**Chapter-Apply skills in structured pseudocode**

**and control processing**

* **Pseudocode**

Pseudocode is an artificial and informal language that helps programmers develops algorithms. Pseudocode is a "text-based" detail (algorithmic) design tool **for structured programming.**

* **Various looping structure**

***while***loop structure: **

***for***loopstructure: **

***do***while loop structure: 

* **Value Comparison**

The comparison of two values is represented in a program flowchart by the decision outline. In structured programming, the condition in an IF-THEN-ELSE instruction usually consists of a comparison of two values; the condition in a DO WHILE instruction may also be such a comparison.

* **Sorting**

In computer science, arranging in an ordered sequence is called sorting. The most common uses of sorted sequences are:

1. making lookup or search efficient
2. making merging of sequences efficient
3. enable processing of data in a defined order

* **Combining Conditions**

We are often confronted (challenged) with situations in which we must test more than one condition before we can select the correct course of action. In that situation we use different combinations of conditions to solve that confront which is called combining conditions.

* **Use of Boolean Algebra**

Boolean algebra a form of algebra in which symbols have the values of either “true” or “false” and are subject to the operations AND, OR, and NOT (also known as Boolean logic). In computer programming the Boolean algebra is used to define every event within two expressions.

* **Truth Table**

The truth table is commonly used to represent the possible values of combinations of conditions. There are four rules which can make any kind of truth table.

1. The expression A AND B is true if A is true and B is true.
2. The expression A OR B is true if A is true or B is true or both are true.
3. If A is true, then NOT A is false.
4. If A is false, then NOT A is true.

* **Order of Comparison / Precedence**

A order of comparison is a type of sorting algorithm that only reads the list elements through a single abstract comparison operation (often a "less than or equal to" operator) that determines which of two elements should occur first in the final sorted list.

* **Input Editing**

A programmer designing a program that will process data being entered into the computer for the first time must be aware of the necessity for editing the data. So input editing is a processing that checks the validity of data. There are some of the more widely used techniques for input editing:

1. Sequence checking
2. Restricted-value test
3. Miscellaneous other tests

* **Sequence Checking**

Sequence checking is a method for verifying that a file is in order by comparing key fields of consecutive records.

* **Restricted-value test**

Restricted-value test is a test applied to an input field to determine if its value is acceptable, as for example within a range of values.

* **Miscellaneous Other Tests**

Depending on the situation, any of a number of other tests may be performed on input data, which is called miscellaneous other tests.

* **Error Routine**

Error routine is some instructions that are executed when an error is encountered during processing.

* **End-Of-File Checking Techniques**

End-of-file is a name of condition when the data is finished to read. The computer will signal an end-of-file condition when it occurs. If this technique is not available or not appropriate in computer then the programmer must be prepared end-of-file checking techniques. Two other techniques can be used to detect the end-of-file condition. They are:

1. Sentinel value and
2. A counter

* **Sentinel Value**

Sentinel value is a specific value placed in a field in a dummy record to signal the end-of-file.

* **Counter**

The program has to maintain a count of the number of records that are read and processed; when the count of the number of records processed equals the number expected, the processing of data records stops.

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