

Expression Evaluation

Increment operator

- Increment - Increase Value by 1
- Increment Operator - **++**
- **Increment operator**
- Post Increment - **(a++) = a=a+1**
- Pre Increment - **(++a) = a= a+1**

Decrement operator

- Decrement decrease value by 1 /Increase Value by 1
- Decrement operator - **--**
- **Decrement operator**
- Post decrement - **(a--)** = **a=a-1**
- Pre decrement - **(--a)** = **a= a-1**

Example

- `Int a=5;`
-

- `a --;`
 - `Printf("%d" ,a);`
 - **Answer: 4**
-

- `Printf("%d" ,a --);`
- `Printf("%d" ,a);`
- **Answer: 5 4**

- `Int a=5;`
-

- `-- a;`
 - `Printf("%d" ,a);`
 - **Answer: 4**
-

- `Printf("%d" , -- a);`
- `Printf("%d" ,a);`
- **Answer: 4 4**

Example

- `Int x =5`
- `Int y;`
- `y = (-- x);`
- `Printf(“%d” ,x);`
- `Printf(“%d” ,y);`
- `Answer: 4 4`

- `Int x =5`
- `Int y;`
- `y = (x --); //y=x x=x-1`
- `Printf(“%d” ,x);`
- `Printf(“%d” ,y);`
- `Answer: 4 5`

Example

- `Int x =5`
- `Int y;`
- `y = x - - + x - - ;`
- `Printf(“%d” ,x);`
- `Printf(“%d” ,y);`
- Answer: 9 3

