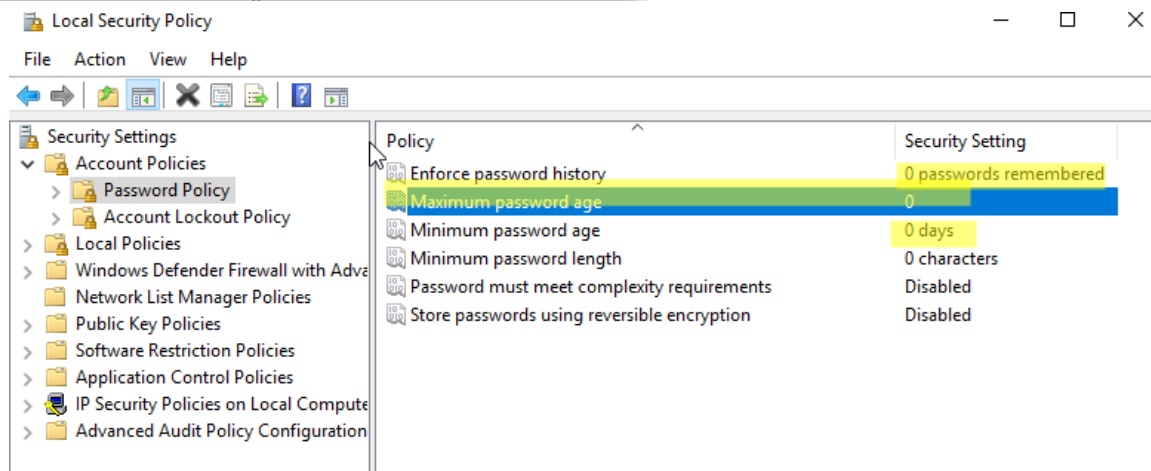
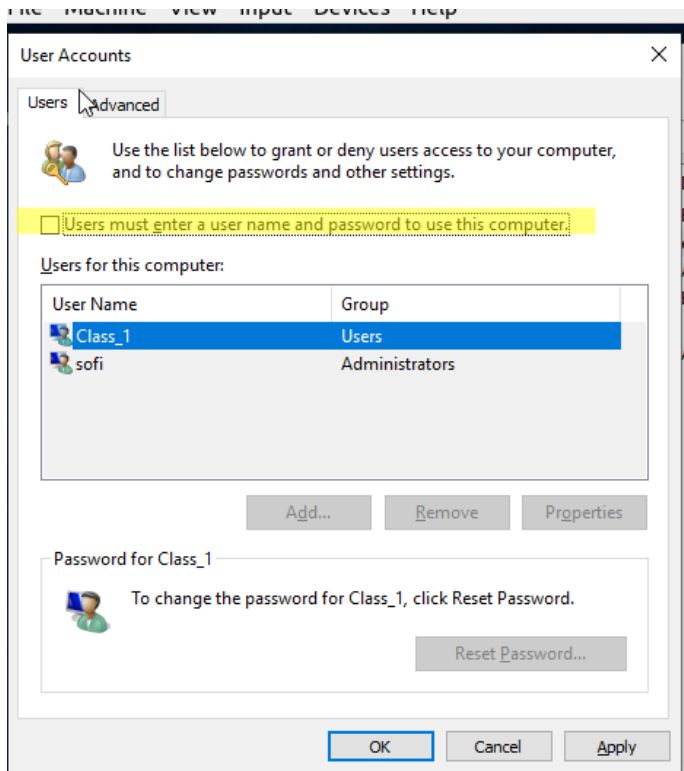
**CREATE THE FOLDER DOCUMENT IN THE DISK F, THEN WE
MOVE THE DOCUMENT FILE FROM THE class_1 TO DISK F**

