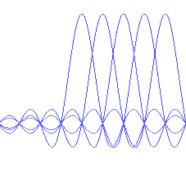




# EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN Course Introduction

3/4/2022





# Cyber-Physical Systems:

## Full of Contradictory Requirements

### It's not just information technology anymore:

- Cyber + Physical
- Computation + Dynamics
- Security + Safety

#### **Contradictions:**

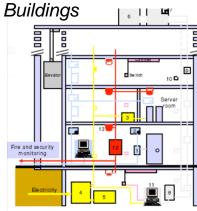
- Adaptability vs. Repeatability
- High connectivity vs. Security and Privacy
- High performance vs. Low Energy
- Asynchrony vs. Coordination/Cooperation
- Scalability vs. Reliability and Predictability
- Laws and Regulations vs. Technical Possibilities
- Economies of scale (cloud) vs. Locality (fog)
- Open vs. Proprietary
- Algorithms vs. Dynamics

#### **Innovation:**

Cyber-physical systems require new engineering methods and models to address these contradictions.

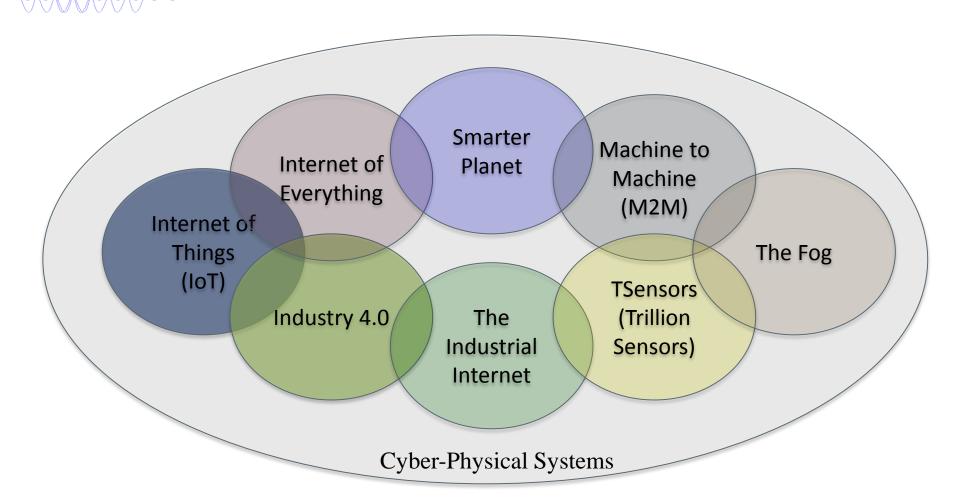


Manufacturing





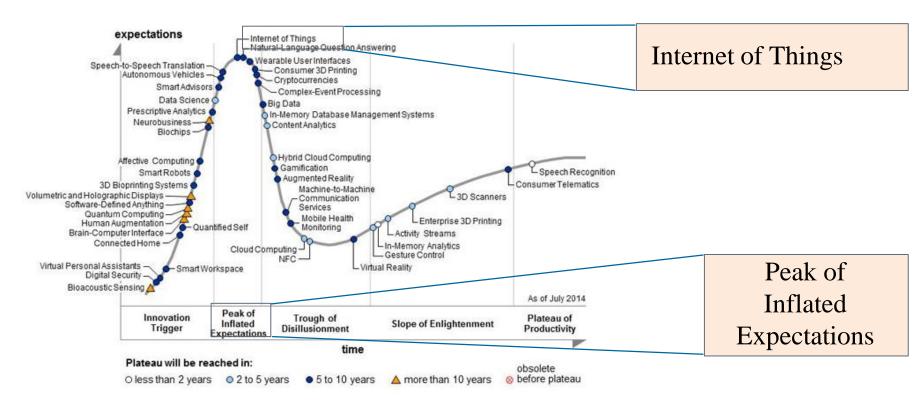
## Out of Many, One





## The Hype Around The Internet of Things

Using Internet technology to connect physical devices ("things").

