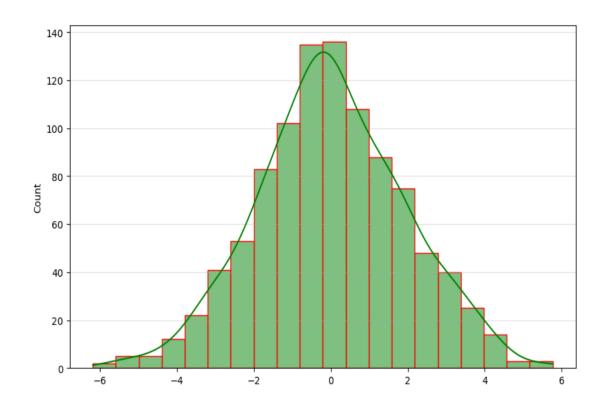
### 1. Write a python program to find mean, mode, median.

```
from scipy import stats
import numpy
c=[23,45,77,12,78,90,78,34,78]
x=numpy.mean(c)
y=numpy.median(c)
z=stats.mode(c)
print("mean is=",x)
print("median is=",y)
print("mode is=",z)

Output:-
mean is= 57.222222222222
median is= 77.0
mode is= ModeResult(mode=78, count=3)
```

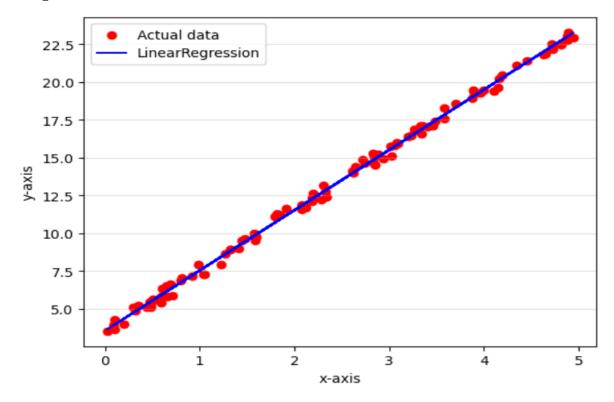
#### 2. Write a python program to typical data distribution.

import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
D=np.random.normal(0,2,1000)
x=np.random.normal(0,2,1000)
y=np.random.normal(0,2,1000)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.histplot(D,bins=20,kde=True,color='g',edgecolor='r')
plt.grid(axis='y',alpha=0.30)
plt.show()



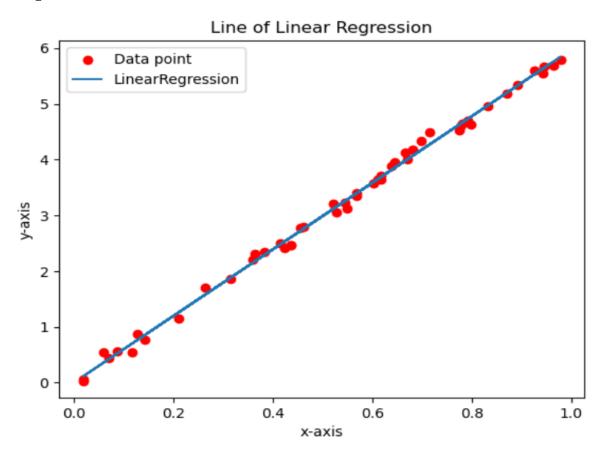
### 3. Write a python program to draw scatter plot of linear regression.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
np.random.seed(0)
x=5*np.random.rand(100,1)
y=4*x+3+np.random.rand(100,1)
model=LinearRegression()
model.fit(x,y)
y_pred=model.predict(x)
plt.scatter(x,y,color='r',label='Actual data')
plt.plot(x,y_pred,color='b',label='LinearRegression')
plt.xlabel('x-axis')
plt.ylabel('y-axis')
plt.grid(axis='y',alpha=0.40)
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



#### 4. Write a python program to draw the line of linear regression.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
np.random.seed(0)
x=np.random.rand(50)
y=6*x+np.random.normal(0,0.1,50)
slope,intercept=np.polyfit(x,y,1)
list=slope*x+intercept
plt.scatter(x,y,color='r',label='Data point')
plt.plot(x,list,label='LinearRegression')
plt.xlabel('x-axis')
plt.ylabel('y-axis')
plt.title('Line of Linear Regression')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

