

Hash

HWS out: due next Mon
proj topic due next Wed

Difficulty of Hash Collisions

$$H: \{0,1\}^* \rightarrow \{0,1\}^n$$

how long to find a collision?

pigeonhole: $\frac{2^n}{(+1)}$ to guarantee collision

birthday bound: $\sim \sqrt{2^n} = 2^{n/2}$ to get good (~50%) probability

Ex: $B: \{\text{people}\} \rightarrow \{1, \dots, 365\}$

how long to find 2 different people $B(x) = B(x')$

pigeonhole: $365 + 1$ to guarantee collision

pigeonhole: $\sqrt{365}$

$\Pr[\text{collision among 18 people}]$

$$= 1 - \left(1 - \frac{1}{365}\right)\left(1 - \frac{2}{365}\right) \cdots \left(1 - \frac{17}{365}\right)$$

$$0.632 \frac{18 \cdot 17}{2 \cdot 365} \leq \Pr \leq \frac{18 \cdot 17}{2 \cdot 365}$$

Ex: use H w/ 128-bits of output

\Rightarrow attack on collision resistance costs 2^{64}

Ex: Bitcoin hash rate:

23 billion TH/s

$$= 23 \times 10^9 \times 10^{12} \text{ hashes/sec}$$

$$= 23 \times 10^{21} \quad \log_2(x) = \log(x)/\log(2)$$

$$= 2^{74} \text{ hashes/sec}$$

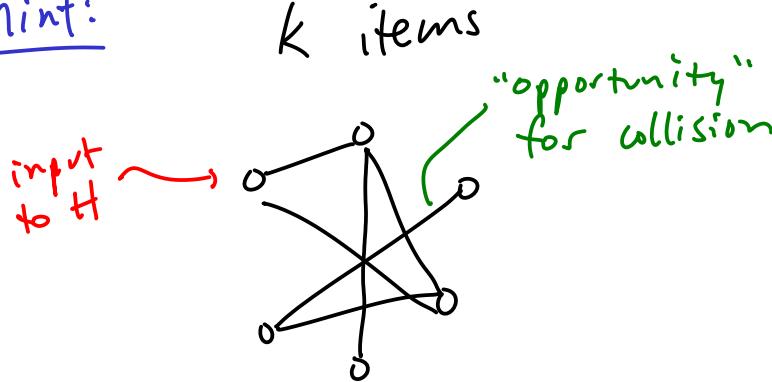
Q: brute force birthday attack on hash function:
try $\sim 2^{n/2}$ things, see if any 2 collide

HW: find 2 values that collide under H w/ 40 bits of output

- "mikero | ??????"
- "????? | 20180226"

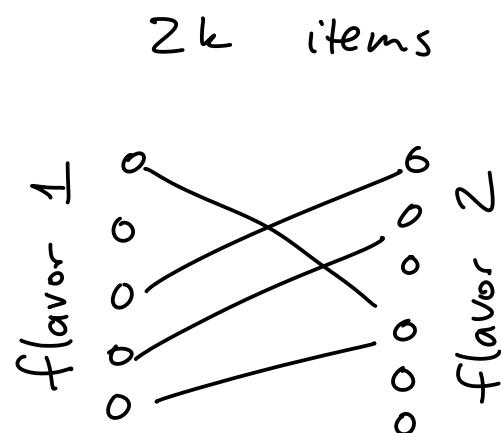
2^{40} takes longer than due date of HW

hint:



$$\binom{k}{2} \approx k^2 \text{ edges}$$

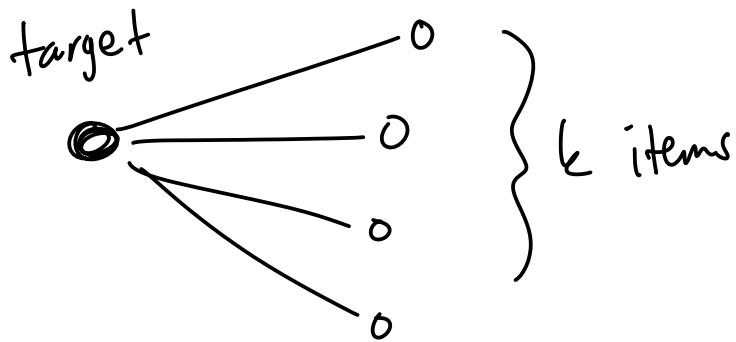
$$\Rightarrow \approx \frac{k^2}{2^n} \text{ chance of collision}$$



$$k^2 \text{ edges}$$

$$\Rightarrow \approx \frac{k^2}{2^n} \text{ chance of collision}$$

target / 2nd preimage collisions



so prob. of
collision is
 $k/2^n$

\Rightarrow cost $\sim 2^n$ to break target collision
or 2^{n-k} preimage

Application:

use HF to build signature scheme

- prove security of signature scheme using collision-resistance of H
 - \Rightarrow H must have 256 bits output in practice
- prove security of signature scheme using second preimage sec. of H
 - \Rightarrow H can have 128 bits output
 - \Rightarrow signatures now half the length !!

Hash Family

\mathcal{H} = set of many hash functions

each application of hashing,

choose $H \leftarrow \mathcal{H}$

make H public

use $H(x)$
in your application

Salt

$H = \text{SHA256}$

for each application
choose random
string $S \leftarrow \{0,1\}^{\lambda}$
(SALT)

make S public

use $\text{SHA256}(S \parallel x)$
in your application