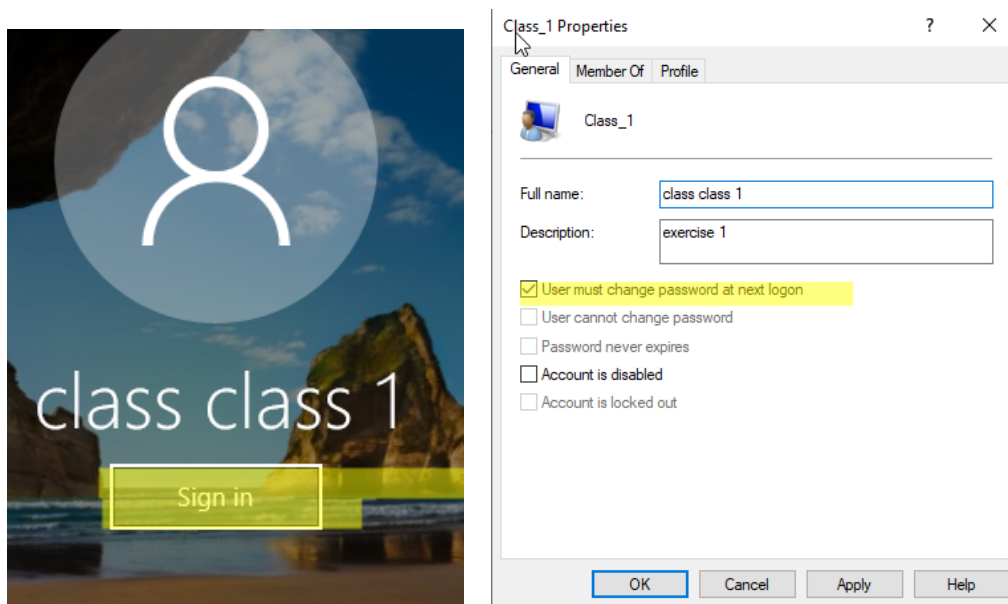




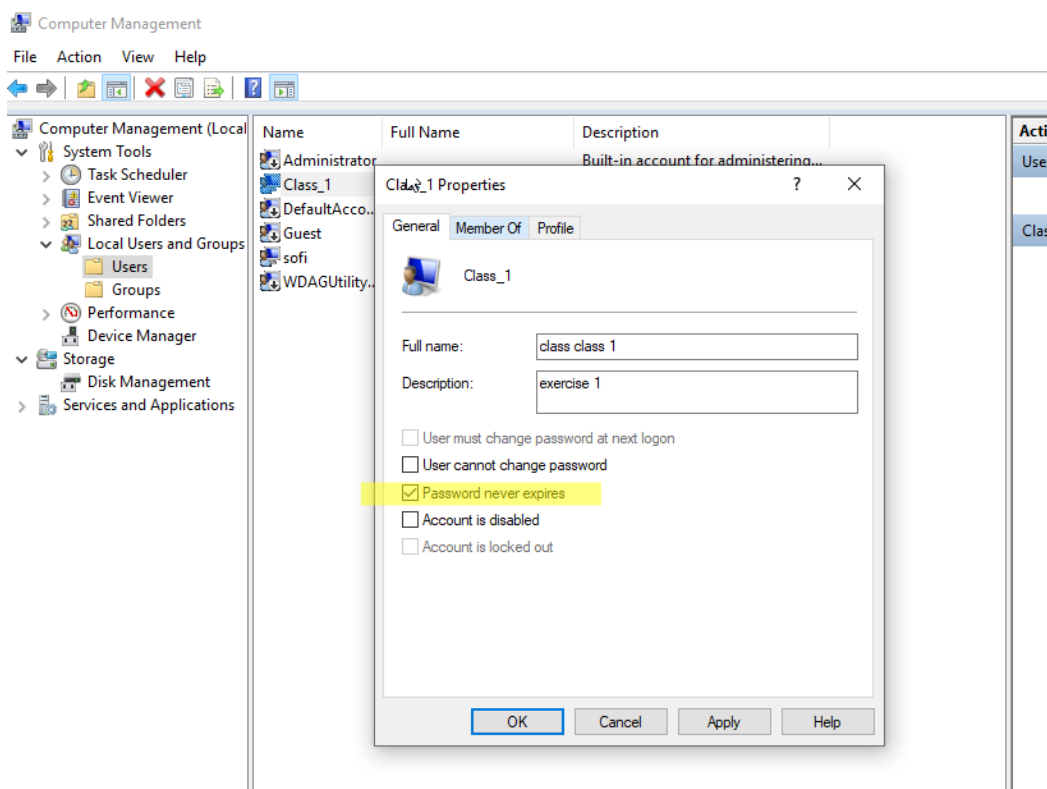


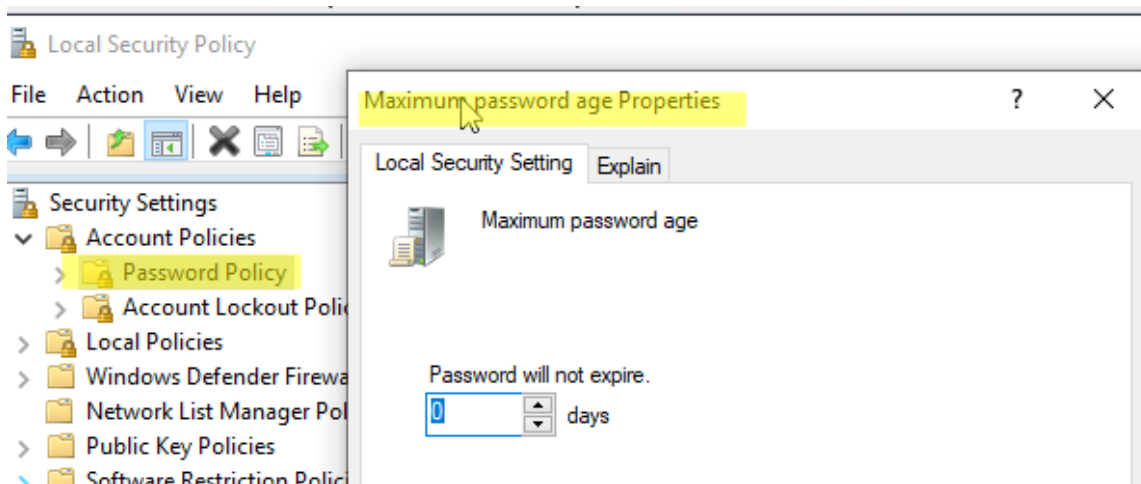
3. How do you configure a user to log in without a password and automatically when turning the computer on? “netplwiz”





4. How do you configure a specific user so that the password never expires? How can you configure this policy for everyone?