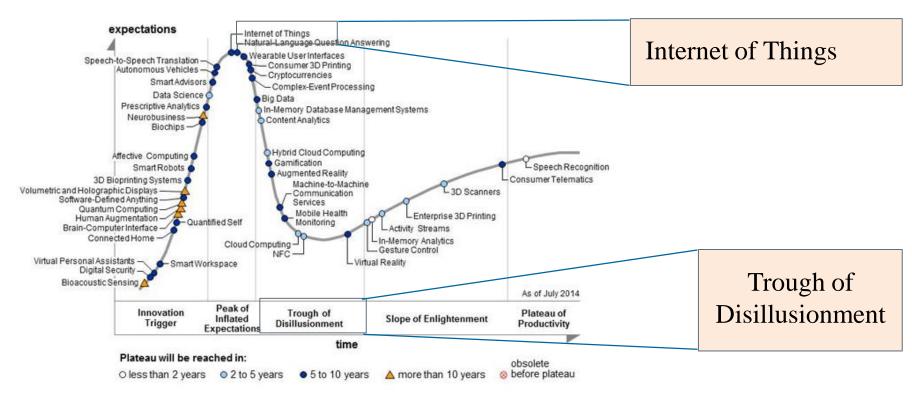


http://www.gartner.com/technology/research/hype-cycles/



## The Hype Around The Internet of Things

Using Internet technology to connect physical devices ("things").



http://www.gartner.com/technology/research/hype-cycles/



# IoT is the use of Internet technology for Cyber-Physical Systems

Industrial automation:

Industrial 4.0.

The term "IoT" inclution the technical solution "Internet technology the problem stater "connect things".