`y = x - - + x - - ;`

1. $(x - -) = 5$ $x = 4$

2. $(x - -) = 4$ $x = 3$

Example

- `Int x = 5`

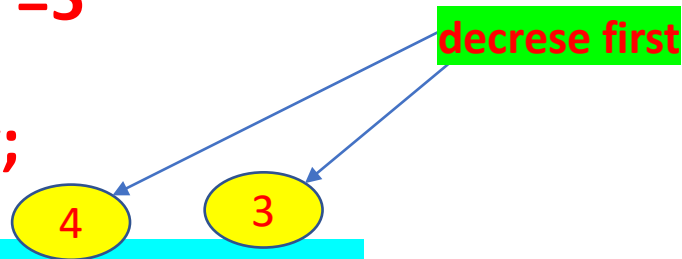
- `Int y;`

- `y = --x + --x;`

- `Printf("%d", x);`

- `Printf("%d", y);`

- Answer: 6 3



- `y = --x + --x;`

- `//decrease first + assigned at last`

1. `(--x) = 4 //decrease first`

2. `(--x) = 3 //decrease first`

3. `3 + 3 //assigned at last`

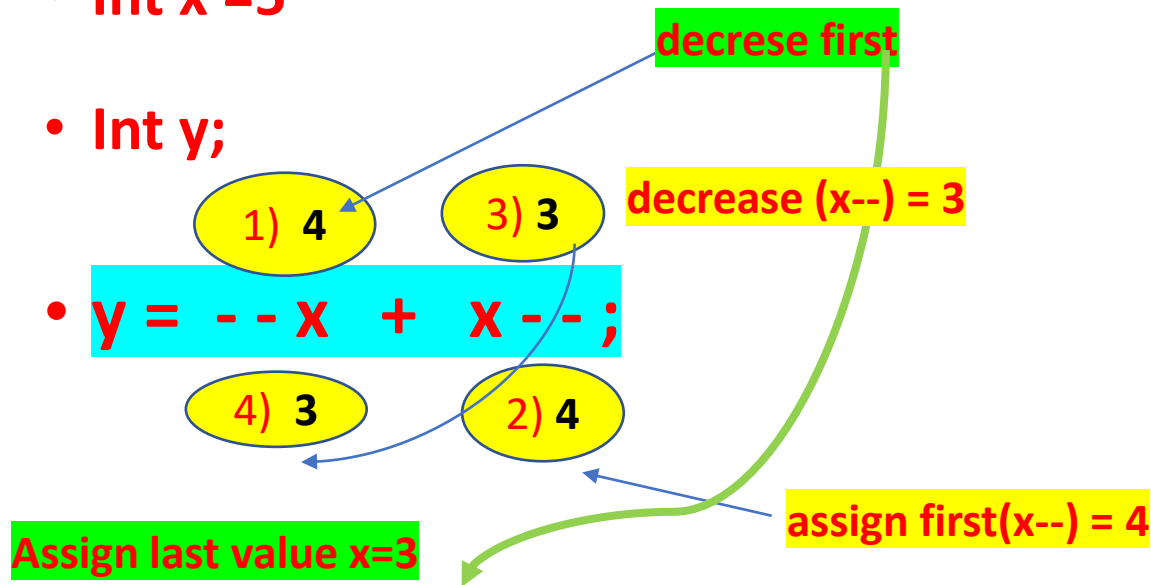
`//x=3 assigned last`

Example

- **Int x =5**

- **Int y;**

- **y = --x + x--;**



- `Printf("%d",x);`

- `Printf("%d",y);`

Answer: 3 7

1) `--x` :

- decrease value of x first (x=4)

- Assigned last value of x at place (`--x`)

2) `x--` :

- Assigned value first at place

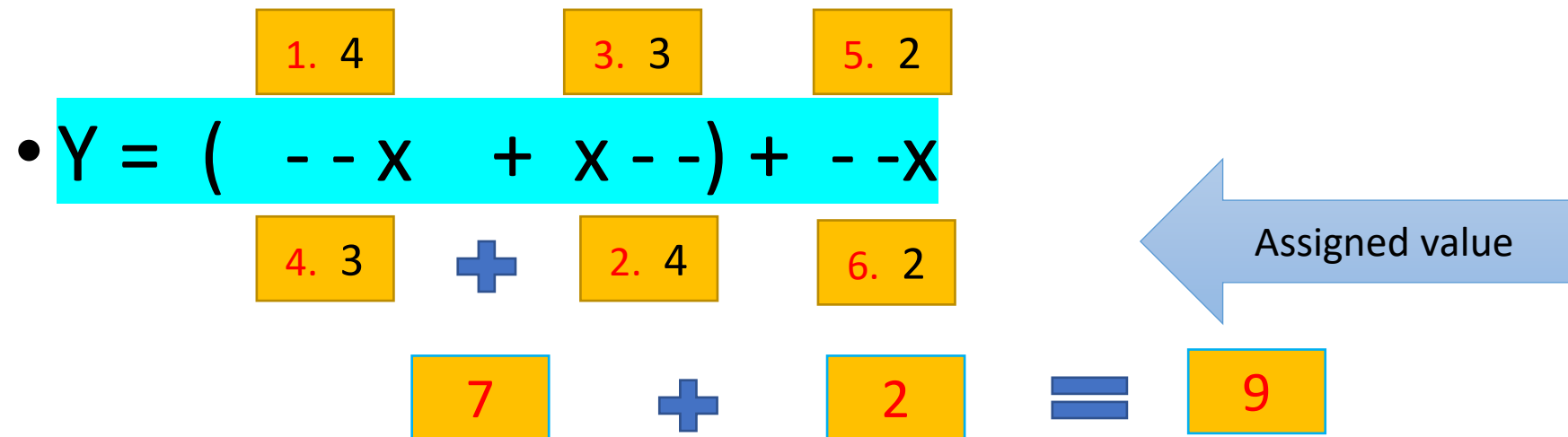
`(x--) = 4`

- decrease value of (x=3)

1) assigned last value of x =3 at place (`--x`)