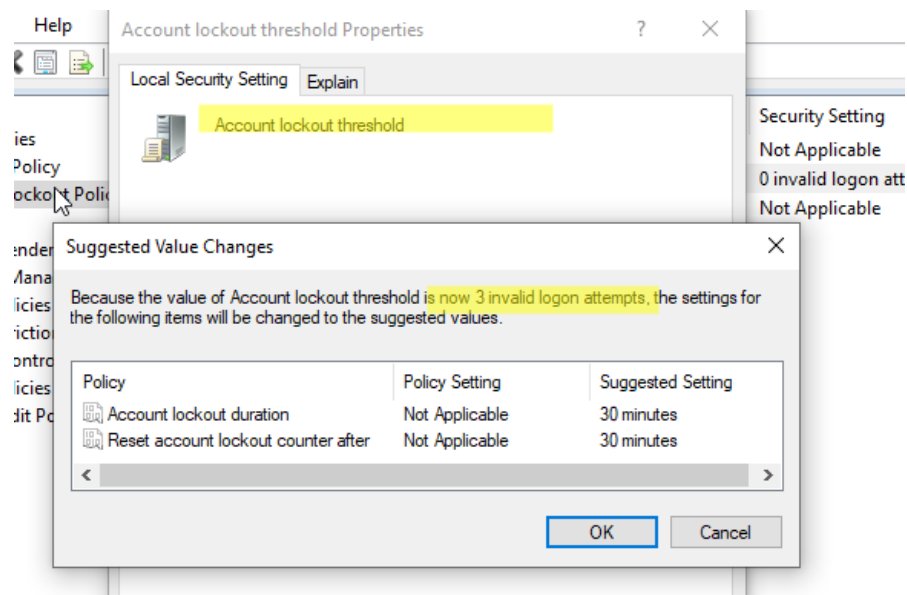


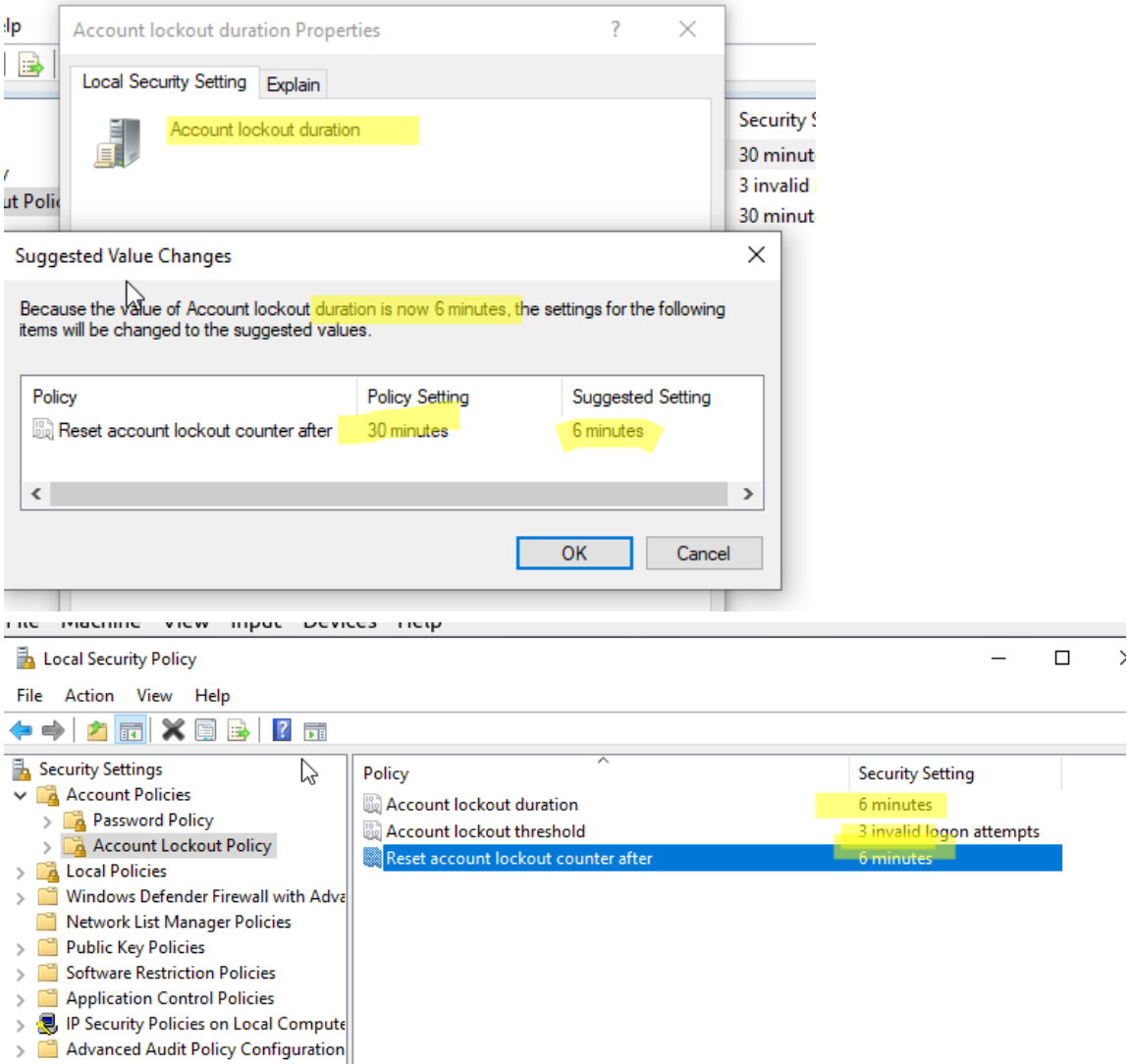
5. When can you use a locked account?

When the user is locked and needs to be unlocked.

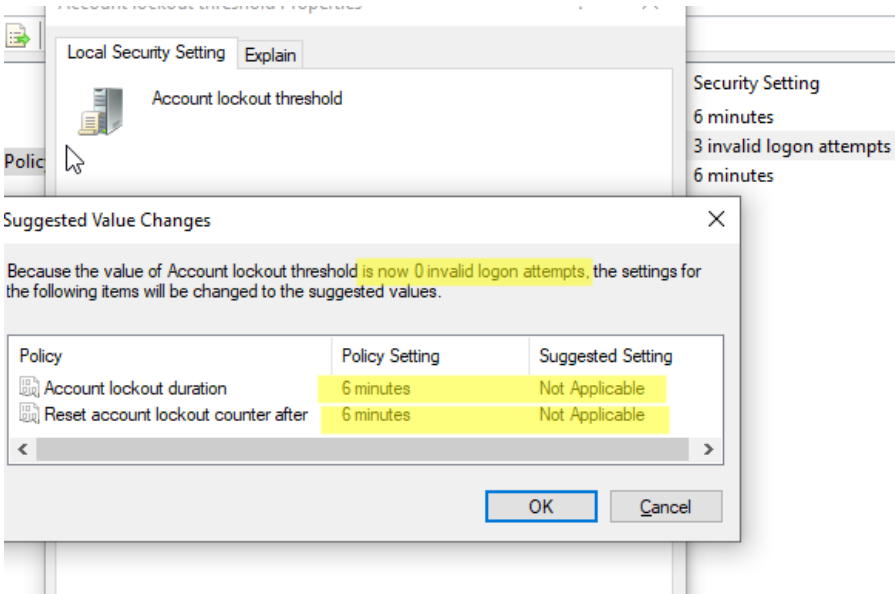
6. Imagine you define an “Account lockout threshold” of 3 and “Account lockout duration” of 5. What would be the valid values of “Reset account lockout counter after”? What if “Account lockout threshold” value were 0?

Reset account lockout counter after must be less or equal to “Account lockout duration”.





If “Account lockout threshold” were 0, you would not be able to set the other policies, as you cannot lock a password.



Policy	Security Setting
Account lockout duration	Not Applicable
Account lockout threshold	0 invalid logon attempts
Reset account lockout counter after	Not Applicable