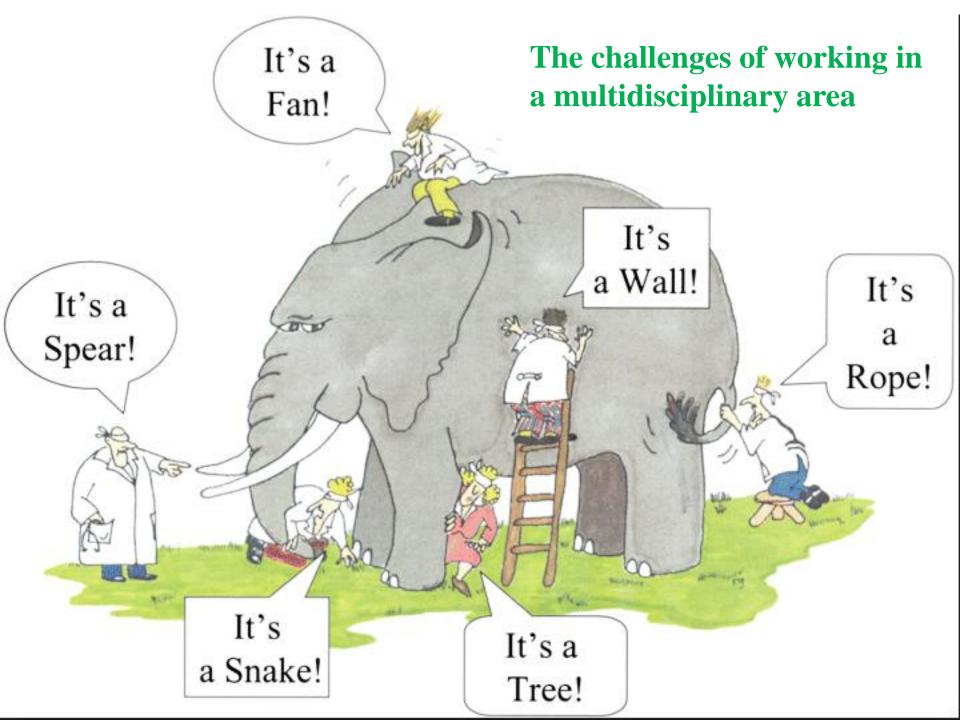
The term CPS does

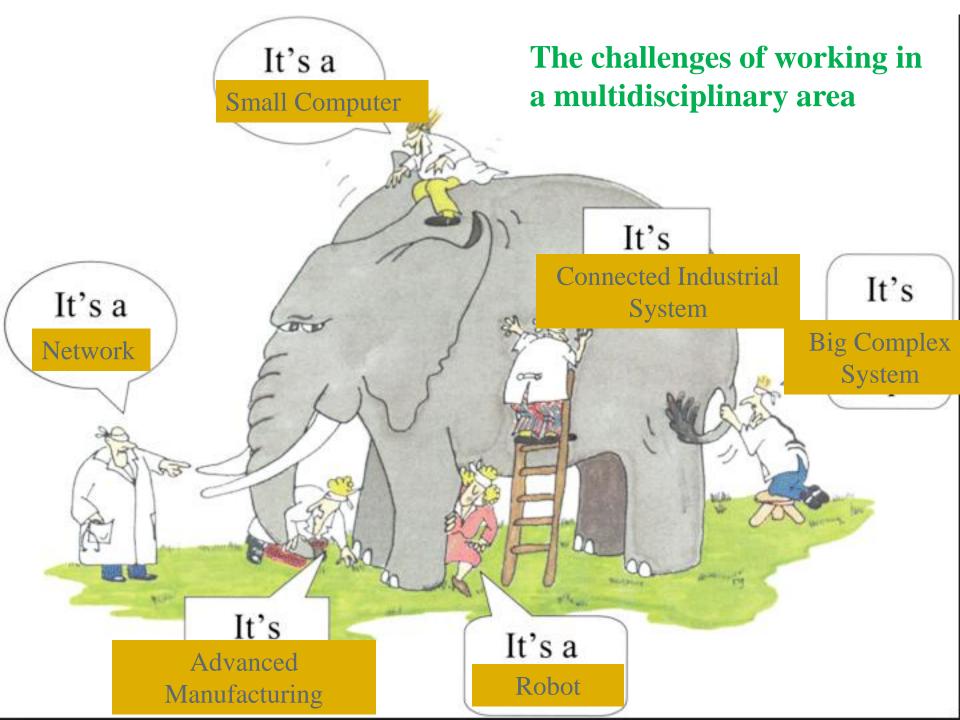




# CPS Challenge Problem: Prevent This



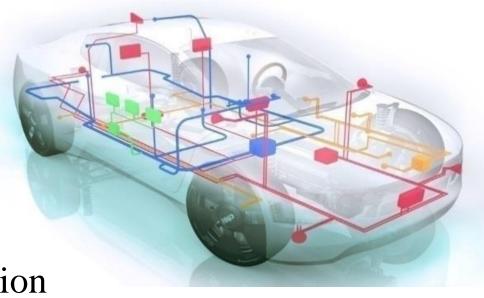


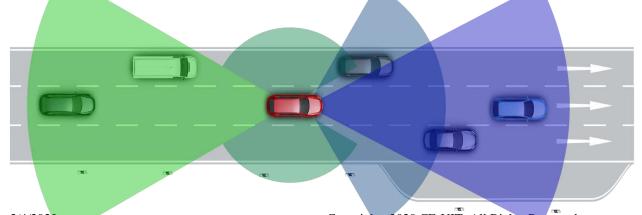




## Automotive CPS and Societal Challenges

- Safer Transportation
- Reduced Emissions
- Smart Transportation
- Energy Efficiency
- Climate Change
- Human-Robot Collaboration







## Disruptive technologies is changing the

#### ... with major CPS components

#### Twelve potentially economically disruptive technologies

Â	Mobile Internet	Increasingly inexpensive and capable mobile computing devices and Internet connectivity

world

Automation of knowledge work	Intelligent software systems that can perform knowledge work tasks involving unstructured commands and subtle judgments
 The Internet of Things	Networks of low-cost sensors and

The Internet of Things	Networks of low-cost sensors and actuators for data collection, monitoring, decision making, and process optimization

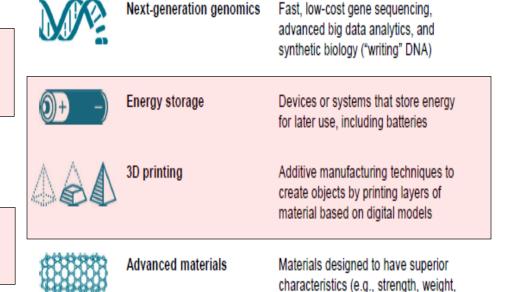
Cloud technology	Use of computer hardware and software resources delivered over a network or the Internet, often as a service