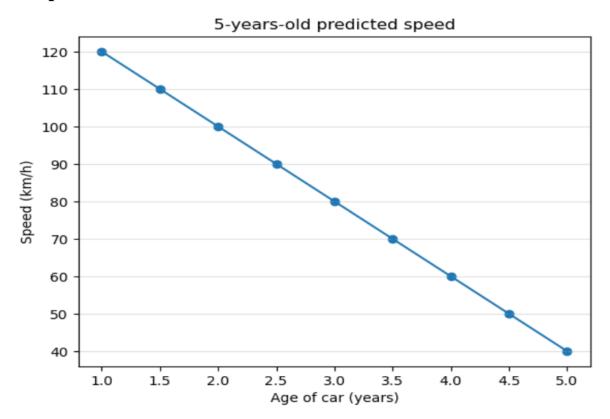


### 5. Write a python Program to predict the speed of a 5 years old car.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy import stats

x = [1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 4.5, 5]#year

y = [120,110,100,90,80,70,60,50,40]#speed
slp, incpt, r, p, st = stats.linregress(x, y)
def myfunc(x):
    return slp * x + incpt
mymodel = list(map(myfunc, x))
plt.xlabel('Age of car (years)')
plt.ylabel('Speed (km/h)')
plt.title('5-years-old predicted speed')
plt.scatter(x, y)
plt.grid(axis='y', alpha=0.40)
plt.plot(x, mymodel)
plt.show()
```



# 6. Write a python Program to print the coefficient values of the regression object.

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression import numpy as np np.random.seed(0)  
x=np.random.rand(50,1)  
y=2*x.squeeze()+np.random.normal(0,0.1,50)  
regression_model=LinearRegression()  
regression_model.fit(x,y)  
print('coefficent value',regression_model.coef_)  
Output:-
```

coefficent value [1.96927329]

# 7.Write a python program to $2^{nd}$ binary classification data generated by make\_circles() have a spherical decision boundary.

```
from sklearn.datasets import make_circles
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x,y=make_circles(n_samples=100,noise=0.05,factor=0.5,random_state=42)

plt.figure()

plt.scatter(x[y==0][:,0],x[y==0][:,1],color='g',label='class A')

plt.scatter(x[y==1][:,0],x[y==1][:,1],color='r', marker='s',label='class B')

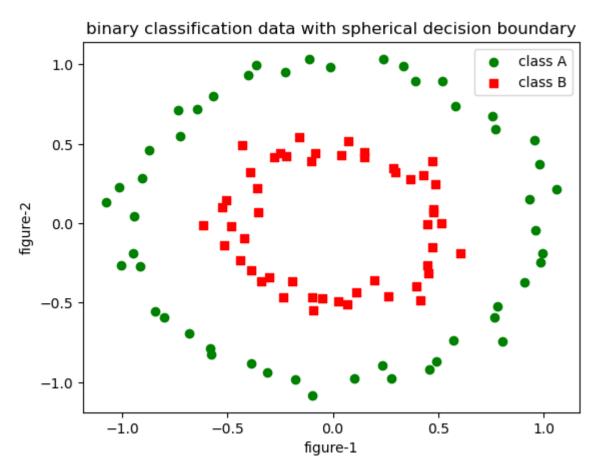
plt.title('binary classification data with spherical decision boundary')

plt.xlabel('figure-1')

plt.ylabel('figure-2')

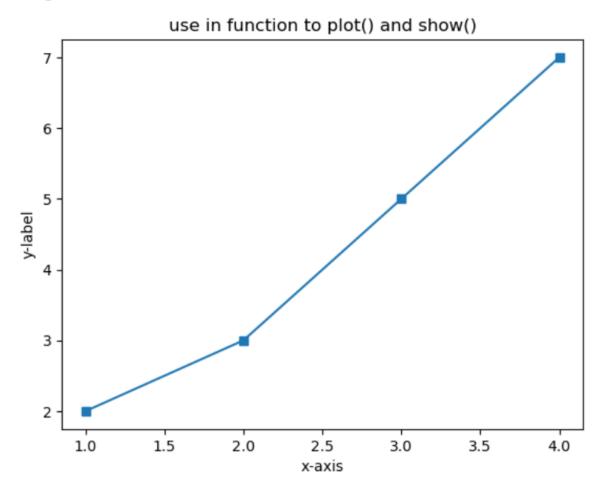
plt.legend()

plt.show()
```



# 8.Write a python program to display the plot we can use the functions plot() and show() from pyplot.

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x=([1],[2],[3],[4])
y=([2,3,5,7])
plt.plot(x,y,marker='s')
plt.xlabel('x-axis')
plt.ylabel('y-label')
plt.title('use in function to plot() and show()')
plt.show()



## **9.**Write a python Program to data generated by the function make\_blobs() are blobs that can be utilized for clustering.