7. Configure the system according to the following criteria:

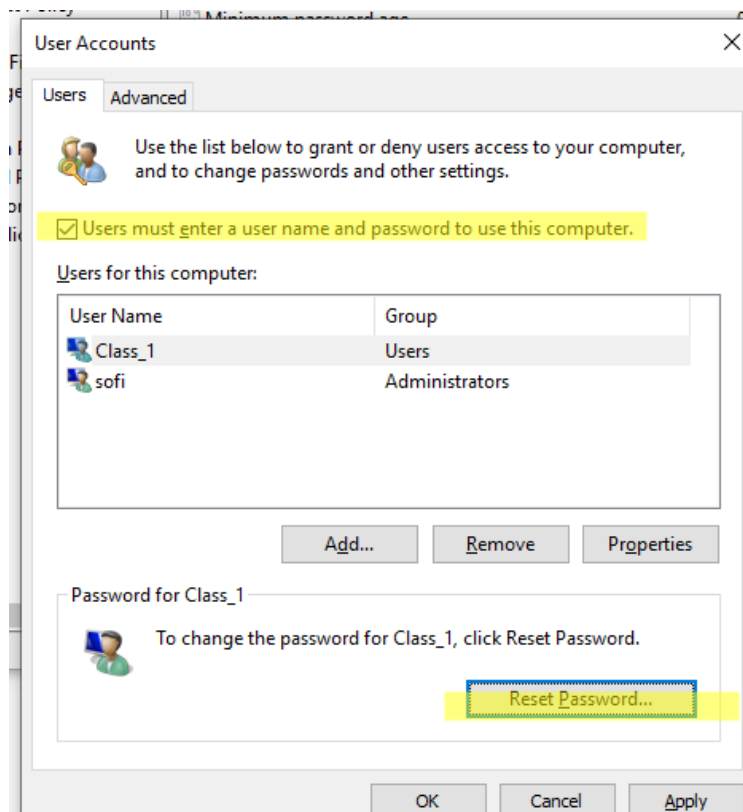
- All the passwords must have at least 8 characters.
- All the passwords must contain uppercase, lowercase, numbers and non alphanumeric characters.
- The system stores the last 10 passwords for each user.
- All the passwords expire after 3 months.

Policy	Security Setting
Enforce password history	10 passwords remember...
Maximum password age	90 days
Minimum password age	0 days
Minimum password length	8 characters
Password must meet complexity requirements	Enabled
Store passwords using reversible encryption	Disabled

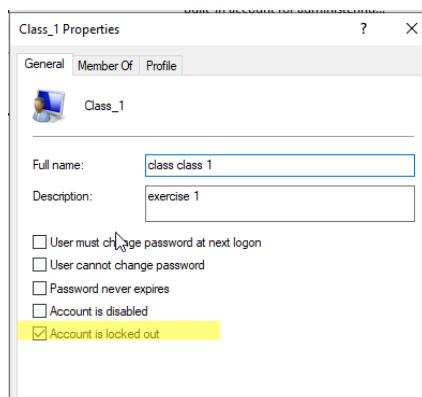
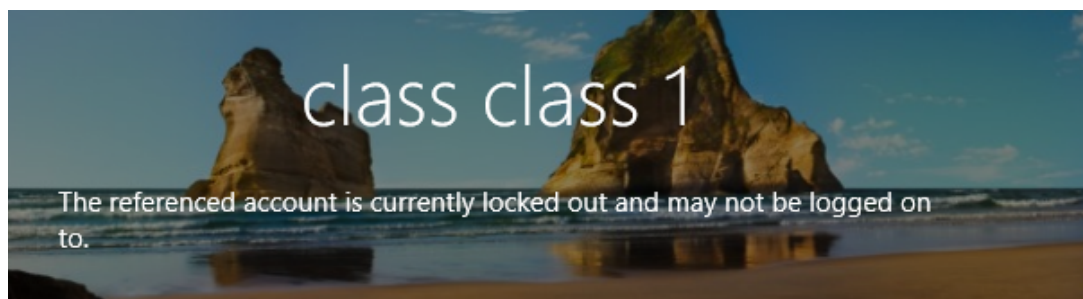
8. Configure the user “Class_1” to be locked after 3 invalid logon attempts. If the user is locked out, it will be able to type the password again in 5 minutes. Complete the following steps:

- Lock the user.
- Unlock the user as administrator and check if the user is able to log in.
- Lock the user again.
- Wait for 5 minutes.
- Type the right password and check if the user is able to log in.

Before in exercise 3 we took off the password of the user class_1, so to do this exercise i need to give the user a password, in this case you can type “netplwiz” to open a utility in which you can unset the following property.

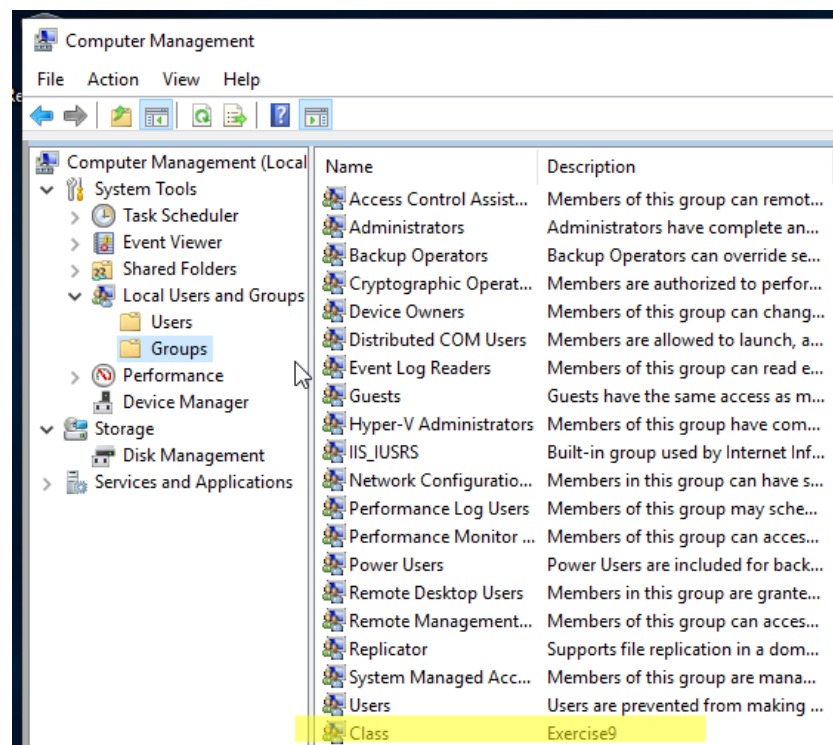
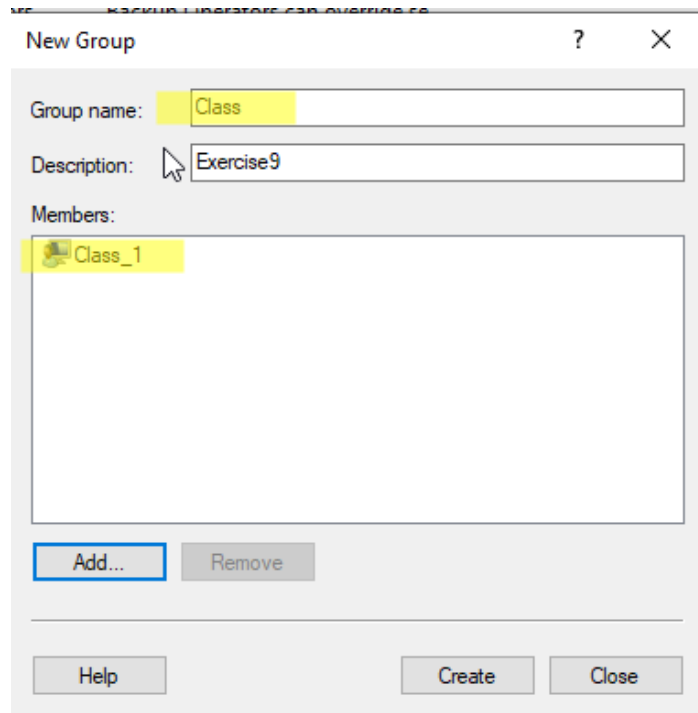