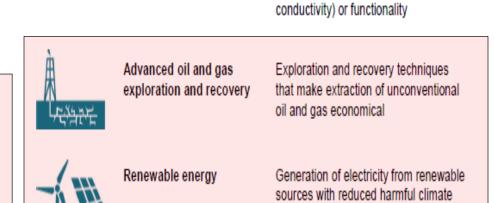
	Advanced robotics	Increasingly capable robots with enhanced senses, dexterity, and intelligence used to automate tasks or augment humans	
(((†)))			

Autonomous and

near-autonomous vehicles

	enhanced senses, dexterity, and intelligence used to automate tasks or augment humans
,	Vehicles that can navigate and operate with reduced or no human intervention
	Convrights 202





impact



## **Economic Potential**



The Internet of Things

300% Increase in connected machine-to-machine devices. over past 5 years

80-90%

Price decline in MEMS (microelectromechanical systems) sensors in past 5 years

1 trillion

Things that could be connected to the Internet across industries such as manufacturing. health care, and mining

100 million

Global machine to machine (M2M) device connections across sectors like transportation. security, health care, and utilities

\$36 trillion

Operating costs of key affected industries (manufacturing, health care, and mining)



Cloud technology 18 months

Time to double server performance per dollar

Monthly cost of owning a server vs. renting in the cloud

2 billion

Global users of cloud-based email services like Gmail, Yahoo, and Hotmail

80%

North American institutions hosting or planning to host critical applications on the cloud

\$1.7 trillion

GDP related to the Internet

\$3 trillion

\$6 trillion

Enterprise IT spend



Advanced robotics.

75-85%

Lower price for Baxter<sup>3</sup> than a typical industrial robot

170% Growth in sales of industrial robots, 2009-11 320 million

workforce 250 million

Manufacturing workers, 12% of global

Manufacturing worker employment costs, 19% of global employment costs

\$2-3 trillion Cost of major surgeries



Autonomous and nearautonomous vehicles

Miles driven by top-performing driverless car in 2004 DARPA Grand Challenge along a 150-mile route

1.540

Miles cumulatively driven by cars competing in 2005 Grand Challenge

300,000+

Miles driven by Google's autonomous cars with only 1 accident (which was human-caused)

1 billion

Cars and trucks globally

Annual major surgeries

450,000

Civilian, military, and general aviation aircraft in the world

\$4 trillion

Automobile industry revenue

\$155 billion

Revenue from sales of civilian, military. and general aviation aircraft



## Google and Facebook



Artist's rendering of Titan's Solara 50, which in theory at least, can stay aloft for years.

Wall Street Journal:

By Alistair Barr and Reed Albergotti April 14, 2014

Google Inc.\_on Monday acquired a maker of solar-powered drones—a startup that Facebook Inc.\_had also considered acquiring—as the technology giants battle to extend their influence and find new users in the far corners of the earth.





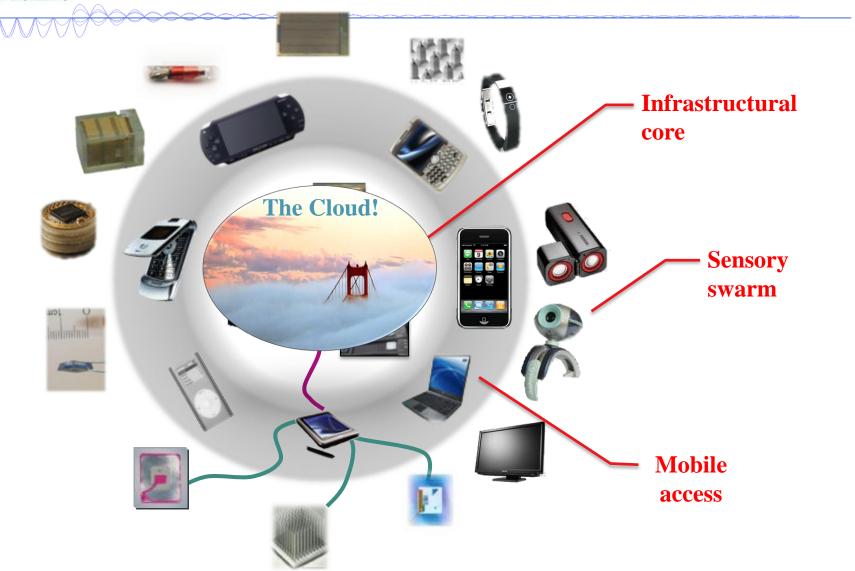
Apple iCar?

