streaming-files.md 2023. 9. 3.

Streaming files

info **Note** This chapter shows how you can stream files from your **HTTP application**. The examples presented below do not apply to GraphQL or Microservice applications.

There may be times where you would like to send back a file from your REST API to the client. To do this with Nest, normally you'd do the following:

```
@Controller('file')
export class FileController {
    @Get()
    getFile(@Res() res: Response) {
      const file = createReadStream(join(process.cwd(), 'package.json'));
      file.pipe(res);
    }
}
```

But in doing so you end up losing access to your post-controller interceptor logic. To handle this, you can return a StreamableFile instance and under the hood, the framework will take care of piping the response.

Streamable File class

A StreamableFile is a class that holds onto the stream that is to be returned. To create a new StreamableFile, you can pass either a Buffer or a Stream to the StreamableFile constructor.

info **hint** The StreamableFile class can be imported from @nestjs/common.

Cross-platform support

Fastify, by default, can support sending files without needing to call stream.pipe(res), so you don't
need to use the StreamableFile class at all. However, Nest supports the use of StreamableFile in
both platform types, so if you end up switching between Express and Fastify there's no need to worry about
compatibility between the two engines.

Example

You can find a simple example of returning the package. j son as a file instead of a JSON below, but the idea extends out naturally to images, documents, and any other file type.

```
import { Controller, Get, StreamableFile } from '@nestjs/common';
import { createReadStream } from 'fs';
import { join } from 'path';

@Controller('file')
export class FileController {
    @Get()
```

streaming-files.md 2023. 9. 3.

```
getFile(): StreamableFile {
   const file = createReadStream(join(process.cwd(), 'package.json'));
   return new StreamableFile(file);
}
```

The default content type is application/octet-stream, if you need to customize the response you can use the resest method or the @Header() decorator, like this:

```
import { Controller, Get, StreamableFile, Res } from '@nestjs/common';
import { createReadStream } from 'fs';
import { join } from 'path';
import type { Response } from 'express';
@Controller('file')
export class FileController {
  @Get()
  getFile(@Res({ passthrough: true }) res: Response): StreamableFile {
    const file = createReadStream(join(process.cwd(), 'package.json'));
    res.set({
      'Content-Type': 'application/json',
      'Content-Disposition': 'attachment; filename="package.json"',
   return new StreamableFile(file);
  }
  // Or even:
  @Get()
  @Header('Content-Type', 'application/json')
  @Header('Content-Disposition', 'attachment; filename="package.json"')
  getStaticFile(): StreamableFile {
   const file = createReadStream(join(process.cwd(), 'package.json'));
   return new StreamableFile(file);
 }
}
```