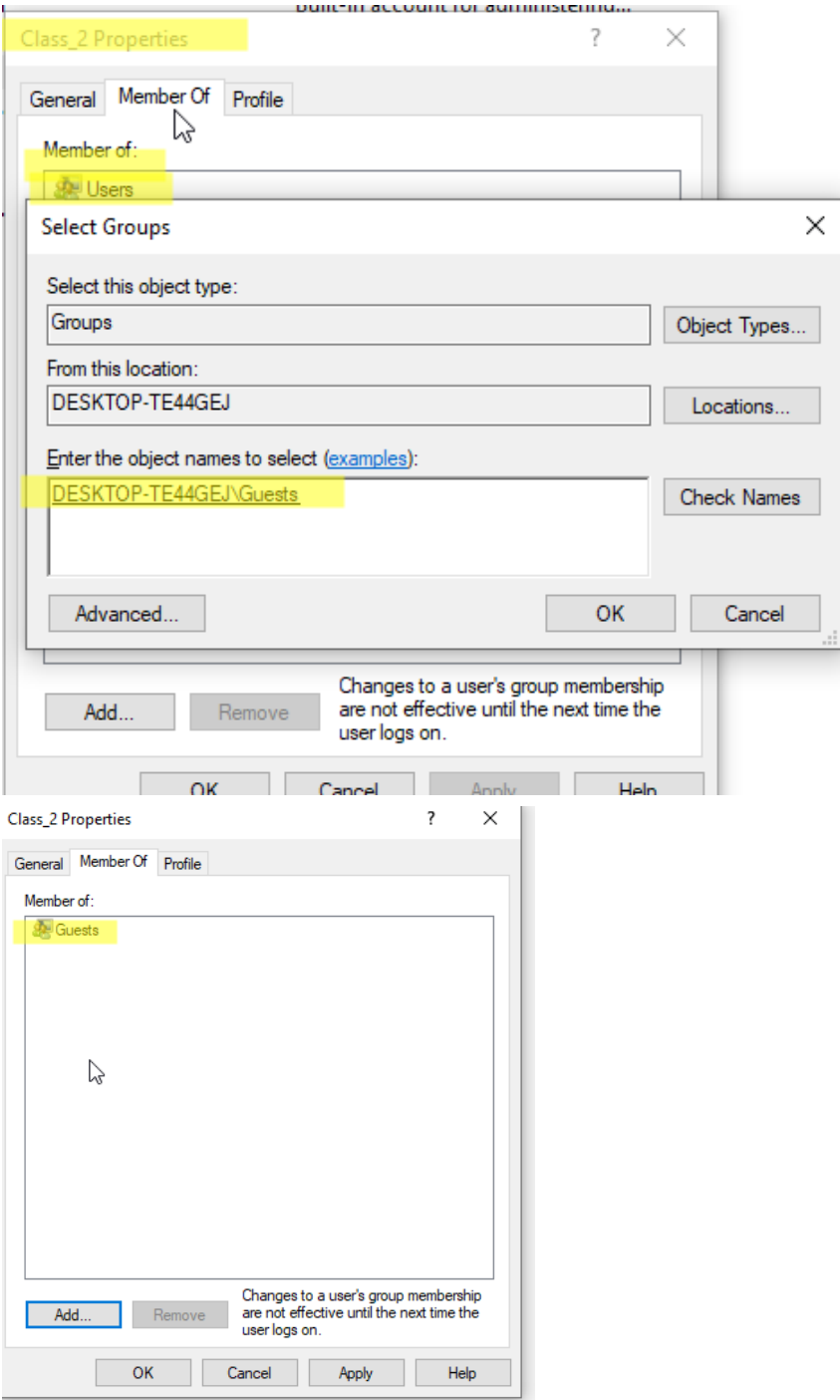
Policy	Security Setting
Account lockout duration	5 minutes
Account lockout threshold	3 invalid logon attempts
Reset account lockout counter after	5 minutes

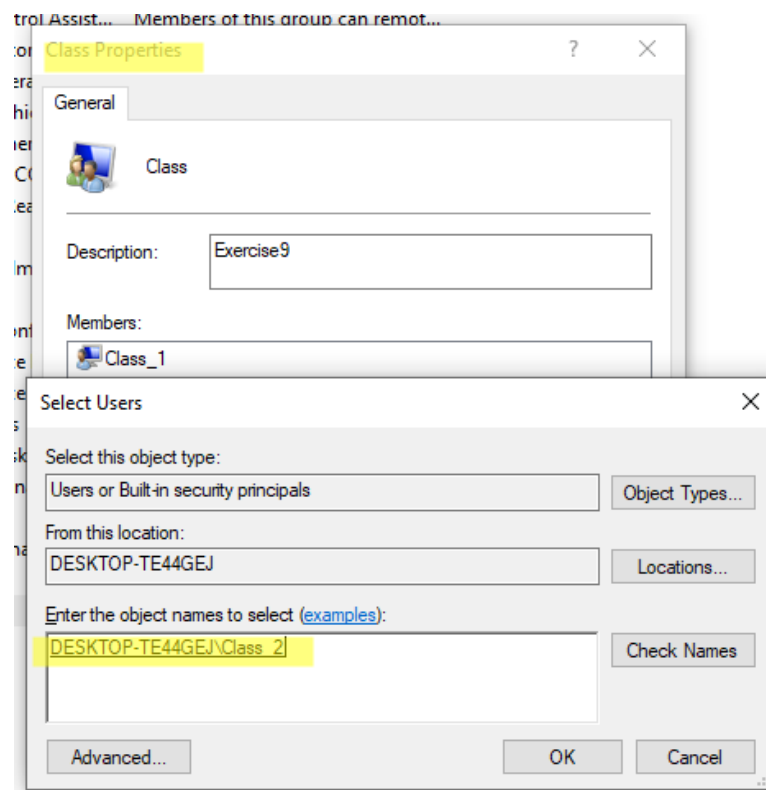


9. Add a new group name “Class” and complete the following:

- Add the user “Class_1” to the group “Class”.
- Create a guest user called “Class_2”, initially disabled that cannot change the password. Then, add the user to “Class”.