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.datasets import make\_blobs

x,y=make\_blobs(n\_samples=300,centers=4,cluster\_std=0.40,random\_state=0)

plt.scatter(x[:,0],x[:,1],s=50)

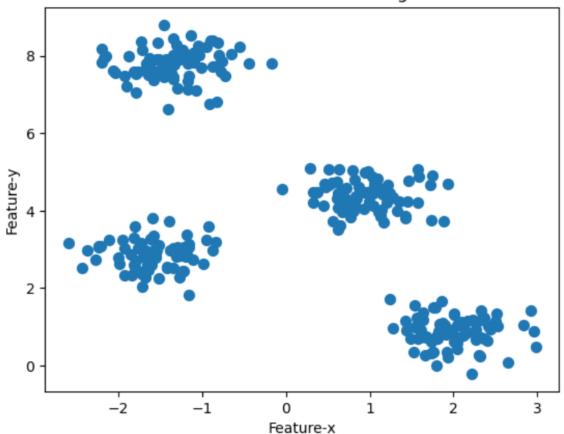
plt.xlabel('Feature-x')

plt.ylabel('Feature-y')

plt.title('Blobs data for clustering')

plt.show()





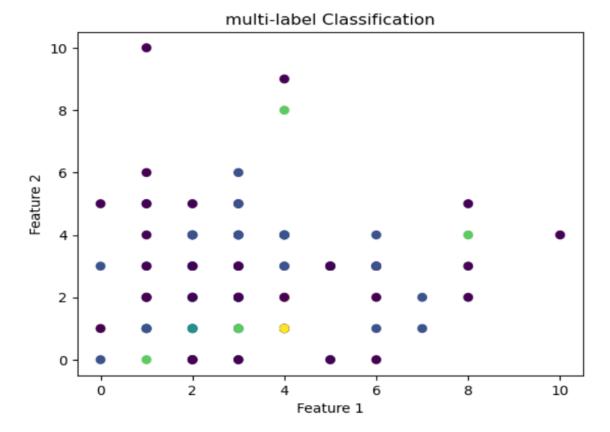
## 10. Write a python program to random multi-label classification data is created by the function make make multilabel classification().

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import make_multilabel_classification
from sklearn.multioutput import MultiOutputClassifier
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
X,y=make_multilabel_classification(n_samples=100,n_features=20,n_classes=5, n_labels=2,
random_state=0)
clf=MultiOutputClassifier(RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100))
clf.fit(X,y)
plt.scatter(X[:,0],X[:,1], c=[np.argmax(i) for i in y])
print(X,y)
plt.title("multi-label Classification")
plt.xlabel("Feature 1")
plt.ylabel("Feature 2")
plt.show()
Output:-
[[3. 1. 4. ... 4. 1. 3.]
[5. 0. 6. ... 0. 0. 3.]
[3. 4. 1. ... 3. 2. 5.]
[2. 1. 2. ... 1. 0. 3.]
[6. 4. 1. ... 1. 3. 5.]
[2. 4. 2. ... 5. 4. 2.]] [[0 0 1 1 1]
[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0]
[1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0]
[1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1]
[1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0]
[1 1 1 0 0]
[0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1]
```

- $[0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1]$
- $[1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1]$
- [1 1 1 1 1]
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1]$
- $[1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0]$
- [10110]
- [10011]
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1]$
- [0 0 1 0 1]
- [1 1 1 1 0]
- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0]$
- $[1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- [1 1 0 0 0]
- [1 0 1 0 0]
- [0 1 0 0 0]
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1]$
- $[1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1]$
- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0]$
- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0]$
- $[1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0]$

- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0]$
- $[1\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1]$
- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 1]$
- [0 1 0 1 0]
- [0 1 1 0 1]
- [1 0 1 1 1]
- [1 0 1 0 0]
- [0 1 1 0 0]
- [0 0 0 1 0]
- [0 1 0 0 0]
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- [0 1 1 1 1]
- $[1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0]$
- $[1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0]$
- $[0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- [0 1 1 0 0]
- [0 1 1 1 0]
- [0 1 1 1 0]
- [1 0 1 1 1]
- [0 1 0 0 0]
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$

- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0]$
- [0 0 1 1 1]
- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0]$
- [0 0 0 1 0]
- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0]$
- [0 1 0 0 0]
- [1 1 1 1 1]
- $[0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0]$
- [1 1 0 1 0]
- [1 1 1 1 0]
- [0 0 1 0 0]
- [0 1 1 0 0]
- [0 0 0 0 0]
- [10000]
- [0 1 1 1 0]
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 0]$
- $[0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0]$
- $[1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1]$
- $[0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0]$
- $[0\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1]]$



#### 11. Write a python program to implement the KNN algorithm.