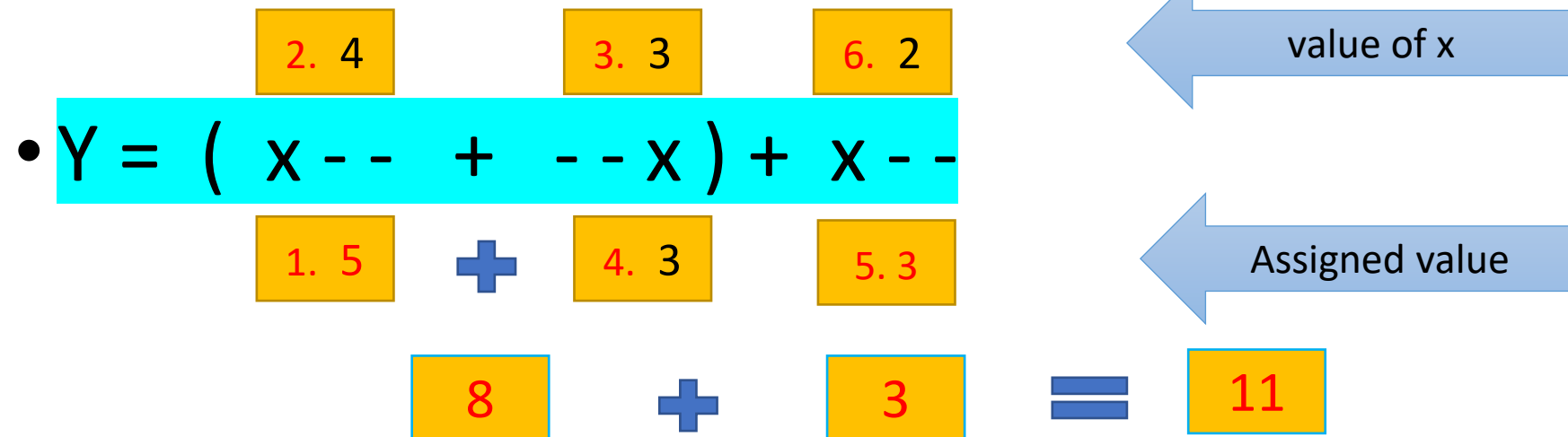
Example

- Compiler evaluate 2 value first then add result to last value
- `Int x = 5 , y;`
- `Y = --x + x-- + --x ; // y = (--x + x--) + --x`
- (Pre-decrement : value (x) decrease first and assigned to (--x) last)