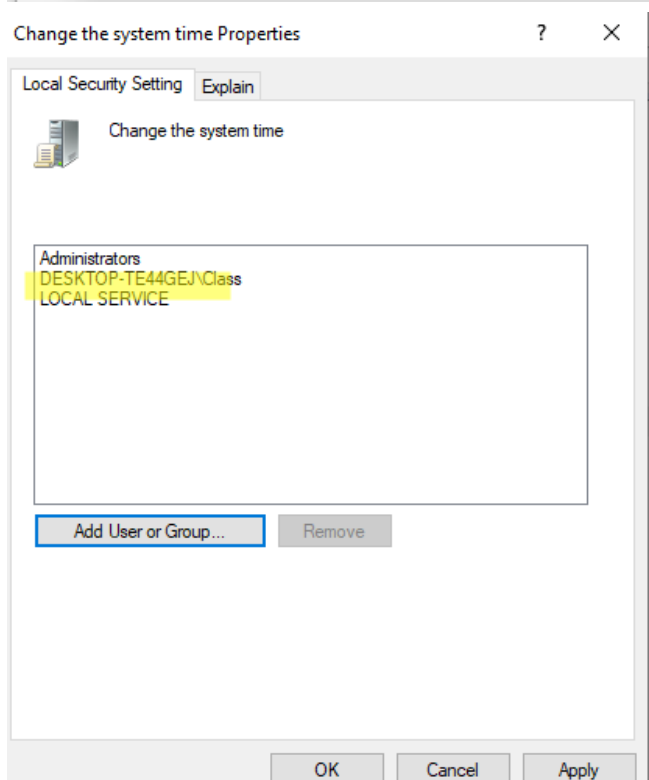
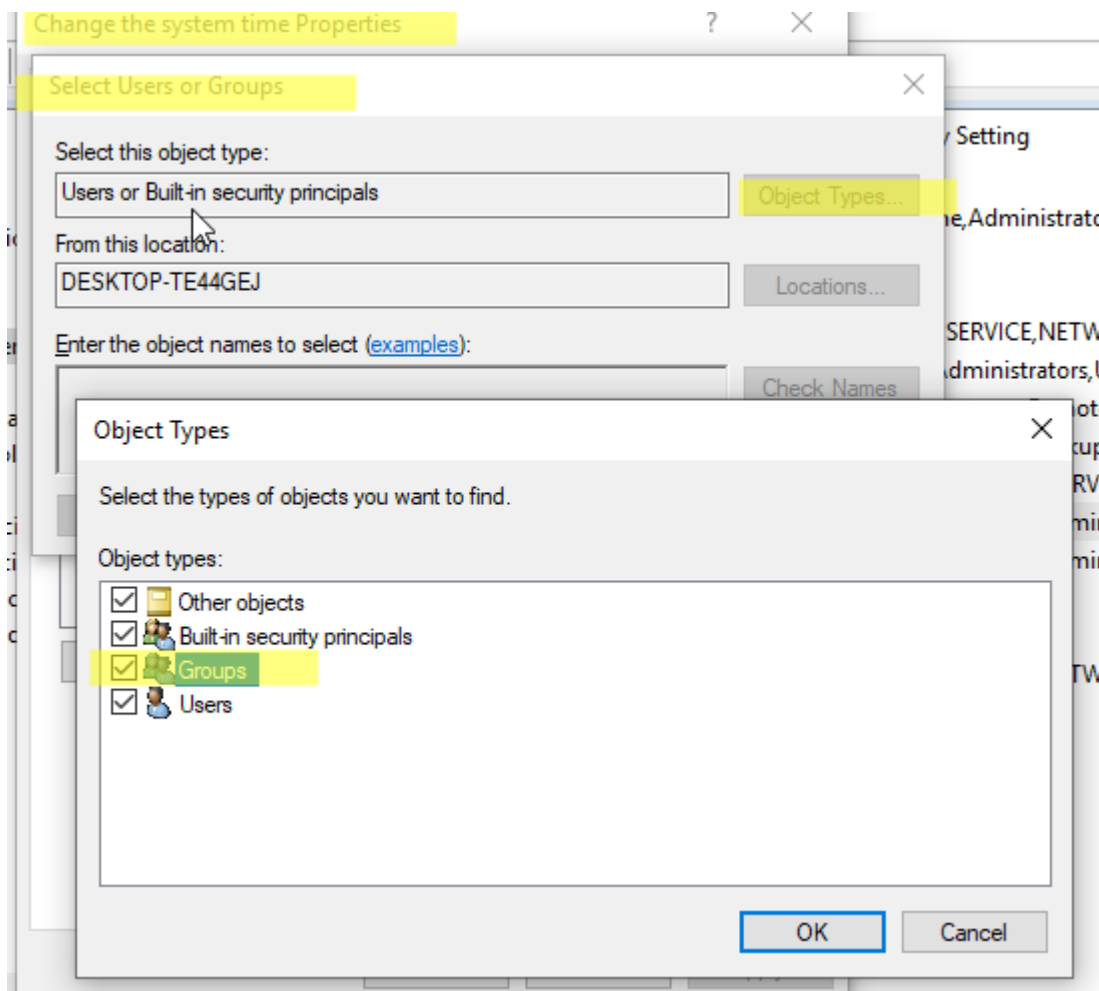


10. Modify the user rights so “Class_1” and “Class_2” will be able to “Change the system time”.

We go to Local security policy→ local policies→user rights Assignment→ change the system time.

