# Cheet Sheet

# OPERATORS







## **OPERATOR:**

An operator is a symbol that tells the computer to do some work
— like adding, comparing, or checking values.

#### TYPES OF OPERATORS IN JAVA

- 1. Arithmetic Operators
- 2. Assignment Operators
- 3. Relational Operators
- 4. Logical Operators
- 5. Unary Operators
- 6. Ternary Operator
- 7. Bitwise Operators
- 8. Special Operators

#### ARITHMETIC OPERATORS

Used for mathematical calculations.

OPERATOR	MEANING	EXAMPLE	RESULT
+	Addition	10 + 5	15
-	SUBTRACTION	10 - 5	5
*	MULTIPLICATION	10 * 5	50
1	DIVISION	10 / 5	2
%	MODULUS (REMAINDER)	10 % 3	1

#### 2. ASSIGNMENT OPERATORS

Used to assign values to variables.

OPERATOR	MEANING	EXAMPLE	EQUIVALENT
=	ASSIGN	A = 5	A = 5
+=	ADD AND ASSIGN	A += 3	A = A + 3
-=	SUBTRACT AND ASSIGN	A -= 3	A = A - 3
*=	MULTIPLY AND ASSIGN	A *= 3	A = A * 3
/=	DIVIDE AND ASSIGN	A /= 3	A = A / 3
%=	MODULUS AND ASSIGN	A %= 3	A = A % 3

#### 3. RELATIONAL OPERATORS

Used to compare two values.

OPERATOR	MEANING	EXAMPLE	RESULT
	EQUAL TO	5 == 5	TRUE
!=	NOT EQUAL TO	5 != 4	TRUE

>	GREATER THAN	7 > 4	TRUE
<	LESS THAN	3 < 8	TRUE
>=	GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO	5 >= 5	TRUE
<=	LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO	4 <= 6	TRUE

### 4. LOGICAL OPERATORS

Used to combine multiple conditions

MEANING	EXAMPLE	RESULT
AND (BOTH MUST BE TRUE)	(A > 5 && B < 10)	TRUE IF BOTH ARE
		OR (ANY ONE TRUE
NOT (REVERSES	!(A > 5)	TRUE → FALSE
	AND (BOTH MUST BE TRUE)	AND (BOTH (A > 5 && B < 10)  NOT

#### 5. INCREMENT OR DECREMENT

Used with only one operand.

OPERATOR	MEANING
++	INCREMENT BY 1
	DECREMENT BY 1

#### 6. TERNARY OPERATOR

Used as a short form of if-else condition.

result = (condition) ? value\_if\_true : value\_if\_false;

Example:

int max = (a > b)? a: b;

# 7. Bitwise Operators

Used for bit-level operations (binary operations).

Operator	Meaning	Example
&	Bitwise AND	a & b
		Bitwise OR
^	Bitwise XOR	a^b

~	Bitwise NOT	~a
<<	Left Shift	a << 2
>>	Right Shift	a >> 2