```
import numpy as np
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
iris=load_iris()
X=iris.data
y=iris.target
X_train,X_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(X,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=4
2)
scaler=StandardScaler()
X_train=scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test=scaler.transform(X_test)
def knn(X_train,y_train,X_test,k):
  predictions=[]
  for x in X_test:
    distances=[np.linalg.norm(x -x_train) for x_train in X_train]
     k_indices=np.argsort(distances)[:k]
     k_labels=[y_train[i] for i in k_indices]
     prediction=max(set(k_labels),key=k_labels.count)
     predictions.append(prediction)
  return predictions
k=5
predictions=knn(X_train,y_train,X_test,k)
accuracy=np.mean(predictions==y_test)
print("Accuracy:",accuracy)
Output:-
Accuracy: 1.0
```

## 12. Write a python program to creating a dataframe to implement one hot encoding from CSV file.

```
import pandas as pd

data=pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\BCA PC11\Documents\ab\harsha.csv")

print(data)

one_hot_encoded_data=pd.get_dummies(data,columns=['user_id','age'])

print(one_hot_encoded_data)

one_hot_encoded_data.to_csv(r"C:\Users\BCAPC11\Documents\ab\one_hot_encoded_harsha.csv",index=True)
```

#### **Output:-**

user\_id age annual\_income purchase\_amount loyalty\_score region \

0	1 25	45000	200	4.5 North
1	2 34	55000	350	7.0 South
2	3 45	65000	500	8.0 West
3	4 22	30000	150	3.0 East
4	5 29	47000	220	4.8 North
5	6 41	61000	480	7.8 South
6	7 36	54000	400	6.5 West
7	8 27	43000	230	4.2 East

#### purchase\_frequency

```
0
      45000
                   200
                             4.5 North
                                                12
1
      55000
                   350
                             7.0 South
                                                18
2
                             8.0 West
                                                22
      65000
                   500
3
      30000
                             3.0 East
                   150
                                               10
4
      47000
                             4.8 North
                                                13
                   220
5
      61000
                             7.8 South
                                                21
                   480
6
      54000
                   400
                             6.5 West
                                                19
7
      43000
                             4.2 East
                   230
                                               14
 user_id_1 user_id_2 user_id_3 user_id_4 user_id_5 ... user_id_7 \
0
     True
            False
                    False
                            False
                                   False ...
                                              False
1
    False
            True
                    False
                            False
                                   False ...
                                              False
2
    False
            False
                    True
                            False
                                   False ...
                                              False
3
            False
    False
                    False
                            True
                                   False ...
                                              False
4
    False
            False
                    False
                            False
                                    True ...
                                              False
5
    False
            False
                    False
                            False
                                   False ...
                                              False
6
    False
            False
                                   False ...
                                              True
                    False
                            False
7
    False
            False
                    False
                            False
                                   False ...
                                              False
 user_id_8 age_22 age_25 age_27 age_29 age_34 age_36 age_41 age_45
0
    False False False False False False False
    False False False False
                                   True False False False
1
    False False False False False False
2
                                                      True
3
           True False False False False False False
    False
    False False False
4
                             True False False False
5
    False False False False False False
                                                True False
6
    False False False False False
                                          True False False
7
    True False False
                       True False False False False
```

annual\_income purchase\_amount loyalty\_score region purchase\_frequency \