To insert groups is disable so, we open properties → select users or groups→ object types→ click groups and ok

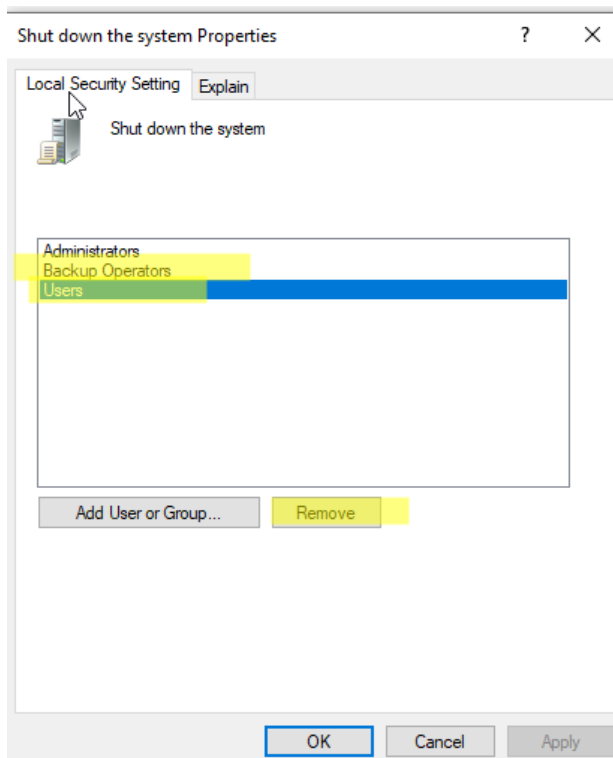
then we can insert the group Class where are the users Class_1 and Class_2

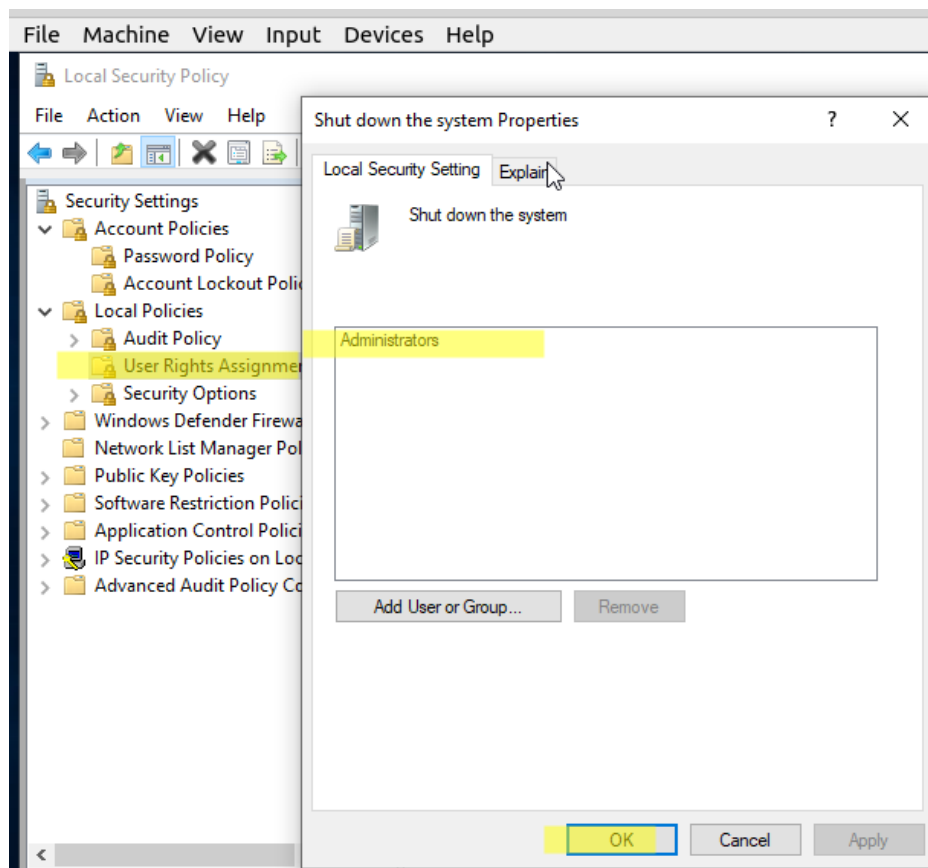


11. Modify the user rights so that only the administrator users can “Shut down the system”

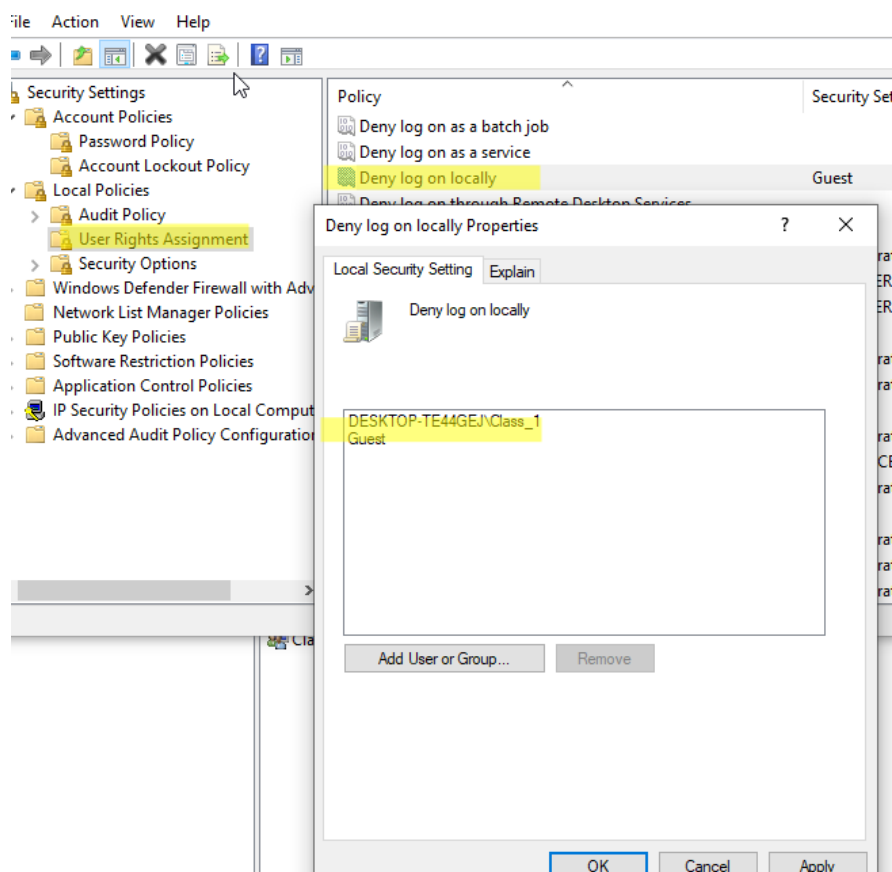
We go to Local security policy→ local policies→user rights Assignment→ Shut down the system→ properties

Remove Users and Backup Operators.