Macworld, Aug. 10, 2016:

Reports suggest that Apple is developing an electric iCar to rival Tesla. With reports that Apple is negotiating with BMW, and poaching Samsung employees (especially battery specialists) and reassigning large numbers of staff for its Project Titan, is Apple manufacturing an iCar, and when will the iCar be launched?



# The Emerging IT Scene







## What this course is about...

# A principled, scientific approach to designing and implementing embedded systems

## Lời tự thú của hacker Việt sau 7 năm ngồi tù ở Mỹ

Ở đỉnh cao "sự nghiệp" ( ) am mạng, hay tó biệt danh Hieupc kiếm được 125.000 USD mỗi tháng tố nh cắp danh tính người dùng.

Ngô Minh Hiếu, sinh năm 1 biệt danh Hieupc, vừa ra tù tại Mỹ sau hơn 7 năm bị bắt giới ngầm của mình cho nhà báo chuyểt viết về tội phạm mạt g Brian Krebs, chủ trang KrebsOnSecurity, với mong muốn cảnh báo những người khác đừng đi theo vết xe đổ của mình.

#### Not just hacking!!

Hacking can be fun, but it can also be very painful when things go wrong...



## **Class Information**

### Lecturer:

□ Lecture: Tri Nhut Do, Ph. D.

■Email: nhutdt@uit.edu.vn

□ Laboratory: Tri Nhut Do, Ph. D.

■Email: <u>trinhutdo@uit.edu.vn</u>

### Students:

□ Code: CE224.M21.MTCL

☐ Total: 25 Students



## Time Slice and Score

## Timing:

- ☐ Lecture: 45 lecture hours /15 weeks
- □ Laboratory: 30 lecture hours / 6 weeks

### Score:

- ☐ Mid-term test: **15%** (Project (in group), report, presentation)
- ☐ In class (for person): **15%** (attendance, discussion)
- □ Laboratory: **20%**
- ☐ Final test: **50%** (Project (in group), report, presentation)

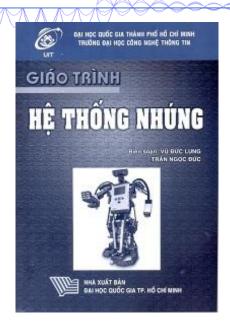


# Objectives/Learning Outcome

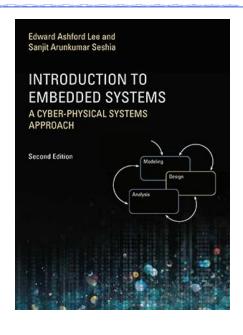
- □ Analyzing and designing solution for problems related to ESD;
   □ Having idea and solution implementation for ESD and CE;
   □ Acquiring technical terms for future learning and working;
- ☐ Having the right moral understanding for research and work.



## Textbook and References



Vũ Đức Lung - Trần Ngọc Đức, Nhà xuất bản ĐHQG-HCM, 2016



E. A. Lee and S. A. Seshia, Second Edition, MIT Press, 2017

- [1] Edward A. Lee, "Embedded System," UC Berkeley, EECS 149/249A
- [2] Steve Heath, "Embedded System Design," Second Edition, Newnes, Elsevier Science, Linacre House, Jordan Hill, Oxford, 2003.



# Course's content

Week	Content	Presenter/In Charge
Week 1	- Course Introduction	Lecturer
Week 2	Model Based Design	Lecturer
Week 3	Discrete Dynamics Systems	Lecturer
Week 4-5	Extended and Time Automata	Lecturer
Week 6	State machine: Composition and Hierarchical	Lecturer
Week 7	Sensor Actuator and Network	Lecturer
Week 8	Review for Midterm test	Lecturer
Week 9	Input/Output/Memory (1)	Lecturer
Week 10	Input/Output/Memory (2)	Lecturer
Week 11	Multitasking	Lecturer
Week 12	RTOS	Lecturer
Week 13	Testing and Verification of EDS	Lecturer
Week 14	Project Report	Student
Week 15	Review for Final test	Lecturer



# Class regulations

- Starting time: 7:45 AM.
- Lecturer and students must present at class on time.
- Active discussion between Lecturer and Students.
- Discussion and advice outside of class:

1:30 – 3:30 PM every Monday at E6.4





# Q&A