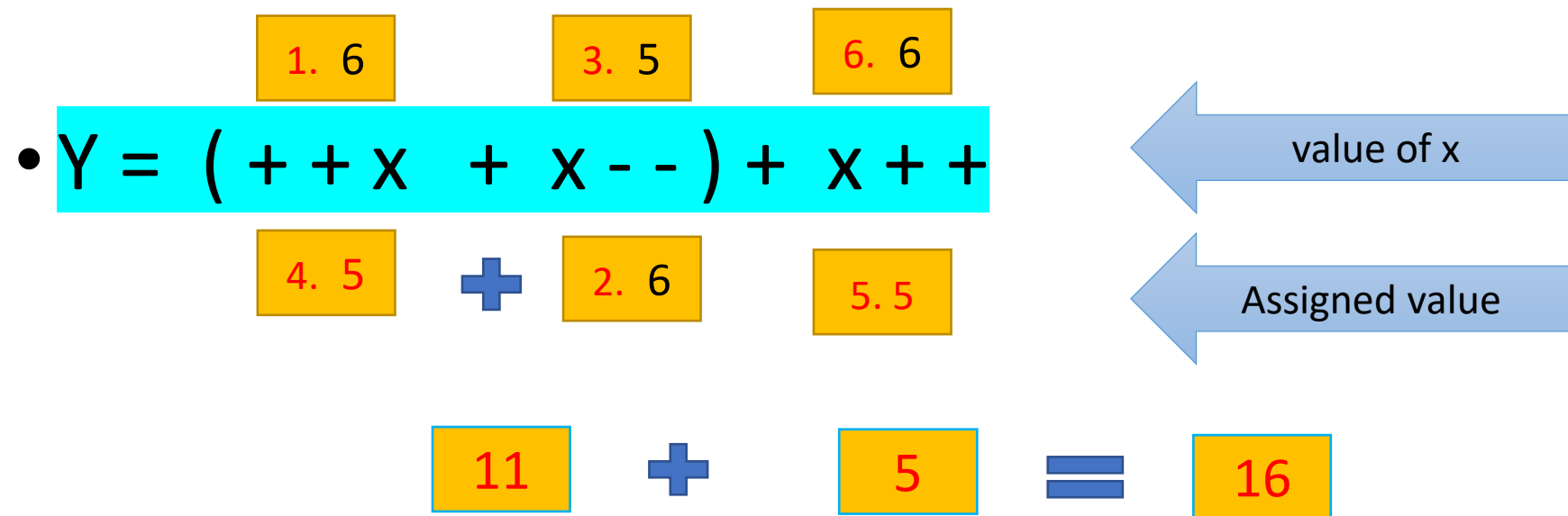
Example

- Compiler evaluate 2 value first then add result to last value
- `Int x = 5 , y;`
- `Y = x -- + -- x + x -- ; // y = (x -- + -- x) + x --`
- (Pre-decrement : value (x) decrease first and assigned to (-- x) last)



Example

- Compiler evaluate 2 value first then add result to last value
- `Int x = 5 , y;`
- `Y = ++x + x-- + y--;`



Example

- `int i=5;`
- `printf("%d %d %d", i + + , i , + + i);`

stack	Evaluation
<code>++ i (3)</code>	<code>++ i (1)</code>
<code>i (2)</code>	<code>i (2)</code>
<code>i + + (1)</code>	<code>i + + (3)</code>

1. `++ i :`
 - Increase value of `i=6`
 - Assign later `i=7` to `++i`
 2. `i`
 3. `i++`
 - Assign value to `i++ =6`
 - Increase value of `i=7`
- Print 6 7 7

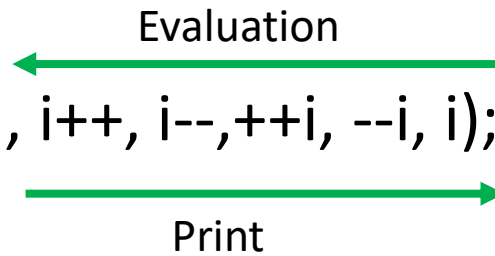
Example

- `int x =120;`
- `printf("%d %d %d",x, x++,++x);`
- First : `++ x`
 - Increase x so `x=121`
- Second `x++`
 - Assign x to `x++` so `x++=121`
 - Increase value of x so `x=122`
- `x=122`
- Assign `x=122` to `++x` so `++x=122`

Example

- `int i=3`

- `printf("%d %d %d %d %d", i++, i--, ++i, --i, i);` ➔ 2 3 3 3 3



1. `i = 3`

2. `--i` `i=2` `--i = ? = 3`

3. `++i` `i=3` `++i = ? = 3`

4. `i--` `i-- = 3` `i=2`

5. `i++` `i++=2` `i=3`

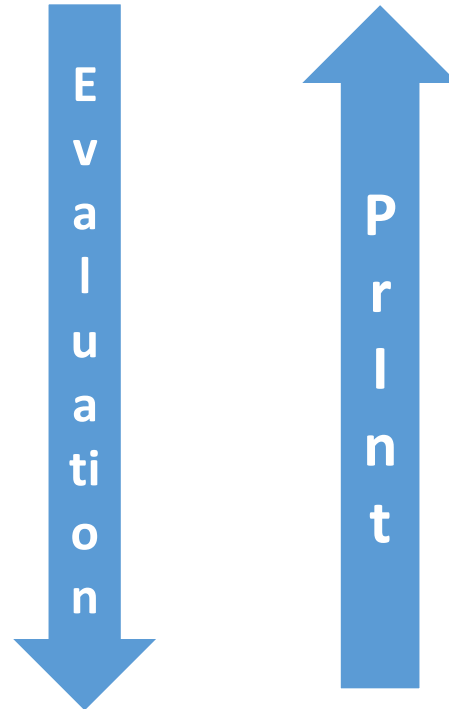
Example

- `Int a=3`
- `printf("%d %d %d\n",++a, a++,a);` ➔ 5 3 5

1. `a = 3` `a=5`

2. `a++` `a++=3` `a=4`

3. `++a` `a=5` `++a=5`



Example

- `Int j=3`
- `printf("%d\t %d\t %d\n", j,--j, j--);` → 1 1 3

1. `j - - j-- =3` `j=2`

2. `--j` `j=1` `--j = ? = 1`

3. `J=1`