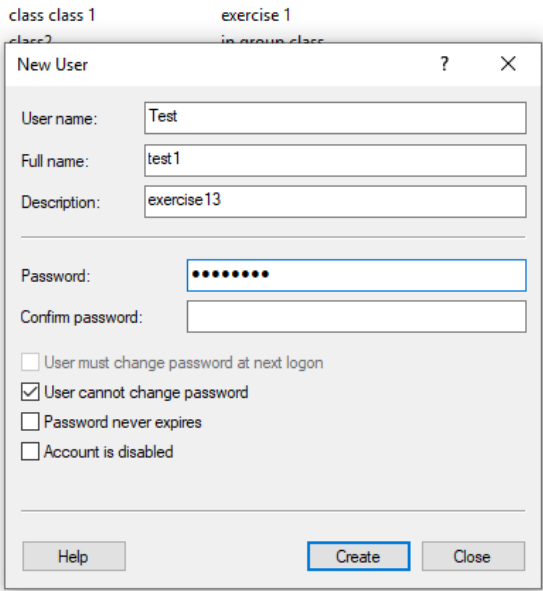
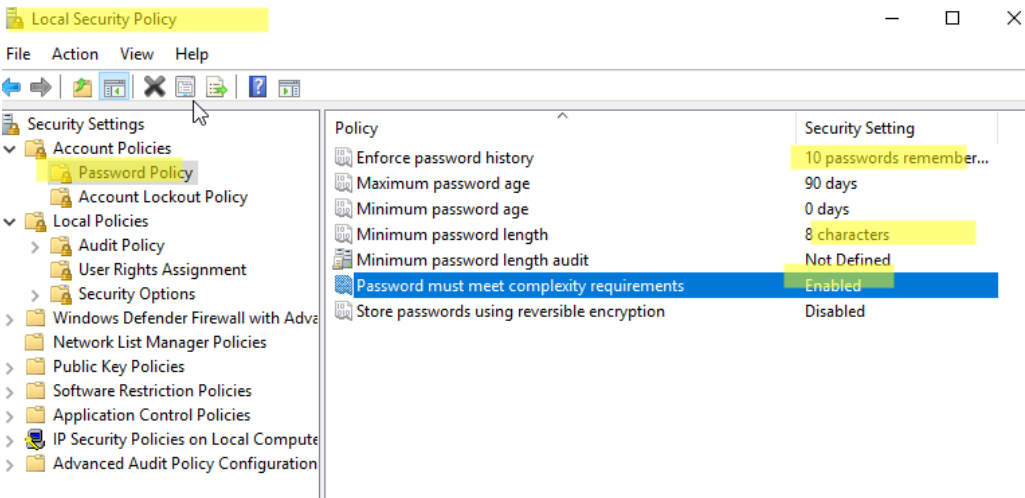




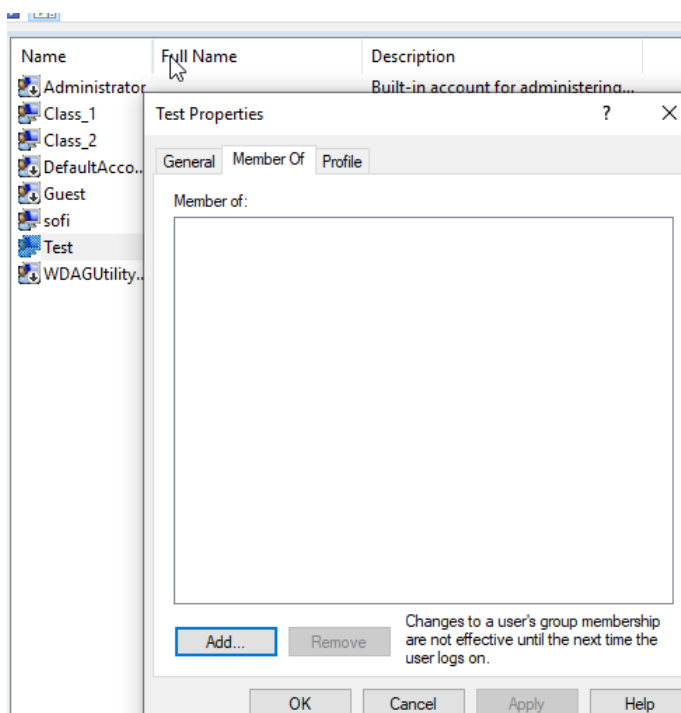
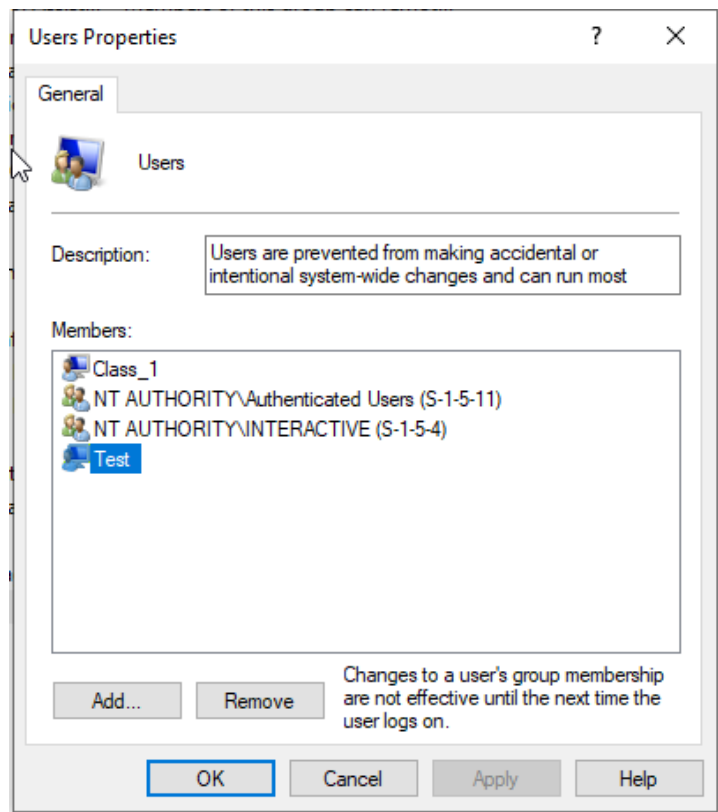
12. Suppose all the standard users are able to log in. How can we deny log on to the specific user "Class_1"?



13. Overall, add a new user called “Test” according to the requirements in exercise 7. What if we deleted “Test” from the group “Users”? Try to log in and explain what happens.



Name	Full Name	Description
Administrator		Built-in account for administering...
Class_1	class class 1	exercise 1
Class_2	class2	in group class
DefaultAcco...		A user account managed by the s...
Guest		Built-in account for guest access t...
sofi		
Test	test1	exercise13
WDAGUtility...		A user account managed and use...



we can't log on because it's not locally the user.

