other-features.md 2023. 9. 3.

Other features

This page lists all the other available features that you may find useful.

Global prefix

To ignore a global prefix for routes set through setGlobalPrefix(), use ignoreGlobalPrefix:

```
const document = SwaggerModule.createDocument(app, options, {
  ignoreGlobalPrefix: true,
});
```

Global parameters

You can add parameter definitions to all routes using DocumentBuilder:

```
const options = new DocumentBuilder().addGlobalParameters({
  name: 'tenantId',
  in: 'header',
});
```

Multiple specifications

The SwaggerModule provides a way to support multiple specifications. In other words, you can serve different documentation, with different UIs, on different endpoints.

To support multiple specifications, your application must be written with a modular approach. The createDocument() method takes a 3rd argument, extraOptions, which is an object with a property named include. The include property takes a value which is an array of modules.

You can setup multiple specifications support as shown below:

```
import { NestFactory } from '@nestjs/core';
import { SwaggerModule, DocumentBuilder } from '@nestjs/swagger';
import { AppModule } from './app.module';
import { CatsModule } from './cats/cats.module';
import { DogsModule } from './dogs/dogs.module';

async function bootstrap() {
  const app = await NestFactory.create(AppModule);

/**
  * createDocument(application, configurationOptions, extraOptions);
  *
  * createDocument method takes an optional 3rd argument "extraOptions"
  * which is an object with "include" property where you can pass an
```

other-features.md 2023. 9. 3.

```
Array
   * of Modules that you want to include in that Swagger Specification
  * E.g: CatsModule and DogsModule will have two separate Swagger
Specifications which
   * will be exposed on two different SwaggerUI with two different
endpoints.
  */
  const options = new DocumentBuilder()
    .setTitle('Cats example')
    .setDescription('The cats API description')
    .setVersion('1.0')
    .addTag('cats')
    .build();
  const catDocument = SwaggerModule.createDocument(app, options, {
    include: [CatsModule],
  }):
  SwaggerModule.setup('api/cats', app, catDocument);
  const secondOptions = new DocumentBuilder()
    .setTitle('Dogs example')
    .setDescription('The dogs API description')
    .setVersion('1.0')
    addTag('dogs')
    .build();
  const dogDocument = SwaggerModule.createDocument(app, secondOptions, {
    include: [DogsModule],
  });
  SwaggerModule.setup('api/dogs', app, dogDocument);
  await app.listen(3000);
bootstrap();
```

Now you can start your server with the following command:

```
$ npm run start
```

Navigate to http://localhost:3000/api/cats to see the Swagger UI for cats:



In turn, http://localhost:3000/api/dogs will expose the Swagger UI for dogs:

